458 8-12-19

AN EXACT ABRIDGMENT OF ALL THE Statutes

In FORCE and USE, made in the 16th, 17th, & 18th years of the Reign of K. *CHARLES* the first, and in the 12th, 13th, and 14th years of the Reign of K. *CHARLES* the second.

Beginning where Mr. *Wingate* ends, *viz.* on the 4th of *January* $164\frac{1}{2}$, and continued till the 18th of *February*, $166\frac{2}{3}$.

Faithfully extracted out of the said Statutes, and digested under proper Heads, With an Alphabetical Table,

By WILLIAM HUGHES of *Grays-Inn*, Esquire.

LONDON,
Printed for *J. Starkey* and *T. Basset*, at the *Mitre* betwixt the Middle *Temple* Gate and *Temple-Bar*, and in S. *Dunstans* Churchyard in *Fleetstreet*. 1663.

I Think fit that the Abridgment by *William Hughes*, of theſe ſeveral Acts of Parliament in the 16th, 17th, and 18th years of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King *Charles* the firſt, and of the 12ht, 13th and 14th years of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *Charles* the ſecond, be printed.

27. *February*
1662.

R. FOSTER.

43 E-12-19

AN EXACT ABRIDGMENT OF ALL THE Statutes

In FORCE and USE, made in the 16th, 17th, & 18th years of the Reign of K. *CHARLES* the first, and in the 12th, 13th, and 14th years of the Reign of K. *CHARLES* the second.

Beginning where Mr. *Wingate* ends, *viz.* on the 4th of *January* $164\frac{4}{5}$, and continued till the 18th of *February*, $166\frac{2}{3}$.

Faithfully extracted out of the said Statutes, and digested under proper Heads, With an Alphabetical Table,

By WILLIAM HUGHES of *Grays-Inn*, Esquire.

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Printed for *J. Starkey* and *T. Basset*, at the *Mitre* betwixt the Middle *Temple* Gate and *Temple-Bar*, and in S. *Dunstans* Church-yard in *Fleetstreet*. 1663.

1704-10

The Table.

A pag.

Anniversary Fast: 8
Anniversary Thanksgiving. 7
Assessments 206, 207, 208, 231
Accompts of persons excepted in the Act of Oblivion 1
Acts confirmed 202, 203
Arrears of Excise vested in the King 3, 63
Attainder of persons 36
Abuses in Customs 42
Accompts of Sheriffs. 4
Advowsons restored 183

B

Bay-making 9
Benevolence 14
Bone-lace, Bandstrings, Buttons. 53
Bankrupts 11
Butter 12
Books seditious, &c. 173

C

Commissioners for causes Ecclesiastical 8, 30
Clerk of the Market 21
Commissioners of Sewers 189
Confirming Judicial Proceedings 93
Customs and Subsidies 38, 42, 50, 54, 225.
Covent-Garden Parochial 132
Carriages for King 17, 18
Colledge Leases 96
Corporations 228
Collectors 1, 27
Cornwal Leases 100
Coaches 23
Cavaliers 125
Chymnies 185
Card-wire 56
Cloath Woollen 109

D

Deer stealing, and killing 21
Dover Harbour 58
Drapery 109

E

Excise 57, 58, 63

F

Forests 65
Fullers earth 54, 226
Fishing 64

G

Gun-Powder 67

H

High Commission Court 30
Hospital Leases 96
High-waies 70, 79
Hides raw 50
Hearths and Stoves 185

I

Ireland 85,90,91,92
Judicial Proceedings 92, 93
Indempnity 135
Interest of money 220
Impositions on Beer & Ale 58
Imbroydery & Fringes 53
Iron Wire 56
Impropriations restored 183

K

Night-Hood 95
Kings birth-day 7
Knights service 25
Kings safety and preservation 33

L

Leases 96, 100
Law Suits 204
Leather 50

M

Ministers 118
Militia 117,237
Monies and Goods vested in the King 1
Marriages 116
Master of Rolls to let leases 100
Manufactures 102,107,114
Money distributed 125
Merchants assurance 115
Madder 57
Melting of Money 114

N

Navy orders 136
Norwich Stuffs 102
Needle-work 53
Navy and Ordnance 18

O

Oblivion 135
Officers assessed 125

P

Parliament 147,225
Privy Councel 28
Process continued 92
Poll-money 155,159
Pardon 135
Purveyance 180
Petitions 154
Pains and penalties on excepted persons 129
Prices of Wines 224
Post-Office 169
Poor Officers and Soldiers 161.

Poor 163
Prize goods 2
Packing of Butter 12
Pilchard fishing 64
Printing and Printers 173

Q

Quakers 182

R

Rebels in Ireland 85, (90, 91 92
Revenue of King 1, 58, 185
Regulating Corporations (228
Relief of Collectors 27
Restoring Advowsons, Rectories, Impropriations &c. 183

S

Statutes continued 249
Star-Chamber 28
Statute Eliz. repealed 30
Ship-money 190
Stannary Court 31
Salt-Peter 67
Sewers 189
Shipping and Navigation (190, 196
Soldiers to set up trades 15
Statute against Bishops repealed 184
Statutes confirmed 202, 203
Suits and Arrests 204
Streets London 70
Stuffs Norfolk 102
Soldiers poor 161
Silk throwing 107
Sheep 54, 226
Sheriffs 4
Straffords attainder 184
Silver coyn 114

T

Term 209
Tonnage & Poundage 38, 58
Taxes 206, 207, 208, 231
Tenures in Capite 25
Treasonable attempts 33
Tumults 154
Treason 36
Tobacco 211
Tabacco-pipe clay 54
Theft and rapine 209

V

Usury 220
Voluntary present to the King 14
Uniformity 212

W

Weights & Measures 21
Wards and Liveries 25
Wines 221
Wool, Woolfels, 54, 226
Wool-cards 56

Y

Yarn 94, 226
York-shire *Cloth* 109

F

Forests 65
Fullers earth 54, 226
Fishing 64

G

Gun-Powder 67

H

High Commission Court 30
Hospital Leases 96
High-waies 70, 79
Hides raw 50
Hearths and Stoves 185

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Ireland 85,90,91,92
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Kings safety and preservation 33

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Law Suits 204
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Stannary Court 31
Salt-Peter 67
Sewers 189
Shipping and Navigation (190, 196
Soldiers to set up trades 15
Statute against Bishops repealed 184
Statutes confirmed 202, 203
Suits and Arrests 204
Streets London 70
Stuffs Norfolk 102
Soldiers poor 161
Silk throwing 107
Sheep 54, 226
Sheriffs 4
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Tonnage & Poundage 38, 58
Taxes 206, 207, 208, 231
Tenures in Capite 25
Treasonable attempts 33
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AN EXACT ABRIDGEMENT OF ALL THE STATUTES In *Force* and *Use*, made in the 16, 17, and 18. years of the Reign of K. *Charles* the first, and in the 12, 13, and 14. years of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second.

Accompts and Accomptants.

1. Enacted *Anno* 13 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* All and every sums of Money, Goods, Plate, Jewels, Horses, Arms, Ammunition, and other things whatsoever, levied, received, or taken, since the 30. of *January* 1642. by any of the late pretended Authorities, or by pretence or colour of any power or Authority derived from them, or any of them, for any publick use, not pardoned by the Act of Oblivion; not vested in the King: And all Bonds, Obligations and Securities entred in for the same, are vested hereby in the King, his Heirs and Successors, and His Majesty, *&c.* may from time to time, and at all times hereafter, have, demand, and sue for the same of all and every person and persons, their Heirs,

Executors, &c. who are accomptable for the same, or in whose hands or possessions the same were or are, as if they had been levied or taken in His Majesties name, or to his use.

II. All and every Person or persons, which have received any of the aforesaid sum or sums from any Treasurers, or Receiver for publick use, by way of Impost, to be accompted for, not discharged as aforesaid, shall be liable to accompt, and called to accompt, in such manner and form as if they had received the same out of His Majesties Exchequer, or other publick Treasury; particularly, those persons who have received or collected the Revenues of any Churches, or Territories in *Wales*, or in the County of *Monmouth*, since 1648.

III. That His Majesty, his Heirs, &c. shall and may from time to time issue forth such and so many Commissions, to such persons as his Majesty shall think fit, under the Great Seal, or Seal of the Exchequer, for the better discovering, levying, receiving, and discharging the same.

That all persons accomptable to his Majesty, shall have power and authority to sue for, levy, and recover from the parties from whom the same was, and is due, and for which they are hereby accomptable, All sums of money and Arrears as they might have recovered and levied the same, when they, first grew due.

Provided, This Act not to extend to call any person to accompt, or question any person for goods, or other things remaining in his hands, which shall not be called to accompt on some information against him, either in the Exchequer or Courts to be appointed as aforesaid before the 24. of *June* 1662. the said Information to be prosecuted with effect, within twelve months after the exhibiting thereof.

I. Enacted 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 14. That all and every Collectors, Treasurers, sub-Collectors, and under-Treasurers, and all and every other Cashiers, Officers, Deputies, Receivers; And all and every Admirals, Vice-Admirals, Captains of ships, Officers and Marriners, and other person or persons whatsoever, to whom Prizes were delivered, or to whose hands they came, since the 30. of *January* 1642. and before the 29. of *May* 1660. or that did surprize or receive to and for the publick use, or by preyence thereof, any ships, Plate, Jewels, Bullion, Money, silver, Gold, Arms, Ammunition, Wares, Merchandizes, or any manner of Goods, seized, or taken for prize, within the times aforesaid, and have not yet truly accompted for, and paid in the same,

ſame, or the juſt provenues, or values thereof. And all perſons by whom, or to, or for whoſe uſe the ſame, or any of them were ſold, and are ſtill behind, and have not paid the moneys contracted for due upon ſuch ſales, or any of them; And all ſecurities given by them, or any of them, for their juſt dealing in their offices, or places, for any thing concerning the ſaid Prizes, ſhall be chargeable to his Majeſty for the premiſes in the Court of Admiralty, and in his Majeſties name, and to his Majeſties uſe, be uſed in the Court of Admiralty, and either called to accompt, or be ſued, or profecuted there in due courſe, according to their reſpective caſes, for all and every the ſaid Prizes, Goods, Monies, and premiſes received, or had by them, and ſtill in arrear. And the Court of Admiralty is authorized to proceed thereupon, according to the Laws and courſe of the Court and to do right and juſtice therein: and to give ſentences and final Decrees as by rules of Juſtice ought to be, and to levy all and every the ſum or ſums, and whatſoever ſhall be adjudged, or condemned according to the courſe of Executions in the ſaid Court without any manner of let, hinderance, obſtruction, or impediment whatſoever.

II. That all ſuch Rights as (during the reign of your Majeſties Father, or your Majeſties reign) appertained to the Lord High Admiral of *England*, or Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the time being, and have been ſince the year 1648. uſurped, poſſeſſed, or ſeized by any perſon, Body Politick or Corporate, and not having accompted for the ſame, to any authority or pretended Authority, and not pardoned by the Act of Oblivion; All and every ſuch perſon, Body Politick, &c. ſhall accompt, and pay the ſame to his Highneſs *James* Duke of *York*, Lord High Admiral of *England*, or Warden of the Cinque-Ports upon ſuit for the ſame in the Court of Admiralty.

Provided, and Enacted, That in caſe of defect of Juriſdiction in the Court of Admiralty for the recovering of any ſuch Prizes, Goods, matters and things, Then upon Certificate thereof made from the ſaid Court of Admiralty, to his Majeſties Court of Exchequer, ſpeedy courſe ſhall be had in the Exchequer, for the recovering and levying the ſaid Prizes, Goods and things, according to law and juſtice.

Enacted 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* All and every ſum and ſums of money, from or by any perſon or perſons whatſoever, for or touching the impoſition called the *Exciſe*, heretofore impoſed and made payable upon Beer, Ale, or any other Commodities,

by any Laws, or pretended Laws or Ordinances, and all Debts therefore owing, by Obligation or Accompt, from Farmers of Excise, or other persons whatsoever, or any of their Securities, not pardoned by the Act of Pardon and Oblivion, be, and are vested in the King, his Heirs, and Successors, and he, or they, may from time to time, and at all times hereafter, have, demand, sue for, and recover the same, of all and every person and persons, their Heirs, Executors, &c. having Assets, who are not any way accomptable for the same, and from his or their respective sureties and securities, as if the same duty of Excise had been lawfully assessed, imposed, and collected, and as if the said pretended Acts, Orders, and Ordinances had been good, true, legal, and effectual Acts of Parliament, and had granted all and every the said duties; and as if the Obligation and Recognizances entred into by the respective sureties had at the time of the entring into the same been taken in his Majesties name, according to the Statute of 33. year of King *Henry* the eighth.

1. *Provided*, All and every person and persons accomptable by this Act, shall have all such due allowance in his or their accompts, as such persons, whose accompts are excepted (in the Act Entituled, *An Act of free and general Pardon and Oblivion*) have and ought to have.

No person shall be questioned or molested for any the Duties herein, or hereby vested in his Majesty, unless he be sued, or prosecuted with effect before the 25. of *December* 1662.

2. All persons accomptable to his Majesty by this *Act*, shall have power and authority, and are enabled to sue for, levy and recover from any person or persons who stand indebted unto them in any sum of money for the Duty or Impost of Excise, for which they are hereby accomptable, all sums and arrears unsatisfied, as they might have received and levyed the same, when they first grew due.

Accompts of Sheriffs.

I. **Enacted** A *Nno* 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 22. No Sheriff, or Sheriffs for the year 1661. nor any to be hereafter made or appointed within the Kingdom of *England*, shall be charged on Accompt to answer any illeviable seizure, Farm-Rent, or Debt, or other seizure, or thing whatsoever, which was not

Writ

Writ in proceſs to them to be levyed, wherein the perſons of whom, or the Lands of Tenements out of which, together with the cauſe for which the ſame ſhall be ſo levyed, ſhall be plainly and particularly expreſſed; but ſhall be thereof wholly diſcharged, without petition, plea, or other trouble or charge whatſoever.

II. All ſeizures heretofore made before the firſt year of the Reign of the late King *James*, now remaining in the *Accompts* of the *Sheriffs*; and all ſeizures and debts which are pardoned ſhall be, and are hereby diſcharged, and ſhall be hereafter left out of *Sheriffs Accompts*: and no Proceſs ſhall from henceforth be written forth to any *Sheriff* for levying of the ſame, nor for any other Rent, or Farm which cannot be explained by ſetting forth the particulars thereof, or which hath been unanſwered for the ſpace of forty years paſt: and all other dead farms and ſeizures, and all deſperate illeviable, and unintelligeable debts ſhall be removed out of the *Annual Roll* into the *Exannual Roll*, there to remain till they ſhall be revived and made anſwerable.

III. That the ſeveral *Remembrancers* do forthwith enroll, and certifie to the *Ingroſſer* of the *Great Roll*, all ſuch debts as any *Sheriffs* of this *Realm* are, or ſhall be charged withal, either by vertue of their reſpective *Returns* made to the *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, upon Writs of *Fieri facias*, *Levari facias*, *Capias*, or other Proceſs: And alſo of all Fines and Amercements which are or ſhall be impoſed by the *Court* of *Exchequer* upon any *Sheriffs* for their contempts: *viz.* All ſuch Debts, Fines, and Amercements as are now returned, or impoſed upon any the ſaid Offices, ſhall be delivered as aforeſaid before the firſt of *February* next enſuing; and all Fines, Debts and Amercements as hereafter ſhall be returned in any of the ſaid Offices, ſhall be delivered the firſt day of the next *Term* after ſuch *Returns* made, or ſuch *Fines* and *Amercements* impoſed, upon pain that every Officer or Officers in the *Exchequer*, who ſhall in any thing offend contrary to this Court, ſhall forfeit the ſum of forty pounds for every offence, one moity to the King, his Heirs, the other moity to the party agrieved, to be recovered by action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

IV. When any *Sheriff* within the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*, upon paſſing their *Accompts*, ſhall have their *Quietus eſt*:

then ſuch Sheriff, their Heirs, Executors, &c. Lands, Tenements, Goods, Chattels, &c. ſhall be thereby abſolutely diſcharged of all manner of ſuch ſums of money whatſoever by them levyed and received, notwithſtanding any pretence that the ſame were not accompted for, or other pretence whatſoever, unleſs ſuch Sheriff ſhall be called in queſtion, and Judgment given againſt him for the ſame within four years after ſuch accompt, or *Quietus eſt*. And every Officer by whom, or by whoſe default any Writ, or Proceſs contrary to this Act ſhall be ſent out, ſhall incur the like forfeitures and penalty, to be recovered and inflicted by ſuch perſons, and in ſuch manner, as by this Act is provided.

1. *Provided*, This Act not to extend to the Counties of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, *Durham*, or the Counties of *Wales*, being County Palatines, as to the manner of their accompring, but the Sheriffs therein ſhall accompt as formerly, before the reſpective Auditors and not elſe where.

2. Not extend to enjoin either of the Remembrancers to tranſcribe or deliver to the Ingroſſer of the great Roll, or any Inquiſitions or Seizers, but ſuch as have been formerly charged in the forreign accompts of the Sheriffs. But for all Inquiſitions upon Attainder, or forfeitures to the Crown, the ſame ſhall be put in charge as formerly they have been.

3. Not extend to exclude his Majeſties Remembrancer of or from the writing forth Proceſs for or upon any of his Majeſties Debts, Duties, Outlawries: Or Proceſs of *Levari facias*, or of the proſecution of any perſon to levy the Iſſues or profits of any lands, &c. ſeized, or to be ſeized into the Kings hands, or Proceſs of *Venditione exponas* for Goods ſeized, or to be ſeized upon any debt to the King, &c. Or upon any Outlawry: Or to alter or change the pleadings, or other proceedings accuſtomed in the ſaid Office, touching the ſaid Debts, Duties, and ſeizures, or any of them.

4. That no Duty, Fine, Amercement, or ſeizure whatſoever which ſhall be charged in the great Roll of the Pipe, upon any perſon, by, or from any Record had, made, filed, or recorded in the Office of the Kings Remembrance, not any proceeding had, or to be had thereupon, ſhall be reſpited, ſtayed, compounded, or otherwiſe diſcharged, but by Order, Warrant, or Judgment made or entred in the ſaid Office of Kings Remembrance, where the original of ſuch Debt or Charge is and remaineth

Not

Not to extend, nor conſtrued to be prejudicial to the Kings Remembrancer in the Exchequer in any juſt ancient, and lawfull Fees by him claimed, belonging, or incident to his Office and uſually had and levied by him and his Predeceſſors.

This Act to continue to the end of the firſt Seſſion of the next Parliament, and no longer.

Anniverſary Thankſgiving.

Anno 12. *Cap.* 2. *Car.* 14. For as much as Almighty God, hath by his Providence and power, demonſtrated to the view of all the world, his mercy, love and gratiouſneſs towards his Majeſtie, and all his loyal ſubjects, by his Majeſty's wonderful, peaceable and joyful reſtauration to the actual poſſeſſion and exerciſe of his hereditary and legal Authority over his ſubjects, without oppoſition, or effuſion of blood, through the unanimous cordial and loyal votes of the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, which bleſſing was compleated the 29. day of *May* laſt paſt.

Enacted. 1. That all and ſingular Miniſters of Gods Word and Sarraments, in every Church, Chappel and place of Divine ſervice and publick prayer, which were, are, or hereafter ſhall be, within the Realm of *England* and the reſpective Dominions thereof, and their Succeſſors, ſhall in all ſucceeding ages, annually celebrate the 29. of *May*, by rendring their hearty thanks and publick prayers unto Almighty God, for the before mentioned extraordinary bleſſings and acts done thereon, and declare the ſame to all the people aſſembled, and the generations yet to come, ſo as they may for ever praiſe the Lord for the ſame.

2. That all and every perſon or perſons, inhabiting within this Kingdom and the Dominions thereof, ſhall upon the ſaid day annually reſort with diligence and devotion to ſome uſual Church, Chappel, or place where ſuch praiſes to God ſhall be rendred, and there orderly abide during the ſaid publick thankſgiving, prayers, praying and other ſervices there to be uſed and adminiſtred.

3. Every Miniſter ſhall give notice to his Pariſhioners publickly in the Church at morning prayers, the Lords day next before the 29. day of *May*, for the due obſervation of the ſaid day, and ſhall then read this preſent Act to the people.

Anniverſary Faſts.

Anno 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 30. Whereas the horrible and execrable Murder of his Majeſties Royal Father, King *Charles* the firſt, hath been committed by a party of wretched men, deſperately wicked, by which action the Proteſtant Religion hath received great reproach, and the people of *England* the moſt inſupportable ſhame and infamy; foraſmuch as his Majeſties dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords and Commons in Parliament aſſembled do renounce, abominate and proteſt againſt that impious act, execrable Murther, and unparallel'd Treaſon, againſt the ſacred perſon and life of the ſaid King *Charles* the firſt, committed the 30. of *January* 1648.

Enacted. That every 30 day of *January*, (unleſs it falls out upon the Lords day, and then the day next after following) ſhall be for ever hereafter ſet a part to be kept and obſerved in the Churches and Chappels of his Majeſties Kingdoms of *England* and *Ireland*, and Dominion of *Wales*, Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and the Iſles of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey*; and all other his Majeſties Dominions, as an anniverſary day of faſting and humiliation, to implore the mercy of God, that neither the guilt of that ſacred and innocent bloud, nor thoſe other ſins by which God was provoked to deliver up the ſaid late King into the hands of cruel and unreaſonable men, may at any time hereafter be viſited upon the people of *England*, or their poſterity.

Arch-Biſhops and Biſhops.

Enacted, 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 12. That an Act made in the 17 year of King *Charles* the firſt, Entituled, *An Act for Repeal of a Branch of the Statute of* 1 *Eliz. concerning Commiſſions for Cauſes Eccleſiaſtical*, be repealed: and that neither the ſaid *Act*, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall take away any ordinary power or authority from the Arch-Biſhops, Biſhops, or other perſons named in the ſaid *Act*; But that they, and every of them exerciſing Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction, may execute and exerciſe all manner of Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction and all Cenſures appertaining to the ſame, in all Cauſes and matters belongin

belonging to *Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction*, according to the *Eccleſiaſtical Laws*, in as ample manner as they might have done before the ſaid *Act*.

Provided, 1. That neither this *Act*, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to revive, or give force to the *Branch* of the *Statute* of 1 *Eliz.* but that the *Branch* of the ſaid *Statute* made 1 *Eliz.* ſhall ſtand and be repealed in ſuch ſort.

2. That it ſhall not be lawful for any *Arch-Biſhop*, *Biſhop*, *Vicar-general*, *Commiſſary*, or other *Eccleſiaſtical Judge*, *Officer*, or *Miniſter*, or any other having ſpiritual *Juriſdiction*, to tender, or adminiſter to any perſon whatſoever, the Oath *ex Officio*, or any other Oath, whereby ſuch perſon may be charged or compelled to confeſs, or accuſe, or purge themſelves of any criminal matter or thing, whereby they may be liable to any Cenſure or puniſhment.

3. This *Act*, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend, nor be conſtrued to extend, to give unto any *Arch-Biſhop*, or other *Eccleſiaſtical Judge*, *Officer*, or perſon aforeſaid, any power or Authority to exerciſe, execute, inflict, or determine, any *Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction*, *Cenſure*, or *Coertion*, which they might not have done before *anno Dom.* 1634. Nor to abridge or diminiſh the Kings Majeſties *Supremacy* in *Eccleſiaſtical* matters. Nor to confirm Canons made in the year 1640. nor any other *Eccleſiaſtical Laws* or *Canons* not formerly confirmed, or enacted by *Parliament*.

Bays making.

Enacted 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 19. I. The Governours of the *Dutch-Hall* in *Colcheſter*, and the *Dutch* people there living, may exerciſe the *Free-Trade* of making *Bays*, *Says*, and forreign *Draperies* within *Colcheſter*, and govern the ſaid trade in their *Aſſemblies*, with all ſuch Liberties and Priviledges as they enjoyed by any Grant, or tolleration made to them by Q. *Elizabeth*, King *James*, King *Charles* the firſt, or any of them.

2. If any perſon, *&c.* whatſoever, after 25. *September* 1661 ſhall weave, or cauſe to be woven in *Colcheſter*, or the liberties thereof, any *Bays* called *fifties*, *ſixties*, *eighty-eights* and *hundred Bays*, and not within two days after ſuch weaving carry them to the *Dutch-Hall*, called the *Raw-Hall*, there to be ſearched

ed, that it may appear, they are ſubſtantially wrought before they ſhall be carryed to be ſcoured and thicked; or if any Fuller, or Thicker ſhall receive ſuch Bay to be fulled, or thicked before it ſhall be ſtamped and marked in the ſaid Hall, for every ſuch offence, ſhall forfeit forty ſhillings, to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the offenders goods. And if ſuch Bays be made by an Engliſh Maſter-maker, the ſame to be paid to the Mayor of the Town for the benefit of the poor there; and if made by a *Dutch* Maſter, to be diſpoſed of by the Governours of the *Dutch* Bay Hall, for the benefit of the *Dutch* Congregation: the ſecond offence to be 4 l. and for the third offence to be diſabled to work within the Town, or Liberties thereof.

3. If any perſon, *&c.* ſhall buy any ſuch Bays, or carry them out of the ſaid Town of *Colcheſter*, before they have been viewed, ſurveyed, ſtamped, ſealed and meaſured as aforeſaid, by the ſworn Officers of the Dutch Hall; the Bay ſo brought, or carryed ſhall be confiſcated, one moity to them that ſhall ſeiz the ſame, the other to the poor of the Pariſh where it ſhall be ſeized.

4. If any perſon, *&c.* after 20. *September*, 1660. ſhall counterfeit any of the ſeals uſed by the Congregation of the ſaid Dutch Bay-Hall, and not being an Officer there, by them appointed, affix them to any ſuch Bays, *&c.* whether counterfeited, or not counterfeited; for the firſt offence he ſhall forfeit and pay to the uſe of the ſaid Governor, of the ſaid Dutch-Hall 20 *l.* to be recovered in any of the Kings Courts of Revenue; or in the Town Court of *Colcheſter*, by an Action of debt, Bill, Plaint, *&c.* and for the ſecond offence being Convicted, ſtand upon the Pillory the ſpace of an hour; and for the third offence, being convicted, ſhall ſuffer as a fellon; and if any Bays be taken carrying or carried out of *Colcheſter*, without the Mark of the Maker, the ſame ſhall be forfeited.

5. The Governours of the ſaid Dutch-Bay-Hall, or their Officers, in the day time may ſearch any Cart, Wagon, Pack wherein they ſuſpect ſuch Bays to be; and may from time to time with a Conſtable, make ſearch in any Houſe, ſhop, or Warehouſe where they are enformed any deceitful Bays to be, may ſeiz and carry away the ſame to the ſaid Dutch-Hall, and ſo ſeized and carried, ſhall be confiſcate, to be diſpoſed of in ſuch manner, as the forfeitures before mentioned of the Weavers and Fullers are limitted and appointed. For the better

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regulating the said Trade of making Bays, the Governors of the said Dutch-Hall, from time to time, may make and constitute such Orders and By-Laws as to them shall be meet. Provided no such Orders, By-Laws, *&c.* be either in diminution of the Kings Prerogative, or the Laws of the Kingdom, be used or executed, till the same be examined and approved by the Lord Chancellor, Treasurer, or Justices of either Bench, or three of them, or before the Justices of Assize in their Circuit, of the County of *Essex*, upon pain of 20 *l.* for every time they shall do the contrary.

Bankrupts.

I. Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 23. That no persons whatsoever, who have adventured, or put in, or shall hereafter adventure or put in any sum, or sums of money into the *East-India* Company, or *Guiney* Company, or into any joint stock or stocks of money by them or either of them made or raised, or to be made or raised, for or towards the maintaining or carrying on the Trade of the said *East-India* or *Guiney* Company, managed or to be managed. Or who have formerly, or shall hereafter adventure, or put in any sum of money, or any stock or stocks of money for the carrying on of the Fishing Trade, called the Royal Fishing Trade, and shall receive his or their part, or dividend of Fish, Goods or Merchandizes in *specie*, and shall sell or exchange the same, shall for or by reason of any such adventure, or for, or by reason of the receiving or taking of such Fish, Goods, or Merchandizes, or exchanging the same, be esteemed, taken, or adjudged a Merchant or Trader, within any Statute for Bankrupts, or lyable to the same.

Provided and declared, Every person, *&c.* who shall Trade or Merchandize in any other way or manner than the Royal Fishing Trade, or in the Trade managed by the *East-India* Company, or *Guiney* Company, shall by reason of his Trading and Merchandizing, be lyable to Commissions against Bankrupts, as fully as if this Act had not been made.

II. That a Verdict and Judgment on a Replevin had or given in *Easter Term* in the Kings Bench between *Phineas Andrews* Plaintiff, *Richard Woolward* and *William Moggs* Defendants, whereby Sir *John Wolstenholme* Knight, and Adventurer in the *East-India* Company was adjudged lyable to a Commissi-

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on of Bankrupts, only for or by reaſon he had a ſhare in the joint ſtock of the ſaid Company, and a pretended ſelling for money part of the Return which he had in *ſpecie* for his Adventure, is hereby declared, and is hereby reverſed and made void

III. That no Act, ſale of, diſpoſition of any the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods, Chattels, Debts or Credits of the ſaid Sir *John Wolſtenholme*; or any diſtribution of the ſame, or of any money made or done by the Commiſſioners of Bankrupts, or any claiming under them, by vertue or colour of any Commiſſion taken out againſt the ſaid Sir *John Wolſtenholme*; and whereof any perſon is by vertue or colour of, or under any ſuch Act, ſale, or diſpoſition actually ſeized or poſſeſſed, ſhall be impeached or hereafter fruſtrated; but the ſame ſhall be enjoyed for and toward ſuch portion of the debts for which the ſame have been diſpoſed, or diſtributed.

Butter.

Enacted 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 25. After 1. of *June*, 1662. Every Kilderkin of Butter ſhall contain 112 pounds neat, or above, every pound containing 16 ounces beſides the tare of the Caſk, and not leſs of Merchantable Butter; Every Firkin ſhall contain 56 pound neat, or above, beſides the weight of the Caſk, of good and Merchantable butter: Every Pot of Butter fourteen pound neat, or above, beſides the weight of the Pot, of good and Merchantable butter; and no butter which is old, or corrupt, ſhall be mixed, or packed up in any Kilderkin, Firkin, or Pot, or Veſſel with any butter which is new and ſound; nor any Whay-butter packed or mixed with butter which is made of Cream; but every reſpective ſort of butter ſhall be packed up apart by themſelves, and not mixed with another. No butter ſhall be ſalted with great Salt, but with ſmall ſalt, nor more Salt with it than is neceſſary for the preſervation of it, upon pain every Owner or Packer of Butter, not putting up in each Veſſel as aforeſaid to be ſold, or put to ſale ſuch quantities as aforeſaid; or offending as aforeſaid, ſhall for every offence forfeit the value of the butter ſo packed up; and for every offence where any Kilderkin, Firkin, *&c.* ſhall be found to contain a leſſer quantity, ſix times the quantity that ſhall be wanting in every Caſk, Pot, *&c.*

II. Every

II. Every Cheese-monger or other person, &c. which shall sell to any person, &c. any Kilderkin, Firkin, Pot, or other Cask of Butter made after 1 *June* 1662. shall deliver in any such Kilderkin, Firkin, &c. respectively the full quantity and due quality appointed by the Act, and not less. Or in default thereof shall be lyable to make satisfaction to him or them shall buy the same for what is wanting according to the price for which the same was sold.

III. From and after 1 *June*, 1662. No Cheese-monger or other person shall repack for sale any butter in any Kilderkin Firkin, Pot, or other Cask, upon pain every person, &c. which shall repack any Butter in any Kilderkin, Firkin, Cask, &c. to sell the same again, shall for every Firkin, Cask, &c. so packed, forfeit the double of the value of such butter.

IV. That every Farmer and other person packing up butter in Kilderkins, Firkins, &c. for sale, do after the 1 *June* 1662. pack up his butter into good and sufficient Casks made of dry, sound, and serviceable Timber, and shall set upon every Firkin and Cask whatsoever, when it is fully seasoned in water, a visible mark of the just weight of the empty Cask: and when every Cask, &c. is filled with butter, set upon every Cask, &c. his or their Christian name at length, or Sirname with an iron brand; upon penalty every person offending either in not putting on the mark of the weight, or not setting his name upon every Cask, &c. shall for every offence forfeit 10 *s.* for every hundred weight of butter, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity that shall be in every Cask, &c.

V. Every Potter shall set upon every Pot which he shall sell for packing up of butter, the just weight of every such Pot when it is burnt, with the Letters of his Christian, or Sirname at length, upon pain he shall forfeit and pay for every Pot which he shall not so do, and shall expose to sale for the use aforesaid, whereon he hath not set the just weight and his name, 12 *d.* And no Farmer or other shall expose to sale any butter packed up in any other Pot than aforesaid marked by the Potter, upon penalty of 2 *s.* for every Pot of Butter which he shall expose to sale as is not so marked. The said Offences to be enquired, sued for, heard and determined in the Sessions of Peace for the County, or in the Court of Record of the City, Borough, Town, or Liberty where the offence shall be committed, by Debt, Indictment, Information, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed, one half of the forfeitures to the use of the poor people inhabiting

biting in the Parish where the offence shall be committed; the other to him who shall sue for the same, besides his double Costs: *Provided*, the suit be commenced within four months after the sale of such Butter.

Benevolence.

1. Chapter. 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. That the Kings Majesty may issue out such, and so many Commissions under the Great Seal of *England* into the several Counties, Cities, Towns corporate, and other places in *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, to such persons, as his Majesty shall think fit, for the receiving of such Subscriptions as the good Subjects shall voluntarily offer for the supply of his Majesties pressing occasions; and such Commissions as his Majesty shall think fit, for collecting and receiving the money so subscribed: the Acquittances of the respective Receivers, to be made, shall be an absolute discharge of the sum so subscribed; and if any such subscriptions shall be returned into the *Exchequer*, the payment thereof shall be likewise returned.

1. No Process shall issue out against any person so subscribing, but within two years after the passing of the Act.

The said Commissioners are enjoyned with convenient speed, after the receipt of the respective Commissions, to meet at the usual place of meeting, within every of the said Counties, Cities and Towns, and so many of them as shall be present at the first general meeting, or the major part of them, may by their consents, sever themselves into Hundreds, Rapes, Wards, and other places within their respective limits, and give notice of their respective times of places and meetings, that the persons, Bodies politick, or corporate, may resort to them, and make such Offers or Presents to his Majesty as their hearts shall prompt them to.

No person, not being a Peer of the Realm, shall in such Offer exceed the sum of 200 *l.* nor any Peer the sum of 400 *l.*

No Commissions issued by this Act shall be of force, as to the receiving of any monies, or subscriptions for monies, after the Feast of St. *John* the *Baptist* 1662.

2. That no Commissions, or Aides of this nature, can be issued out, or levyed, but by authority of Parliament; and this Act not to be drawn into example for the time to come.

Captains.

Captains, Soldiers and Militia.

1. **Enacted**, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 6. That the Militia and Land-forces of this Kingdom and the Dominions thereof, now under the power of the Lieutenants or their Deputies, ſhall be exerciſed, ordered, or managed, until the 35. day of *March* next enſuing. in ſuch manner as the ſame now is exerciſed, ordered and managed, according to ſuch inſtructions as they have, or from time to time ſhall have from his Majeſty.

2. Whereas ſince 3. of *June*, 1660. there have been Inſurſurrections, by occaſion of which divers of his Majeſties good ſubjects have been murdered, for the ſecurity of the peace of the Nation, and preventing further diſorders. *Enacted*. That all and every perſon, or perſons who have, or ſhall have acted, or done any thing in execution of any Commiſſions of Lieutenancy, Iſſued by his Majeſty or by colour of them, or any of them, ſhall and are hereby ſaved harmleſs and indempnified, and all Magiſtrates, Juſtices of peace, Miniſters of Juſtice, and all perſons that have acted by and under them ſince the 4. of *June*, 1660. as to any arreſting or impriſoning any perſon ſuſpected to be a Sectary, or diſturber of the Peace, ſhall and are by this Act ſaved harmleſs and indempnified.

Provided, 1. Neither this Act not any thing therein contained, ſhall after the 25. of *March* next, be prejudicial to any County, City, or place within the Kingdom, which are charged with men and arms beyond their ancient proportion.

2. Not to be conſtrued, to the giving or declining of any power for the tranſporting of any ſubjects of this Realm, or any way compelling them to march out of the Kingdom, otherwiſe than by the Laws ought to be done.

Enacted, 12 *Car.* 2. *c.* 1. All ſuch Officers and Soldiers, who were under the Command of his Excellency *George* Duke of *Albemarl*, Captain General of his Majeſties Armies, in the Kings Majeſties ſervice, the 25. day of *April* 1660. and have not ſince deſerted the ſervice, or refuſed to take the Oath of Supremacy and allegiance to his Majeſtie, his heirs, *&c.* and have uſed heretofore any trade, though they did not ſerve all the time of their apprentiſhip. Or any perſon under the command of the ſaid General, apt and able to practiſe any trade, may ſet up and exerciſe ſuch ſeveral and reſpective trades;

Myſteries

Myſteries and occupations, whereunto they have been apprentice, and ſerved any part of their time; Or any handycraft or other trade exerciſed about Manufactures, though he was never bound Apprentice to the ſame, and ſhall have and enjoy all the immunities as they ſhould have had and enjoyed if they had ſerved out their terms and times.

2. All others of the ſaid Officers and Soldiers, may ſet up and exerciſe ſuch trades as they are apt and able for, within the reſpective Counties wherein they were born, without any ſuit or moleſtation of any perſon, or perſons whatſoever, and if any ſuch ſhall be impleaded or indicted in any Court within this Kingdom for the uſing and exerciſing any ſuch trade, making it appear, they have ſerved under the Command of the ſaid Captain General, and have taken the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy, ſhall upon the General iſſue pleaded, be found not guilty in any Plaint, information, or indictment, and ſuch perſons, who notwithſtanding this Act, ſhall proſecute their ſuit againſt them, or be non-ſuit, ſhall pay to ſuch Officers or Soldiers double Coſts, to be recovered, as in other Caſes at Common Law may be recovered.

Provided, 1. No Officer or Soldier ſhall have the benefit of this *Act*, that ſhall not prove his Service, either by a Certificate under the hand and ſeal of ſome Field Officer, or two Commiſſion Officers of the Regiment wherein he ſerved; or ſome General of the Army, certifying his knowledge of the ſervice, the Certificate proved to be true by one witneſs at the leaſt.

2. If any perſon or perſons, pretending themſelves to have been Officers or Soldiers as aforeſaid, ſhall procure a falſe Certificate to have the benefit of the Act, and thereof convicted, by confeſſion, or other proof, he ſhall ſuffer 6 months impriſonment and loſe the benefit of the Act.

3. That the Officers, Soldiers and other perſons in this Act mentioned, exerciſing any trade, or profeſſion in any City, or Corporation, ſhall be liable to bear Offices in any the ſaid reſpective Cities and Corporations they ſhall be elected unto, and ſubmit to ſuch Orders for the well and true making of their Manufactures as others free of the ſaid Corporation, *&c.* are ſubject unto.

Carriages.

Anno 13. *Car.* 2, *Cap.* 8. Whereas, the Clauſe contained in an Act of Parliament; made in the 12. year of his Majeſties Reign, Entituled. *An Act for the taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, and *Tenures* in *Capite*, may prove very prejudicial and inconvenient to his Majeſty in his royal progreſſes upon neceſſary occaſions.

I. Enacted. That the *Clark* or chief *Officer* of his *Majeſties* Carriages, 3 daies before his *Majeſties* arrival, by warrant from the *Greencloath*, ſhall give notice in writing, to 2 *Juſtices* of the *Peace* adjoining, to provide ſuch a number of *Carts* and *Carriages* from the place next adjoining, as his *Majeſty* ſhall have preſent uſe of, expreſſing the time and place where the ſaid *Carts* and *Carriages* are to attend; the *Carriages* to conſiſt of 4 able *Horſes*, or 4 *Oxen* and 2 *Horſes*, for each of which *Cart*, or *Carriage*, the reſpective *Owners* ſhall receive 6 *d.* for every mile they ſhall go laden.

II. That in caſe his *Majeſties* ſubjects ſhall not provide and furniſh his *Majeſty*, his *Queen*, or his, or their Houſhold, in their progreſs, or removals, with ſuch neceſſary *Carriages*, for their *Wardrobe*, or other neceſſaries, for ready money tendred to them, or refuſe to appear with their *Carts* or *Carriages*, upon due proof of ſuch neglect and refuſal, by conviction by the Oath of the *Conſtable*, or other *Officers* or two Witneſſes before the ſaid *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the *County*, ſhall for ſuch his refuſal and neglect, forfeit the ſum of 40 *s.* to his *Majeſty*, to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of his goods, returning unto the party the overplus.

Provided. That no *Horſes*, *Oxen*, *Cart*, or *Wain*, ſhall be enforced to travel above one daies journey from the place where they receive their lading, and that ready payment be made in hand for the *Carriages* at the place of lading, according to the rates aforeſaid.

III. If any *Juſtice* of *Peace*, *Officer* or *Conſtable*, ſhall take any gift or reward, to ſpare any perſon from making ſuch carriage, or ſhall impreſs more *Carriages* than ſhall be directed from the *Greencloath*, upon due proof and conviction hereof, the party offending ſhall forfeit the ſum of 10 *l.* to be recovered by action of Debt, in any of his *Majeſties* Courts of Record,

wherein no protection, *Eſſoine*, or wager of Law ſhall be allowed. And if any perſon ſhall take upon him to impreſſe any *Horſes*, *Oxen*, *Carts*, or *Carriages*, other than the perſons impowered as aforeſaid, upon conviction of the offence, ſhall ſuffer the puniſhment contained in the recited Act.

IV. None of His Majeſties Servants ſhall be compelled to pay above 12 pence by the night for every bed they ſhall uſe for themſelves, and not above ſix pence for every bed for their ſervants; and in all ſuch Houſes where any of His Majeſties Servants ſhall pay for their Diet, or for Hay and Provender for their Horſes, convenient lodging ſhall be provided for themſelves and their ſervants, without paying any thing for the ſame.

V. Two Juſtices of the Peace near adjoining to the Road, through which His Majeſty is to paſs, immediately after notice from the *Green-cloath*, or *Avenor*, under their hands and Seals, ſhall appoint ſuch reaſonable Rates and Prices to be paid during his abode there, both for *Hay*, *Oats*, and other accommodations for Horſes, as they ſhall think meet, which Rates one day at leaſt before His Majeſties coming to the place, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall cauſe to be proclaimed in the Market Town next to the ſaid place, to the end notice may be taken of ſuch Rates and prices; and if any perſon ſhall take any other ſum, than which is or ſhall be ſo limitted, either for lodging, horſe-meat, ſtable-room, or other accommodations; and be thereof convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit to the party grieved the ſum of 40 *s.* to be levied by diſtreſs, by warrant from the ſaid Juſtices, and ſale of the parties goods, returning the overplus to the party.

This *Act* to continue to the end of the firſt Seſſion of the next *Parliament*, and no longer.

I. **Enacted** 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 20. That from and after the 24. of *June* 1662. as often as His Majeſties *Navy* or *Ordnance* ſhall require any *Carriages* within the Kingdom of *England* and *Wales* by Land, upon notice in writing, by warrant from the *Lord high Admiral* for the time being, or under the Hands and Seals of two principal Officers, or Governours of the Navy; or under the Hand and Seal of the Maſter of His Majeſties Ordnance, or of his Lieutenant for providing *Carriages* for the reſpective ſervice of the Navy or Ordnance, to two Juſtices of the Peace near the place where the

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Carriages ſhall be required, The Juſtices ſhall iſſue forth their Warrants to ſuch Pariſhes, Hundreds, or Diviſions, as they ſhall think fit, within their Counties, not being above 12 miles diſtant from the place of lading; for ſending to a certain place, at certain times, ſuch number of Carriages, with Horſes and Oxen for the ſervice, as the Lord Admiral for the time being, or the Mr. of the Ordnance, or Commiſſioners of the Navy ſhall require; The Owners of which Carriages, or their ſervants, ſhall receive for every load of Timber, 12 *d. per* mile, and for every Tun of other commodities, 8 *d. per* mile.

II. It ſhall be lawful for the Lord Admiral, Mr. of the Ordnance, Commiſſioners of the Navy, and perſons in the precedent clauſe mentioned, by warrants under their Hands and Seals, as often as his Majeſties Navy and Ordinance ſhall require any Carriage by water, or appoint ſuch perſons as they ſhall think fitting to impreſs, and take up any Ships, Hoyes, Lighters or Boats, as ſhall be neceſſary for the accommodation of the ſaid ſervice: The owners of which Ships, *&c.* or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, ſhall receive for the hyre of every ſuch Ship, Hoy, Lighter, or other veſſel, *per* Tun according to the uſual rates paid by Merchants, and in caſe the owners of the Ships, *&c.* ſhall not agree on the ſaid rates, the ſame to be ſetled by the Brother-hood of the Trinity houſe of *Deptford-Strand*.

III. If any of his Majeſties ſubjects of the Realm, ſhall refuſe or wilfully neglect to make their appearance with ſuch Carriages by Land, or to fit, provide and furniſh the Ships, *&c.* for the ſervice of his Majeſties Navy and Ordnance, or after they have undertaken ſuch ſervice, ſhall delay the ſame; upon due proof and conviction by credible oath as aforeſaid, by credible witneſſes, as aforeſaid for the Land-carriages and for the Water-carriages, by the oath of ſuch perſons as ſhall be appointed by the Lord Admiral, Commiſſioners of the Kings Navy, or other two credible Witneſſes before the principal Officers or Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Navy (authorized to adminiſter ſuch oath) ſhall forfeit 20 *s.* for the Land ſervice; and for the carriage by Water treble the freight of the Ship, or Veſſel, *&c.* not exceeding 50 *l.* in the whole to the Kings uſe: to be levyed upon default of payment, upon demand, by diſtreſs and ſale of the parties Goods, by warrant from the Juſtices of the Peace, principal Officers, or Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Navy, or of his Majeſties Ordinance, reſpectively,

rendring to the party the overplus, the charge of distraining deducted.

Provided. 1. No Horses, Oxen, Cart, Wain, or Land-carriage shall be enforced to travel more dales journey from the place they receive their lading, or continue longer in the employment, than shall be appointed by order of the said Justices of Peace. And ready payment shall be made in hand for the said Carriages at the place of lading, according to the Rates aforesaid.

Provided, If any Justice of peace, Officer, Constable, person, or persons appointed by the Lord Admiral, principal Officer, Commissioner of the Navy, Mr. of the Ordinance, *&c.* respectively, shall take any gift, or reward, to spare any person or persons, for making such carriage by Land or Water, or shall injure or grieve any person, *&c.* through envy or evil will, who ought not make such carriage, or shall impress more Carriages than the necessity of the service shall require; upon due proof and conviction thereof, the party offending shall forfeit 10 *l.* to the partie grieved, to be recovered by action of Debt in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed. And if any person shall take upon him to impress any horses, Oxen, Wains or carriages for Land, or any Ships, Hoys, *&c.* for the service of his Majestie, other than the persons so impowered, upon conviction, they shall incurr and suffer the punishment in the Act of taking away the Court of Wards.

4. No Ship, Hoy, Bark or Vessel whatsoever, that shall be really *& bona fide* freighted by Charterparty (if there be other Vessels in the Port fitting for service) or any Vessel quarter laden with any goods, or Merchandise outward bound, shall be liable to be impressed for any the services aforesaid.

Provided. 1. It shall be lawful for the Justices of Peace, who shall summon the Carts and carriages within the County of *Southampton* to have power (as to the carriages of Timber) only to allow to the owners of such Carts and carriages, not exceeding 4 *d.* *per* mile, for so many miles as any cart or carriage summoned shall go empty to the places lading.

2. That this Act and the powers therein contained, shall continue and be in force until the end of the first Session of the next Parliament, and no longer.

Coursing,

Coursing, Hunting and killing of Deer.

I. Enacted, 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 10. If any person or persons, from and after the first of *August* next, unlawfully course, kill, Hunt, or carry away any Red or Fallow-Deer, in any Forrest, Chase, Purliew, Wood, Park, or other ground, where Deer are, or have usually been kept within the Realm of *England* or *Wales*, without the consent of the Owners, or party chiefly trusted with the custody thereof, or be aiding or assisting therein, and shall be convicted thereof, either by confession of the party, or the oath of one or more credible Witnesses, before one or more Justices of the Peace, (who are impowered hereby to administer such oath) being prosecuted for such offence within six months after the offence done; shall forfeit for every such offence 20 *l.* to be levyed by distress, upon the Goods and Chattels of every such Offender, one moity to the Informer, the other to the Owner of the Deer; and for want of distress, the Offender to be committed to the house of Correction for six months, and there put to labour, or to the Common Goal for one whole year, at the discretion of the Justices before whom the Conviction shall be, and not discarged from thence, till sufficient sureties be given for their good behaviour.

I. *Provided*, Where any shall be punished by this Act, he shall not be prosecuted, nor incur the penalty of any other Law, or Statute for the same offence.

Clark of the Market.

I. Enacted, 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 19. That from henceforth, there shall be one *Weight*, one *Measure* and one *Yard*, according to the standard of the *Exchequer* throughout all the *Realm*, as well in places priviledged as without, and that every Measure of corn shall be striked without heap; and whosoever shall keep any other *Weight*, *Measure* or *Yard*, whereby any corn, grain, or other thing is bought or sold, after six months after the end of this present Session of Parliament, shall forfeit for every offence 5 *s.* being thereof convicted by the oath of one Witness, before any Justice of Peace, or head Officer of the

City, Town or place, &c. to be levyed by the *Church-Wardens* or *Overseers* of the poor of the Parish where the offence is committed, to the use of the poor of the same Parish, by distress and sale of the offenders Goods, and for want of distress, the party to be imprisoned till he pay the same, without bail or Mainprize.

II. No *Clark* of the Market of the *Kings* House, which is, or shall be, or of the *Prince*, his Heirs or Successors, which is or shall be, *Duke* of *Cornwal*, his Heirs or Deputies, shall exercise his or their office in any part of the *Kingdom*, but only within the Verge of the *Kings* Court, where it shall recide for the time being; and it shall be lawful for any *Mayor*, head *Officer* of any *City* or *Town Corporate*, or any other *Lord* of *Liberties*, or *Franchises*, his or their *Deputies*, to execute the said Offices respectively, as they might have done before the making of this Act.

III If any *Clark* of the Market within the Verge, or any *Mayor* or other *Officer* shall seal or give allowance unto any other *Weights* or *Measures*, than according to the standard of the *Exchequer*; or shall refuse to seal or give allowance to *Weights* and *Measures* according to the said standard, paying the accustomed fees allowed for the same, he or they shall forfeit for every offence 5 *l.* to be levyed to the use of the poor where the offence is, or shall be committed.

IV. If any *Clark* of the Market within the Verge, *Mayor* or other *Officer*, or *Lords* of *Liberties*, their *Deputies* or their *Agents*, shall take or receive of any of his *Majesties* subjects, by colour of his said Office, any common fine, or fees, other than formerly allowed by the Statute, Statutes or ancient custom in that behalf, made or used. Or take any fee, sum of money or reward, for the making, signing, or examination of any *Weights* or *Measures* which have been formerly marked or sealed, or impose any fine, or amercement without a due or legal tryal of the Officers, for which such fine, or amercement shall be imposed. Or shall otherwise misdemean himself in the execution of his Office, and thereof be lawfully convicted, for the first offence, he shall forfeit 5 *l.* for the second offence 10 *l.* and for the third and other offences afterwards 20 *l.* to be levyed as aforesaid to the use of the poor of the Parish where such offence shall be committed. And whosoever shall be fined or amerced by vertue of this Act, shall not be again fined or amerced for the same offence, by vertue of any former Law or Statute.

1. *Provided*, This Act not to extend, to the Rents, Farms or Lands, or any Corn or Grain due, or payable to any Lord or Lords: or any Colledges, Houſes or other Societies, by vertue of any leaſe, or leaſes, or other Covenant or agreement, but that during the continuation of ſuch Leaſe, leaſes or agreement, the ſame ſhall be paid and performed in ſuch meaſure and form as the ſame have uſed to be paid before the Act: and that the meaſure commonly called Water-meaſure, in all Port Towns, and other places, ſhall be uſed and continued, as formerly the ſame hath been, any thing in this Statute notwithſtanding.

2. No Juſtice of Peace, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Officer, Churchwarden, Overſeer, or other authoriſed by this Act, ſhall be ſued, or otherwiſe impeached, for doing or executing their ſaid offices reſpectively; and if any ſuit ſhall be brought againſt them, or any of them, they may plead the general iſſue, and give this Statute in evidence; and if the Defendant be not found guilty, he ſhall recover treble coſts for his unjuſt vexation.

Coaches.

1. **Enacted.** 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 8. After the firſt of *May*, 1662. No perſon or perſons ſhall preſume to drive (excepting Stage Coaches) or let to hire by the hour or day, any Hackney Coaches, or Coach-horſes, within *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or Pariſhes within the Bills of Mortality, without Licence from Commiſſioners appointed by his Majeſty, under the *Great Seal*, for the licenſing and regulating of Hackney Coaches; according to proviſions and limitations. No Horſe, Gelding, or Mare to be uſed with ſuch Coaches, ſhall be under the ciſe of 14 handfuls; and the number of the Coaches ſhall not exceed 400 to be licenced, and ſhall have a mark of diſtinction, to the end they may be known if any complaint be made of them.

No perſon ſhall be licenced to keep above two Coaches which ſhall have ſeveral marks of diſtinction, as if belonging to ſeveral perſons; and none ſhall put the ſame mark or figure upon his Coach which is appointed for another Coach, under the forfeiture of 5 *l.* for ſuch offence, one moity to the Informer, the other to the Commiſſioners appointed for pavement of the Streets.

The Commiſſioners not to licenſe any perſon to keep any Hackney Coach, that uſeth any other trade or occupation, and firſt to licenſe ancient Coach men, or ſuch as have ſuffered for

their ſervice to his late Majeſty, or the Widdows of ſuch as have Coaches of their own: And if the Commiſſioners licence more than 400 Coaches, every Commiſſioner ſo licencing, ſhall forfeit 100 *l.* for every Coach ſo licenced, one moity to the Informer, the other moity to the Commiſſioners appointed for pavement of the Streets.

II. No Hackney Coachman licenced, ſhall take for his hire, in or about the City of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, above 10 *s.* for a day, reckoning 12 hours to the day, and not above 18 *d.* for the firſt hour, and 12 *d.* for every hour after: and no Gent. or other perſon ſhall pay from any of the Inns of Courts, or thereabouts, to any part of St. *James* or *Weſtminſter*, above 12 *d.* and the ſame rates to the ſame places or thereabouts, back again: and from any of the ſaid Inns of Courts, or thereabouts, to the Royal Exchange 12 *d.* To the Tower of *London*, *Biſhopgate-Street*, *Algate*, or thereabouts 18 *d.* and ſo from the ſaid places to the Inns of Courts; And the like rates from and to any place of like diſtance: and if any Coachman ſhall refuſe to do, act, or exact more for his hire than hereby limitted, he ſhall for every offence forfeit 10 *s.*

III. Every Coach licenced ſhall pay to the Commiſſioners for licencing Hackney Coaches the yearly rent of 5 *l.* and no more, whereof 5 *s.* to be paid before the 26. of *May*, 1662. 25 *s.* at *March* next after, and 25 *s.* at the birth of our Lord God, and from thence forward, to be paid quarterly by equal portions, *viz.* the 4 uſual Feaſts, the annunciation of the Virgin, St. *John* the Baptiſt, St. *Michael* the Arch Angel, and birth of our Lord God; which ſums of monies the Commiſſioners for Hackney Coaches ſhall from time to time pay, or cauſe to be paid, to the Commiſſioners appointed for paving and mending of the Streets, or to ſuch Treaſurers as they ſhall appoint; and the Commiſſioners for Hackney Coaches ſhall certifie to the other Commiſſioners the Names and dwellings of all ſuch perſons, as they ſhall licence to drive or keep Hackney Coaches, with the marks of diſtinction appointed and to be fixed to the ſeveral Coaches for the diſcovery of abuſes which ſhall be committed; and the Commiſſioner for the paving and mending of the Streets, ſhall be enabled to call the Commiſſioners for the Hackney Coaches to account: and if any part of the monies for the paving and mending of the Streets ſhall be, ſuch overplus ſhall be employed, towards the enlargement of ſuch Streets as are to be enlarged by this Act.

IV. All Fines, Rents, Forfeitures and penalties as ſhall grow due and payable to the Commiſſioners by this Act, ſhall be levyed by diſtreſs, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the Commiſſioners, or any 5 of them, which ſhall be paid forth-with in 14 daies; and for default of diſtreſs, or not payment, the party ſo offending or neglecting to pay, ſhall lie in Priſon without bail or mainprize till he have paid ſuch Rent, Fine, Forfeiture or penalty, as was due from him or them.

Court of Wards.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 24. The Court of Wards and Liveries, and all Wardſhips, Liveries, Primer ſeiſins, and all *Ouſter le Maynes*, value and forfeitures of marriages, by reaſon of any tenure of the King, or of any other by Knight-ſervice, and all mean rates and other gifts, grants, charges incident or ariſing for or by reaſon of the premiſes, are taken away and diſcharged from the 24. day of *February* 1645. any Law, Statute, or cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Fines for Alienations, Seizures and Pardons of Alienations, Tenure by Homage, and all charges incident or ariſing by reaſon of Wardſhip, Liveries, *Primer-ſeiſin*, or *Ouſter le Mayne*, or Tenure by Knight-ſervice, Eſcuage *Aide pur file marrier et pur faier fitz Chevalier*, and all charges thereunto incident, be taken and diſcharged from the ſaid 25. of *February*, 1645. any Statute, Law, *&c.* notwithſtanding.

All Tenures by Knight-ſervice of the King, or of any other perſon, Knight-ſervice in *Capite*, or ſocage in *Capite* of the King, and the fruits and conſequents thereof, happened, or which ſhall or may happen or ariſe thereupon, or thereby, are taken away and diſcharged; any Statute, Law, *&c.* notwithſtanding.

All Tenures of Houſes, Mannors, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any eſtate of inheritance at the Common law, held either of the King, or any other perſon, *&c.* from and after the ſaid 24. of *February*, 1645. ſhall be conſtrued, adjudged and deemed for ever, there alſo to be turned into free and common ſocage, any Law, Statute, *&c.* heretofore notwithſtanding.

II. That one Act of Parliament in the Reign of King *Henry* the eighth, Entituled, *An Act for the eſtabliſhment of the Court of the Kings Wards*, and one Act made in the 33. year of the Reign

Reign of the ſaid King *Henry* the eighth, concerning the Officers of the *Court* of *Wards* and *Liveries*, and every clauſe, article and matter in the ſaid Acts, from henceforth be repealed and utterly void.

III. That all Tenures hereafter to be created by the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, upon any gifts or grants of Mannors, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, of any ſtate of inheritance at the *Common-Law*, ſhall be in free and common ſoccage only, and not by *Knight-ſervice*, or in *Capite*; and ſhall be diſcharged of all Wardſhip, value, and forfeiture of Marriage, Livery, *Primer-Seiſin*, *Ouſter le Mayn*, *Aide pur fair fitz Chevalier*, and *purfile Marrier*, any Law, Statute, or reſervation to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

1. *Provided*, This Act nor any thing therein contained, ſhall not be conſtrued to take away any Rents, certain Heriots, or ſuits of Court belongiug to any former Tenure now taken away, or altered by this Act, or other ſervices belonging to Tenure in common ſoccage due, or to grow due to the King, mean Lord or other private perſon, or the fealty and diſtreſſes incident thereunto; and ſuch relief ſhall be paid in reſpect of ſuch Rents, as is paid in caſe of death of a Tenant in common ſoccage.

2. Not extend, or conſtrued to extend to take away any Fines for alienations, due by particular Cuſtoms, of particular Mannors and places, other than Fines for alienation of lands, holden immediately of the King in *Capite*.

3. Not to take away, or conſtrued to take away, any Tenures in *Frank-Almoigne*, nor to alter or change, any Tenure by copy of Court-Roll, or any ſervices incident thereunto, nor any honourary ſervices of grand Sergeanty, or other than Wardſhip, marriage, forfeiture of marriage, and other than the *Aides* aforeſaid.

4. Where any perſon hath, or ſhall have any child or children under the age of 21 years, and not married at the time of his death; it ſhall be lawful for the Father of ſuch child, or children, whether born at the time of the deceaſe of the Father, or at any time *in ventre ſa mere*, or whether ſuch Father be within the age of 12 years, or of full age, by Deed executed in his life time, or by his laſt will and teſtament in writing, in the preſence of two or more credible Witneſſes, to diſpoſe of the cuſtody and tuition of ſuch child or children, for and during the time he or they ſhall remain under the age of 21 years, or any leſſer time, to any perſon or perſons in poſ-

ſeſſion,

ſeſſion, or remainder, other than Popiſh recuſants: and ſuch diſpoſition of ſuch child or children ſince the 24. of *February* 1645. or hereafter to be made, ſhall be good againſt all and every perſon or perſons, claiming ſuch child or children, as Guardian in ſoccage, or otherwiſe, and ſuch perſon, *&c.* to whom ſuch children ſhall be diſpoſed, or demiſed, ſhall and may maintain an action of raviſhment of Ward or Treſpaſs againſt any perſon which ſhall wrongfully take away, or detain ſuch child or children, for the recovery of them, and recover damages for the ſame in ſuch action, for the uſe of ſuch child or children.

5. That ſuch perſon or perſons, to whom the cuſtody of ſuch child or children ſhall be ſo diſpoſed, or deviſed, ſhall and may take into his or their cuſtody, to the uſe of ſuch child or children, the profits of all the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, of ſuch child, or children, and the cuſtody and management of their goods, chattels and perſonal eſtate, until the reſpective ages of 21 years, or leſs time according to ſuch diſpoſition aforeſaid, and may bring any action in purſuance thereof, as by Law a Guardian in ſocage might do.

1. *Provided*, This Act, nor any thing therein, ſhall extend to alter or prejudice the cuſtom of the City of *London*, or any other City, or Town Corporate, or the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, concerning Orphans, or to diſcharge any Apprentice from their Apprentiſhip.

8. This Act, nor any thing therein contained ſhall infringe or hurt any title of honour, feodal or other, by which any perſon hath, or may have right to ſit in the Lords Houſe of Parliament, and the priviledge belonging to them as Peers, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Collectors.

Enacted, 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 27. All *Collectors* and other perſons, who have levyed or collected, or ſhall levy or collect any ſum of money, or other act don, or ſhall do, in order to the ſame, by vertue of any Act of Parliament in force, or of any other Act, Order, or Ordinance allowed to be put in execution by any ſuch Act of Parliament, and who is, or ſhall be ſued for, or concerning the ſame, by any other than the King, his Heirs, *&c.* may plead the genral iſſue, and give the ſpecial matte

matter in evidence for his justification. And all persons already sued or impleaded for any the causes aforesaid, may, notwithstanding any plea or demurrer already made by such Defendant, change his plea, and plead the general issue.

Provided, This Act not to extend to authorize the levying of any sum or sums of money which are pardoned by the *Act of free and general Pardon, Indempnity and Oblivion.*

Courts and Jurisdictions.

I. Enacted 17 *Car.* 1. *Cap.* That the Court commonly called the *Star-Chamber*, and all jurisdiction, power, and authority belonging unto, or exercised in the same Court, by any the Judges, Officers, or Ministers thereof, be, from and after the first day of *August* 1641. clearly and absolutely dissolved, and taken away and determined; and from and after the said first day of *August* 1641. neither the Lord *Chancellor* or *Keeper* of the Great Seal of *England*, Lord *Treasurer*, Lord *Keeper* of the Privy Seal, *President* of the Councel, nor any Bishop, Temporal Lord, Privy Councellor, Judge or Justice whatsoever shall have any power or authority, to hear, examine, or determine any matter or thing whatsoever, or make pronounce or deliver any Judgement, Sentence, Order, or Decree, or do any Judicial or Ministerial Act in the said Court.

II. That all and every Act and Acts of *Parliament*, and all and every article, clause and sentence in them and every of them, for any proceeding to be had or made in the said Court of *Star-chamber*, or for any matter to be examined or determined there, be from the said 1. day of *August* 1641. repealed, and absolutely revoked and made void.

III. That the Jurisdiction exercised in the Court before the President and Councel in the Marches of *Wales*, and also in the Court before the President and Councel in the Northern parts: and also in the Court commonly called *The Duchy of Lancaster*, held before the Chancellor and Councel of the Court, and also in the Court of *Exchequer* of the County Palatine of *Chester* held before the Chamberlain and Councel of that Court, shall from and after the said first day of *August* 1641. be repealed, absolutely revoked and made void; any Law, Prescription, Custom, Usage, or the Statute made in the third year of King

Henry

Henry the 7. or the Statute made in the 21. year of King *Henry* the 8. or any *Act* or *Acts* of *Parliament* heretofore had or made to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

IV. That neither His Majesty, or his privy Councel have, or ought to have any Jurisdiction, power, or authority by English Bill, Petition, Articles, Libel, or any other arbitrary way whatsoever, to examine, draw in question, determine or dispose, of the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods or Chattels of any of the subjects of this Kingdom, but the same ought to be tryed and determined in the ordinary Courts of Justice, by the ordinary course of Law.

V. That if any person shall be commited, restrained of his liberty, or suffer imprisonment by the Order or Decree of the Court of *Star-chamber*; or of the Courts holden before the President of the Marches of *Wales*, Court of the Duchy of *Lancaster*; Court of *Exchequer* of the County Palatine of *Chester*; or by the command or Warrant of the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in his, or their own persons; or by command or Warrant from the Councel board; or by any of the Lords or otherwise of his Majesties Privy Councel: In every such case the person committed or restrained of his liberty, or suffering imprisonment, upon demand, or motion of his Councel, or other imployed by him unto the Judges of the Court of *Kings-Bench*, or *Common-Pleas*, in open Court without delay shall have a Writ of *Habeas corpus* directed to all and ever Sheriff, Goaler, or other person, in whose custody the party committed, or restrained shall be, and the said Sheriff, Goaler, or other person in whose custody the party so committed or restrained shall be, shall at the return of the said Writ, upon due, or convenient notice thereof, at the charge of the party who procureth such Writ, and upon security of his own Bond of carrying back the Prisoner, if he shall be remanded by the Court to which he shall be brought, bring, or cause to be brought, the body of the said party so committed, *&c.* before the Judge, Justices of the said Court from whom the Writ shall issue forth: and thereupon the Court within three dates after such return made and delivered in open Court, shall proceed to examine and determine, whether the cause of commitment be just and legal or not, and thereupon shall do what to Justice shall appertain.

Provided, That this *Act*, and the several clauses therein to extend only to the said Court of *Star-chamber*, Courts of the Marches

Marches of *Wales*, Court of the President of the Northern parts, Courts of the Dutchy of *Lancaster*, and Court of *Exchequer* of the County Palatine of *Chester*, and to the Warrants, Directions, and Commitments before mentioned, and every of them.

2. *Provided*, That no person shall be sued, impleaded, molested, or troubled for any offence against this present *Act*, unless the party supposed to have offended shall be sued, or impleaded for the same within two years at the most after such time wherein the said offence shall be committed.

Enacted 17. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* Whereas in the Statute of 1 *Eliz. cap.* 1. there is a Clause to this effect, *viz That the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors should have power and authority by Leeters Patents under the Great Seal of England, to assign, name and authorize such Person and persons, being natural born Subjects to her Highness, as she, her Heirs and Successors should think meet to exercise, use, and execute under her, her Heirs or Successors, all manner of Jurisdictions, priviledges and prehemiences touching or concerning spiritual Jurisdiction within her Realms of England and Ireland, or any her Highness Dominions or Countries: and to use, reform, redress, order, correct and amend all Errors, Heresies, Schisms, abuses, offences, contempts and enormities whatsoever, which by any manner of spiritual or Ecclesiastical power, authority, or Jurisdiction, can, or may be lawfully reformed, ordered, redressed, corrected, restrained, or amended: and that such persons so to be assigned, named, authorized, and appointed by and after the Letters Patents to him or them made and delivered, should have full power and authority by vertue of that Act, and of the said Letters Patents to exercise, use, and execute all the premises, according to the tenor and effect of the said Letters Patents.*

Repealed by the Act 13 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 12.

I. **Enacted** That the said Branch, Clause, Article, or Sentence contained in the said Act, and every word, matter and thing contained in the said Branch, Clause, Article, or Sentence shall from henceforth be repealed, revoked, annulled and utterly made void for ever, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. That no Arch-Bishops, Bishops, Vicar-General, Chancellor or Official; nor Commissionary of any Arch-Bishop, Bishop, or Vicar-General: or any Ordinary whatsoever, nor any other spiritual, or Ecclesiastical Judge, Officer or Minister, exercising

exercising any *Spiritual* or *Ecclesiastical* powers by any *Grant*, *License* or *Commission* from the King, his Heirs or Successors, shall from and after the first day of *August* 1641. award, impose, or inflict any pain, penalty, fine, or amercement, imprisonment, or other corporal punishment, upon any of the Kings subjects, for any contempt, misdemeanor, crime, matter, or thing whatsoever, belonging to *Spiritual* or *Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction*; Or shall *ex Officio*, or otherwise, tender, give, or minister unto any Church-warden, Side-man, or any other person whatsoever, any corporal Oath, to make any presentment of any crime or offence; or to confess or accuse himself of any crime, or offence, delinquency or misdemeanour, whereby, or by reason whereof, he or they may be liable to any pain, penalty, or punishment whatsoever; upon pain to forfeit to every party so grieved treble damages, and 100 *l.* to him that shall first demand, or sue for the same; The said treble damages and 100 *l.* to be demanded and recovered by action of Debt in any Court of Record, wherein no Priviledge, Essoin, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed the Defendant. And every person who shall be once convicted of any act or offence, prohibited by this *Stat.* shall be disabled to continue in any Office or employment of Justice, or to execute any Authority, by force of any Commission, or Letters Patents of the King, his Heirs and Successors.

III. That after the first day of *August* 1641. No new Court shall be erected, ordained, or appointed within the Realm of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, that shall have the like power, jurisdiction, or authority, as the *High Commission Court* hath, or pretendeth to have: But that all *Letters Patents*, *Commissions* and *Grants* made, or to be made by the King, his Heirs or Successors; and all Powers and Authorities granted, mentioned to be given thereby, and all *Acts*, *Sentences* and *Decrees* made by vertue or colour thereof, shall be utterly void.

Courts and Jurisdictions.

Stannary Court.

Whereas King *Edward* the first by his several *Charters* granted divers Liberties and *Franchises* to the *Tynners* within the several Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwall*, as to be quit of Tolls, Aids, and other Customs in Vills, Ports, Fairs, and Markets, which of right belong only to working *Tynners*, working without

out fraud in the several *Stannaries* within the said *Counties*; and not to any other elsewhere working: and whereas sundry *Inhabitants* within the said *Counties*, and others do entitle themselves to the said *Liberties* by fraud, and for small or no consideration, have acquired, and do acquire to themselves decayed *Tin-works*, and small and inconsiderable parties in the same, which abuses are done to enable the said false or feigned *Tinners*, to search and sue their neighbours in the *Stannary Courts* where for the most part the *Defendant* is debarred his costs; and also the *Jurisdiction* of the said *Stannaries*, contrary to the said *Charter*, hath been endeavoured to be extended out of the places where the *Tinners* do work; by reason of which abuses the *Inhabitants* of the said *Counties* are vexed, oppressed and imprisoned, his *Majesty* is defrauded of his *Aids*, *Customs*, *Lords* and *Owners* of *Fairs* and *Markets*, of their *Tolls* and *Duties*; the Government of the *Country* confounded and eluded; the said false *Tinners*, claiming when they list to be *Tinners* and when *Forreigners*.

I. Enacted, That the *Declaration* in the several *Charters*, be henceforth duly held and observed, with this, that the words in the said *Declarations*, *viz.* (*in locis ubi operantur*) be expounded to extend to the Vill, Tything and Hamlet, where some *Tin-work* in work is scituate, and not elsewhere, and no longer than the *Tin-work* is or shall be in working.

II. That if any person or persons which shall be sued in the *Stannaries*, shall swear or tender his *Oath* where they shall be sued, that he or they are not, nor is, nor at the time of the suit was not, nor were a *Tinner*, or *Tinners*: the *Defendant* shall be discharged of such suit, unless the *Plaintiff* forthwith make Oath, that the *Plaintiff* is a working *Tinner* without fraud or deceit, and that the cause of his suit in the *Stannaries* concerneth *Tin* or *Tin-works*.

III. If any person being not *revera*, without fraud, a working and labouring *Tinnner*, in or about some *Tin-work*, set on work half a year before his suit, shall sue, prosecute and implead, any person that is not a *Tinner* at the time of such suit commenced; in such case, the *Defendant* shall have his action at the *Common Law*, against such person suing or prosecuting, wherein he shall recover 10 *l.* and his damages and costs of suit; *Provided*, the action be brought within 2 years next after the action or suit brought in the *Stannary* Court.

IV. In

IV. In all cases where the Plaintiff, or Defendant are to have costs by the Laws and Statutes of the Realm, there they shall have like costs in the *Stannary Courts*, and it shall be lawful to and for any *Tinners*, to sue any *Forreigners* (if they shall think fit) at the *Common-Law*; any usage, or *Charter* notwithstanding.

V. That no person or persons be charged, or troubled as surety or sureties, by any return of any *Bailiff*, or *Bailiffs* of the *Stannaries*, unless the person or persons returned surety, or sureties, shall in the presence of two *Witnesses* subscribe or sign a note in writing, that such person or persons is become surety or sureties, which note shall mention the names of the Plaintiff and Defendant in the suit, and the sums or damages in demand, and the nature of the Action, and be signed, or subscribed by the said *Witnesses*, and returned and filed in the *Court* out of which the *Process* shall issue; and no *Bailiff*, or *Bailiffs* of the *Stannaries*, shall be admitted a witness to such note.

VI. No Defendant shall be condemned upon such return for not appearing, unless also a note under the hand, or sign of the party arrested, and subscribed by two such *witnesses* as aforesaid, be returned into the *Court* at or before the day of appearance; and the *Bailiff* or *Bailiffs* shall take 4*d.* for every such note: and none shall be bailed upon arrest there till he give such note, and if the *Bailiff*, or *Bailiffs* return a rescous against any person, he shall be admitted to traverse the return, and if it be found for him, he shall be no further troubled by reason of such return.

Crown, King, Queen.

I. Enacted 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. If any person or persons whatsoever after 21 *June*, 1661. during the natural life of the Kings Majestie, shall within the *Realm*, or without, compass, imagine, devise or intend death or destruction, or any bodily harm tending to death or destruction, maiming or wounding, *Imprisonment* or *restraint* of the person of the *King*, or to deprive, or depose him from the *Style*, *Honour*, or *Kingly* name of the *Imperial Crown* of this *Realm*, or other his *Dominions* or *Countries*: Or levy *War* against him within this *Realm*, or without: Or stir any *Forreigner* with force to invade this

 Realm,

Realm, or any other his Majeſties Dominions or Countries under his obeyſance: And ſuch compaſſings, imaginations, inventions, or any of them, ſhall expreſs, utter, or declare, by any Printing, Writing, Preaching, or malicious and adviſed ſpeeches, be convicted hereof upon the Oaths of two credible Witneſſes, or attainted by Courſe of Law. Every perſon ſo offending ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be Traitors, and ſhall loſe and forfeit, as in caſe of High Treaſon.

II. If any perſon, or perſons after the 24th of *June*, 1661. during his Majeſties life, ſhall maliciouſly and adviſedly publiſh or affirm the King to be an Heretick, or a Papiſt, or that he intends to introduce Popery; or ſhall maliciouſly and adviſedly by Writing, Printing, Preaching, or other ſpeeches expreſs, publiſh, or declare any words or other thing or things to ſtir up the people to hatred or diſlike of the perſon of his Majeſtie, or his eſtabliſhed government. Every ſuch perſon, *&c.* thereof convicted, are diſabled to have, or enjoy, and made uncapable of having, enjoying, or exerciſing any place, Office, or Promotion Eccleſiaſtical, Civil, or Military, or other Imployment in Church or State other than that of his Peerage, and ſhall be lyable to ſuch further and other puniſhments as by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom may be inflicted in ſuch caſes.

III. If any perſon or perſons at any time after the 24th. of *June*, 1661. ſhall maliciouſly and adviſedly by Writing, Printing, Preaching, or ſpeaking, publiſh, declare, or affirm, That the Parliament began at *Weſtminſter*, *Novemb.* 3. 1640. is not diſſolved, or not determined; Or that it ought to be in being; Or that there lies any obligation upon him or any other perſon from the Oath, Covenant, or Engagement, to endeavour a change of Government; Or that both, or either Houſe of Parliament have a legiſlative power without the King, or any words to the ſame effect. Any ſuch perſon, *&c.* ſo offending, ſhall incur the danger and penalty of *Premunire* mentioned in a Statute made, 16 *R.* 2.

IV. Declared, That the Oath uſually called, *The Solemn League and Covenant* was in it ſelf an unlawful Oath, and impoſed upon the Subjects againſt the fundamental Laws and Liberties of the Kingdom: And all Ordinances or Orders of both or either Houſes of Parliament for impoſing of Oaths, Covenants, or Engagements, levying of Taxes, raiſing of Forces or Arms, to which the Royal aſſent in perſon, or by Commiſſion

was

was not expreſly had or given, were, and ſtill are, and ſhall be taken to be null and void to all intents and purpoſes.

1. *Provided*, That all and every perſon, or Bodies politick or corporate, who have been, or ſhall at any time hereafter be queſtioned for any thing done by colour of any the *Orders* or *Ordinances* aforeſaid; and are indempnified by an Act, entituled, *A free and general Pardon, Indempnity and Oblivion*, made in the 12 year of his *Majeſties* reign that now is, or ſhall be indempnified by an Act of *Parliament*, ſhall and may make ſuch uſe of the ſaid *Orders* and *Ordinances*, for their indempnity, according to the intent and meaning of the ſaid Act, and no other, as they might have done, if this Act had not been made.

2. No perſon ſhall be proſecuted for any of the offences in this Act (other than ſuch as are declared to be high Treaſon) unleſs it be by order from the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, under his or their ſign *Manual*: Or by order of his *Majeſties*, &c. Councel Table, directed to the *Attorney General*, or ſome other of the Councel learned of his *Majeſty*, his Heirs, *&c.* Nor ſhall any perſon, *&c.* by vertue of this Act, incur any the penalties therein, unleſs he be proſecuted within 6 months after the offence committed; and indicted within 3 months after ſuch proſecution.

V. No perſon, or perſons ſhall be Indicted, Arraigned, Condemned, Convicted, or Attainted for any the Treaſons or Offences aforeſaid, unleſs the Offender, *&c.* be thereof accuſed by the teſtimony and depoſition of two credible Witneſſes upon *Oath*: which Witneſſes, at the time of the Offenders Arraignment, ſhall be brought in perſon before him or them face to face, and ſhall openly avow upon *Oath* what they have to ſay concerning the Treaſons, or Offences committed in the Indictment, unleſs the party arraigned ſhall without violence confeſs the ſame.

VI. *Provided*, This Act, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to deprive either Houſes of *Parliament*, or any of their Members, of their juſt, ancient freedom and priviledge, of debating any matters which ſhall be propounded or debated in either of the ſaid Houſes, or at any conferences, or Committies, of both, or either the ſaid Houſes; or touching the alteration of any old, or preparing any new Laws, but that the Members of either of the ſaid Houſes, and the aſſiſtants of the Houſe of Peers and every of them, ſhall have the ſame freedom

of ſpeech, and all other priviledges whatſoever, as they had before the making of this Act.

VI. No Peer of the Realm ſhall be tryed for any offence againſt this Act, but by his Peers: And every Peer after his conviction of any offence againſt this Act, ſhall be diſabled during his life to ſit in Parliament, unleſs his Majeſty ſhall be pleaſed to pardon him; and after ſuch pardon granted to any ſuch Peer or Commoner, the Peer or Commoner ſo pardoned ſhall be reſtored to all intents and purpoſes, as if he had never been convicted; any Law or thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Whereas the horrible and execrable murther of his Majeſties Royal Father, King *Charles* the firſt hath been committed by a party of wretched men deſperately wicked.

I. Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 30. That *Oliver Cromwel* deceaſed, *Henry Ireton* deceaſed, *John Bradſhaw* deceaſed, *Thomas Pride* deceaſed, be adjudged to be convicted and attainted of high *Treaſon* to all intents and purpoſes, as if they, and every of them reſpectively had been attainted in their lives time.

II. That *John Liſle*, *William Say*, *Valentine Wauton*, and diverſe other perſons, conſiſting of 19 perſons, in the Act particularly named, and every of them, ſtand and be adjudged, convicted and attainted of high Treaſon.

III. That all and every the *Mannors*, *Meſſuages*, *Lands*, *Tenements*, *Rents*, *Reverſions*, *Remainders*, *Poſſeſſions*, *Rights*, *Conditions*, *Intereſts*, *Offices*, *Fees*, *Annuities*, and all other the *Hereditaments*, *Leaſes* for years, *Chattels* real, and other things of that nature, whatſoever they be, of them the ſaid *Oliver Cromwel*, *Henry Ireton*, *John Bradſhaw*, *Thomas Pride*, and of other perſons particularly named in the ſaid Act, amounting to the number of 52 perſons, which they, or any of them, or any other perſon or perſons, to their, or any of their uſes, or in truſt had for them, or any of them the 25. day of *March*, 1646. or at any time ſince, ſhall ſtand and be forfeited to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall be veſted and adjudged to be in the actual and real poſſeſſion of the King, without any Office, or inquiſition thereof, hereafter to be taken or found.

V. That no *Conveyance*, *Aſſurance*, *Grant*, *Bargain*, *Sale*, *Charge*, *Leaſe*, *Aſſignment*, ſurrender by *Copy*, *Eſtate*, *Intereſt*, *Truſt*,

Truſt, or limitation of *Uſes*, of, or out of any *Mannors*, *Lands*, *Tenements*, *Hereditaments* (not being the *Lands* of the late *King*, *Queen*, *Prince*, or any of the *Arch-Biſhops*, *Biſhops*, *Deans*, and *Chapters*, nor any *Statute*, *Judgment* or *Recognizance*, had, made, acknowledged or ſuffered to any perſon or perſons, which before the 24. day of *September* 1659. by any of the *Offenders* in the *Act* mentioned, or their *Heirs*, or any other perſons, claiming by, from and under them; other than the *Wife* or *Wives*, *Child* or *Children*, *Heir* or *Heirs*, of ſuch perſon or perſons, to any of them) for money *bona fide* to them or any of them paid or lent, Nor any *Conveyance*, *Grant*, or *Eſtate* made before the 25. day of *April*, 1660. by any perſon or perſons aforeſaid in *Truſt*, and for the benefit of any other perſon or perſons not being any of the *Offenders* aforeſaid, ſhall be impeached, defeated, made void, or fruſtrated hereby; or by the *Convictions*, or *Attainders* aforeſaid, but ſhall be enjoyed, by the *Purchaſers*, *Grantees*, *Leaſees*, their *Heirs*, *Executors* and *Aſſigns* reſpectively, as if this *Act* had not been made, ſo as the ſaid *Conveyances*, *Grants*, *Aſſurances*, which are and ought to be held and enjoyed as aforeſaid, before the firſt of *January*, 1662. be entred and enrolled of *Record*, in his *Majeſties Court* of *Exchequer*, and not otherwiſe.

VI. That all and ſingular, the *Mannors*, *Lands*, and *Hereditaments*, which heretofore were the *Lands*, *&c.* of *Henry* late *Marqueß* of *Worceſter*, *Edward* now *Marqueß* of *Worceſter*, and *Henry* Lord *Herbert*, Son to the ſaid *Edward* Marqueſs of *Worceſter*, whereof the ſaid *Oliver Cromwel*, or any other perſon in truſt for him, or to his uſe, or any other the perſons attainted by this *Act* or otherwiſe, or any other perſon, *&c.* in truſt for them, or any of them, had at any time before or ſince the deceaſe of the ſaid *Oliver Cromwel*, are veſted and ſeized in, and ſhall be held and enjoyed by the ſaid *Marqueß* of *Worceſter* and *Henry* Lord *Herbert*, in ſuch manner, and for ſuch eſtate or ſuch powers and priviledges, as they formerly had in the ſame, any thing in this *Act*, or any *Act*, *Conveyance*, or *Aſſurance*, heretofore made or acknowledged by the ſaid *Edward* Marqueſs of *Worceſter*, and *Henry* Lord *Herbert*, unto the ſaid *Oliver Cromwel*, or any other perſon in truſt for him, or any *Act* or *Conveyance* made by the ſaid *Oliver*, or any in truſt for him, to any perſon whatſoever, ſaving the *Eſtates*, *Rights*, *Titles*, *&c.* of ſtrangers, not derived by and from any the ſaid Offenders, ſince the 25. day of *March*, 1646.

1. *Provided*, That all and every person, *&c.* which have received any of the rents, or mean profits, of, in, or out of any the Lands, *&c.* Chattels real or possessions of any of the Offenders in this Act mentioned, before the 11. day of *February* 1659. and have paid and accompted for the same before the 11. of *February* 1659. unto the said Offender, Offenders, or their Assigns, or any other person, *&c.* claiming from or under them, shall be clearly for ever acquitted and discharged of and from the same, against the King, his Heirs, and Successors, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

2. That it shall be lawful for *Richard Ingolsby*, to retain, keep, sell, or dispose of all the Goods and Chattels formerly belonging to Sir *Hardress Waller*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, until 2000 *l.* for which the said *Ingolsby*, in the year 1658. stood jointly bounden with the said *Hardress Waller*, unto *James Brooks* of the City of *York* Alderman, and was then Countersecured by a Judgment upon his Lands, and since by a deed of bargain & sale of the said Goods and Chattels in *Ireland* be fully paid, together with the interest thereof. The said *Ingolsby* paying the overplus to the King.

Customs, Subsidies, and Impositions, upon Goods and Merchandizes, Imported and Exported.

1. Enacted 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. That one *Subsidie* called *Tonnage*, be granted to the King: *viz.* of every *Tun* of *Wine*, of the growth of *France*, or of the Dominions of the *French* King, that shall come into the *Port* of *London* and the Inladers thereof by way of Merchandize by natural born subjects, 4 *l.* 10 *s.* English money; and by Aliens and Strangers 6 *l.* brought into other *Ports* and places of the Kingdom by natural born subjects, by way of Mercandize 3 *l.* and by Aliens 4 *l.* 10 *s.*

Of every *Butt*, or *Pipe* of sweet *Wines*, of the growth of the *Levant*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, brought into the *Port* of *London*, by natural born subjects 45 *s.* by Strangers and Aliens 3 *l.* and of every *Butt*, or *Pipe* of the like Wine brought by subjects born into other *Ports* of *England*, *&c.* by way of Merchandize 30 *s.* by Strangers and Aliens 45. *s.*

Of

Of every Awm of Reniſh Wine, or wine of the growth of *Germany*, brought in by natural born ſubjects 20 *s.* brought by ſtrangers 25 *s.*

II. *Poundage, viz.* Of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes of every Merchant, natural born ſubject, Denizen, or Alien, to be Exported out of the Realm, or Imported by way of Merchandize, of the value of every 20 *s.* according to the ſeveral rates and values, as they are reſpectively rated at in the book of rates 12 *d.*

Of every 20 *s.* value of any native Commodities, or Manufactures wrought of ſuch Commodities, to be carried out of this Realm, by any Merchant Alien, 12 *d.* over and above the 12 *d.* aforeſaid; except out of this all maner of woollen cloaths, wrought within the Realm of *England*, commonly called old Draperies.

All manner of Fiſh, Engliſh taken, and brought in by Engliſh Bottoms, freſh Fiſh and Beſtial that come into this Realm, and all other Goods and Merchandizes, within the book of rates mentioned to be cuſtom free.

III *Subſidie*: Of and for every woollen cloath to be exported by natural born ſubjects, called Broad-cloath, not exceeding 28 yards in length, and 64 pound in weight, 3 *s.* 4 *d.* and of every greater cloath in length and wight proportionably: of every ſhort cloath of old Draperie, of leſſer length and weight, exported by natural ſubjects 3 *s.* 4 *d.* and by Strangers 6 *s.* 8 *d.*

All the ſaid Subſidies, and every of them to the King, from the 24 day of *June*, *Anno*, 12. of the Reign, for and during his life.

IV. If any Wines, Goods, Merchandizes, whereof the Subſidies aforeſaid ſhall be due, ſhall after be ſhipped, or put into any Boat, or Veſſel to be exported; or elſe be brought from the parts beyond the Seas, into any Port or place of this Realm, by way of Merchandize, and unſhipped to be layed on the Land, the Subſidies, Cuſtom, and other duties not paid, or lawfully tendred to the ſaid Collector thereof, with the conſent and agreement of the Comptroler, or Surveyor, he or one of them, nor agreed for the ſame at the Cuſtom-houſe, Then from the ſaid 24. of *June*, All the Goods and Merchandizes, ſhall be forfeit to the King, one moity thereof to the King, the other moity unto him who will ſue for the ſame.

V. If any *Goods*, or *Merchandizes*, of any Merchant Denizen, after the said 24. of *June*, hath been, or hereafter during the Kings life, shall be taken by Enemies, or Pirats by *Sea*, or perished in any *Ship* that shall be taken, whereof the *Subsidies* are or shall be duly paid, or agreed for, and that be proved before the *Treasurers* of *England*, or *Commissioners* of the *Treasury*, or *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, or by the examination of the *Merchants*, or of their *Executors* or *Administrators* if they be dead, or by two credible *Witnesses* sworn; then the same Merchant, his *Executors*, *&c.* may newly ship in the same *Port* where the *Goods* and *Merchandizes* aforesaid were, so much other *Merchandizes*, or *Goods*, as the same *Goods* and *Merchandizes* are, or shall be lost, do amount unto in *Custom*, without paying any thing for the same, the said proof being allowed, or certified unto the *Collectors* of the *Customs* of the *Ports* where the same *Wares*, or *Merchandizes* are to be newly shipped without *Custom*.

Provided, It shall be lawful for subjects, at their wills and pleasures, to transport out of the *Realm* in *Ships*, or other *Vessels* of the subjects, all kind of *Herrings* and other *Sea Fish*, to be taken on the *Sea*, by any of the subjects out of any of the *Ports* of the *Realm*, to any place out of the *Kings Dominions* without paying any *Custom*, *Subsidie*, or *Poundage* for the same, during the Kings life.

VI. That the Book of *Rates*, of the *Tonnage*, *Poundage* and *Subsidies* aforesaid in this Act, which is subscribed with the hand of Sir *Harbottle Grimston* Baronet, Speaker to the House of Commons, and every *Article* therein contained, shall remain during the Kings life as effectual to all intents and purposes, as if it were included in the body of the Act.

VII. That during the continuance of this Act, where the *Goods* Exported or Imported, amount to the value of 5 *l.* or more, the *Customers*, *Collectors*, and other *Officers* in the several *Ports*, shall take such Fees, and no other, as were taken in the 4. year of the Reign of the late King *James*, until the said Fees shall be otherwise settled by authority of Parliament.

1. *Provided*, No person who after the 24. of *June*, 1660. and before the 24. of *July* the same year, have had, received or collected any *Customs* according to the rates used in *April*, 1660. shall be molested or impeached, for or concerning the same, or any other duties by this Act imposed; and no person that hath shipped any Goods, since the said 24. of *June*, and

and before the ſaid 24. of *July*, ſhall be liable to the payment of any duties, other than ſuch as were uſed to be paid in the ſaid Month of *April*, 1660.

VIII. It ſhall be lawful for any perſon, from and after the paſſing of this *Act*, to carry out of this *Kingdom*, or any *Port* thereof: any of the *Commodities*, *Goods* and *Merchandizes* following, *viz.* *Iron*, *Arms*, *Bandeliers*, *Bridle-bits*, *Halbert-heads* and *Sharps*, *Holſters*, *Muskets*, *Carbines*, *Fowling-pieces*, *Piſtols*, *Pike-heads*, *Sword* or *Rappier-blades*, *Sadles*, *Snaffles*, *Stirrops*, *Calves Skins* dreſſed, or undreſſed, *Geldings*, *Oxen*, *Sheep-skins* dreſſed without the wool, and all ſort of *Manufactures* made of *Leather*, paying the rates appointed by the *Act*, and no other.

IX. It ſhall be lawful for any perſon, *&c.* after the paſſing this *Act*, to *Ship* and *Tranſport* by way of *Merchandize*, the ſorts of *Goods* following, *viz.* *Gunpowder*, when the ſame doth not exceed the value of 5 *l.* *per Barrel*, *Wheat*, *Rye*, *Peaſe*, *Beans*, *Barley*, *Mault*, *Oates*, *Beef*, *Pork*, *Brawn*, *Butter*, *Cheeſe*, *Candles*, when they do not exceed the prizes in the *Act* particularly named, paying the rates appointed by the *Act*, and no more.

1. *Provided*, The King ſhall be free at any time when he ſhall ſee cauſe, by *Proclamation* to prohibit the *Tranſporting* of *Gunpowder*, or any ſort of *Arms*, or *Ammunition* into any parts out of this *Kingdom*.

X. That above the rates in the *Act* before mentioned, there ſhall be paid to the *King* of every *Tun* of *Wine* of the growth of *France*, *Germany*, *Portugal*, or *Madera*, brought into the Port of *London*, or elſe-where, 3 *l.* within the ſpace of four Months after the *Importing*. And of all other *Wines Imported*, 4 *l.* within the ſpace of 9 Months after the *Importing*, for the payment of which the *Importer* ſhall give good ſecurity, and if any of the *Wines* for which this *Additional* duty is paid, or ſecured, be *Exported* within 12 months after their *Importation*, the ſaid *Additional* duty ſhall be returned, or the ſecurity diſcharged, as to ſo much as ſhall be ſo *Exported*.

XI. After the ſaid 24. of *July*, All manner of *Wines* to be *Imported*, ſhall be freed and diſcharged of and from the *Impoſition* of *Exciſe*.

Prize-Wines ſhall not pay *Tonnage*, or *Cuſtom*, nor be charged with the payment of any ſum of money impoſed upon *Wines*.

I. Enacted,

I. Enacted, 14. *Car.* 2. *C.* 11. No Ship, or Vessel ariving from the parts beyond the Seas, shall be above 3 daies coming from *Graves-end* to the place of her discharge (within the River of *Thames*) without touching at any Wharf, Key, or place (unless apparently hindred by contrary winds, or other just impediment) as shall be allowed by such as are, or shall be appointed by the King for the managing of the Customs: and then, or before the Mr. of the Ship. &c. or Purser shall make a true entry upon Oath, of the Burthen, Contents and Lading of every Ship, &c. with the marks, numbers, qualities and contents of every parcel of Goods; where and in what Port she took her lading, of what Country built, how manned, who are Masters, or Owners thereof, and to come directly to the place of unlading, making entries as aforesaid upon penalty of forfeit of 100 *l.*

II. No Captain, Master, Purser or other, taking charge of any Ship, &c. bound for the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of *Scotland*; shall take in, or suffer to be taken into, or laden aboard any such Ships, &c. any English Goods or Merchandizes to be exported into the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, untill the Captain, Master-purser, &c. shall have entred such Ships, &c in the book of the *Commissioner*, *Customer*, or *Collector* and *Comptroller* outwards, where he shall load, and take the Goods, together with the names of the Captain, or Master, the burthen of the Ship, &c. the number of *Guns* and *Ammunition* she carries, to what part she intends to sale, and before he or they shall depart with his Ship, &c. out of the Port, shall deliver to the persons appointed for the managing of the Customs, a content in writing, of the names of every Merchant or other person, that have laden and put on board any Goods or Merchandizes, with the marks and numbers of them; and publickly in the Custom-house upon his Oath, have answered to such questions as shall be demanded of him by the persons appointed for the managing of the Customs, upon pain of forfeit of 100 *l.*

III. No *Captain*, *Master*, *Purser*, or other persons taking charge of any Ship, &c. wherein any goods, wares or merchandizes shall have been laden, or brought from the ports beyond the Seas, or *Scotland*, shall unload, or put aboard, any Lighter, Boat, &c. or to be layed on land out of any Ship, &c. any goods, wares, or Merchandizes whatsoever, before the Captain, Master, Purser, or other persons, &c. shall have declared in writing under their hands, or the *Commissioners*, &c. appointed

pointed for the managing of the Cuſtoms, *&c.* where he arriveth, the name of every Merchant or Lader of any the Goods aboard the Ship, with the numbers, marks, quantity, and quality of every parcel of the Goods, *&c.* and ſhall have anſwered upon their Oaths to ſuch queſtions, concerning ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, as ſhall be adminiſtred to them in the open Cuſtom houſe: and ſhall be lyable to all ſeizures and other rules which Merchants Ships are ſubject unto (victualling bills and entring excepted) upon pain of forfeit of 100 *l.* and upon refuſing to make ſuch entries, aſwell outwards as inwards, the perſons appointed for managing of the Cuſtoms, &c. may freely enter, and go aboard every ſuch Ship, &c. and bring from thence on ſhoar into his Majeſties Storehouſe belonging to the *Port* where the Ship, *&c.* ſhall be, all Goods and Merchandizes prohibited or uncuſtomed which ſhall be found aboard any ſuch Ship, &c.

IV. The *Commiſſioners* and perſons appointed for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, *&c.* are authorized and enabled to enter aboard any *Ship*, *&c.* aſwel of *War*, as *Merchants Ship*, and from thence to bring to ſhoar all prohibited and uncuſtomed *Goods*, except *Jewels*, if they be outward bound, and if they be *Ships* inward bound, to bring to ſhoar to the *Kings Storehouſe*, all ſingle parcels of fine *Goods*, or other *Goods* which ſhall be found in *Cabbins*, *Cheſts*, *Trunks*, or other ſmall package, or in any other place in or out of the Ship, which may occaſion the *Ware* intended to be fraudulently conveyed away; and all other *Goods* for which *Tonnage* and *Poundage* were not paid, or compounded for; to remain in the Storehouſe, untill his Majeſties *Duties* be fully ſatisfied.

V. If any *Maſter*, *Purſer*, or *Boatſwain* taking charge of any *Ship*, *&c.* ſhall ſuffer any *Truſs*, *Bale*, *Pack*, *Fardel*, *Cask*, or other *Package*, to be opened aboard the *Ship*, and the *Goods* therein be embezeled, carryed away, or put into any other *Package* after the *Ship* comes into the *Port* of her diſcharge, in every ſuch caſe, the *Maſter*, *Purſer*, *Boatſwain*, *&c.* ſhall forfeit 100 *l.*

VI. That in caſe after the clearing of any *Ship*, *&c.* by the perſons appointed for the managing of the Cuſtoms, *&c.* and diſcharging the Watch-men, or Tideſmen from attendance thereupon, there ſhall be found on board ſuch *Ship*, *&c.* any *Goods*, *Wares*, or *Merchandizes* concealed from the knowledge of the perſons, *&c.* appointed to the managing of the Cuſtoms,

for

for which the *Customs*, *Subsidie*, or other *Duties* upon the Importation thereof hath not been paid: Then the *Mr. Purser* or other person taking charge of the *Ship*, *&c.* shall forfeit the sum of 100 *l.*

VII. That it shall be lawful for any person authorized by *Writ* of *Assistance* under the *Seal* of the *Court* of *Exchequer*, to take any *Constable*, *Headborough*, or other publick *Officer* inhabiting near the place, in the day time, to go into any *House*, *Shop*, *Cellar*, *Warehouse*, *Room*, or other place; and in case of resistance to break open *Doors*, *Chests*, *Trunks*, or other *Package* to seize, and from thence to bring any kind of *Goods* or *Merchandizes* prohibited and uncustomed, and to put and secure the same in the Kings *Storehouse* in the *Port* next to the place where such seizures shall be made.

VIII. Where any *Officer*, or *Officers* shall be by any person or persons armed with *Club*, or any other weapon, forcibly hindred, abused, beaten, or wounded either on board any *Ship*, *&c.* or upon the *Land* or *Water* in the due execution of their *Office*, all and every such person or persons so resisting, abusing, beating or wounding the said *Officer* or *Officers* or their *Deputies*, or such as shall act in their assistance, shall be by the next *Justice of Peace* committed to Prison; and the *Justice* of the *Peace* at their next *Quarter Sessions* are impowered to punish the *Offender* by *Fine* not exceeding 100 *l* and the *Offender* to remain in Prison till he be discharged of the *Exchequer*, both of the *Fine* and *Imprisonment*, or discover the person who set him on work, to the end he may be legally proceeded against.

IX. If any *Wharfinger*, keeper of any *Wharf*, *Crane*, or *Key*, or any of their servants shall take up, or land, or suffer to be taken up, or landed, or shall ship off from any of their *Wharfs*, *Cranes* or *Keys*, any *Goods*, *Wares*, or *Merchandizes* prohibited, or whereof any *Custom*, *Subsidie*, or *Duty* are due and payable to the *King*, without the presence of some of the *Officers* of the *Customs* thereunto appointed; in every such case, all and every *Wharfinger*, keeper of *Wharf*, *Crane*, *Key &c.* shall forfeit and pay 100 *l.* And if any *Goods*, *&c.* shall be laden in or taken from the shoar, in any *Barque*, *Hoy*, *Lighter*, *Barge*, *Wherry*, *&c.* to be carried aboard any *Ship*, *&c.* outward bound for the parts beyond the *Seas*; or laden, or taken in from or out of any *Ship* coming in, and arriving from Forreign parts without a *Warrant*, and the presence of one Officer

ficer of the *Cuſtoms*; ſuch *Barque*, *Hoy*, *Lighter*, *Barge*, *&c.* ſhall be forfeited, and the Mr. of the *Ship*, *Purſer*, *Boatſwain*, or other *Marriner* knowing and conſenting thereunto, ſhall forfeit the value of the *Goods* ſo unſhipped.

X. If any *Car-man*, *Porter*, *Waterman*, or other perſon, ſhall aſſiſt in taking up, landing, or carrying away any *Goods* or *Merchandizes*, ſuch common *Porter*, *&c.* ſo aſſiſting, being apprehended by *Warrant* from a *Juſtice* of the *Peace* of the *County*, *Place*, *Borough*, *&c.* and the ſame being proved by *Oath* by two *Witneſſes*, the *Offender* may be by the *Juſtice*, *&c.* committed to the next *Goal* till he find *Sureties* to be of the *good behaviour* till he ſhall thereof be diſcharged by the *Lord Treaſurer*, or *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, *&c.* And in caſe they ſhall afterward offend in the like kind, , ſhall be committed to the *Goal*, and remain there two Months without *Bail* or *Mainprize*, untill he ſhall pay the *Sheriff* of the *County* 5 *l.* for the uſe of the *King*, and be by the *Lord Treaſurer*, *&c.* thence diſcharged.

XI. If any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* ſhall be ſhipped, *&c.* to be carryed forth to *Sea* from any *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* in *England*, *&c.* to be landed at any place of this *Realm* without a *Sufferance* or *Warrant* from the perſons appointed for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, *&c.* all ſuch *Goods*, *Merchandizes*, *&c.* ſhall be forfeited.

XII. That the *Maſter* of every *Ship*, *&c.* that ſhall take in *Goods* or *Merchandizes* in any *Port*, *&c.* within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* to be diſcharged in ſome other *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* of the ſaid *Kingdom*, *&c.* ſhall before the *Ship* be carried out of the *Port*, take out a *Cocquet*, and be bound to the *King* in good ſecurity to the value of the *Goods*, *&c.* for diſcharge thereof in the *Port* or place for which the ſame ſhall be entred, or within ſome other *Port*, *&c.* within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* and to return a *Certificate* within ſix months after the date of the *Cocquet*, under the hands and ſeals of ſome of the *Kings Officers*, and ſigned alſo by ſome of the perſons appointed for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, that ſuch *Goods* or *Merchandizes* were there landed upon penalty of forfeiture of the bond and ſecurity.

XIII. If any *Officer* of any *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* ſhall grant or make any falſe *Certificate* of any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* which ſhould have been landed out of any *Ship*, *&c.* Such *Officer* ſhall loſe the employment, and forfeit 50 *l.* ſuffer one years Impriſon-

for which the *Cuſtoms*, *Subſidie*, or other *Duties* upon the Importation thereof hath not been paid: Then the *Mr. Purſer* or other perſon taking charge of the *Ship*, *&c.* ſhall forfeit the ſum of 100 *l.*

VII. That it ſhall be lawful for any perſon authorized by *Writ* of *Aſſiſtance* under the *Seal* of the *Court* of *Exchequer*, to take any *Conſtable*, *Headborough*, or other publick *Officer* inhabiting near the place, in the day time, to go into any *Houſe*, *Shop*, *Cellar*, *Warehouſe*, *Room*, or other place; and in caſe of reſiſtance to break open *Doors*, *Cheſts*, *Trunks*, or other *Package* to ſeize, and from thence to bring any kind of *Goods* or *Merchandizes* prohibited and uncuſtomed, and to put and ſecure the ſame in the Kings *Storehouſe* in the *Port* next to the place where ſuch ſeizures ſhall be made.

VIII. Where any *Officer*, or *Officers* ſhall be by any perſon or perſons armed with *Club*, or any other weapon, forcibly hindred, abuſed, beaten, or wounded either on board any *Ship*, *&c.* or upon the *Land* or *Water* in the due execution of their *Office*, all and every ſuch perſon or perſons ſo reſiſting, abuſing, beating or wounding the ſaid *Officer* or *Officers* or their *Deputies*, or ſuch as ſhall act in their aſſiſtance, ſhall be by the next *Juſtice of Peace* committed to Priſon; and the *Juſtice* of the *Peace* at their next *Quarter Seſſions* are impowered to puniſh the *Offender* by *Fine* not exceeding 100 *l* and the *Offender* to remain in Priſon till he be diſcharged of the *Exchequer*, both of the *Fine* and *Impriſonment*, or diſcover the perſon who ſet him on work, to the end he may be legally proceeded againſt.

IX. If any *Wharfinger*, keeper of any *Wharf*, *Crane*, or *Key*, or any of their ſervants ſhall take up, or land, or ſuffer to be taken up, or landed, or ſhall ſhip off from any of their *Wharfs*, *Cranes* or *Keys*, any *Goods*, *Wares*, or *Merchandizes* prohibited, or whereof any *Cuſtom*, *Subſidie*, or *Duty* are due and payable to the *King*, without the preſence of ſome of the *Officers* of the *Cuſtoms* thereunto appointed; in every ſuch caſe, all and every *Wharfinger*, keeper of *Wharf*, *Crane*, *Key* *&c.* ſhall forfeit and pay 100 *l.* And if any *Goods*, *&c.* ſhall be laden in or taken from the ſhoar, in any *Barque*, *Hoy*, *Lighter*, *Barge*, *Wherry*, *&c.* to be carried aboard any *Ship*, *&c.* outward bound for the parts beyond the *Seas*; or laden, or taken in from or out of any *Ship* coming in, and arriving from Forreign parts without a *Warrant*, and the preſence of one Officer

ficer of the *Cuſtoms*; ſuch *Barque*, *Hoy*, *Lighter*, *Barge*, *&c.* ſhall be forfeited, and the Mr. of the *Ship*, *Purſer*, *Boatſwain*, or other *Mariner* knowing and conſenting thereunto, ſhall forfeit the value of the *Goods* ſo unſhipped.

X. If any *Car-man*, *Porter*, *Waterman*, or other perſon, ſhall aſſiſt in taking up, landing, or carrying away any *Goods* or *Merchandizes*, ſuch common *Porter*, *&c.* ſo aſſiſting, being apprehended by *Warrant* from a *Juſtice* of the *Peace* of the *County*, *Place*, *Borough*, *&c.* and the ſame being proved by *Oath* by two *Witneſſes*, the *Offender* may be by the *Juſtice*, *&c.* committed to the next *Goal* till he find *Sureties* to be of the *good behaviour* till he ſhall thereof be diſcharged by the *Lord Treaſurer*, or *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, *&c.* And in caſe they ſhall afterward offend in the like kind, , ſhall be committed to the *Goal*, and remain there two Months without *Bail* or *Mainprize*, untill he ſhall pay the *Sheriff* of the *County* 5 *l.* for the uſe of the *King*, and be by the *Lord Treaſurer*, *&c.* thence diſcharged.

XI. If any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* ſhall be ſhipped, *&c.* to be carryed forth to *Sea* from any *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* in *England*, *&c.* to be landed at any place of this *Realm* without a *Sufferance* or *Warrant* from the perſons appointed for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, *&c.* all ſuch *Goods*, *Merchandizes*, *&c.* ſhall be forfeited.

XII. That the *Maſter* of every *Ship*, *&c.* that ſhall take in *Goods* or *Merchandizes* in any *Port*, *&c.* within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* to be diſcharged in ſome other *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* of the ſaid *Kingdom*, *&c.* ſhall before the *Ship* be carried out of the *Port*, take out a *Cocquet*, and be bound to the *King* in good ſecurity to the value of the *Goods*, *&c.* for diſcharge thereof in the *Port* or place for which the ſame ſhall be entred, or within ſome other *Port*, *&c.* within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* and to return a *Certificate* within ſix months after the date of the *Cocquet*, under the hands and ſeals of ſome of the *Kings Officers*, and ſigned alſo by ſome of the perſons appointed for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, that ſuch *Goods* or *Merchandizes* were there landed upon penalty of forfeiture of the bond and ſecurity.

XIII. If any *Officer* of any *Port*, *Creek*, *&c.* ſhall grant or make any falſe *Certificate* of any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* which ſhould have been landed out of any *Ship*, *&c.* Such *Officer* ſhall loſe the employment, and forfeit 50 *l.* ſuffer one years Impriſon-

Imprisonment without bail, *&c.* and be uncapable of serving the King in any place of Trust concerning his Customs: And if any person whatsoever shall counterfeit, raise, or falsifie any Cocquet, Certificate, or any other *Custom-house* warrant, he shall forfeit 100 *l.* and the Cocquet, *&c.* shall be invalid, and of none effect: And if any Goods, Merchandizes, brought into any Port, Creek, *&c.* within the Kingdom of *England*, *&c.* from any other Port, Creek, *&c.* within the Kingdom of *England*, *&c.* in any Ship, *&c.* shall be landed before such Cocquet, *&c.* to such persons, *&c.* which are appointed for the managing of the Customs. Then, *&c.*

XIV. If any Goods or Merchandizes for which the duties of *Custom* or *Subsidie* are payable to the *King*, shall be secretly conveyed on board of any Ship, *&c.* before the *Custom* and *Subsidie* be answered and paid, and escape the discovery of the *Officers* of the *Customs*, and be carried beyond the Seas, the *Owners* or *Proprietors* of the Goods and Merchandizes so shipped, or persons who have caused them to be so shipped and transported, shall forfeit the double value of the Goods, *&c.* Except for Coal so secretly exported, which shall pay but the double *Custom* to be levyed, as by the *Act of Tonnage and Poundage* is directed.

XV. Every *Merchant* or other passing any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* Inwards or Outwards, shall by himself, his *Factor*, or *Agent*, subscribe one of the Bills of every Entry, with the *Marks*, *Number*, and *Customs* of every parcel of such *Goods*; without which the *Officers* of the *Customs* shall not suffer any Entry to pass. And no children of *Aliens* under the age of 21 years, shall be permitted to be Traders, or any *Goods* entred in their names.

XVI. Upon any *Actions*, *Suits*, or *Informations* brought, or entred upon any *Law* or *Statute* concerning the Kings *Subsidies* of *Tonnage* or *Poundage*, or *Ships* of *Goods* to be forfeited for unlawful *Importation* or *Exportation*, there shall not be any party *Jury*, but such only as are natural born Subjects of the King, his Heirs, *&c.*

XVII. All *Goods* or *Merchandizes* that shall be brought out of, or carried into *Scotland* by Land into, or out of the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* shall pass by and through *Berwick* or *Carlisle*, and then and there pay the *Duties* and *Subsidies* granted by the Act of *Tonnage* and *Poundage*: And if any Goods prohibited or uncustomed, coming or going shall pass by, or

beyond

beyond the Towns aforesaid, without entry and payment of the Customs; all such goods, *&c.* or the value thereof shall be forfeited and lost.

XVIII. No Ships, &c. Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall be seized as aforesaid by reason of unlawful importations or exportation, into or out of the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* or other the Ports or Creeks thereof, for not payment of any Customs, or Subsidies, but by the person, who are or shall be appointed to manage the Customes, Officers of the Customs, or such persons as shall be deputed and authorized thereunto by warrant from the Lord Treasurer, or by a special Commission from the King under the Privy Seal; and if any seisure be made by any other Person whatsoever, for any the causes aforesaid, it shall be void and none effect.

XIX. In every Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, wherein, or whereby the persons which are, or shall be appointed for the managing of the Customs, Officers of his Majesties Customs, or other Officers authorized to put in execution the *Act for encreasing and encouraging Navigation*, or any other acting in aid of them, are, or shall be sued, indicted, molested, or prosecuted; it shall be lawfull for all and every of them, their Heirs, Executors, &c. to plead the General issue: and to give this, or the aforesaid Acts relating to the Customs, in evidence, in any of his Majesties Courts of Justice where the matter shall be depending: and the Justices are enjoyned to admit the same, and to acquit them of and from all seizures, Indictments, Informations, and prosecutions, for, or concerning any thing done in the necessary performance of their Trusts and Imployments therein.

XX. If any Seizer, Informer, or Officer shall not prosecute to effect for bringing to trial and condemnation, the Ships, Goods, and Merchandizes by them seized or informed against; It shall be lawful for any of the Persons appointed to manage the Customs, or others deputed by them, or authorized by the Lord Treasurer, to make seizure, or inform against such Goods and Merchandize, or bring Action for the same, such shall be adjudged as the first Informers or Seizers, any Law, Statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding

XXI. No Informer or Officer shall be suffered to compound, under one third of the appraised value, upon loss of his Office.

XXII. It

XXII. If any of the *Kings Officers*, or others, appointed for the managing the *Cuſtoms*, *Searchers*, *Waiters*, or other perſons, or other perſon deputed, by or under them, or any other authority imployed in the affairs of the *Cuſtoms*, ſhall directly or indirectly take any bribe, recompence, or reward, in any kind whatſoever, or connive at any falſe entry of any *Goods* or *Merchandizes*, whereby the *King* ſhall be defrauded in or of his *Cuſtoms*, or *Goods* prohibited to be imported or exported out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* the perſons therein offending ſhall forfeit 100 *l.* and be ever after incapable of imployment under the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* As alſo the *Merchant*, or other perſons whatſoever who ſhall give, or pay ſuch bribe, recompence, or reward, ſhall forfeit 50 *l.*

XXIII. All *Forreign Goods* and *Merchandizes* which are, or ſhall be appointed by the perſons for the managing of the *Cuſtoms*, *Cuſtomer Collector* and *Comptroller* to be permitted to be taken up by *Bills* at ſight, *Bills* at view, or ſufferance, ſhall be landed at the moſt convenient *Keys*, or *Wharfs*, where the perſon ſo to be appointed, or *Collector* ſhall appoint, and not elſewhere, and there, or in the *Kings Storehouſe* of the *Port*, ſhall be meaſured, weighed, and numbred, by and in the preſence of the *Officers* particularly appointed, which *Officers* ſhall perfect the entry and ſubſcribe their names, and the next day following, ſhall give accompt, and make report of every ſuch reſpective entry to the perſons appointed to manage the *Cuſtoms*, *Cuſtomer*, *Collector* and *Comptroller*, or in default thereof, ſhall forfeit 100 *l.*

XXIV. No *Ship*, *Veſſel*, *Boat* employed ordinarily for the *Carriage* of *Letters* or *Packets* (unleſs appointed by perſons appointed to manage the *Cuſtoms*, and in caſes by them allowed) ſhall *Import*, or *Export* any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* into, or out of the parts beyond the *Seas*, upon forfeiture of 100 *l.* to be paid by the *Maſter* of the *Veſſel*, or *Boat*, with the loſs of his place, and all the *Goods* and *Merchandizes* ſhall be found aboard ſuch *Veſſel*.

XXV. No ſort of *Wines* (other than *Rheniſh*) No ſort of *Spicery*, *Grocery*, *Tobacco*, *Pot-aſhes*, *Pitch*, *Tarr*, *Salt*, *Rozen*, *Deal-boards*, *Firr*, *Timber*, or *Oyl-Olive*, ſhall be imported into *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* from the *Neither-lands*, or *Germany* upon any pretence whatſoever, in any ſort of *Ships*, or *Veſſels* whatſoever, upon loſs of the *Goods*, as alſo of the *Ships* and *Furniture*.

XXVI. If

XXVI. If any Ship, or Vessel, belonging to any the Subjects of the King of *France*, shall come into any Port, Creek, or Harbour, of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. upon which, by the *Act* for the encouraging of Shipping and Navigation, an Imposition of 5 s. *per* Tun of Goods, &c. is payable, shall either put on shoar, or put over into any Boat, any Goods or Passingers without payment of Custom or Tonnage, at any time returning into any *Port* of *England* or *Wales*, shall not only pay the former duties, but forfeit 10 *l.* And whatsoever *Pilot*, *Waterman*, or *Boatman*, which shall from any *Harbour*, *Port*, or *Creek*, go out, and bring any *Goods* from aboard any such *Ship*, *Vessel*, *&c.* shall not only pay the duty of *Tonnage*, which the said *Ship*, *&c.* should have paid, but forfeit the sum of 40 *l.*

XXVII. The Statutes of 23 *Eliz.* and 29. *Eliz.* for Logwood, or Blockwood are repealed, and from and after 1. of *February*, 1661. any person, *&c.* may freely Import into the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* any quantity of Logwood, or Blockwood, and freely use the same in dying, or colouring any sorts of *Goods*, or *Manufactures*; any Law, Statute, *&c.* notwithstanding.

XXVIII. All actions, suits, informations, to be brought upon the *Act* of encouragement of *Navigation*, of *Tonnage* and *Poundage*, or other *Acts* concerning importation of *Goods* or *Merchandizes* from beyond seas, if the Propertie thereof be claimed by any person of the Importer, *Onus importandi*, shall lie upon the Owner, or claimer. *Provided*, That if the Seizure or Information, be upon the *Act* of *Navigation*, the Defendant may have a *Commission* out of the *Chancery* to examine *Witnesses* beyond the Seas, and have convenient time for return thereof, and their depositions shall be admitted for Evidence at Law, as if given *viva voce* in Court.

XXIX. All *Officers* belonging to the *Admiralty*, *Captains* of *Ship-forces*, *Castles*, *Block-houses*, *Justices* of *Peace*, *Mayors*, *Bailiffs*, and all the *Kings Officers* and subjects whom it may concern, shall be aiding and assisting to every person appointed to manage the *Customs*, and the *Officers* of the *Customs*, and their *Deputies*, in the due execution of every *Act* and thing enjoined by this *Act*, and shall be saved harmless therein by the *Act*.

XXX. All *Deputies*, *Clarks* or Servants, which have any place in, or about the *Customs*, *&c.* shall before the first day

of *June* next, take their Oaths for the faithful execution of their several trusts and employments committed to their charges: and no person shall be employed or put in trust in the business of the *Customs* till he hath taken the Oath as aforesaid.

XXXI. All and every *Merchant* or other person that shall after the 29. *Septemb.* 1662. *Export* any *Goods* or *Merchandizes* from any *Port* of this *Kingdom* capable of a *Ship* of 200 Tun, upon a salt *Sea*, to any part of the *Mediterranean Sea*, beyond the Port of *Malaga*, or *Import* any Merchandizes from the Ports aforesaid in any Ship that hath not two Decks, and doth carry less than 16 Pieces of *Ordnance*, with Men and Ammunition proportionable, shall pay to the King for all his Merchandizes so Exported or Imported, one *per cent.* over and above the duty of *Tonnage* and *Poundage*.

XXXII. *Provided*, The Kings subjects may *Export Fish* into any the Ports of the *Mediterranean Sea* in any *English* Vessel, the moity of her lading consisting of *Fish* only, and may Import any Wares in the same Ship for that Voyage, paying the rates accustomed, of *Tonnage* and *Poundage* for the same.

XXXIII. All and every person that within 7 years after 24. of *March* 1662. shall build, or cause to be built within the Kings Dominions, any Ship, &c. of 3 Decks, 2 Decks and an half, mounted with 30 pieces of *Ordnance*, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall for the 2 first Voyages which the said *Ships* shal make from the Kings Dominions to any forreign parts, have to their own use the benefit of the 10. part of the *Customs* for such goods as shall be *Exported* or *Imported* in the same *Ship* or *Ships*, and the Officers of the *Customs* are to pay the same to the Owners of the said Ships accordingly.

XXXIV. All *Salt* brought out of *Scotland* after the 24. of *June* 1662 into *England* or *Wales*, shall pay to the King *ob.* for every gallon of such imported *Salt* of *Winchester* measure, at the lading thereof.

I. Enacted *Anno* 14 *Car.* 2. *c.* 7. From and after the first of *May* next, no person whatsoever shall carry or transport out of *England* into *Scotland*, *Ireland*, or any Isles belonging to this Kingdom, or to any parts beyond the Seas, the *Skins*, or *Hides* tanned or untanned of any *Ox*, *Steer*, *Bull*, *Cow*, or *Calf*, in other manner than is directed by the *Act*.

II. None of the *Skins* taken from any the Beasts aforesaid within any Island belonging to *England*, shall be transported out

out of that *Island* to any other place, but into the *Kingdom* of *England*, upon pain of forfeiture of the double value of the *Skins* so transported, the *forfeiture* to be sued for as by the *Act* is directed.

III. All red tanned *Leather* of any the *Skins* of the *Beasts* aforesaid, shall be bought in the open and common *Fair* or *Market* used for sale of *Leather*, and not in any *House*, *Yard*, or *Shop*, upon pain the persons that shall not do the same accordingly, shall for every such offence forfeit the *Leather*, or the value thereof, and the contract to be void; All such *Leather* shall be searched by the *Searchers* and *Sealers* appointed, before it be put to sale, and a true Entry made thereof, of the names of the *buyer* and *seller*, and of the places of their abode, upon penalty of forfeiture of the same *Leather* or value thereof.

IV. If any person, *&c.* shall be found guilty of *Transportation* of any *Leather* or *Hides* of the *Beasts* aforesaid, *Exporting* such *Calve-skins* and *Sheep-skins* dressed without the *wooll*, he shall be disabled to trade or deal in *Leather* for the *future*, and for every offence forfeit 500 *l.* to be disposed as in the *Act* is directed.

The Act not to extend to the prohibiting the transportation of Leather made into Boots or Shooes.

V. It shall be lawful for the respective *Masters* and *Wardens* of *Cordwainers*, *Sadlers*, *Girdlers*, and *Curriers* of *London*, and their *Deputies*. And all *Customers*, *Comptrollers*, *Farmers* of *Customs*, *Supervisors*, and other *Officers* of the *Customs*: all *Justices* of *Peace*, *Mayors*, chief *Officers* of *Corporations* within *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* from time to time, by *land* or by *water*, to search for, and try all raw *Hides* wrought or unwrought, pack'd or unpack'd, intended to be transported by any person, *&c.* into the parts beyond the *Seas*, or *Scotland*, other than *Calve-skins*, or *Sheep-skins*.

VI. All *Tanners* who do shave, cut and rake their *Upperleather Hides* all over, and the necks of their Backs and Butts, after 20 *September* 1662. shall forfeit all the *Leather*, *Backs*, *Butts*, or *Calve-skins* so shaven, *&c.* and it shall be lawful for the *Searchers* and *Sealers* to seiz the same.

VII All *Penalties*, *Forfeitures*, and sums of money for any of the offences mentioned in the Act, shall be recovered by *Action*, *Bill*, *Plaint*, *Information*, brought in any of the *Courts* at *Westminster*; or in any *Court* of *Record* in the *City*, *County* or place where the offence shall be committed, wherein no

wager of Law, *&c.* shall be allowed, nor the same be removed out of the *County*, *City*, *Town Corporate*, *&c.* One moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* the other moity to the *Informer*, *&c.* that shall sue for the same.

VIII. All Exportation or Transportation of any *Hides* or *Leather* contrary to this Act, is adjudged to be a common and publick Nuisance.

1. Provided, *This Act not to be construed to extend to prohibit to convey any such Hides or Leather which shall be used and employed for the necessary use of any Ship or Vessel in any voyage beyond the Seas, and which shall not be sold in Forreign parts, so as the number exceed not six raw Hides, and three Tanned Hides.*

IX. All and every *Artificer*, dealing and cutting of *Leather*, and other person whatsoever, which shall hereafter buy any red tanned *Leather* within *London* or three miles thereof, shall before the next Market day in the place for sale of *Leather*, give notice to one of the Company of *Curriers*, exercising the mystery of a *Currier* in *London*, or within three miles thereof; and within three weeks after such notice, shall deliver the said *Leather* so bought (except such part as shall be used for seals) unto the said *Currier* to whom such notice was given, that the same may be curried, tallowed or dressed, as by an *Act* made 1 *Jacob.* 1. *Cap.* 2. upon penalty of forfeiture of 6 *s.* 8 *d.* for every *Back*, *Butt*, or *Calf-skin* so bought.

X. The Master and Wardens of the Company of Curriers for the time being, or such as they shall assign, shall at all seasonable times in the day-time, enter into any Ware-house, Shop, Cellar, within the City of *London*, and three miles of the same, belonging to any of the said *Cordwainers*, *Sadlers*, *Girdlers*, or other persons being Artificers, and dealing and cutting of *Leather*, and to search for, and to seiz all such *Leather* intended to be prohibited in the Clause or Articles aforesaid. And also for all such wares made of *Leather*, and if any such Person, Artificer, or Dealer shall oppose, or refuse to permit the said Master and Wardens of the said Company of Curriers, or other person, *&c.* to make any search or seizure as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such offence 20 *l.* And if any the Artificers and Dealers in the cutting of *Leather*, do refuse to be present with the Searchers when the same shall be desired by the Master and Wardens of the Company of Curriers, or persons thereunto assigned: For every offence the person so refusing,

shall

shall forfeit 10 *l.* for the uses, and to be recovered as afore-said.

I. Enacted 14 *Car. II. cap.* 13. No person or persons whatsoever shall after the 24. of *June* 1662. sell, or offer to sale within the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*; or Export any Foreign *Bonelace*, *Cut-work*, *Imbroidery*, *Fringe*, *Band-strings*, *Buttons* or *Needle-work* made of *Thread*, *Silk*, or any or either of them made in the parts beyond the Seas: or import, bring in, send, or convey, or cause to be brought in, sent, &c. into the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*, any such foreign *Bonelace*, *Cut-work*, *Fringe*, *&c.* made either of *Thread* or *Silk*, from the parts beyond the Seas, after the first of *May* 1662. upon pain every such person who shall sell, or offer to sale any such Foreign *Bonelace*, *Cut-work*, *Imbroidery*, *Fringe*, *Band-strings*, *Buttons*, *&c.* shall for every offence by him committed forfeit the sum of 50 *l.* and the whole *Bonelace*, *Cut-work*, *Imbroidery*, *&c.* so sold or offered to sale.

II. That all and every person, &c. who shall import, bring in, send, or convey, or cause to be sent, or conveyed into this Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*, any such *Bonelace*, *Cut-work*, *Imbroideries*, *Fringe*, *Bandstrings*, *Buttons*, or *Needle-Work*, shall forfeit for every offence by him committed 100 *l.* and the whole *Bone-lace*, *Cut-work*, *Imbroideries*, *Fringe*, *Band-strings*, *Buttons*, or *Needle-work* so imported, sent, or conveyed contrary to the *Act* aforesaid; one moity to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* the other moity to them who will sue for the same in any of the Kings Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Debt, Information, or otherwise, wherein no Essoin, Protection, or wager of Law shall be allowed.

III. For the preventing the Importing the said *Manufactures*, upon complaint and information of the Justices of Peace, or either of them, within the respective Counties, Cities, Towns Corporate, he or they are authorized to issue forth their warrants to the Constables of their respective Cities and Towns, to search for all such *Manufactures* in the Shops, being open, Ware-houses, and dwelling house of such person or persons who shall be suspected to have any such forreign *Bone laces*, *Imbroideries*, *Cut-work*, *Fringes*, *Band-strings*, *Buttons*, and *Needle-works*, within their respective Counties, Cities, *&c.* and to seize the same.

Provided, 1. *All Informations, Actions and Suits that shall be commenced for any offence committed against this Law, shall be*

brought within twelve months after the discovery of such offence.

I. Enacted *16 Car. 2. cap. 18.* If any person or persons, from and after the first of *August*, 1662. shall directly or indirectly Export, Transport, Carry, or Convey, or cause to be Exported, Transported, Carried, or Conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*: or after the first of *January*, 1662. out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any parts, or places out of the Kingdoms aforesaid, or into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, any *Sheep* or *Wool* whatsoever of the breed or growth of the Kingdoms aforesaid, or any *Wool-fels*, *Mortlings*, *Woolflocks*, or any *Fullers Earth*, or *Fulling-Clay*; or shall directly pack, or load, or cause to be packed, upon any *Horse*, *Cart*, or *Carriage*; or shall load, or lay on board, &c. in any *Ship*, or other *Vessel* in any place within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *Ireland*, or *Wales*, &c any such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, *Woollfels*, *Yarn* made of *wooll*, *Fullers-earth*, or *Fulling-clay*, &c. to the intent to *Export*, &c. or cause the same to be *Exported*, &c. out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, to *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. into any foreign parts, every such offence shall be adjuged *Felony*, and the Offender being convicted, shall forfeit and suffer as in case of Felony.

II. Every Owner of any such Ship or Vessel, and every Owner of every Horse, Cart, or Carriage, upon which any *Sheep*, *Wool*, *Wool-fels*, *Yarn* made of *Wool*, *Wool-flocks*, *Fullers Earth*, or *Fulling-clay* so to be Exported, Transported, &c. to any such intent as aforesaid, knowing hereof, and hereof being willfully and willingly aiding, assisting, or consenting thereunto, and the Mr. of such *Ship*, or *Vessel*, wherein any such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, &c. shall be so exported, or transported, or loaden, or laid on board as aforsaid, to any such purpose as aforesaid, and aiding, assisting, or consenting thereunto. And every *Factor* and *Servant* whatsoever, *Customer*, *Comptroller*, *Water-Searcher*, or other *Officer*, or person whatsoever knowing hereof, and willingly assisting, or consenting thereunto, shall be adjudged and taken to be a Felon, and every *Offender* therein duly convicted, shall suffer and forfeit as in case of Felony.

III. Every offence done or committed contrary to this Act, shall be enquired of, heard, tryed and determined in the *County* where such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, *Woollfels*, &c. respectively shall be packed, laden, or laid on board as aforesaid: Or else in the

County

County where such offender shall happen to be apprehended, or arrested for such offence, in such manner, or to such effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the said offence had been wholly done and committed in the same County.

Provided, 1. *Every Duke and other Peer of the Realm which shall be indicted or accused as Principal or Accessary in, or to any Offence made Felony by this Act, shall have his, her, or their Tryal by their Peers, as in Cases of Felony by the Common Law.*

2. *No person whatsoever shall at any time hereafter be impeached for any Offence made Felony by this Act, unless the person be thereof indicted within the space of one year next ensuing the Offence committed.*

IV. From and after the 1. of *August*, 1662. No person, *&c.* shall press together, with any screws, presses, or other engines, into any Sack, Pack, Bagg, or shall steep any woollen-cloath, yarn made of wooll, into any But, Pipe, Hogshead, or other Cask, or Vessel upon any pretence, or shall carry, or lay at, or near the shoar, Coasts of the Sea, or navigable River, or any place near adjoining thereunto, any such wooll, wool-flocks, or yarn made of wooll, to *Export*, *Transport*, or carry away the same out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, or *Ireland*, into *Scotland*, or any forreign parts; upon penalty of loss of all such wooll, wool-flocks, yarn made of wooll, so packed, pressed, layed into any Cask, or carryed on land near the sea shoar, or the value thereof.

V. No *Tobacco-Pipe Clay*, shall after the 1. of *August*, 1662. be *Exported*, *Transported*, or conveyed out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* Or after 1. of *January*, 1662 out of, or from *Ireland* or *Wales*, into the *Kingdom* of *Scotland*, or into any forreign parts, under the penalty of 3 *l.* for every pound of *Tobacco-Pipe Clay Exported*, or *Transported*.

VI. After the 1. of *August*, 1662. No Pack, Sacks, Baggs, or Cask of wooll, woolfels, mortlings, shorlings yarn made of wooll, fullers-earth, fulling-clay, tobacco-pipe-clay, shall be laden on any *Horse*, *Cart*, or *Carriage*, or shall be conveyed by land from any of the places within the *Kingdom* of *England*. Nor after 1. of *January*, 1662. in *Ireland*, but in the day time, and from and after 1. of *March*, to 29. of *September* yearly, between the hours of 4 of the clock in the morning, and 8 of the clock in the Evening, upon pain of forfeiture of all such goods, or the value thereof: One moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.*

brought within twelve months after the discovery of such offence.

I. Enacted 16 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18. If any person or persons, from and after the first of *August*, 1662. shall directly or indirectly Export, Transport, Carry, or Convey, or cause to be Exported, Transported, Carried, or Conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*: or after the first of *January*, 1662. out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any parts, or places out of the Kingdoms aforesaid, or into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, any *Sheep* or *Wool* whatsoever of the breed or growth of the Kingdoms aforesaid, or any *Wool-fels*, *Mortlings*, *Woolflocks*, or any *Fullers Earth*, or *Fulling-Clay*; or shall directly pack, or load, or cause to be packed, upon any *Horse*, *Cart*, or *Carriage*; or shall load, or lay on board, &c. in any *Ship*, or other *Vessel* in any place within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *Ireland*, or *Wales*, &c any such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, *Woollfels*, *Yarn* made of *wooll*, *Fullers-earth*, or *Fulling-clay*, &c. to the intent to *Export*, &c. or cause the same to be *Exported*, &c. out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, to *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. into any foreign parts; every such offence shall be adjuged *Felony*, and the Offender being convicted, shall forfeit and suffer as in case of Felony.

II. Every Owner of any such Ship or Vessel, and every Owner of every Horse, Cart, or Carriage, upon which any *Sheep*, *Wool*, *Wool-fels*, *Yarn* made of *Wool*, *Wool-flocks*, *Fullers Earth*, or *Fulling-clay* so to be Exported, Transported, &c. to any such intent as aforesaid, knowing hereof, and hereof being willfully and willingly aiding, assisting, or consenting thereunto, and the Mr. of such *Ship*, or *Vessel*, wherein any such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, &c. shall be so exported, or transported, or loaden, or laid on board as aforsaid, to any such purpose as aforesaid, and aiding, assisting, or consenting thereunto. And every *Factor* and *Servant* whatsoever, *Customer*, *Comptroller*, *Water-Searcher*, or other *Officer*, or person whatsoever knowing hereof, and willingly assisting, or consenting thereunto, shall be adjudged and taken to be a Felon, and every *Offender* therein duly convicted, shall suffer and forfeit as in case of Felony.

III. Every offence done or committed contrary to this Act, shall be enquired of, heard, tryed and determined in the *County* where such *Sheep*, *Wooll*, *Woollfels*, &c. respectively shall be packed, laden, or laid on board as aforesaid: Or else in the

County

County where such offender shall happen to be apprehended, or arrested for such offence, in such manner, or to such effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the said offence had been wholly done and committed in the same County.

Provided, 1. *Every Baron and other Peer of the Realm which shall be indicted or accused as Principal or Accessary in, or to any Offence made Felony by this Act, shall have his, her, or their Tryal by their Peers, as in Cases of Felony by the Common Law.*

2. *No person whatsoever shall at any time hereafter be impeached for any Offence made Felony by this Act, unless the person be thereof indicted within the space of one year next ensuing the Offence committed.*

IV. From and after the 1. of *August*, 1662. No person, *&c.* shall press together, with any screws, presses, or other engines, into any Sack, Pack, Bagg, or shall steep any woollen-cloath, yarn made of wooll, into any But, Pipe, Hogshead, or other Cask, or Vessel upon any pretence, or shall carry, or lay at, or near the shoar, Coasts of the Sea, or navigable River, or any place near adjoining thereunto, any such wooll, wool-flocks, or yarn made of wooll, to *Export*, *Transport*, or carry away the same out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, or *Ireland*, into *Scotland*, or any forreign parts; upon penalty of loss of all such wooll, wool-flocks, yarn made of wooll, so packed, pressed, layed into any Cask, or carryed on land near the sea shoar, or the value thereof.

V. No *Tobacco-Pipe Clay*, shall after the 1. of *August*, 1662. be *Exported*, *Transported*, or conveyed out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, *&c.* Or after 1. of *January*, 1662 out of, or from *Ireland* or *Wales*, into the *Kingdom* of *Scotland*, or into any forreign parts, under the penalty of 3 *l.* for every pound of *Tobacco-Pipe Clay Exported*, or *Transported*.

VI. After the 1. of *August*, 1662. No Pack, Sacks, Baggs, or Cask of wooll, woolfels, mortlings, shorlings yarn made of wooll, fullers-earth, fulling-clay, tobacco-pipe-clay, shall be laden on any *Horse*, *Cart*, or *Carriage*, or shall be conveyed by land from any of the places within the *Kingdom* of *England*. Nor after 1. of *January*, 1662. in *Ireland*, but in the day time, and from and after 1. of *March*, to 29. of *September* yearly, between the hours of 4 of the clock in the morning, and 8 of the clock in the Evening, upon pain of forfeiture of all such goods, or the value thereof: One moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.*

the other to him or them that will sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, &c.

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to be construed to repeal and make void any the Penalties in an *Act* of this *Parliament*, made against Transportation of Wooll, Woolfels, Fullers-earth; Or to the prohibiting of the lading on board of any *Ship*, *&c.* of any Weather-sheep, Wool, or other goods, that by the said *Act* is permitted to be laden on board any *Ship*, *&c.* for the necessary use of such ship, *&c.*

2. If any Owner, Master, or Marriner of any *Ship*, *&c.* knowing of such Transportation of such sheep, Wool, Wool-fels, (or any of the goods before mentioned) shall within 3 months next after the knowledge thereof, or after his return into the Kingdom of *England*, or *Ireland*, *Wales*, *&c.* give the first information, *bona fide*, before the Barons of either the Courts of *Exchequer*, in *England* or *Ireland*, or before the Head-Officer of any Port where he shall first arrive, of the number and quantity of the goods so carried and transported, and by whom, where, and in what *Ship*, *&c.* and shall be ready to justifie, and prove the same; such Owner, Master, or Marriner, shall not be punished for Felony, but yet be subject to all other penalties contained in the Act, for the offence aforesaid. And all such Exportation and conveying of any Goods or Commodities in the *Act* mentioned, is declared to be a common and publick Nusance.

VII. All Justices of Assize, of Goal-delivery, and Justices of the Peace, shall enquire of all the premises in their general *Quarter-Sessions*, and hear and determine the same. And all Mayors, Bailiffs, Head-Officers of Cities, Boroughs and Towns, not having jurisdiction to try Felony, shall enquire of all and every Offence within this *Act* not made Felony: and hear and determine the same.

Enacted 14 *Car.* 2 *cap.* 19. No forreign *Wool-cards*, or forreign *Card-wire*, or *Iron-wire* for making of *Wool-cards*, be Imported into the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, or any parts thereof, nor used within the same; Nor any *Card-wire* taken out of old *Cards*, be from henceforth put into new Leather, new Card-boards; Nor any such *Wool-cards* be put to sale, upon pain every person, *&c.* Who shall Import any forreign *Wool-cards*, or forreign *Card wire*, for making of *Wool-cards*, into *England*, *Wales*, or any parts thereof; Or make *Wool-cards* of any such old *Card-wire*, or put the same to sale, shall forfeit

the

the ſaid *Wool-cards*, or the value thereof, if the ſame be not ſeized, one half to the *King*, the other half part to ſuch Perſons, *&c.* who ſhall firſt ſeize, or ſue for the ſame by *Action of Debt*, *&c.* in any of his *Majeſties Courts* at *Weſtminſter*; Or within the *County*, *City*, or *Town* corporate, *&c.* where ſuch offence ſhall be committed: wherein no eſſoin, wager of Law, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

1 *Provided*, This *Act* not to be extended to hinder the Owners of any *Wool-cards*, to cauſe them to be amended for their own uſe; Or to *Tranſport* or ſell any of their Overworn *Wool-cards* into any parts beyond the *Seas*, out of the *Kings Dominions*.

Enacted, 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 30. If any perſon or perſons, after 24. of *June*, 1662. ſhall Import into the *Realm* of *England*, or any parts thereof: any *Madder* whatſoever, or expoſe the ſame to ſale, being mixed with ſand, or other materials, over & above 2 pound weight in every hundred weight of *Madder*, which 100 weight of *Madder* ſhall contain 112 pounds. Every ſuch perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit and loſe all and every ſuch parcel of *Madder* ſo mingled with ſand or other materials; One Moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* the other moitie to ſuch perſons as ſhall diſcover the ſand, to be recovered by *Action*, or *Bill* of *Debt*, in any of the *Kings Courts* at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no eſſoin, wager of Law, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

Exciſe.

Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. The Impoſition called *Exciſe* ſhall be Collected levied and paid, with all the Arrears thereof not pardoned, to the *Commiſſioners* and their deputies, who now Collect the ſame from the 24. of *June* inclusively 1660. till the 20. day of *Auguſt* the ſame year, after the rates and proportions, and upon the ſame goods, and *Merchandizes* as the ſame was payable and Collected 24 of *April* laſt paſt.

All ſorts of *Wines*, *Oyls*, *Tobaccoes*, of the *Engliſh Plantations*, *Silks*, *Tapes*, *Inkles*, *Linnens*, *Paving tiles*, *Playing Cards*, *Girdles*, of all ſorts, *Cabinets*, *Copperis*, *Hopps*, and all ſorts of *Lace*, and *Commodities* made of earth or ſtone, Imported after the 24, of *June* 1660. ſhall be thenceforth diſcharged of the duty of *Exciſe*.

Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 7. The Impoſition called *Exciſe* ſhall continue to be Collected, levied and paid (with all the Arrears

Arrears thereof from Farmers since the 25. of *March*, 1657. and from *Merchants*, and other persons since the 25. of *March* 1658. by, and to *Nathaniel Mauton*; *Edward Parsons* in the *Act* particularly named, and their Deputies, from the 24 of *August* 1660. untill the 25 of *December* the same year, after such Rates and proportions, and upon the same goods, and *Merchandizes* as the same was *Collected* and payed the 25. of *April* 1660. And Sir *Edward Brown*, and other persons particularly named in the *Act*, are appointed *Commissioners* for *Appeals*, and Regulating the *Excise*, the aforesaid *Commissioners*, and other *Officers* under the Regulations and Rates in all matters as it was used and collected the said 25. of *April*.

Provided, All the sorts of *Goods* and *Commodities*, in the proviso's of the precedent *Act*, particularly named, *Imported* after the 24. of *July*, 1660. shall be discharged of the duty of *Excise*.

Chapter, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 15. From and after 20. *December*, 1660. there shall be raised, out of the *Kingdom* of *England*, *Wales* and *Berwick*, and paid during the *Kings* life, the several *Rates* and *Impositions*, *Duties* and *charges*, for *Beer*, *Ale*, *Syder*, and other *Liquors*, in manner following, *Viz.*

For every *Barrel* of *Beer*, or *Ale*, above 6 *s.* the *barrel*, to be paid by the *Brewer*, or other person that shall sell or tap out *Beer*, or *Ale*, publickly, or privately, 1 *s.* 3 *d.* and so proportionably.

For every *Barrel* of 6 *s. Beer*, or *Ale*, or under, brewed, or sold as aforesaid, to be paid by the said *Common-brewer*, or persons aforesaid respectively; and so proportionably for a greater or lesser *Vessel*, 3 *d.*

For all *Syder*, and *Perry*, made and sold by retale, upon every *Hogshead* to be paid by the Retaler, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser measure, 1 *s.* 3 *d.*

For every *Gallon* of *Metheglin*, or *Mead* sold, to be payed by the Maker, *ob.*

For every *Barrel* of *Beer*, called *Vineger-Beer*: brewed by a common *Brewer*, 6 *d.*

For every *Gallon* of *Strong-water*, or *Aquavitæ*, made and sold, to be paid by the Maker thereof 1 *d.*

For every *Barrel* of *Beer*, or *Ale Imported* from beyond the *Seas* 3 *s.*

For

For every *Tun* of *Syder*, or *Perry* imported, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, 5 *s.*

For every *Gallon* of *Spirits*, made of *Wine*, or *Syder*, imported, 2 *d.*

For every *Gallon* of *Strong-water* perfectly made, imported from beyond the *Seas*, 4 *d.*

For every *Gallon* of *Coffee* made and sold, to be paid by the *Maker*, 4 *d.*

For every *Gallon* of *Chocolate*, *Sherbet* and *Tea* made and sold, to be paid by the maker thereof, 8 *d.*

II. The several *Rates* and *Duties* of *Excise*, and new Impost hereby imposed upon all and every the *forreign Liquors* which shall be imported unto all, or any of the *Ports*, of the *Kingdom* and the *Dominions* thereof, after 25. of *December* next, shall from time to time be paid by the *Merchant* or *Importer* ready money, upon his entry made, before the landing thereof.

III. All common *Brewers* shall once a week make true and particular entries at the *Office of Excise* within their Limits of all *Beer* or *Ale* which they shall brew in the week, upon penalty of 5 *l.* Every *Inkeeper* shall make the like entry once a Month, of all *Beer*, *Ale*, *Syder*, *Perry*, &c. which he retales in that time, under penalty of 5 *l.* Every *Alehouse-keeper*, *Victualler*, or other *Retaler* of *Beer*, *Ale*, *Syder*, *Perry*, *Strong-water* or other *Liquor* shall once a month make the like entry of what they shall retale within the month, upon penalty of 20 *s.*

IV. No such person as aforesaid shall be compelled by *Commissioners* of *Excise* to travel, to make the Entries or payment of the said *Duties*, or for other cause touching the same, if he live in a Market Town, out of the Market Town; if he live out of a Market Town, then to the next Market Town to his habition in the same *County* on the Market day.

V. The *Commissioners* appointed for the putting this Act in execution, and their *Sub-Committies* have power to constitute under their hands and seals so many *Gagers* as they shall find needful; which *Gagers*, and every of them, aswell by night as by day (if by night, in the presence of a *Constable*, or other lawful *Officer*) be permitted upon their request, to enter the House, Brew-house, Distilling-house, and all other Houses, and places belonging to, or used by any *Brewer*, *Inkeeper*, *Victualler* or other *Retaler* as aforesaid to Gage all Coopers Fats, and

Vessels

Vessels in the same, and to take an acount of the *Beer*, *Ale*, *Worts*, *Perry*, *Syder*, *Strong-waters*, and other the *Liquor* aforesaid, in the said houses, and places, brewed, made and stilled, and to make a Return in writing to the *Commissioners*, *&c.* under whose Office and limits such *Brewer*, *Retaler*, *Distiller* doth dwell, leaving a true Copy of such *Return*, with such *Brewer*, *Retaler*, *Distiller*, or *Maker* of the *Liquor*, and such *returns* of the *Gagers*, shall be a charge upon the said *Brewers*, *&c.* respectively: And if any common *Brewer*, or *Retaler*, *&c.* shall refuse to permit such *Gagers* to enter his Brew-house, or other places aforesaid, or to gage, or take acompt of his brewing Vessels, or of any such *Beer*, *Ale*, or other the *Liquors* aforesaid, such *Brewer*, *Retaler*, *Distiller*, shall forthwith be forbidden by the Gager, to sell, carry out, or deliver to any of his Customers, any *Beer*, *Ale*, or other the Liquors aforesaid: And if any *Brewer*, *&c.* after such warning given, shall sell, carry out, or deliver the same, or any part thereof, not having paid, and cleared the *duty of Excise*, shall beside the forfeiture of double the value, forfeit 5 *l.* for every offence, to be levyed and recovered, upon his Goods and Chattels, as in the Act is provided.

VI. Every 36 Gallons of Beer, taken by the Gage, according to the standard of the Ale-quart (4 whereof shall make a gallon) shall be reckoned, accounted, and returned by the Gager for a Barrel of Beer, and every 34 Gallons of Ale taken by the Gage, according to the standard, shall be reckoned and returned for a Barrel of Ale: and all other the Liquors aforesaid according to the Wine-gallon.

VII. No Brewer, or Retaler of Beer, or Ale, shall take more in the price thereof, upon sale of the same, than according to the usual rates and prices: saving that every common Brewer, may take of all and every person, *&c.* to whom he shall sell and deliver any Beer, or Ale, the *Excise* thereupon, over and above the usual rates.

VIII. The common Brewer, not selling of Beer, or Ale by retale, in consideration of wast by fillings and leakage, shall have and be allowed out of the returns made by the Gagers these allowances, *viz.* upon every 23 Barrels of Beer, whether strong or small, returned by the Gager, three Barrels: upon 22 Barrels of Ale, strong or small, two Barrels; which allowances, the *Commissioners* and their *Subcommitties*, are authorized to allow and make.

IX. *Provided*, Where any Common Brewer shall willingly take

make a falſe *entry*, and be convicted before the *Commiſſioners*, or two of them, or before ſuch other perſons as are appointed by the Act, in ſuch caſe every *Brewer* ſhall forfeit and loſe, beſides the penalty before mentioned, the allowances to be made for 6 Months together.

IX. No *Beer*, or *Ale* ſhall be delivered in by any *Brewer*, or *Maker* thereof, to any *Victualler*, or other *Retaler*, until the rate, which by ſuch *Victualler*, *&c.* is to be paid over and above the price of the *Beer*, or *Ale*, for, or in reſpect of this *duty*, be paid by the *Victualler*, or *Retaler*, to the *Brewer* or *Maker*.

1. *Provided*, If any perſon ſhall brew and ſell by retale, any ſmall quantities of *Beer* or *Ale*, in any *Fair* within the *Realm*, *&c.* who is not a common *Brewer*, or *Retaler* thereof, and before ſuch ſelling or retaling, ſhall pay the *duty* for the ſame, to the *Commiſſioners*, *&c.* within whoſe limits the *Fair* ſhall be holden, or to their *Officers*; ſuch perſon, ſo brewing and retaling the ſame, for ſo much, and no more, ſhall be diſcharged from all penalties and forfeitures impoſed by the Act.

2. That it ſhall be lawful for the *Commiſſioners* and *Sub-Commiſſioners* reſpectively, to compound for this *duty*, with any *Inkeeper*, *Victualler*, *Alehouſe-keeper*, or *Retaler* of any *Beer*, *Ale*, or other the *Liquors* aforeſaid, within their reſpective diviſions, or limits, in ſuch manner and form as be moſt for the advantage and improvement of the receipts thereof.

X. The *Lord Treaſurer*, or *Commiſſioners* of the *Treaſury* for the time being, or ſuch as the *King* ſhall appoint, are impowered to treat, contract and agree with any perſon, *&c.* for the farming of any the *rates*, *duties*, & *charges* touching the *Liquors* in the Act mentioned, as may be beſt for the greateſt advantages of the *receipt*, ſo as the ſame exceed not the term of three years, and every ſuch agreement ſhall be good and effectual to all intents and purpoſes. And the *Lord Treaſurer*, or other perſons appointed, ſhall not within ſix months after the commencement of the Act, treat, or agree with any for the farming of this *duty*, other than with ſuch as by the *Juſtices* of the *Peace*, or the major part of them, at their *Quarter-Seſſions*, ſhall be nominated, who ſhall have the firſt refuſal thereof, and the ſaid *duty* ſhall not be let to any other under the rate that ſhall be tendred to, and refuſed by ſuch perſons ſo recommended.

XI. All forfeitures & offences committed againſt this *Act*, made & committed within the immediate limits of the *Exciſe* Office in *Lond.* ſhall be adjudg'd & determin'd by the chief *Commiſſioners of Exciſe*, or

or for *Appeals*, or the major part of them; and other offences and forfeitures made within all, or other the *Counties*, *Cities*, or *Towns* within the *Realm*, *&c.* shall be heard and determined by any two, or more *Justices* of the *Peace* residing near the place where such forfeitures shall be made, or offences committed: and in case of neglect or refusal of such *Justices* by the space of 14 dates, upon complaint made, and notice thereof given to the *Offender*. Then the *Commissioners* or major part of them appointed for such *County*, *City*, *Town*, *&c.* are impowered to hear and determine the same; and if the party find himself agrieved by the judgment of such *Sub-Commissioners*, he may appeal to the *Justices* of the *Peace* at their next *Quarter-Sessions*, who are to determine the same, whose Judgment shall be final. And the *Commissioners* for *Excise*, all *Justices* of *Peace* and *Sub Commissioners*, respectively, are strictly required upon a complaint made, to summon the party, and upon appearance, or contempt, to proceed to examination of the matter, give judgment therein, and issue their *Warrants* for levying of the penalties upon the *Goods* of the *Offender*, and sell the same, returning the overplus, and for want of distress to imprison the party till satisfaction be made.

Provided, The said parties are impowered to mitigate the *Forfeiture* or *Fine* as they shall think fit, so it be not less than double the value of the duty which should have been paid, besides the charges of the *Officers* employed therein: And all the *penalties* (the charges deducted) shall be employed 3 parts to the *King*, the 4. part to the *Informer*.

XII. One principal Officer shall be erected and continued in *London*, and within ten miles thereof, as long as the *King* shall think fit for this duty, to which all other *Officers* for the same shall be subordinate and accomptable; which said Office shall be managed by such as the *King* shall appoint for the management of the *Kings* Receipt of *Excise*, and shall sit in some convenient place in *London*, or within ten miles thereof, as the *King* shall think fit.

XIII. No person shall be capable of intermedling with any employment relating to the *Excise*, until he shall before two or three *Justices* of the *Peace* in the *County* where his employment shall be, or before the *Barons* of the *Exchequer* take the *Oaths* of *Allegiance* and *Supremacy*, together with this *Oath*, *viz.*

You shall swear to exercise the Office of truly and faithfully, *without favour or affection, and shall from time to time true accompt make, and deliver to such person as his Majestie shall appoint to receive the same, and shall take no Fee or Reward for execution of the said Office from any other person than His Majestie, or those that He shall appoint in that behalfe. And every Justice of Peace shall certifie the taking of such Oaths to the next Quarter-Sessions there to be recorded.*

XIV. All parts of the City of *London*, *Westminster*, the Borough of *Southwark*, and the several Suburs thereof, and Parishes within the weekly Bills of *Mortality*, shall be under the immediate care and management of the said Head-Officers; and such and so many subordinate Commissioners and other Officers for the execution of the premisses shall be appointed by the King in all and every other the Counties, Cities, Towns, &c. in *England* and *Wales* as the King shall thing fit: And in all places, the Office shall be open from 8 in the Morning till 12 at Noon, and from 2 till 5 in the After noon; and the Commissioners, or major part of them shall from time to time issue forth and pay such sums of money as shall be received, collected, or levied, into His Majesties Receipt of *Exchequer*.

XV. If any person shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing done or executed in pursuance of the *Act*, he may plead *The General Issue*, and give the *Act in Evidence*, and if a *Verdict* pass for the *Defendant*, or the *Plaintiff* be non-suit, the *Defendant* shall have double costs.

1. *Provided*, No Writs of *Certiorari* shall supercede *Execution*, but that *Execution* may be had and made upon any *Order*, *&c.* made by the Justices aforesaid, any such Writ or allowance thereof notwithstanding

2. This Act, nor any thing therein contained shall not be prejudicial to *Edward Blackwell* Alderman of *London*, as to the sum amounting *in toto* to 28456 *l.* by him advanced upon several Orders of this Parliament, and charged upon the Excise; which sum, together with the Interest at 6 *per cent.* shall be paid to the said *Edward* and his Assigns out of the *Excise*, as by the said Orders is appointed.

1. Enacted 13 *Car.* 2. *c.* 13. All and every sum and sums of money any wages due or owing from or by any person, *&c.* for or touching the Duty of *Excise* heretofore imposed, or payable upon

upon *Beer*, *Ale*, or any other *Commodities*, by any Laws or pretended Laws or Ordinances; and all Debts therefore owing, whether by *Obligation*, or *Action* from the *Farmers* of the *Excise*, or any other person whatsoever; Or any of their Sureties, not pardoned by the *King* by the *Act* and pardon of *Oblivion*, are hereby vested in the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Successors*, and the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Successors* may at all times hereafter have, demand, and sue for, and recover the same of all and every person, *&c.* their *Heirs*, *Executors*, *Administrators*, having *Assets*, and if the said duty of *Excise* or new Impost had been lawfully imposed and collected, and as if the said pretended *Acts*, *Ordinances*, *&c.* imposing the same, had been good here, and legal and effectual *Acts* of *Parliament*, and had in expresse words, given all and every the said duties of *Excise* and new Impost unto the *King*.

II. All and every person, *&c.* accomptable by this *Act*, shall have all such due allowances in their accompts, as all such persons whose accompts are excepted in an *Act* entituled, *An Act of free and general Pardon*, *Indempnity and Oblivion*, have or ought to have.

Provided, No person, *&c.* shall be questioned for any the duties herein, certainly vested in the *King*, unless he be sued and prosecuted with effect before 25 *Decemb.* 1662.

All persons, *&c.* accomptable to the *King* by this *Act* are enabled to sue for, levy, and recover from any person or persons who do stand indebted unto them in any sum of money for the *Excise* for which they are hereby accomptable, all sums of money and arrears unsatisfied, in as full manner as they might have received and levyed the same when they first grew due.

Fishing.

I. Enacted 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 31. From and after 25. of *May* 1662. No person or persons shall in any year from the first of *June*, till the last of *November*, take Fish in the high Sea, or in any Bay, Port, Creek, or Coast of, or belonging to *Cornwal* or *Devon*, with any *Drift-Net*, *Trammel*, or *Stream-Net*, or any other *Nets* of that sort or kind, unless it be at the distance

diſtance of one league and a half at leaſt from the reſpective ſhoars, upon pain of the forfeiture of the Nets ſo employed, or value thereof, and one months impriſonment.

II. If any perſons being neither Owners, Partners, or Adventurers in the Craft of *Fiſhing*, ſhall preſume after the day before limited, to make, or cauſe to be made any *Pilchards* or *Fumathoes* in Cask to be ſold or tranſported, except they ſhall buy the aforeſaid *Fiſh* of the reſpective Owners, Partners, or Adventurers in the *Pilchard* Craft, or with their expreſs allowance, leave, and conſent, they ſhall forfeit all ſuch *Pilchards* and *Fumathoes* ſo made, and every Cask thereof, or their full value; one moity thereof to the King, the other to him who will ſue for the ſame by Bill, Plaint, *&c.*

III If any Owner, Partner, or Company, or other perſon whatſoever ſhall fraudulently purloyn, imbezel, hide, convey, carry away, or expoſe to ſale, or cauſe to be purloyned, *&c.* out of the Nets, Boats or Cellars any *Pilchard-Fiſh* without the expreſs leave of the proper Owners, and major part of the Company reſpectively; Every perſon that ſhall offend therein, ſhall pay the treble value to the parties wronged, and be ſent to the Houſe of *Correction* for three months

IV. If any idle or ſuſpicious perſon or perſons ſhall in the night aſſemble and flock together about the Boats, Nets, or Cellars belonging to the *Pilchard* Craft upon any the Coaſts of *Cornwal*, or *Devon*, having no buſineſs there to do, and being warned by the Company or Owners of ſuch Boats or Cellars, to be gone; then upon complaint made to one Juſtice of the Peace, every perſon ſo refuſing to do, ſhall pay 5 *s.* to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch offence was committed, or be ſet in the ſtocks for five hours.

Forreſts.

I. Enacted, 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap* 16. From henceforth the meers, meets, limits and bounds of all Forreſts ſhall be adjudged and taken to extend no farther than the meers meets, limits and bounds in the ſeveral Counties reſpectively wherein the ſaid Forreſts were commonly known, reputed, uſed, or taken to be in the 20th year of the late King *James*, and not beyond; any Perambulations, Preſentments, Judgments, Surveys, or Decrees, or other matter or thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And all and every Preſentment of any Perſon or Perſons, at any Juſtice-ſeat, Swain-mote, or Court of Attachment, for, or by reaſon or colour of any *Acts* whatſoever, done, or committed in any place without, or beyond the ſaid *Meets*, *Meers*, *&c.* And all and every Fine, Amercement upon, or by reaſon or colour of ſuch Preſentment, ſhall be adjudged and taken to be utterly void, any Record, or Pretence whatſoever to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. No place within *England* or *Wales*, where no ſuch Juſtice-ſeat, Swain-Mote, or Court of Attachment hath been held or kept; Or where no Verderers have been choſen, nor no Regard made within the ſpace of ſixty years before the firſt year of his now Majeſties Reign, ſhall at any time hereafter be taken to be *Forreſt*, or within the bounds or meets of any *Forreſt*, but ſhall for ever hereafter be diſafforreſted, and freed from all *Forreſt* laws. any Swain-Mote, Juſtice-ſeat, or Court of *Attachment* held or kept ſince the beginning of his Majeſties Reign, or any *Preſentment* or *Act* made or done to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. The *Lord Chancellor*, or *Lord Keeper* of the *Great Seal* for the time being, upon the requeſt of any of the Peers, or Knights and Burgeſſes, ſhall grant *Commiſſions* to *Commiſſioners* by them to be nominated, to enquire by *Enqueſts* of good men of the *Meets*, *Meers*, *Limits* and *Bounds* which were commonly known to be *Meets*, *Meers*, *&c.* in the 20th year of the late King *James:* and all Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Verderers, Forreſters, Rangers, and other *Officers* of *Forreſts*, ſhall be aſſiſtant and attendant upon the ſame Commiſſioners: and where no ſuch Officers are, or where ſuch Officers be, if they or any of them ſhall refuſe or neglect ſuch aſſiſtance, or attendance, the *Commiſſioners* may proceed without them in the execution of the ſaid Commiſſion.

IV. The Forreſts, whereof the *Meets* and *Bounds* ſhall be ſo returned, and certified by vertue of any the ſaid *Commiſſioners*, from henceforth ſhall not extend, nor be adjudged to extend any further in any wiſe, than the *Meets*, *Meers*, *Limits* and *Bounds* ſo returned and certified: and all places and territories without the ſaid *Meets*, *Meers*, *Bounds*, *&c.* ſhall be as if the ſame had never been *Forreſt*.

1. *Provided*, That all and every the Grounds, Territories, or places, which have been, or are diſafforreſted, or mentioned to be diſafforeſted, by any Letters Patents, Charter, or otherwiſe,

wiſe, ſince the 20. year of the Reign of the late King *James*, ſhall be left out of the Meets, Meers and Bounds of the Forreſts, which are to be enquired of, returned and certified, by vertue of the ſaid *Commiſſioners*, or any of them, and are hereby declared to be utterly diſafforeſted, free and exempt to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame had never been at all a *Forreſt*.

2. That the *Tenants*, *Owners*, and *Occupiers* of *Lands* and *Tenements*, which ſhall be excluded out of the *Meers* and *Bounds*, returned and certified, ſhall and may uſe and enjoy ſuch common and other profits and eaſements within the *Forreſt*, as anciently and accuſtomably they have uſed and enjoyed, any *Law*, *Act*, *Ordinance*, *Cuſtom*, or *Forreſt-Law*, notwithſtanding.

Gunpowder and Salt-Peter.

I. Enacted, 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 21. It ſhall and may be lawful to, and for all and ſingular perſons, as well ſtrangers as natural born ſubjects of this *Realm*, to import and bring into this *Kingdom*, any quantities of *Gunpowder* whatſoever, paying ſuch *Cuſtoms* and *duties* for the ſame, as by authority of *Parliament* ſhall be limitted and ſet down.

II. That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and ſingular his *Majeſties* ſubjects of this *Realm* of *England*, to make and ſell any quantity of *Gunpowder*, at their wills and pleaſures; as alſo to bring into this *Kingdom* any quantities of *Salt-Peter*, *Brimſtone*, or other materials neceſſary or requiſite for the making of *Gunpowder*.

III. If any perſon, or perſons, after the 10. day of *Auguſt*, 1648. ſhall put in execution, any *Letters Patents*, *Proclamation*, *Edict*, *Act*, *Ordinance*, *Warrant*, *Reſtraint*, or *Inhibition* whatſoever, whereby the importation of *Gunpowder*, *Salt-Peter*, *Brimſtone*, or other materials afore-mentioned, or any of them, from forreign parts; or the making of *Gunpowder* within this *Realm* ſhall be any way prohibited, or reſtrained; the ſaid perſon, or perſons ſo offending, ſhall incur and ſuſtain the pains and forfeitures contained in the Statute of Proviſion, *Præmunire*, made in the 16. year of the Reign of *R.* 2.

Anno 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. It ſhall be free and lawful, for his *Majeſty* at any time when he ſhall ſee cauſe ſo to do, and for ſuch time as ſhall be therein expreſſed by *Proclamation*, to prohibit the tranſporting of *Gunpowder*, or any ſort of *Arms*, or *Ammunition*, into any parts out of this *Kingdom*; any thing in the *Act* contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Harbours and Havens.

Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 27. For the repairing of *Dover* Harbour.

From and after 24. of *June* next enſuing, there ſhall be paid by the *Maſter* or *Owner* of every *Ship*, *Veſſel*, or *Crayer*, whereof any of the *Kings* ſubjects ſhall be *Owners*, or part *Owners*, of the burthen of twenty *Tun* and upwards, nor exceeding the burthen of 250 *Tun*, for every voyage, loading, or diſcharging within the *Realm*, or to, or from any forreign *Country* beyond ſeas, and paſſing to, or from *London*, or for, from, to, or by *Dover*, or coming within the *Harbour* there, not having a *Cocquet* teſtifying his payment before for that voyage, towards the repair of *Dover Harbour*, 3 *d.* for every *Tun* of burthen of every ſuch *Ship*, *&c.* (except *Veſſels* laden with *Sea-coals*, *Grindſtones*, *Purbeck*, or *Portland-ſtone*) for every of which ſhall be paid 1 *d. ob:* to be paid to the *Cuſtomer*, or *Collector* of *Cuſtoms* and *Subſidies*, or their *Deputies*, within ſuch *Port*, from whence ſuch *Ship*, *&c.* ſhall ſet forth, or ſhall arrive, before they unlade the *Goods* therein. The accompt of the *Tuns* to be made according to the entry of the *Goods* in every *Ship*, *&c.* And no entry to be allowed in the *Office* of *Cuſtoms*, without information by the *Maſter*, *Owner*, *Purſer*, *Shipper* of ſuch *Ship*, *&c.* concerning the burthen thereof, and payment by him of the ſums aforeſaid; of which payment, the *Maſter*, *Shipper*, *&c.* ſhall have allowance of the *Merchants* according to the rates of the *Goods* in the ſame *Ship*, *&c.* by way of average; And the *Cuſtomer*, *Collector*, or the *Deputy*, receiving the ſums, ſhall diſburſe and pay the ſame from time to time, to the *Treaſurer* of the *Harbour*, or ſuch as he ſhall aſſign to receive the ſame, to be expended about the repair of the *Harbour*.

II. Every

II. Every *Customer*, *Comptroller*, or their *Deputies*, that shall make any entries of *Customs*, *&c.* of any *Goods* in the said *Ships*, *&c.* before information as aforesaid, concerning the burthen thereof, or payment made of the sums limitted by the *Act*; or make default in not collecting the sum, or not paying the same over to the *Treasurer* of the *Harbour*, or such as he shall assign to receive the same; shall forfeit to the use of the reparations of the *Harbour* 10 *l.* for every default, to be recovered by action of debt in any court of *Record*, by the *Warden* and *Assistants* of the *Harbour*; in which suite, no *essoin*, *&c.* shall be allowed.

III. That the *Master* and *Wardens* of the *Trinity-house* of *London*, for the time being, shall and may appoint such persons as they shall think fit, to inspect and oversee the repairs, and works to be made for the security of the said *Harbour*, and once every year, during the said term of 7 years, require an account of the respective *Collectors*, and *Treasurer* for the said *Harbour*, of the monies by them respectively received, and of the disbursements thereof; and if they shall not within six months after the demand, give in the same accompt; or if it shall appear thereupon, that the monies shall not be duly disbursed in, and about the said repairs: or if the said *Harbour* shall within the said time aforesaid, be sufficiently repaired and secured; Then the *Master*, or *Wardens*, shall inform the *Lords* of the *Kings Privy-Councel* thereof, who are thereupon impowered to suspend, or cause every further payment by vertue of the *Act* to cease and determine.

IV. That all *Ships* and *Vessels* belonging to *Waymouth*, *Melcomb-Regis*, and *Lime-Regis*, in the *County* of *Dorset*, having a *Piere* and *Cob* of their own, shall be exempt from contributing or paying any thing to the *Harbour* of *Dover*, so as they bring *Certificate* made upon *Oath*, before the *Mayor* of their respective *Corporations*, that the said *Vessels*, *&c.* do properly belong thereunto, and that the *Inhabitants* of the said respective *Corporations* are *Owners* of the *major* part of the said *Vessels*, *&c.*

Provided, This Act not to extend to authorize the *Collection* of more than the sum of 22000 *l.* in the whole, and then the *collection* to cease.

High-waies, Streets and Bridges.

I. Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 2. For the ſurveying, order, ing and managing of the Common *High-waies*, leading unto, and from the *Cities* of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the *Suburbs* thereof, and other places within the weekly *Bills* of *Mortality*, and of the *Streets*, *Alleys*, and other paſſages within the ſame, and all things neceſſary for the repairing, paving, and keeping clean thereof, there be *Commiſſioners* nominated under the *Great Seal* by the *King*, not exceeding the number of 21. beſides ſuch other as are appointed by the *Act*, that ſhall have their meeting at the *Office* of his *Majeſties* works in *Scotland Yard*, or ſome other place, as the greater number of them ſhall direct, which *Commiſſioners*, 5 or more of them, ſhall have power to order and direct the making of any new *Vaults*, or *Sewers*, or cut any *Sewer* already made, for the altering of, enlarging, cleanſing, or ſcouring of any old *Vaults*, *Sinks*, or *Common-Sewers*; or for the altering of any new or old *Pavements*, taking away of croſs *Gutters*, or *Channels*, in all, or any the *Streets* and places aforeſaid, for the removing of all kind of Nuſances, or any *Encroachments*, *Sheds*, *Bulks*, *Stoops*, *Poſts*, or *Wall* beyond the old foundations into the *Streets*, in ſuch places which ſhall be judged inconvenient, and hinder the paſſage. *Provided*, ſuch encroachments which have continued above 30 years paſt, be not removed, till reaſonable ſatisfaction be given by the *Commiſſioners* to the parties that ſuffer thereby: and if any perſon ſhall not accept of ſueh reaſonable ſatisfaction tendred by the *Commiſſioners*: Then in caſe of ſuch refuſal, the *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, upon a *Petition* preferred to them by the party grieved, are to adjudge what ſatisfaction ſhall be fit for ſuch perſon, *&c.* to receive for the removing or pulling down ſuch *Nuſance* or *Encroachments*.

II. The ſaid *Commiſſioners* 5 or more of them, are to take a view of all ſuch *Nuſances* or *Encroachments* and irregular building, which view ſhall be a good conviction in *Law*: and every perſon, *&c.* having notice of the ſaid view, or conviction and ſhall not remove, or take down the ſame within one month after notice, ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* for every month the ſaid *Nuſance* or *Encroachment* ſhall afterwards continue.

III. The

III. The common *High waies* and new *Streets* after named are thought fit immediatly to be repaired, paved or amended, *viz* the *Street* from the end of *Petty France*, to St. *James* his house; one other *Street* from St. *James* his house up to the *High-way*: one *Street* in St. *Jame's fields*, called the *Pall-Mall*; one *Street* beginging from the *Mews* up to *Pickadilly*, and from thence to the *Stone-Bridge*, to the furthermoſt building near the *Bull* at the corner of *Air-Street*. And all and every the perſons, Owners, or Inhabitants of all and every the houſes built up, or adjoining to the *High-waies*, or *Streets* ſo adjudged and thought fit to be paved or repaired, ſhall according to their ſeveral Intereſts and Eſtates, and in ſuch proportions as the ſaid *Commiſſioners* or 5 of them ſhall think fit before the 10. of *May*, 1662. pay to the *Commiſſioners*, 5 or more of them, nominated for the paving of the ſaid waies, or ſuch perſons as they ſhall appoint, ſuch ſums of monies towards the paving of the ſaid *Streets* and *waies*, and for buying of new *Stones* and *Gravel*, as ſhall amount to their ſeveral proportions, after the rate of 16 *d.* for every ſquare yard which the ground ſhall contain, that lies in front before every dwelling houſe, yards, or gardens belonging to the ſame, and in the ſame breadth, extending to the middle of the *Highway* or *Street*, which lies before the ſaid *Houſes*, *Gardens*, *&c.* reſpectively.

IV. Every load of *Hay*, which after 1. *May*, 1662. ſhall be bought and ſtand to be ſold upon any of the waies in the *Act* expreſſed, adjudged to be fit to be new paved, ſhall pay 6 *d.* for every load; and every load of ſtraw to be ſold 2 *d.* which ſums ſhall be paid to the *Commiſſioners* appointed for the paving and amending of the *High-waies* and *Streets*, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, for, and towards the paving of the *Streets* and *waies*.

V. The *Commiſſioners* for the *Streets* and *waies*, 5 or more of them, are to appoint a *Treaſurer*, *Collector* and *Clark* to attend them, or other *Officers* as they ſhall find neceſſary for the carrying on of the ſervice with moderate allowances; and if any perſon ſhall propoſe to carry away the aſhes, dirt, or filth for all or any the places aforeſaid, at leſs rates than the yearly *Raker*, or *Undertaker* can perform the ſame, the *Commiſſioners* are to contract with ſuch perſons, *&c.* and for ſuch term as they ſhall think fit; and are to require an accompt of all *Scavengers* within the ſaid places, and all other perſon that ſhall receive, or diſburſe any monies for the purpoſes in

the Bill, and shall hear and determine all disputes and differences concerning the right and Duty of *Paving* and keeping clean any of the *Streets*, *Lanes*, *Alleys*, or *publick Yards* within the places aforesaid.

Provided, The respective *Scavengers*, *Rakers*, or other *Undertakers* shall have liberty by the approbation of the *Commissioners*, 5 or more of them, to lodge their *Ashes*, *Dust*, *Dirt*, or other Filth in such vacant publick places in or near the *Streets*, or *High-waies*, as shall be thought convenient by the *Commissioners* for accommodating Countrey Carts returning empty; And the Scavengers, Rakers, &c. shall have liberty to pass through all such *Wharfs*, *Docks*, or *Yards*, with their *Ashes*, *Dust*, *Dirt*, *&c.* as shall be adjudged by the *Commissioners* most commodious for the carrying the same by water, they giving satisfaction to the Owners of the *Wharf*, *&c.* and in case of unreasonable demands, the *Commissioners* shall hear, moderate, and determine the same according to *Equity*; and if any person shall find himself grieved by such determination, or by any other acts or proceedings of the *Commissioners*, the partie grieved shall and may have recourse to the *Lord Treasurer* and *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, to set forth his Case by Petition, who have power to hear and determine the matter complained of, and to revoke make good, or to confirm such acts or proceedings of the said *Commissioners*.

The Court of *Exchequer* are yearly to call the *Commissioners* to an accompt for all the Rents or Contributions, or sums of Moneys payable, or that shall come to their, or any of their hands; and the *Commissioners* are required at or before every *Trinity Term*, to deliver a true Accompt before the *Barons*, of all their Receipts and Disbursements for the year, ended at *Easter* then last past, and in default thereof Process of Courts shall be made forth against them by the Clerk of the Extract at the sealing day, for the said *Trinity Term*, every year respectively.

VI. The *Decree* made at a *Session* of *Sewers*, at *Westminster-Hall* 8. *August*, 1661. holden before the Lord *Roberts*, Lord *Privy Seal*, and other *Commissioners of Sewers* by authority of his Majesties *Commission* to them directed for the making two new *Sewers*, and enlarging and amending the old *Sewer* near *Charing-cross*, for the conveying the water away, from annoying his Majesties Palace at *White-Hall*; be ratified and confirmed, and shall be put in Execution, with full power to levy

all

all arrears, as by a *Commiſſion of Sewers* may be done: And all perſons imployed, or that have acted therein, are hereby ſaved harmleſs from all Suits and Actions, that ſhall or may be brought againſt them for the ſame.

VII. All and every perſon, *&c.* inhabiting within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, Suburbs, and Liberties thereof, and Borough of *Southwark*, or in any of the ſaid new built *Streets*, *Lanes*, or *Alleys*, ſhall from the firſt of *May* 1662. ſweep, cleanſe, or cauſe to be ſweeped, or cleanſed, all the *Streets*, *Lanes*, *Alleys*, and *publick places* before their reſpective Houſes, Buildings and Walls, twice every week, *viz.* every *Wedneſday*, and every *Saturday*, and all the *Soil*, *Dirt*, and other *Filth*, ſhall cauſe to be taken up into Baſkets, Tubs, or other Veſſels, ready for the Scavenger, or other Officer to carry away, upon pain of 3 *s.* 4 *d.* for every offence or neglect reſpectively.

VIII. No perſon whatſoever ſhall throw, caſt, or lay, or cauſe to be thrown, caſt, or laid any *Sea-coal-aſhes*, *Duſt*, *Dirt*, or other *Filth* within the ſaid Cities, or places aforeſaid, in any place, *Street*, *Lane*, or *Alley*, before his, her, or their own dwelling houſes, Buildings, or Walls, on the penalty of 5 *s.* and if before the Houſes, Buildings, *&c.* of any of their Neighbours, or other Inhabitants of the ſaid Cities, or places, or before, or againſt any Church, Church-yard, or any of his Majeſties houſes, Buildings, or walls, or any other publick houſes, buildings, *&c.* Or caſt, lay, or throw, *&c.* into any common, or publick *Sink*, *Vault*, *Water-courſe*, *Common-Sewer*, or *High-way*, within the Cities, or places, *&c.* or any other private *Vault*, or *Sink* of any of his Neighbours, or other Inhabitants, any *Duſt*, *Aſhes*, *Filth*, *Ordure*, or other noiſom things whatſoever, but ſhall keep, or cauſe the ſame to be kept in their reſpective houſes, *&c.* until ſuch time as the *Raker*, *Scavenger*, *&c.* or other Officer do come by, or near their Houſes, or doors, with his Cart, Barrow, or other thing uſed for the cleanſing of the *Streets*, and carrying away thereof; and then ſhall carry the ſaid *Aſhes*, *Duſt*, *&c.* out of their Houſes, and deliver it to the *Raker*, *Scavenger*, or Officer, or otherwiſe put the ſame into his Cars, *&c.* upon pain to forfeit 20 *s.* for every offence.

IX. The reſpective *Church-Wardens*, *Houſe-keepers* of *White-Hall*, or other His Majeſties Houſes; Houſe-keepers, or Porters of Noble mens Houſes, Uſhers, or keepers of the Courts of Juſtice, and all other publick Houſes and places reſpectively, ſhall

ſhall be liable to ſuffer the like penalties, forfeitures, and puniſhments for every like fore-mentioned offences done or ſuffered to be done; or before any *Church*, or *Church-yard*, or before any of his *Majeſties* houſes, *Noble-mens* houſes, *Buildings*, or before any other publick houſes, or places whatſoever reſpectively.

X. From and after 1 *May*, 1662. No perſon ſhall hoop, waſh, or cleanſe any *Pipe*, *Barrels*, or other *Casks*, or *veſſels* in any the *Streets*, *Lanes*, or open *Paſſages* aforeſaid: Nor ſet out any empty *Coaches* to make or mend, or rough *Timber*, or *Stones* to be ſawn or wrought in the *ſtreets* upon pain of 20 *s.* for every offence.

XI. The *Rakers*, *Scavengers* and *Officers* hereunto appointed every day in the *week* (Except *Sundays* and other *Holidays*) ſhall bring *Carts*, *Dung-pots* or other fitting *Carriages* into all the *Streets* within their reſpective *Wards*, *Pariſhes*, and *Diviſions* where ſuch *Carts*, *&c.* can paſs, and at, and before their approach by *Bell*, *clapper*, or otherewiſe, ſhall make loud noiſe, and give notice to the Inhabitants of their coming, and ſo into every *Court*, *Alley*, or place where *Carts* cannot paſs, and abide & ſtay there a convenent time, that all perſons concerned may bring forth their reſpective *Aſhes*, *duſt*, *&c.* to the reſpective *Carts*, *&c.* All which the ſaid *Raker*, *Scavenger*, or *Officers* ſhall carry away upon pain of 40 *s.* for every offence or neglect reſpectively.

XII. All the open *Streets*, *Lanes*, and *Alleys* within the *Cities* and places aforeſaid (Except only the new paving of the ſaid *Streets*, for which the inhabitants have paid there proportionable parts to the *Commiſſioners*) ſhall be forthwith ſufficiently repaired, or paved, and, hereafter kept paved and ſufficiently repaired at the coſt of the houſe-holders in the ſaid *Streets*, *Lanes*, *&c.* reſpectively; *Viz.* Every houſeholder to repair, and pave, and keep repaired, and paved the *Streets*, *Lanes*, *&c.* before his houſe unto the *Channel* or middle of the ſame *Street*, *Lane*, *&c.* upon pain of forfeit 20 *s.* for every Rod, and after that porportion for a leſs quantity for every default, and of 20 *s.* a week for every week after, till it ſhall be ſuffcienly paved and amended.

Provided, Such ancient *Streets*, *Lanes*, *&c.* within the ſaid *Cities*, or either of them, the *Suburbs* or *Liberties* thereof, as by *Cuſtom* and uſeage have been repaired in other manner, ſhall be hereafter repaired, paved, and amended in ſuch ſort, by ſuch perſons as have uſed to repair, pave, and maintain the ſame under the penalties aforeſaid.

XIII. Every

XIII. Every houſeholder within the ſaid *Cities* and other places aforeſaid, whoſe houſe adjoins unto, and is next the *Street*, from *Michaelmas*, til our *Lady day* yearly, ſhall ſet or hang out *Candles*, or *lights* in *Lanthorns* or otherwiſe, in ſome part of his *Houſe* next the *Street*, to enlighten the ſame for *Paſſengers*, from ſuch time as it ſhall grow dark in the Evening, upon pain of 1 *s.* for every default.

XIV. Every *Juſtice* of either *Bench*, *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, *Juſtices* of the ſaid *Cities* of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or the places within their ſeveral limits, ſhall have power upon his own knowledge or view, confeſſion of the party, or proof of one credible *Witneſs* upon *Oath*, to convict any perſon, *&c.* of any the offences aforeſaid, whereby they ſhall incurr the penalties aforeſaid, one Moity to be employed towards the repairing, paving, cleanſing of the *Street* or place where the offence is committed, the other Moity to him that ſhall diſcover and proſecute the ſame: If the conviction be upon the view or knowledge of the *Juſtices*, the whole penalty to be employed towards the repairing, paving, *&c.* of the ſaid *Street* or place; and ſhall be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the goods of the *Offendor* by *Warrant* under the hand of ſuch *Juſtice*, *&c.* rendring the overplus to the party, and for default of diſtreſs or not payment within 6 daies after demand or notice in writing left at the *Offenders* dwelling houſe by the *Conſtable* or other *Officers* the *Offender* (not being a *Peer* of the *Realm*) ſhall be committed to the *Common Goal* of the *County*, *&c.* by *Warrant* of ſuch *Juſtice* under his hand and Seal there to remain without bail or mainprize until payment.

XV. Within *London* and the *Liberties* thereof, the Scavengers, Rakers, and ſuch like *Officers* ſhall be elected, and the rates and aſſeſſments for them for cleanſing the *Streets*, ſhall be rated, raiſed and paid by the *Pariſhioners*, and *Inhabitants* of every *Pariſh*, and *Precinct* according to the ancient Cuſtom, and uſage of the *City*: and all new *Meſſuages*, *Tenements*, and *Houſes* ſhall be rated and aſſeſſed, and pay proportionable with the others. In *Weſtminſter* the ſaid *Officers* ſhall be choſen according to the Cuſtom of that *City*: and the rates paid according to the cuſtom of that City: in all other the *Pariſhes* and places, upon every *Tueſday*, or *Wedneſday* in *Eaſter-week*. The *Conſtables*, *Churchwardens*, and *Overſeers* for the poor, *Surveyors* of the *High-waies* of every *Pariſh* aforeſaid, giving notice, or calling together ſuch *Inhabitants* of their *Pariſhes* as have

have born the like office, they, or the greater number of them, shall appoint two that are Tradesmen in their Parishes, to be Scavengers for the Streets, &c. of each Ward, for the yeer next following, which persons being appointed and confirmed under the hands of 2 Justices of the Peace, within their respective divisions and Limits, shall within 7 daies after their confirmation and notice, take that office upon them, upon pain of 20 *l.* by every Refuser; and in case of their refusal, other persons shall be chosen within 7 daies after such refusal, in the place of them do so refuse: and such person shall undergo the like pain in not taking the said office upon them, the penalties to be towards the repairing of the Streets of the same Parish, or Ward, and to be levyed by distress and sale of the Goods of the offendor by Warrant under the hand and seal of any Justice of the Peace aforesaid, directed to the Constable, rendring the surplusage to the party; and for want of distress, or not payment within 6 daies after demand; the Offendor to be committed to the common Goal of the County, City, &c. without bail, &c. until payment.

XVI. Within 28 daies after the election & confirmation of the Scavengers, the Constables, Church-wardens, and Overseers of the poor and of the High-waies of the said Parishes, calling together such inhabitants aforesaid, They, or the greater Number of them, shall set a rate, according to a pound rate, to be imposed upon the inhabitants of the Parish, ward, &c. for the year following, which being allowed and confirmed by 2 of the Justices of the Peace of the places aforesaid, respectively, shall be yearly paid by every Inhabitant upon demand thereof, made by the Beadle of the Parish, or other Officers appointed to collect the same; and in case of Refusal, shall by warrant of any 2 Justices, &c. be levyed by destress and sale of the offenders goods, and for want of destress by Imprisonment of the offender (not being a Peer of the Realm) till payment as aforesaid.

XVII. If any action be brought to prosecute against any Judge, Commissioner, Justice of peace, Constable, or other Officer or person imployed or authorized by the Act, to do or perform, as by the Act is directed for any matter, cause, or thing by them done by vertue of the Act: Then the said action shall be layd in the proper County where the fact was done, and the defendant may plead the general Issue, and give the special matter in evidence, and if the Jury find for the defendant, and the plaintiff

shall

shall be *Nonsute*, or discontinue his *action* after the *Defendant* hath appeared, the *Defendant* shall have and receive double costs.

XVIII. The *Lord Mayor* of the *City* of *London*, the *Recorder*, and *Aldermen* for the time being, with such other *Commissioners* as the *King* shall appoint, or any 5 of them, shall have power to receive *subscriptions*, *payments*, and *contributions* of *money*, or other *endowments*, for the *amendment*, or *enlargement* of the *Streets* hereafter named, or so much of them, as they, or 5 of them, shall judge convenient; *viz.* The *Street*, or *passage* at or near the *Stocks* in *London*: The *Street* and *passage* from *Fleet-Conduit* to St. *Pauls* Church in *London*: The *passage* through *White-hart-Inn* from the *Strand* into *Covent-Garden*: The *Street* or *passage* near *Exeter-House*, obstructed by a *Rail* and unevenness of the ground; The *passage* and *Street* of St. *Martins Lane*, out of the *Strand*: The *passage* or *Street* of *Field-Lane* commonly called *Jack-an-apes-Lane* going between *Chancery-Lane* and *Lincolns-Inn-fields*: The *passage* and *Gatehouse* of *Cheap-side* into St. *Pauls* Church-yard. The *passage* against St. *Dunstans* Church in the *West*: The *Street* and *passage* by and near the *West* end of the *Poultry* in *London*, and the *passage* at *Temple Bar*: And they are to treat and agree with the *Owners* and *Occupiers* of such *Houses*, as they shall judge fit to be removed, rebuilt, or pulled down, or any part of them; and upon payment of such sums agreed upon, are to appoint *Workmen* to pull down the said *Houses*, or cause the *Owners*, or *Occupiers* to rebuild accordingly, and the Act shall be sufficient to save harmless the *Commissioners* and all persons authorized by them, against the *Heirs*, *Executors*, *Administrators*, or *Assigns* of any the *Owners*, or *Occupiers*, as if the same had been sold by *Deed*, *Feoffment*, *Fine*, *Recovery*, or other *Assurance* in the *Law*: And if any persons, bodies *corporate*, or *collegiate*, shall refuse to treat or agree as aforesaid, or be disabled thereunto, by *Nonage*, *Coverture*, *Intail*, or other impediment; the *Commissioners* are to issue out *Warrants* to the *Sheriffs* of *London*, to return a *Jury* before them, or 5 of them, which *Jury* upon their *Oaths* are to enquire and assess such damage & recompence as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the *Owners* or *Occupiers* of such *Houses*, or part thereof for their respective estates and interests in the same; and such verdict of the *Jury*, and *Judgment* thereupon of the *Commissioners* and the legal payment, or tender of the monies so awarded and adjudged

shall

shall be binding against the parties, their *Heirs*, *Executors*, *&c.* and all others claiming title or interest in the said *Houses*, or in the ground whereupon they stand.

XIX. Whereas the *Houses* that remain standing on the other side of the *Streets*, or behind the *Houses* that shall be so pulled down, would receive much advantage in the value of their *Rents*, by a liberty of air, and free recourse of trade by such enlargement; in case of refusal, or incapacity of the *Owners*, or *Occupiers* of the said *Houses* to agree, or compound with the *Commissioners* for the same: a Jury shall be impanelled and returned to judge and assess upon the *Owners* and *Occupiers* of such *Houses*, a competent sum of money, or *annual* rent, in consideration of such improvement and melioration, as they in conscience shall judge and think fit, which shall be paid to the *Chamberlain* of the *City* of *London*, and such other *Treasurer* or *Treasurers* as shall be appointed by the *Commissioners*, five or more of them, who are to receive and recover the same by action at *Law*; whose receipt shall be a good discharge to the *Owners* and Tenants, and they so be accomptable for the same, according to such directions as shall be given them by the *Commissioners*; and the monies so raised, and rents so received, shall be expended upon the purchasing or rebuilding *Houses* on the other side of the *Street*, and upon the paving and amending of the *Streets* according to the purport of the *Act*: and the verdict of the Jury, and judgment of the *Commissioners* in the cases aforesaid, shall be sufficient and conclusive in Law, against the *Owners*, *Occupiers*, and their *Heirs*, *Executors*, *&c.*

XX. No person shall be enabled to act as a *Commissioner* to the purposes aforesaid, till he have first taken his oath before the *Lord Chancellor*, Lord High Treasurer of *England*, for the due and impartial execution of the Trusts by this Act committed to him.

Provided, The *Lord Mayor*, *Recorder* and *Aldermen* of the *City* of *London* for the time being, shall be joint *Commissioners* to execute all the powers of this Act within the City and Liberties thereof. And the *Dean* and *Chapter* of *Westminster*, the high *Steward*, and his deputy *Steward*, and the two high Burgesses of the said City of *Westminster* for the time being, to be joint *Commissioners* to execute all the powers of this *Act*, to all the ends and purposes thereof, within the said City of *Westminster*, or the Liberties thereof.

I. Enacted,

I. Enacted, 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 6. The *Churchwardens*, *Conſtables*, or *Tything-men* of every *Pariſh*, *Town*, or *Hamlet* for the time being, within *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, ſhall upon *Monday* or *Tueſday* in *Eaſter-week*, with the advice of the major part of the Inhabitants chuſe two or more ſufficient Perſons inhabiting in the *Pariſh*, *Town*, *&c.* to be Surveyers of their *High-waies*, and give notice thereof in writing to the perſons choſen; and for default of ſuch choiſe, the *Church-wardens*, *Conſtables*, and Inhabitants of every ſuch *Pariſh*, *Town*, *&c.* ſhall forfeit and loſe 5 *l.*

II. Every Surveyor within twenty days next after notice of his Election, or of the publication of this Act, ſhall upon the penalty of 5 *l.* view and ſurvey all the Common and publique *High-ways* and *Bridges* within the *Pariſh*, *Town*, *&c.* wherein he or they are reſpectively Surveyer, *&c.* And all Watercourſes, Cawſies and Pavements therein which are to be repaired at the publick charge of the Pariſh, Town, *&c.* and ſhall conſider what Reparations are neceſſary to be made, and what ſum will be requiſite to be raiſed for the repairing and enlarging of the ſame, over and above what will be done by the Laws made for the amending of *High-waies*; and hereupon ſhall with two or more ſubſtantial Houſeholders of the Pariſh, Town, *&c.* called to their aſſiſtance, within ten days after ſuch ſurvey made, lay one or more Aſſeſsment or Aſſeſsments upon every Inhabitant rated to the Poor: and upon every Occupier of Lands, Houſes, Tyths, Impropriate or Appropriate, Portion of Tythes, Coal-Mines, and other Mines ſaleable, Under-woods, Stacks, Goods, or other perſonal eſtate (not being houſehold-ſtuff) within the Pariſh, Town, *&c.* for the repairing and enlarging of the High-ways, as they, and other the ſubſtantial houſeholders, or the major part of them ſhall think meet and neceſſary, which Aſſeſsment ſhall not in the whole exceed 6 *d.* in the pound in one years accompt to the real value of the ſame: And 20 *l.* in ready money, goods, ſtock, or other perſonal eſtae to be rated equally to 20 *s.* a year Lands: Every ſuch *Aſſeſsment* ſhall within ſix dayes after be preſented to ſome Juſtice of the Peace near to the Pariſh where it is made to be allowed by him; and after ſuch allowance every perſon ſo aſſeſſed that ſhall not within 20 days after demand by the Surveyer, pay ſuch ſum aſſeſſed upon him to the Surveyor, ſhall forfeit and pay double ſo much as they are aſſeſſed to pay, unleſſe upon complaint to the Juſtice he ſhall think fit to alter the ſame.

III. The

III. The Surveyors, or any of them within their limits may require and appoint every person who by the former Laws and Statutes of the Realm are chargeable with Wayn or Cart to the amending of the High-waies, to come and labour at he said wayes, or send their Cart, Wayn, and Team furnished, as by the Law is directed, to come and work for the amending of the wayes for so many days as by the Laws are appointed, or for so many as the Surveyors shall think needful; for which teams work, and labour, the Surveyors shall pay to the Owners of such Teams, Carts, or Wayns according to the usual rate of the Country for such work as they shall do over and above what by the Laws made for the amending of High-wayes they are appointed to do: And if question shall arise of the worth of such work or labour, some Justice of the Peace near adjoining, and not living in the said Parish, shall determine what is fit to be allowed for such work; and if any such person charged to send his Team to work, shall refuse or neglect so to do, he shall forfeit 10 *s.* for every day he shall make such default, and every Labourer 1 *s.* 6 *d.* for such day he neglects to work.

IV. It shall be lawful for Surveyors of High-waies within their several Precincts by or from the Quarter-Sessions, and upon the View, and upon the allowance of two or more Justices of the Peace authorized thereunto by the Sessions, where any common High-way is not of the breadth of eight yards from shoar and brinks of the Ditches on either side, or from the Bancks and Hedges where there are no Ditches, to assigne and lay out so much of any mans several Lands, next adjoyning to the said High-way, where it may conveniently be done, as shall enlarge the said Way to the full breadth of eight yards by the consent of the Owner or owners of the said Lands, according to his or their respective interests herein; Or otherwise by order of the Justice of the Peace at their Quarter-Sessions (after a Writ of *ad quod Damnum* first issued out and returned) to assigne and lay out a new and more convenient way in and over the said Land next or neer adjoining to the said common High-ways, the Surveyors first giving satisfaction for the said ground to the respective Owners according to their several interests, in the whole not exceeding 21 years purchase.

Provided, If any common High-way shall be so altered and changed, then, and in such case the same new way, as also any new way altered, or to be altered by a Writ of *Ad quod Damnum*, shall be from time to time repaired and amended by such

ſuch Pariſh, *&c.* on ſuch perſon or perſons, or in ſuch manner and form as the old former, common, or publick High-way was to be repaired and amended.

V. Where there is not ſufficient Gravel, Chalk, Sand, Cinders or Stones within any Pariſh, Town, *&c.* to repair their common High-waies, it ſhall be lawful for the *Surveyor* or ſuch perſons as he ſhall appoint, upon approbation and allowance of two Juſtices of the Peace within the County, to digg, take, and carry away Gravel, Chalk, Cinders, Stones out of the waſte and Common of any neighbouring Pariſh, Town, *&c.* or upon the *Sea-Coaſt*, without paying any thing for the ſame for the repairing and amending the Wayes aforeſaid, ſo as they fill up the place within one month next enſuing, if required by the Owner of the Soil. But where there is no ſufficient Gravel, Chalk, Sand, *&c.* within the Common or waſte grounds of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Hamlet to repair the High-ways therein, it ſhall be lawful for the *Surveyor*, or ſuch as he ſhall appoint, to enter into the ſeveral ground (not being an Houſe, Orehard, Garden, Court yard, Park with Deer in it, Meadow) of any perſon within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Hamlet near adjoyning to the High-way to be repaired, where any ſuch materials are to be found, and dig, take, and carry away ſuch quantities thereof without paying any thing for the ſaid materials, rendring only ſuch damage to the Occupiers or Owners thereof to be aſſeſſed by two Juſtices near to the ſaid Pariſh in caſe of difference about the ſame, ſo as the pits and holes ſo digged be filled up in ſuch manner and under ſuch penalties as are preſcribed in the Stat. of 5 *Eliz.* concerning mending of High-ways.

VI. After 19 *September*, 1662. No travelling Waggon, Wayn, Cart or Carriage, wherein any Burthens, Goods, or Wares ſhall be carried or drawn for hire (other than ſuch Carts and Carriages as are employed in and about Husbandry, and managing of Lands, and in carrying of Hay, Straw, Corn unthreſhed, Coal, Chalk, Timber for ſhipping materials for building, ſtones of all ſorts, or ſuch Ammunition or Artillery as ſhall be for his Majeſties ſervice) ſhall at any one time travel, be drawn, or go in any common or publick High-way with above ſeven Horſe beaſts, whereof ſix ſhall draw in pairs, and not with above eight Oxen, or ſix Oxen and two Horſe-beaſts: Nor ſhall at any time carry above 2000 weight between 1 *October*, and 1 *May* (except ſuch particulars as aforeſaid)

ſaid) Nor above 3000 weight between 1. *May*, and 1. *Octob.* Nor above five quarters of Wheat, Meal, Meſline, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Tares: Nor above eight quarters of Barley, Malt, or Oats. Nor ſhall any Waggon, Wayn, or Carriage be employed for the uſes aforeſaid, the wheels whereof are leſs in breadth than four inches in the Tyre, upon pain every Owner of ſuch Waggon, Wayn, Cart, Carriage, Horſe-beaſts, or Oxen, ſhall for every of the ſaid offences forfeit 40 *s.* to be divided in three equall parts; one to the *Surveyors* of the High-ways where any of the offences ſhall be committed, towards the repairs of the ways of the Pariſh where the offence is committed; One other part to the Overſeers of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, for the relief of the Poor of the Pariſh; one other part to him that ſhall diſcover and proſecute for any of the ſaid offences. The penalties to be levyed by diſtreſſe of all, or any the Horſe-beaſts or Oxen, and to be diſtributed as aforeſaid by the Conſtable, *Surveyors* of the High-waies, Overſeers of the Poor; and in caſe the penalties be not paid within three dayes after diſtreſſe, the ſame to be ſold, reſerving the overplus, the charges of keeping and ſelling firſt deducted.

VII. If any Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any perſon for any thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Action ſhall be layed in the County where the fact was done, and not elſewhere; and the *Defendant* may plead the general Iſſue, and give the Act in *Evidence*, and if the *Jury* ſhall find for the *Defendant*: Or if upon *Demurrer*, *Nonſuit*, or *Diſcontinuance*, *Judgment* be given againſt the *Plaintiff*, the *Defendant* ſhall have double coſts.

VIII. All ſums of money rated and aſſeſſed; all charitable gifts given, or to be given for the amending, *&c.* High-ways, Pavements, Cawſies, *&c.* All Fines, Forfeitures, ſums of Monies ariſing by the Act, and not otherwiſe diſpoſed of by the Act: All Fines and Amercements impoſed upon any Pariſh, Town, *&c.* for not repairing the High-ways, &c. not otherwiſe by the Act diſpoſed of, ſhall be employed and beſtowed by the *Surveyors* within the reſpective *Pariſhes*, *Towns*, *&c.* by Warrant under their *Hands* and *Seals*, and are to be collected and levyed within the *Counties*, *Cities*, *Towns* and limits, by diſtreſſe and ſale of the Offenders goods as aforeſaid.

IX. Every perſon elected a *Surveyor* of the High-wayes, ſhall within one month after the year expired yield up to the Inhabitant

bitants of the *Parish*, *Town*, &c. at some publick meeting appointed by the *Inhabitants*, a perfect accompt of all monies he hath received or paid within the year, by reason of his said Office; and of whom, what, and to whom he paid the same; What monies are in arrear for *Assessments*, *Fines*, *Forfeitures*, *Penalties*, &c. And if any overplus be in his hands, he shall return the same to the next *Surveyor* for the use of the *Parish*, *Town*, &c. to be disbursed in and about the *High-waies* the year following. And if the *Surveyor* shall not make such accompt and payment, two Justices near the *Parish* upon complaint shall examine the business upon *Oath*; and upon default found in him, commit him to the *Goal* of the *County*, *City*, &c. there to remain till he hath made a true accompt and payment.

X. All Justices of *Assize*, *Oyer* and *Terminer*, and Justices of the Peace are impowered to hear and determin all matters concerning charitable gifts for the amending and keeping in repair any common *High-waies*, *Pavements*, *Streets*, &c. within their *Commission*, and to make Orders for the due employment of such Gifts (except Gifts made to the said uses to any *Colledge*, *Hall*, *Free-school*, or *Hospital* which have *Visiters* of their own) and to determine all Offences and Defects in *Surveyors* concerning the same; and in case any person be agrieved by such Order, he may appeal to the *Court* of *Chancery*, as in case of a Decree made upon the *Statute* of charitable Uses.

XI. From and after 1. *May* 1662. No *Certiorari* shall be allowed to remove any *Information*, *Indictment*, or other *Proceedings* in the *Quarter-Sessions*, of, for, or concerning any matter in the Act, unless the party against whom such *Information*, *Indictment*, &c. shall before the allowance of such *Certiorari* be bound to the person, &c. prosecuting in 40 *l.* with Sureries, as the Justices of the Peace at their *Quarter-Sessions* shall think fit, to pay unto the *Prosecutors* within one month after *Conviction* of the party indicted their costs and damages; and in default thereof, the Justices shall proceed to tryal of such Indictment, &c. any such Writs of *Certiorari* notwithstanding.

XII. Whereas at a general *Quarter-Sessions* holden for the County of *Wilts*, it was ordered, That an ancient Bridge called *Foot-Bridge*, leading through the Parish of *Laycock* between *London*, *Bath*, and *Bristol*, was more convenient for all passen-

gers than one other *Bridge* in the ſame *Pariſh* called *Rey-Bridge*, ſhould be repaired and made paſſable for all *Carts*, *Waggons*, and *Carriages*, with the materials of *Rey-Bridge*: That the *Pariſhioners* of the ſaid *Pariſh* of *Laycock*, and all others employed by them in the pulling down of *Rey-Bridge*, and employing the materials thereof as aforeſaid, be indempnified from all ſuits and troubles whatſoever concerning the ſame: And the ſaid *Pariſhioners* of *Laycock* ſhall not hereafter be compelled by *Information*, *Indictment*, *&c.* or other ways be chargeable with the rebuilding of *Rey-Bridge*, otherwiſe than for the maintaining the ſame ſufficient for *Horſe* and *Pack* as it now ſtands.

1. Provided, *This Act not to extend to exempt any Owner, Farmer, or Leſſee of any Iron work, or any other perſon within the Wildes of the County of* Surry, Suſſex, Kent, *for carrying ſo many loads of Timber, Gravel, Stones, or other Materials, or contributing of ſums of money towards the reparing of Highwaies, as they are obliged by former Acts.*

2. *Where the Juſtices of the Peace of any County at their general Quarter-Seſſions, or two Juſtices neer any Pariſh, Towniſhip, &c. ſhall be ſatisfied, that the Highwaies and Bridges within the ſame, may and will be ſufficiently repaired without the help of the Act, then there ſhall be no Aſſeſſment made within the ſame, for and toward their Reparations by vertue of this Act.*

XIII. The *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the *County* of *Middleſex* are impowered in their *Quarter-Seſſions* to make *Orders* for ſetting up a new *Bridge* of *Bricks* or *Stone* for paſſage of *Carts* and *Carriages* in the room and place of a *Foot-Bridge*, now called *Stratford Bridge* in the *Pariſh* of *Hillingdon* in the ſaid *County*, or in ſome convenient place neer thereunto, at the preſent charge of the whole *County*; but to be upheld, maintained, and repaired after the erecting of the ſame, at the charge of the *Lord* of the *Mannor* wherein the ſaid *Bridge* now ſtandeth proportionable to the charge he is now at, and the reſidue of the charge to be born by the Pariſhioners of the ſaid *Pariſh*; and the ſaid Juſtices are to make reſpective Rates accordingly: ſo as the ſum aſſeſſed for the erecting the ſaid Bridge exceed not 100 *l.* The ſaid Bridge to be finiſhed before the firſt of *Auguſt*, 1663.

XIV. The *Surveyors* of all and every Bridge or Bridges within their reſpective limits, ſhall take care, that before the Feaſt of St. *Michael*, 1662. All the Bridges have ſufficient Walls, Peſts and Rails of each ſide four foot high at leaſt, and that the

ſame

ſame be from time to time ſufficiently kept and repaired.

XV. Where any *Lands* are let, the *Tenant* or *Occupier* ſhall pay the *Aſſeſſment*, and all charges for the mending of the *High-waies*, and not the *Land-Lord*, except there ſhall be any agreement betwixt them to the contrary.

XVI. This Act, as to the power of raſing money, ſhall continue in force for three years only, from 25. *March* 1662. and no longer, but all other powers therein, ſhall continue and ſtand in force until the end of the firſt *Seſſion* of the next *Parliament*, and no longer.

Ireland, Rebels Lands to be ſold.

Many Millions of Acres of *Rebels Lands* in *Ireland*, being ſo diſpoſed of as confiſcate. Theſe Propoſitions were made to the *Houſes* of *Parliament*.

Anno 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 1. I. That 2500000 Acres of thoſe *Lands* may be aſſigned, allotted and divided amongſt *Adventurers*, *viz.* each *Adventurer* of 200 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Ulſter*, for 300 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Conaught*, for 450 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Munſter*, for 600 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Lienſter* according to *Engliſh* meaſure, conſiſting of meadow, and arable profitable *Lands*, to be holden in common ſocage of the King, as of his Caſtle of *Dublin*.

II. That out of thoſe 2500000 Acres a conſtant rent ſhall be reſerved to the *Crown* of *England*, *viz.* out of every Acre in *Ulſter*, 1 *d.* in *Conaught*, 1 *d. ob:* in *Munſter* 2 *d. q.* in *Lienſter* 3 *d.* by which his *Majeſties Revenues* out of thoſe *Lands* will be much improved.

III. That for erecting of *Mannors*, ſetling of *Waſts* and *Commons*, maintaining preaching Miniſters, creating *Corporations* and regulating the ſeveral *Plantations*: *Commiſſions* be granted by general authority of Parliament.

IV. That the undertakers within the City of *London* and 20 miles thereof, ſhall underwrite their ſeveral ſums before the 20. of *March* 1642. and the reſt of the *Kingdom* before 1. *May* 1642.

V. That the ſums underwritten ſhall be paid in at 4 payments, *i. e.* one 4. part within 18 daies after the underwriting, and the other three parts, at three months and three months,

gers than one other *Bridge* in the ſame *Pariſh* called *Rey-Bridge*, ſhould be repaired and made paſſable for all *Carts*, *Waggons*, and *Carriages*, with the materials of *Rey-Bridge*: That the *Pariſhioners* of the ſaid *Pariſh* of *Laycock*, and all others employed by them in the pulling down of *Rey-Bridge*, and employing the materials thereof as aforeſaid, be indempnified from all ſutes and troubles whatſoever concerning the ſame: And the ſaid *Pariſhioners* of *Laycock* ſhall not hereafter be compelled by *Information*, *Indictment*, *&c.* or other ways be chargeable with the rebuilding of *Rey-Bridge*, otherwiſe than for the maintaining the ſame ſufficient for *Horſe* and *Pack* as it now ſtands.

1. Provided, *This Act not to extend to exempt any Owner, Farmer, or Leſſee of any Iron work, or any other perſon within the Wildes of the County of* Surry, Suſſex, Kent, *for carrying ſo many loads of Timber, Gravel, Stones, or other Materials, or contributing of ſums of money towards the reparing of Highwaies, as they are obliged by former Acts.*

2. *Where the Juſtices of the Peace of any County at their general Quarter-Seſſions, or two Juſtices neer any Pariſh, Townſhip, &c. ſhall be ſatisfied, that the Highwaies and Bridges within the ſame, may and will be ſufficiently repaired without the help of the Act, then there ſhall be no Aſſeſſment made within the ſame, for and toward their Reparations by vertue of this Act.*

XIII. The *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the *County* of *Middleſex* are impowered in their *Quarter-Seſſions* to make *Orders* for ſetting up a new *Bridge* of *Bricks* or *Stone* for paſſage of *Carts* and *Carriages* in the room and place of a *Foot-Bridge*, now called *Stratford Bridge* in the *Pariſh* of *Hillingdon* in the ſaid *County*, or in ſome convenient place neer thereunto, at the preſent charge of the whole *County*; but to be upheld, maintained, and repaired after the erecting of the ſame, at the charge of the *Lord* of the *Mannor* wherein the ſaid *Bridge* now ſtandeth proportionable to the charge he is now at, and the reſidue of the charge to be born by the Pariſhioners of the ſaid *Pariſh*; and the ſaid Juſtices are to make reſpective Rates accordingly: ſo as the ſum aſſeſſed for the erecting the ſaid Bridge exceed not 100 *l.* The ſaid Bridge to be finiſhed before the firſt of *Auguſt*, 1663.

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XVI. This Act, as to the power of raſing money, ſhall continue in force for three years only, from 25. *March* 1662. and no longer, but all other powers therein, ſhall continue and ſtand in force until the end of the firſt *Seſſion* of the next *Parliament*, and no longer.

Ireland, Rebels Lands to be ſold.

Many Millions of Acres of *Rebels Lands* in *Ireland*, being ſo diſpoſed of as confiſcate. Theſe Propoſitions were made to the *Houſes* of *Parliament*.

Anno 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 1. I. That 2500000 Acres of thoſe *Lands* may be aſſigned, allotted and divided amongſt *Adventurers*, *viz.* each *Adventurer* of 200 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Vlſter*, for 300 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Conaught*, for 450 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Munſter*, for 600 *l.* 1000 Acres in *Lienſter* according to *Engliſh* meaſure, conſiſting of meadow, and arable profitable *Lands*, to be holden in common ſocage of the King, as of his Caſtle of *Dublin*.

II. That out of thoſe 2500000 Acres a conſtant rent ſhall be reſerved to the *Crown* of *England*, *viz.* out of every Acre in *Vlſter*, 1 *d.* in *Conaught*, 1 *d. ob:* in *Munſter* 2 *d. q.* in *Lienſter* 3 *d.* by which his *Majeſties Revenues* out of thoſe *Lands* will be much improved.

III. That for erecting of *Mannors*, ſetling of *Waſts* and *Commons*, maintaining preaching Miniſters, creating *Corporations* and regulating the ſeveral *Plantations*: *Commiſſions* be granted by general authority of Parliament.

IV. That the undertakers within the City of *London* and 20 miles thereof, ſhall underwrite their ſeveral ſums before the 20. of *March* 1642. and the reſt of the *Kingdom* before 1. *May* 1642.

V. That the ſums underwritten ſhall be paid in at 4 payments, *i. e.* one 4. part within 18 daies after the underwriting, and the other three parts, at three months and three months,

all to be paid into the *Chamber* of *London*.

VI. That every one who doth underwrite, ſhall at the time of his ſubſcription pay down the 20. part of the total ſum by him then underwritten, and if the reſidue of his fourth part be not paid to ſuch as have power to receive the ſame, within the 10 daies before limitted; then ſuch perſon ſhall not only forfeit the 20. part depoſited, but ſo much of his fourth part to be added thereunto, as ſhall make up the moity of the firſt payment, and all the benefit of his ſubſcription, which forfeiture ſhall accrue to the benefit of the reſt of the *Adventurers*.

The Propoſitions above mentioned, being approved and aſſented unto by the *King*, *Lords* and *Commons* in *Parliament*.

I. Enacted, That all and every the ſaid Propoſitions, and every clauſe therein contained, are and ſhall be according to the Tenure thereof, ratified, confirmed and eſtabliſhed, with ſuch explanations, alterations and additions that after are expreſſed.

II. That all and every perſon and perſons which upon the 23. of *October* 1641. or at any time after ſhall be in rebellion, or levy *War* againſt the *King*, within the *Realm* of *Ireland*, or willingly aid, aſſiſt, or countenance any perſon in rebellion againſt the *King*, ſhall loſe and forfeit to the *King*, his *Heirs*, and *Succeſſors*, all ſuch *right*, *title*, *intereſt*, *uſe* and *poſſeſſion*, which they, or any of them, or any other perſon or perſons in truſt for them, on the ſaid 23. day of *October*, or at any time after ſhall have of, in, or unto *Honours*, *Manors*, *Caſtles*, *Meſſuages*, *Lands*, *Tenements*, *Rents*, *Annuities*, *Reverſions*, *Remainders*, *Uſes*, *Poſſeſſions*, *Offices*, *Rights*, *Conditions*, or any other *Hereditaments* whatſoever, of what nature and quality ſoever they be. And all ſuch *Right*, *Title*, *Intereſt*, *Uſe*, *Poſſeſſion*, *&c.* of all the ſaid *Honours*, *Manors*, *Caſtles*, *Lands*, *&c.* ſhall be veſted, adjudged and taken to be in the actual and real poſſeſſion of the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*, without any Office, or Inquiſition hereafter to be found.

III. That 2500000 Acres, of Meadow, arrable Land and profitable Paſture, which are, or ſhall be forfeited by the *Rebels*, with the *Woods*, *Bogs*, *Loughs* and barren *Mountains*, caſt in and above, with all the buildings and edifices thereupon, are, and ſhall be for the ſatisfaction of ſuch perſon and perſons as ſhall underwrite any ſum or ſums of money, and pay the

the ſame, according to the meaning of this *Act*, the ſame to be allotted and proportioned to each *Under-writer*, according to the proportion of the ſums under-written and paid in, to be holden by ſuch Rent and Tenure, as in the *Propoſitions* are expreſſed.

IV. That *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. perſons in the *Act* named, ſhall give their dayly attendance at the *Chamber* of *London*, to receive the ſubſcriptions and ſums of moneys as ſhall be there tendred and paid, which perſons ſhall enter the names of the *Under-writers*, together with the ſum and time of ſubſcription, in one or more Books to be kept for that purpoſe, and ſhall iſſue out the ſaid moneys in ſuch manner as both Houſes of *Parliament* ſhall by Order direct.

V. That the *Sheriffs* of each County of *England* and *Wales*, ſhall receive all ſuch ſubſcriptions and ſums of monies, as by vertue of this *Act* ſhall be tendred unto them, in their reſpective *Counties*, and ſhall return the ſame ſubſcribed with the names of the *Under-writers*, and times of their ſubſcriptions to the *Chamber* of *London*, to the ſaid *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. or any of them, to be by them entred into the Books to be kept for that purpoſe; who ſhall give Acquittances, or Receipts thereof to the Sheriffs: and the ſaid *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. ſhall accompt for all ſuch monies received, to ſuch perſons as both Houſes of *Parliament* ſhall direct, and the ſaid Receivers ſhall receive 1 *d*. in every pound towards their pains and charges attending the ſame.

V. That when the *Lords* and *Commons* in Parliament ſhall declare, this preſent *Rebellion* is appeaſed and ended, forthwith after ſuch *Declaration* made, and ſent to the *Lord Chancellor*, or *Keeper of the Great Seal* for the time being, the *Chancellor*, *&c.* ſhall iſſue forth *Commiſſions* unto all the four *Provinces* of that Kingdom, for the ſurveying and ſetting forth of the ſaid 2500000 *Acres*, which *Commiſſions* ſhall be to ſuch effect, and directed to ſuch Perſons, as the *Lords* and *Commons* in *Parliament* ſhall appoint; and the ſaid *Commiſſioners* ſhall have power to ſurvey all the forfeited Lands, and to meaſure forth of the ſame, 625000 *Acres* in every the ſaid *Provinces*, *Meadow*, *Arable*, and profitable *Paſture* (the *Woods*, *Bogs*, *Barren Mountains*, *&c.* caſt in over and above) and ſo divide the ſame by lot amongſt the ſeveral *Under-writers*, and the *Heirs* of the *Under-writers* (if they be dead,) and the *Aſſigns* of the *Under-writers*, as ſhall aſſign the ſame, according to the proportions mentioned

in the Propoſitions, and according to the reſpective ſums paid in; which diviſion ſhall be done without favour or advantage given to any perſons, but be done, and determined equally, and by lot every mans Lands to be layd together, ſo near as conveniently may be: And if 625000 *Acres* of profitable Lands cannot be found in one *Province*, the ſame to be made up in value of the Rebels other Lands, and for want thereof, out of the profitable Lands, forfeited in other *Provinces*, at the diſcretion of the *Commiſſioners*.

VII. After every *Under-writer*, his *Heirs* or *Aſſigns*, ſhall have drawn his reſpective lot, which ſhall be appointed for his ſhare; he ſhall be adjudged in the actual poſſeſſion and ſeiſin of the ſaid Lands, with all thereunto belonging mentioned in his lot, and ſhall and may forthwith enter upon, and have, hold and enjoy the ſame, to him and his Heirs, and all and ſingular the *Woods*, *Bogs*, and barren *Mountains*, *&c.* with all eaſements and Commodities thereunto belonging.

VIII. That all and every perſon and perſons, after the allotment ſo made, who ſhall have 1000 *Acres*, or more, lying together in *Leinſter*, or 2000 *Acres*, or more, lying together in *Conaught*, or 1500 *Acers*, or more, lying together in *Munſter*, or 3000 *Acres* together, or more, lying in *Ulſter*, ſhall have power for every ſuch 1000, 2000, 1500, or 3000 *Acres*, to create a Mannor within the limits of the ſaid Lands reſpectively, and reſerve Tenures, to hold of himſelf, and his Heirs, as of his *Mannor* or *Mannors*, at his will and pleaſure: And to have a *Court-Leet*, *Court-Baron* within the *Precincts* of every ſuch *Mannor*, and to enjoy all ſuch *Royalties*, *Franchiſes*, *Fines*, *Amercements*, *Suites*, *Services*, and *Fine-duties*, as to view of *Frank pledge*, or *Court-Baron* is belonging; And alſo to have all *Deodands*, *Felons goods*, with all *Waifs* and *Eſtrays*.

IX. No part of the Moneys paid in according to this *Act* ſhall be employed to any other purpoſe than the reducing of the ſaid Rebels, until the Rebels be declared to be ſubdued by the *Lords* and *Commons*, as aforeſaid. And it ſhall be employed for the ſending over into *Ireland* ſuch Forces of *Foot*, *Horſe*, *Moneys*, *Ammunition*, *Victuals*, or Neceſſaries to a War, as the *Lords* and *Commons* in *Parliament* ſhall direct, and the overplus to be diſpoſed of as they ſhall direct.

X. Plan-

X. *Plantations* ſhall be regulated, *Corporations* created, *Churches* erected, *Preaching Miniſters* maintained within the Limits and Precincts of the Lands ſo divided, as by *Commiſſioners* to be nominated by the *Lords* and *Commons* in *Parliament* ſhall be ordered and appointed.

XI. All *Patents* that ſhall be granted of any of the Rebels Goods or Lands, or of any Goods forfeited by this *Act*. And all *Pardons* granted to any of the Rebels before *Attainder*, after 13. *October*, 1641. (without aſſent of the *Lords* and *Commons* in *Parliament*) ſhall be void, and of none effect.

XII. Every perſon, which after 1. *March* 1640. ſhall take, enter into, or make any Compact, Bond, Covenant, Oath, Promiſe, or Agreement, to bring into the Realm of *Ireland* in any caſe whatſoever, the Authorities of the *See* of *Rome*, or defend, or maintain the ſame, ſhall forfeit to His Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, all his *Lands*, *Tenements*, and *Hereditaments*, entailed or not entailed: And all his *Goods* and *Chattels*, which he or any other had for him in truſt, or otherwiſe, at the time of the making, entring into, or taking any ſuch Bond, Compact, Covenant, Oath, Promiſe, or Agreement, other than ſuch Lands, Tenements, *&c.* Goods and Chattels, as ſhall be *bona fide* for valuable conſideration ſold before the 23. of *October* 1641.

XIII. If any perſon ſince the 30th *October*, 1640. be, or hereafter ſhall be in *Rebellion* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and be dead, or ſhall dye before Attainder, or pardon for the ſame. All the *Lands*, *Tenements*, *Hereditaments*, *Eſtate*, or *Eſtates*, *Goods* and *Chattels* which he had, or ſhall have, or any other perſon in truſt for him, at the time of the making or entring into, ſhall be forfeit unto the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors ſhall be in the actual ſeiſin and poſſeſſion thereof.

XIV. If any perſon or perſons whatſoever, that at any time hereafter ſhall be attainted of Treaſon, or ſhall dye in actual *Rebellion* before *Attainder*; or hath, or ſhall take, enter into, or make any ſuch *Compact*, *Bond*, *Oath*, *Covenant* or *Agreement* as aforeſaid, ſhall after the firſt of *March*, 1640. make, or hath made any *Conveyance* or *Aſſurance* whatſoever, of any Mannors, Lands, *&c.* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, unto, or for his own uſe; or unto, or for the uſe of his Wife, or any of his Children, or any in truſt for him, or any of them; all the Uſes, Rents, and truſts ſo limited, other than

than ſuch as are or ſhall be *bona fide* made before his, her, or their *Marriage*, or made in perſormance of any *Covenant* in writing made before *Marriage* unto, or for the uſe of his Wife, or Children, ſhall be forfeited unto His *Majeſty*, his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*, and ſhall be adjudged, to be in actual poſſeſſion of the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*.

XV. Every perſon that ſhall have any part of the Lands ſo divided and allotted, may *Export* out of this *Kingdom*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, any *Horſes*, *Mares*, *Cattel*, *Sheep*, for the planting and ſtocking of the ſaid Lands, at any time during the ſpace of two years, from the time of the Diviſion, without paying any *Cuſtoms*, *Subſidy*, or *Impoſt* for the ſame, upon ſecurity given to the *Farmers*, or *Collectors* of the *Cuſtoms*, or one of them, that the ſaid *Horſes*, *Mares*, *Cattel*, *Sheep*, *&c.* ſo to be *exported*, ſhall be, *bona fide* imployed for the ſtocking of the ſaid Land, and not to be imployed to any other purpoſe.

Saving to all perſons, Bodies politick and corporate, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and the Heirs and Succeſſors of every of them (other than the ſaid *Rebels*, their *Aiders Abettors*, *Contrivers*, *Maintainers*, and other perſons whoſe Lands are or ſhall be forfeit by this *Act* as aforeſaid) all ſuch *Right*, *Title*, *Intereſt*, *Poſſeſſion*, *Reverſion*, *Remainder*, *Offices*, *Annuities*, *Rents*, *Command*, which they, or any of them had, or ought to have in, to, or out of the ſaid *Honours*, *Mannors*, *Caſtles*, *Houſes*, *Lands*, *Tenements*, or *Premiſſes*, or any of them the 23. day of *October* 1641. ſo as ſuch perſon or perſons, Bodies politick, or corporate, *&c.* do make or enter, or cauſe to be made or entred, his or their claim to any ſuch *Right*, *Title*, or *Intereſt* in his Majeſties Court of *Chancery* in *Ireland*, within twenty daies after Proclamation made.

Ireland, Rebels Lands.

I. Enacted, 18 *Car.* 1. That all perſons of the *Dutch* Nation, being *Proteſtants*, and Subjects to the Government of the *States* of the *united Provinces* of the *Low-countries*, ſhall be permitted to under-write ſuch ſubſcription for the premiſſes until the ſum of 200000 *l.* ſhall be under-written, and that ſuch of the *Dutch* as ſhall under-write, ſhall under-write their ſeveral ſums within this Kingdom before the 10. of *May* 1642. and pay the

the 4. part before the 10. day of *May*, 1642. at the *Chamber* of *London*.

That the *Members* of either *House* of *Parliament*, which ſhall underwrite any ſum, and pay the ſame, or any part thereof at the *Chambey* of *London*, ſhall have the ſame daies and times for payment of their ſums underwritten, or to be underwritten, as they ſhould have had, if they had ſubſcribed their ſums and paid the ſame in the ſeveral *Counties* where they had their ordinary reſidence and habitation before the beginning of the *Parliament*.

Ireland, Rebels Lands.

An Additional Act.

Enacted. 18. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* That all and every *Cities*, *Boroughs*, and other *Towns Corporate*, which have a perpetuall *Commonalty* and *Succeſſion*, being within 60 miles of *London*; and all and every *Companies*, *Guilds*, and *Fraternities* of any *Craft*, *Myſtery*, or *Trade* united and incorporated within the *City* of *London*, or within any other *City* within 60 miles diſtant thereof, which before the 20. of *May* 1642. by their *Citizens*, *Burgeſſes* or any of them, ſhall underwrite any ſuch ſum, and pay the fourth part thereof before the 20. day of *May* aforeſaid, and the other ſums, parts of the ſaid ſum, at three months, by equal portions to be paid at the *Chamber* of *London*, to ſuch perſons appointed to attend there, or any two of them: and all other *Cities*, *Boroughs*, *Towns Corporate*, which have perpetual *Commonalty* and *Succeſſion* 60 miles from *London*, and all *Companies* and *Fraternities* within the ſaid *Cities*, *Boroughs*, *Towns Corporate*, *&c.* which ſhall as aforeſaid, by themſelves, their *Burgeſſes*, or one of them, underwrite, and pay in their monies, on, or before the laſt day of *May* 1642. ſhall have a proportionable ſhare of the ſaid *Rebels Lands*, and of other Lands forfeited, or to be forfeited by the firſt recited Act, under the Conditions and Limitations in the ſaid Act, or Propoſitions mentioned.

Ireland, Rebels Lands.

Another Additional Act.

I. **Enacted**, 18. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 37. That all and every perſon, or perſons of the *Engliſh*, *Scotiſh*, *Iriſh*, or *Dutch* Nation, which before the 20. day of *July* 1642. ſhall underwrite the ſum of 10 *l.* and pay the fourth part thereof on or before the 20. of *July* 1642. and the other parts within 3 months to be accounted from the 20. of *July* 1642. all the ſaid ſums to be paid at the Chamber of the City of *London*; ſhall have a proportionable ſhare of the Rebels Lands forfeited, or to be forfeited under the Conditions, Limitations and Proviſions in the Acts before expreſſed,

II. All and every the perſons in the clauſe aboveſaid, that hath at any time heretofore underwritten, or ſhall underwrite any ſum of money to the purpoſes aforeſaid, ſhall pay in the ſum ſo underwritten, before the 20. day of *July*, and they ſhall have a proportionable number of Acres out of the 2500000 Acres, which proportionable number of Acres ſhall be meaſured out according to the Plantation Meaſure, *viz.* every Acre to conſiſt of 160 Poles, or Perches, and every Perch to contain 21 Foot. *Provided*, That if any perſon who hath underwritten, according to the times limitted in the Act, and ſhall not pay their monies before the ſaid 20. of *July*, ſhall have their proportionable number of Acres according to the Engliſh meaſure, *viz.* 16. Foot and a half to a Pole, and no other, or greater meaſure.

Judicial Proceedings

I. **Enacted**, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. For avoyding of diſcontinuances in the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, becauſe the 4 firſt returns of *Eaſter Term* 1660. cannot be conveniently kept: No Pleas, Writs, Bills, Actions, Suits, Plaints, Proceſs, Precepts, or other things whatſoever pleaded, returned, or depending, or having day in any the ſaid Courts, at the ſeveral returns, or other daies certain after ſhall be diſcontinued, for the not keeping of ſuch returns, or daies, but ſhall be effectual in Law to all intents and purpoſes

purposes; and all such places, &c. are continued and adjourned to *Crastini Assensionis Dom.* and all *Sheriffs* and other *Officers* shall keep in their hands respectively, all *Writs* and *Process* untill *Crastino Assentionis*, and then return the same.

II. No *Writs*, *Process*, *Plaints*, *Pleas*, *Informations*, *Indictments* or *Judicial proceedings*, had, commenced, or prosecuted, before 5. of *May* 1660. in the name of *Custodes Libertatis Angliæ authoritate Parliamenti*, or the same in *English*, or in the name of *Oliver Lord-Protector* of, &c. or in the name of *Richard*, of, &c. shall be abated, or discontinued, by the *Kings* just re-assumption to his *Government*. or because of error, abatement, or discontinuance, but all such *Writs*, and proceedings, and all *Commissions* for *answers*, *Commissions* for *fines*, *Warrants* of *Attorny*, &c. shall stand, and be continued, and proceeded upon, notwithstanding the change of the *Kings* name, and style in the *Judicial proceedings*.

III. One Act made 1650, called *An Act for turning the Law Books, and proceedings in Courts of Justice into English*, shall be in force, till 1. *August* 1660. and no longer, and the Act touching the pleading of the *General Issue*, and the giving the *special matter* in evidence, to continue till the same time and no longer.

IV. If the *General Issue* hath been pleaded since 20. *November*, 1660. or before the said 1. of *August*, then such evidence may be allowed, as if the said pretended Act had continued, and not determined.

Provided, That all *Writs*, *Patents*, and *Commissions* for *Justices* of either *Bench*, and *Barrons* of the *Exchequer*, *Commissions* of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, and *Goal* delivery, and precepts upon such *Commissions*, and all other *Commissions* to be made by the *Clerk* of the *Crown* in *Chancery*, *Charters*, and *Letters-Patents*, of *Lands*, *Liberties*, *Honours*, or *Offices* do or may issue in the Kings name, in the same manner as usually before the making of the said recited pretended Act.

I. Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 9 All fines, recoveries, verdicts, Judgments, Statutes, Recognizances, Inrolments, Exemplifications, Inquisitions, Indictments, Presentments, Informations, Decrees, Probate of wills, Letters of Administrations, and all proceedings in Law or equity in all or any the Courts at *Westminster*, or in *Wales*, or in County Palatines, or the *Dutchy*, *Berwick*, or other inferiour Courts; and all things done by the Judges and Officers in pursuance thereof, or of the Court of Admiralty, Delegates,

Delegates, Juſtices of Aſſiſe, *Niſi prius*, *&c.* Commiſſioners of Sewers, Bankrupts, or Charitable Uſes; and all Proceedings thereupon had in *England* ſince the firſt of *May* 1642. are confirmed; notwithſtanding any defect of legal power, or difference in ſtyle or Title.

II. All fines levied without paying the Kings ſilver, or without entry of money given for the Concord, or before one Judge only are made good and effectual: And all Fines, Recoveries, Judicial proceedings in the *Common Pleas* ſince the death of the late King, of Lands in *Durham* are confirmed.

Provided, All the illegal proceedings, and illegal High Court of Juſtice, are excepted, and hereby not confirmed.

III. Whereas ſince the firſt of *May* 1641. and before the 20. of *Auguſt* 1660. divers who adhered to both Houſes of Parliament, have been Indicted for *Treaſon*; and others alſo who adhered to his Majeſty, or his Father, were impeached in like manner: All ſuch Indictments and Proceedings thereupon, and all Grants made of any Lands forfeited by reaſon thereof, and Title to the mean Profits claimed in that reſpect, be henceforth diſcharged, and that Reſtitution be made to the reſpective perſons, their Heirs, *&c.*

Provided, This *Act* ſhall not extend to avoid, or confirm any ſales, or eſtates made by any pretended *Act* of *Parliament* ſince the firſt of *May* 1642. Nor any Confirmation thereof in this *Parliament*, but they ſhall ſtand in ſuch plight as they ſhould have done if they had not been made.

IV. All *Recognizances*, *Bonds*, and *Securities* made to the late *Keepers*, or *Protector*, and not pardoned or diſcharged by this *Act*, or otherwiſe (other than ſuch *Securities* as have been given to the ſaid *Powers*) by any for their adherence to His Majeſty, or his Father, and relating to the late *Troubles*, all which are declared to be void; and all Proceedings had for the ſaid pretended *Powers*, and unpardoned (otherwiſe than as aboveſaid) may be had and proſecuted in the Name, and to the uſe of his Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors. As alſo excepting all Obligations, Bonds, and Securities to the ſaid pretended Powers, by order of any Perſon or perſons, of any *Council of State*, *Committee of Safety*, *Major Generals*, *Decimators*, or any under them, or any other military Power, which are deſtined alſo to be void.

V. This *Act* not to extend to continue after *May* the 8. 1660. any of the Judges at *Weſtminſter*, Serjeants at Law, Commiſſioners

ſioners of *Sewers*, or of *Bankrupts*, or of *Charitable uſes* conſtituted by any of the late pretended *Powers*.

Provided, It ſhall be lawful for any perſon grieved, to have a Writ of *Errour*, , Bill of *Review*, in ſuch manner as formerly, other than ſuch Errors and Defects as are remedied by the *Act*.

VI. No Non-claim upon, or after any Fine hereby confirmed, ſhall extend to barr any perſon, their heirs, *&c.* (other than the parties to the ſaid Fines, and their Heirs and Truſtees) concerning ſuch rights as they had by colour of any Act, or pretended *Ordinance* of *Parliament* ſince 1 *May*, 1642. and before 25 *April*, 1660. as were ſold or diſpoſed of, as of Crown-Lands, or Church Lands, or as the Lands of any perſon for his adherence to the late King, or his Majeſtie, or in relation to the late *Troubles*; ſo as ſuch perſons, their Heirs, *&c.* purſue their Claims by Action or Entry within five years after the 29th of *May*, 1660.

VII. The Names and Styles of the uſurped *Powers* and *Authorities*, and the Act mentioned, are declared to be Rebellious, Traiterous, and abominable Uſurpations, deteſted by the *Parliament*, as oppoſite to his Majeſties juſt Rights, and a violation of the Priviledges of *Parliament*.

VIII. All pretended Indictments, Outlawries, Inquiſitions and Proceedings thereon of High Treaſon againſt any perſon for levying War againſt *Oliver Cromwel*, or any other late uſurped *Power*, are hereby made void. And all Aſſurances, Recognizances, and Judgments for Debt, or Damages heretofore had or ſuffered by any perſon whoſe Conviction, Outlawry, or Attainder is hereby diſcharged, ſhall be of no effect, as if no ſuch Conviction, Out-lawry, or Attainder had been.

Knight-hood.

Enacted 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 18. That from thenceforth, no perſon or perſons, of what condition, quality, eſtate or degree ſoever, ſhall at any time be diſtrained or compelled by any Writ or Proceſs of the Court of *Chancery*, or Court of *Exchequer*, or otherwiſe by any means whatſoever, or receive, or take upon him, or them reſpectively, the Order or Dignity

of

of Knight-hood; Nor ſhall ſuffer, or undergo any fine, trouble, or moleſtation whatſoever, by reaſon, or Colour of his or their having not received, or taken upon him or them, the ſaid order, or Dignity. And all and every writ and Proceſs whatſoever, and all proceedings had or made contrary to that ſtatute ſhall be utterly void.

Leaſes.

Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 30. All Grants by Copy of Court Roll, and Leaſes, and Licenſes of ſetting and aſſigning Grants, and Preſentations, all elections of Heads, Maſters, Fellows, Schollars, Students, and Officers of Colledges, Halls, Churches and Houſes of Learning, and Hoſpitals, into dead, or other places, by reaſon of the late troubles, then or ſince vacant; Receipts and Acquittances of Rents incurred, entries for forfeiture, or conditions broken, had, made, or given ſince 5. of *March*, 1642. and before 25 of *July*, 1660. by any Maſters, Provoſts, Preſidents, Wardens, Governors, Rectors, Principals, and other heads of Houſes, *de facto* of the ſame reſpectively in either of the Univerſities, of *Oxford*, or *Cambridge*; or Deans, and Canons, or Prebends *de facto* of Chriſt-Church, or Maſter, Provoſt, or Warden of the Colledges of *Eaton*, or *Winchester*, or by ſuch Maſter, Wardens, or Governors, Brothers, Brethren, or Siſters, *de facto* of any Hoſpital, by whatſoever particular name, or ſtile of foundation the ſaid Colledges, Church, Hoſpitals, Maſters, Governors, Fellows, Deans and Canons, or Prebends, are ſtiled, founded, known or incorporated; and all Leaſes, Grants by the Maſter, Wardens, Brethren, Brothers, or Siſters of any Hoſpital of the Patronage of any Biſhop, Dean, Dean and Chapter, and all ſurrenders to them made to enable ſuch Leaſes, Grants, and Preſentations, ſhall ſtand and be of the ſame, and no other force and effect, as if the ſaid Maſters, Provoſts, *&c.* had been ſuch *de jure*, and duly and *de jure* entituled in, and to the ſaid Colledges, Halls, *&c.* or places reſpectively, and as if ſuch Leaſes, granted by the Maſters and Brethren of any Hoſpital, of the Patronage of any Biſhop, Dean, Dean and Chapter, had been confirmed by the Biſhop, Dean, and Chapter. And that notwithſtanding any defects in the

Leſſors,

Leſſors, or Grantors, and notwithſtanding the reſtitution of any ejected perſon, the Rents, Covenants and Conditions in ſuch Leaſes and Grants, ſhall go in ſucceſſion, as if ſuch Leſſors, or Grantors, had been *de jure* Maſters, &c. any Law, Cuſtom, or Statute, notwithſtanding.

1. *Provided*, Nothing in this *Act* extend to the confirming, or making good of any Leaſe, or Leaſes, or any parcel, or parcels of Lands, Tenements, Paſtures, Houſes, Orchards, Gardens, Barns, or any of the Poſſeſſions of, or belonging to the Hoſpital of St. *John* the *Baptiſt* and the *Evangeliſt* in the Town of *Northampton*, made between 1 *September*, 1655, and 25 *July* 1658. by the pretended Mr. *George Goodman* and his Co-brethren of the ſaid Hoſpital.

2. This *Act* ſhall not make good in Law or Equity, any Leaſe, or Leaſes made by *Simon Moor* Clerk, late pretended Maſter of the Hoſpital of St. *Oſwold* in the County of *Worceſter*, or of any the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of, or belonging to the ſaid Hoſpital, to *Richard Moor*, his Son, or to any the Children, or Grand-Children of the ſaid *Simon Moor*, or to any in truſt for the uſe, or uſes of the ſaid *Simon*, his Wife, Children, Grand-Children, or any or either of them.

3. No perſon ſhall be confirmed in any Maſter-ſhip, Provoſt-ſhip, Head-ſhip, or Fellow-ſhip, or Chaplains-place, in any Colledge, or Hall in either of the Univerſities, or in the Colledges of *Eaton* or *Wincheſter*, that is not ordained Miniſter by Biſhops, or Presbytors (or being ordained, hath ſince renounced his Ordination) where by the local Statutes of the ſaid reſpective Colledges, or Halls, Ordination is required.

4. This *Act* ſhall not confirm any Leaſe, or Leaſes of the Rectories and Parſonages of *Randall* and *Littlecotes* in the County of *Lincoln*, which have long ſince been in the tenure or occupation of *John* Lord *Culpeper*, but that the ſaid *John* Lord *Culpeper* his Executors or Adminiſtrators, re-imburſing the new Tenent or Leſſee ſo much money as hath been really paid for the Fine for ſuch Leaſe, they ſhall be admitted to renew the ſaid Leaſe for the ſaid Fine.

5. That *Thomas Cliſton* now of *Litham* in the County of *Lancaſter* Eſquire, his Executors and Adminiſtrators (paying

the ſeveral and reſpective Rents reſerved unto the Colledge of Chriſt-Church in *Oxford*, and ſecuring unto *John Arthurs*, *Thomas Bromfield* and *Lawrence Marſh*, or the Survivors, or Survivor of them, or the Executors or Executor of the Survivor of them, who have certain Tythes and Lands, parcel of the Mannor and Parſonage of *Kirkham* in the County of *Lancaſter*, Leaſed unto them from Doctor *Owen*, reputed Dean, and the Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Chriſt in *Oxford*, for the uſes in the ſaid Leaſe expreſſed, out of the premiſes the yearly ſum of of 400 *l.* to be paid half yearly, by equal portions for 11 years next enſuing; and re-imburſing unto ſeveral other Leſſees, or their aſſigns, of many other parts, portions of the ſaid parſonage of *Kirkham*, ſo much money as was by them truly paid for their reſpective Fines, all which demiſed premiſes, had long been in the Tenure, or Occupation of the ſaid *Thomas Clifton* and his Anceſtors, for ſeveral terms of years yet unexpired) ſhall have and enjoy the ſame for the reſidue of the ſaid ſeveral termr yet to come.

6. It ſhall not confirm the election of any Head, Fellow, Schollar, or Chaplain of any Colledge or Hall in either of the Univerſities, that upon any other grounds beſides the want of *Epiſcopal Ordination*, is, or was not capable of being elected into ſuch place, by the Statutue of the ſaid Colledge, or Hall, into which he, or they were Choſen.

7. It ſhall not prejudice the title of any perſon, or perſons, who by *Letters Pattents* under the *Great Seal*, hath obtained from his Majeſty ſince the of 1. *May*, and before the 26 of *Auguſt*, 1660. any grant of any Deanry, Headſhip of any Houſe, Rectorſhip of any Colledge, Canons place, Prebendary, Fellowſhip, or Schollarſhip within either the Univerſities, or of the Colledges of *Eaton*, *Weſtminſter*, or *Winchester*.

8. It ſhall not confirm any Leaſe, or Eſtate made to *John Tombs* Clerk, of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments belonging to the Hoſpital of St. *Katherines* in *Ledbury* in the County of *Hereford*, to any of his Children, or to any other in truſt for him, them, or any of them.

9. Not make good any Leaſe made by *William Lenthall*, pretended Warden of the Houſe of Converts, belonging to the Maſter of the Rolls, ſince 30. *January* 1642. of any Houſes, or Tenements thereunto belonging, to the prejudice of *Iohn* Lord *Culpeper*, his Succeſſors, Leſſees, or Aſſigns, the ſaid Lord *Culpeper* re-imburſing the ſaid Leſſees, ſuch monies as have

have been paid with intereſt for the ſame, diſcounting for the mean profits.

10. Nor to confirm *William Hooke* in the *Maſter*-ſhip of the *Savoy*, nor to make good any Leaſe of any Lands, *&c.* belonging thereunto, made between *January* 30. 1648. to the 1. of *June* 1660. The *Maſter* of the Hoſpital for the time being, allowing to all ſuch Leſſees, all ſuch ſums of money, as they paid to the Maſter for a Fine at the time of making ſuch Leaſe, and intereſt for the ſame, the Leſſees diſcounting for the mean profits.

11. Not to confirm any Leaſe, or Grant mentioned to be made to any perſon, by *John Owen* late Dean, and others, Canons, or pretended Dean and Canons of the Colledge of Chriſt Church in *Oxford*; of any the Rectories, Tythes, Gleab-lands of *Hampton*, *Wickenford*, *Badſey*, *Aldington*, *Uffenham*, *South-Littleton*, *North-Littleton* and *Middle-Littleton* in *Worceſterſhire*, heretofore the poſſeſſions of *Henry* late Marqueſs of *Worceſter*, and Dame *Ann* his Wife, or either of them, diſpoſſeſſed for loyalty to his *Majeſty*; but that the Executor, or Adminiſtrator of the ſaid *Henry*, ſhall be admitted to renew the Leaſes of the ſaid Tythes, re-burſing to ſuch perſon all ſuch ſums of money paid for the ſaid Leaſe, or Leaſes by way of Fine, with intereſt for the ſame, the ſaid perſon, or perſons diſcounting to the ſaid Executors, or Adminiſtrators for the mean profits received.

12. Not to confirm any Leaſe, Eſtate, *&c.* made by any pretended Dean and Chapter, *Maſter* or Head of any Colledge in either of the Univerſities, or of any Hoſpital; which ſaid Leaſe had not been good in Law, had they been made by a lawful Dean and Chapter, *&c.* nor to make good any Leaſe, or Leaſes of the Rectory, or Parſonage of *Arrington* in the County of *Cambridge*: nor the Rectory, or Parſonage of *Soham* in the ſaid County: but that *Thomas Chicheley*, (paying and re-imburſing the ſeveral Tenants, *&c.* the ſeveral ſums of moneys paid for Fines with intereſt, diſcounting ſuch Rents and Profits taken out of the Premiſes) ſhall be reſtored to his ancient poſſeſſions; and that Trinity Colledge, and Trinity Hall in *Cambridge* ſhall Leaſe the ſaid ſeveral Rectories and Parſonages to the ſaid *Thomas Chicheley*.

13. This Act not to extend to reſtore any perſon to any Headſhip, Fellowſhip, or Schollarſhip of any Colledge, or Hall, or to any Chaplains, or Clerks place, in any Colledge, or

Hall in the Univerſities, or to any Rector, or Rectors place, that is, or ſhall be before the 1. of *January*, 1660. ejected out of their reſpective Head-ſhips, *&c.* or out of any Lecture in the ſaid Univerſity by his Majeſties Commiſſioners, under the great Seal, for not having been legally and according to the ſeveral Statutes of the ſaid places nominated, elected or admitted in, or to the ſame.

Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 35. That the Maſter of the Rolls for the time being, and his Succeſſors, Maſters of the Rolls, ſhall have power and authority during the time, he or they ſhall continue Maſter of the Rolls, by wri ing indented under Hand and Seal, to grant and make Leaſes for 41 years; or for leſſer Term, to commence from the making of ſuch Leaſes, of all and ſingular the Houſes, Manſions, Grounds, or Tenements with the appurtenances to the Maſter of the Rolls, as Maſter of the Rolls, or any part thereof: The Chappel of the Rolls, with a convenient Manſion Houſe, Court, Yard, Garden, Stable, Coach-houſe and other Out-houſes, and buildings fit for the uſe and habitation of the Maſter of the Rolls, only excepted: which Leaſe, &c. ſhall be as good, and effectual in Law, as if the Maſter of the Rolls had been ſeiſed of the premiſes of a good eſtate in fee-ſimple.

1. *Provided*, That in Leaſes where proviſion is made for new building of houſes, the yearly rent of 20 *s.* at the leaſt ſhall be reſerved upon every Leaſe, of ſuch a quantity of the ſaid premiſes, as ſhall be ſet out and aſſigned by the Maſter of the Rolls for the time being, for any out-houſe or Tenement to be built upon: And in Leaſes where there is no ſuch proviſion, the like uſual rent as hath been paid, or reſerved for the greater part of 7 years laſt paſt, or more, ſhall be yearly reſerved.

II. That the Maſter of the Rolls for the time being, or any ſucceeding *Maſter* of the Rolls, after the premiſes have been once letten, ſhall not make, or grant any new, or concurrent leaſe, until within 7 years of the expiration of the leaſe, then in being, nor for any leſſer rent, than was reſerved upon the former leaſe, nor for longer term than 21 years from the making of ſuch new leaſe.

I. Enacted 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* All Leaſes, or Grants already made, or hereafter to be made within three years by the King, by Letters Patents, Indentures, or other Writings under his *Great Seal*, or Seal of the Exchequer; Or by copy of Court-Roll, according to the cuſtoms of the reſpective Manors, of any Offices,

Offices, Parks, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (other than Honours, Lordſhips, or Mannors) parcel of the poſſeſſions of the Duchy of *Cornwal*, or annexed to the ſame, ſhall be good and effectual in Law, according to the Contents of the ſaid Leaſes, &c. againſt the King, his Heirs, &c. and all and every other perſon whatſoever which ſhall inherit or enjoy the Dukedom of *Cornwal* by force of any *Act* of *Parliament* or other limitation.

Provided, Such Leaſes to be made, ſhall be made but for three lives, or fewer, or 31 years or under; or ſome other Term, determinable upon one, two, or three lives, and not above; and if made in Reverſion, the ſame together with the Eſtates in poſſeſſion not to exceed three lives, or 31 years; and not diſpuniſhable of Waſte; and upon every ſuch Leaſe ſhall be reſerved the ancient rent or more, as hath been paid for the greater part of twenty years next before the making of ſuch Leaſe: And where no rent hath been reſerved, or payable, there ſhall be reſerved a reaſonable rent, not under the fourth part of the yearly value of the Parks, Lands, &c. therein contained.

11. All *Covenants*, *Conditions*, *Reſervations* and *Agreements* contained in every leaſe made, or hereafter to be made, of the premiſes, ſhall be good, according to the words and contents of the ſame againſt them to whom the remainder of the ſaid Lands, &c. ſhall come, as for and againſt them to whom the intereſts of the ſaid leaſes, &c. ſhall come reſpectively, as if the King at the time of the making ſuch Covenants, &c. were ſeiſed of an abſolute indefeaſible eſtate of Inheritance in Fee-ſimple in the ſame, ſaving to all perſons, Bodies politick, &c. (other than the King, his Heirs, &c. and all and every perſon who ſhall hereafter have, inherit and enjoy the ſaid Dukedom of *Cornwal*) All ſuch Rites, Titles, Eſtates, Claims and Demands of what kind, nature, or quality ſoever, of, in, to, or out of the ſaid Offices, Lands, &c. as they had, or ought to have had before the making of the Act.

Manufactures, and Trades.

I. Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 5. That for the making of Worſteds, and other ſtuffs called *Norwich* Stuffs, and Regulating of the ſame within the County of the City of *Norwich*, and County of *Norfolk*; There ſhall be 12 Wardens and 30 Aſſiſtants, all which are to be Maſter Weavers, 6 of which Wardens, and 15 of the ſaid Aſſiſtants, ſhall be choſen the firſt *Monday* after Pentecoſt *Anno* 1662 and ſo yearly, at ſome publick place by the Maſter-Weavers, or the greater number of them preſent, of the ſaid City and County of *Norwich*: And the other 6 Wardens and 15 Aſſiſtants choſen the ſame day yearly, within the City of *Norwich*, or County of *Norfolk*: And the ſaid Wardens reſpectively ſhall within fourteen dayes after they ſhall be choſen, take an Oath, to be miniſtred unto them by the Mayor of the ſaid City for the time being, or his Deputy, or Steward of the Duchy of *Lancaſter* within the ſaid County: *I A.B. do ſwear, That I will faithfully, and honeſtly, perform, and diſcharge the Office of a Warden of the ſaid Trade of Worſted Weavers, according to the beſt of my Skill, power, and knowledge*: And the Aſſiſtants ſhall take the like Oath before ſuch perſons the Wardens ſhall be ſworn: and if any of the Wardens ſo choſen ſhall refuſe to take ſuch Oath; or after he is ſworn, dye before the end of the year; then it ſhall be lawful for the Maſter-Weavers of the ſaid City and County, to chooſe other Warden or Wardens in the place of him, or them ſo dying; who ſhall be ſworn in manner as aforeſaid.

II. That for the due execution of the powers and authorities given by the Act, when, and as often as it ſhall be deſired by 8 or more of the Aſſiſtants, thirteen or more of the ſaid Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, ſhall have power to make and ordain by-Laws, Rules, and Ordinances, for and concerning the regulation of the ſaid Worſted-Stuffs, or other Stuffs now made or hereafter to be made, within the ſaid City and County of *Norwich*, and County of *Norfolk*, both in Length, Breadth, and Goodneſs, and of ſuch other particulars, as they ſhall think fit, for the better regulating the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, and the Artificers of the ſame, which by Laws, &c. being confirmed by the Mayor, and two Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid City and County

County of *Norwich*: and three other Juſtices of the County of *Norfolk* ſhall be obeyed and kept by the ſeveral perſons within, and under the ſaid Regulation; and the Wardens, and Aſſiſtants are impowred to impoſe a fine, or penalty, on ſuch as ſhall not conform thereunto. The ſaid fine, or penalty upon any perſon, not exceeding 10. *s.* for every offence.

III. The Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of the ſaid City, and County of the ſaid City, ſhall give perſonal notice to the Wardens of the County of *Norfolk*, or 2 of them, of the time when they intend to conſider of the making of by-laws, *&c.* and ſhall ſet it up, upon the Door of their Sealing Hall 14. days at the leaſt before they proceed to make the ſame, to the end the Country Weavers may be there preſent.

IV. All Yarns, called Worſted Yarns, and ſuch other as are uſed by the Worſted-Weavers ſhall be made without fraud; and reeled on a Reel of a full yard about, every Reel ſtaff to contain 14 Leas, and every Lea 40 threads; 12. of the Reel-ſtaffs ſhall make a dozen, and 12 dozen a groſſe; and if any perſon ſhall put to Sale any Yarns made and reeled in other manner, every ſuch perſon ſhall forfeit the Moyety, of the value of ſuch Yarn to be recovered to the uſe of the Trade, and Manufacture by action of debt, *&c.* in any of the Kings Courts of Record. And the Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, ſhall and may in all Fairs and Markets ſearch, in the ſaid City of *Norwich*, and County of the ſame, and view all Yarn, which ſhall be there put to ſail, and to ſeiz on ſuch as they ſhall find defective, and within 20. days next after ſeizure, to bring the ſame to tryal by a Jury, and to be proceeded in, as by the act is appointed for defective Stuffs, and ſo ſet ſuch fine upon the ſaid Yarns, as they ſhall ſee cauſe, the fine not to exceed the Moyety of the Yarn found defective; and no perſon ſhall be doubly puniſhed for one offence touching Yarns, by this clauſe of the act.

V. All ſorts of Stuffs, woven of Woolen only, or of Wool, and other materials within the Counties aforeſaid, and the Makers and Weavers of the ſame, ſhall be under the government and regulation of the ſaid Wardens and Aſſiſtants; and the By-laws made, or to be made by this, or by vertue of other acts of Parliament, (except ſuch Stuffs which are under the Regulation of the Wardens and fellowſhip of the Myſterie, of Ruſſel Sattens, Sattens, Reverſes, and Fuſtians of *Norwich* making within the ſaid City) ſhall be eſtabliſhed. And all Stuffs to be made under the Regulation aforeſaid, before they

be put to ſale, ſhall be brought to Weavers Hall, within the County of the City of *Norwich*, to be viewed and ſearched by the ſaid Wardens; and if it be found, they are well and ſufficiently made and wrought, according to the ordinances of the ſaid Trade, then ſuch Stuffs ſhall be ſealed and allowed. But if ſuch Stuffs ſhall be found and appear to be defective, they ſhall be ſeized by the Wardens, or two of them and tryed by a Jury of twelve Artificers of the ſaid Regulation of Worſted Weavers, ſix of them being of the City of *Norwich*, and ſix of the County of *Norfolk*, which Jury Impanneled and ſworn before the Mayor of the City, ſhall try the ſaid Stuffs whether they be made according to the By-laws and ordinances, and ſhall have power to impoſe a fine according to the nature of the Offence, not exceeding the moyety of the value of the defective Stuffs; The fine to go to the uſe of the Trade and Manufacture, The defective Stuffs to be detained till the fine ſet by the Jury be paid: which if the owners ſhall not pay to the Wardens, or ſome of them within forty dayes, the ſaid Stuffs to be ſold by any two of them, returning the overplus to the owner.

VI. If any Warden, or Wardens ſhall ſeal, or cauſe to be ſealed any Stuffs under the regulation, which ſhall afterwards be diſcovered to be defective, contrary to the act, and the By-laws, *&c.* made, and to be made, and found ſo by a Jury of twelve Artificers of the ſaid Trade Impannelled and ſworn before the Mayor, or his Deputy, *&c.* of which ſix ſhall be of the ſaid City Weavers, and ſix of the Weavers of the Country Weavers; they are impowered to ſet a fine upon the Warden, *&c.* as the Iury ſhall think fit, not exceeding forty ſhillings, which Fine ſhall be to the uſe of the King: And the ſame Jury, or the like Iury, ſhall inquire into all and every the frauds and miſcarriages of the ſaid Wardens and Aſſiſtants in the execution of their Offices, and puniſh them in manner as is before mentioned to be done againſt other Offenders under the ſaid Regulation.

Provided, If they, or any of them ſhall be unjuſtly moleſted, and that the Stuffs upon ſuch tryal ſhall be found good, and duly made, or they not guilty of ſuch frauds and miſcarriages, the perſons ſo cauſeleſly moleſting them, ſhall pay to the Wardens, *&c.* ſo moleſted, double the Damages they ſhall ſuffer.

VII. It

VII. It ſhall not be lawful for any perſon, *&c.* to buy any piece, or pieces of Stuffs before the ſame be ſealed by the Wardens of the Trade, ſaving to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors all ſuch right of Cuſtoms, Subſidies and Aulnage of *Norfolk* and *Norwich* Stuffs or Worſteads, as he or they might have lawfully claimed before the *Act*: And if any piece or pieces of Stuffs be found in the poſſeſſion of any perſon unſealed, (except in the poſſeſſion of the firſt Owner or *Maker*) the ſaid perſon, *&c.* ſhall be adjudged guilty of deceit, and ſhall forfeit for every piece of Stuff ſo found unſealed, four ſhillings, and the maker and ſeller of the ſame who ſhall deliver it out of his poſſeſſion before it be ſealed, four ſhillings for every ſuch piece to the uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Trade and *Manufacture*: And if any perſon ſhall counterfeit any ſeal of the ſaid Trade, or ſeal any piece under the Regulation with any counterfeit ſeal, or remove a ſeal off one piece, and ſet it to another which hath not been ſealed by the Wardens. Every perſon ſo offending, and thereof convicted by his own confeſſion, or witneſſes before the Mayor, or his Deputy, or one Iuſtice of the Peace of the County of *Norfolk*, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch offence 20. *l.* to the uſe of the King, *&c.*

VIII. No perſon, *&c.* ſhall uſe or exerciſe the ſame Trade as a Weaver, unleſs he hath ſerved to the ſame Trade as an *Apprentice* for ſeven years, upon pain of forfeiting for every month he ſhall exerciſe the ſame, forty ſhillings, one half to the KING, the other to him who will ſue for the ſame in *Action* of Debt, Bill, Plaint, in any of the Kings Courts of Record: And every perſon under the ſaid Regulation, ſhall weave his proper ſtuff-mark into every piece at the end thereof, upon pain of forfeiting three ſhillings for every Piece woven without ſuch mark, to the uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Trade.

IX. The *Wardens* and *Aſſiſtants*, two or more of them have power to enter and ſearch the Houſes, Work-houſes, of any *Artificers* within the ſaid City, *&c.* and County of *Norfolk*, under the Regulation of the Wardens, *&c.* and the Shops, Houſes, and Ware-houſes of any Merchant, common Buyer, Dealer in, and Retaler of any the ſaid Stuffs and into the work-houſe of any *Dyer*, *Sheer-man*, or other workmans houſe, and places of ſale, and dreſſing of the ſaid Stuffs

at

at all times of the day, and uſual times of working: and may view and ſeatch the Stuffs there found, and if any Stuffs ſhall be found faulty, or defective, may ſeize, take and carry away the ſame, to be ordered and brought to tryal as in the Act is appointed for defective Stuffs.

X. What ever perſon under the regulation of the ſaid Trade, ſhall employ two Apprentices in the ſaid Trade, ſhall likewiſe employ and ſet on work 2 Journeymen, during the time he employes the Apprentices; and no Maſter-weaver, ſhall at any time ſet on work above 2 Apprentices or any week-Boy to work in a Loom, upon pain for every perſon for every month ſo offending to forfeit 5. *l.* to the Kings Majeſty.

11. All perſons who are, or may be concerned in any thing in this *Act*, are to yield obedience thereunto; and if any perſon, *&c.* ſhall refuſe, hinder and not permit the Wardens or Aſſiſtants, to execute their Office according to the Tenure of the *Act*, every perſon ſo offending, being convicted thereof, by oath taken as before is mentioned in the *Act*, ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* to the Kings Majeſty: and if any perſon lawfully ſummoned to appear upon any Jury according to the tenure of the *Act*, ſhall refuſe or neglect to appear, every perſon, &c. ſo refuſing or neglecting, ſhall forfeit 5. *s.* to the uſe of the poor of the ſaid Trade, or Manufacture: and all penalties and forfeitures with all Fines, appointed to go to the poor of the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, ſhall be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, by warrant from the Mayor of the ſaid City, or his Deputy, or by any one Juſtice of Peace of the ſaid City, or County of *Norfolk*, rendring the overplus of diſtreſs to the Owner, or otherwiſe to be recovered by action of Debt, Bill, *&c.* in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record, wherein no eſſoin, &c. ſhall be allowed to the Defendant.

XII. No Weaver under the regulation of the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, ſhall ſet any Loom on work for the weaving of any Stuffs under the ſaid regulation, from the 15. of *Auguſt.* in every year, till the 15. of *September* then next following, upon pain of forfeiting to the King 40. *s.* for every Loom which ſhall be uſed in work within the ſaid time.

XIII. A true account ſhall be made at the 4 aſſemblies to be held quarterly by the Wardens, before the Mayor of the City of *Norwich* for the time being, and one of the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid City, and two Juſtices of the Peace of the County of *Norfolk*: of all Fines and forfeitures

forfeitures as ſhall be received and had, belonging to the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, and of all charges and diſburſments touching the ſame: and the overplus which ſhall remain (the neceſſary charges deducted) ſhall be divided into two equal parts, one moiety to be diſpoſed of by the Wardens and Aſſiſtants of the ſaid City, or the Major part of them; the other moiety by the Wardens and Aſſiſtants of the County of *Norfolk*, or the major part of them, to the uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, as the Juſtices aforeſaid ſhall reſpectively direct. And all *Mayors*, *Bayliffs*, *Conſtables*, and other Officers ſhall be ayding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Wardens and Aſſiſtants as often as they ſhall be required, and in all Actions or Suits brought againſt any perſon, &c. for acting according to the true intent of the Act, the perſon ſued, &c. may plead the general Iſſue, and give the matter in evidence, and ſhall recover double Coſts, if the verdict paſs for him or them, or the *Plaintiff* be *Non-ſuit*.

This *Act*, nor any thing therein, ſhall not extend to compel the Weavers of the Towns of great *Yarmouth* and *Lynn* in the ſaid County of *Norfolk*, to bring their Wares to *Norwich* to be ſealed, or to be prejudicial to the Weavers of the ſaid Towns, or either of them, to deprive them or either of them of ſuch liberties or priviledges as are granted to them by Act of Parliament made in the fourteenth year of *Henry* the 8th, or by any other Act of Parliament, Grant or Charter whatſoever.

I. Enacted. 14 *Car.* 2 *Cap.* 15. From and after the 25th. of *December*, 1662. No perſon or perſons whatſoever ſhall directly or indirectly uſe, exerciſe, continue, or ſet up the Trade, Art, or Myſtery of a *Silk-Thrower*, within the Realm of *England*, unleſs ſuch as are or ſhall be Apprentices to the ſaid Trade, or have ſerved ſeven years Apprentice thereunto, upon pain to forfeit forty ſhillings for every month the ſaid perſon, &c. ſhall uſe or exerciſe the ſaid Trade; the one moiety to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other moiety to ſuch perſon, &c. as ſhall ſue for the ſame in any of the Courts of Record within the Realm of *England*, or before any Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, or Juſtices of the Peace at their *Quarter-Seſſions*, by action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, &c. wherein no eſſoin, &c. ſhall be allowed.

II. All perſons whatſoever uſing or exerciſing as Maſters the

the ſaid Art, Trade, or Myſterie, or as Apprentices to the ſaid Trade by ſeven years within the Cities of *London*, *Weſtminſter*, and the ſeveral Suburbs thereof, or within twenty miles compaſs of them, ſhall before the 25th. of *December*, 1662. be admitted, and are enjoyned to enter themſelves into the Society of the ſaid Corporation of *Silk-Throwers*, and to perform, and be ſubject to all ſuch Laws, Orders and Ordinances as are, or ſhall be made for, or concerning the regulation or Government of the ſaid Trade, Art, or Myſterie, upon pain of forfeiting forty ſhillings for every month he ſhall uſe or exerciſe the ſaid Trade after the 25th. of *December*, 1662. One moiety to the King, his Heirs, &c. the other moiety to ſuch perſon, &c. as ſhall ſue for the ſame, in ſuch manner as in the Clauſe precedent is appointed and directed. Provided, *That ſuch Laws, Orders, Ordinances, &c. be not contrary, but agreeable to the Laws and Statutes of the Realm, and the Cuſtoms of the City of* London.

III. That the *Maſters*, *Wardens*, *Aſſiſtants* and *Commonalty* ſhall have and enjoy, and it ſhall be lawful for them at all times hereafter to do, and exerciſe within the ſaid Cities, Suburbs, and places aboveſaid, all ſuch *Grants*, *Powers*, *Priviledges* and *Authorities* as in and by this *Act*, or by the *Letters Pattents* of the ſaid Incorporation are given to them for or concerning the regulation or Government of the ſaid Trade, Art or Myſterie, or any thing relating thereunto, any thing in the ſaid *Letters Pattents* to the contrary notwithſtanding.

IV. Every Silk-winder, and Doubler, who ſhall at any time hereafter unjuſtly, deceitfully, and falſely purloyn, imbezel, pawn, ſell, or detain any part of Silk delivered, or to be delivered by any *Silk-Thrower* or other perſon to them, or any of them to wind, or double: In every ſuch caſe, as well the Winder or Journey-man ſo offending, as the buyer and buyers, receiver and receivers of ſuch Silk, lawfully convicted by confeſſion, or by one witneſs upon Oath before one or more of the Juſtices of the Peace of the County or Liberty where ſuch offence ſhall be committed: Or if it be within any City, Town Corporate, impowered to miniſter ſuch Oath, are impowered to hear and determine all and every the ſaid offences, and to make to the party grieved ſuch recompence for ſuch their damage, loſs and charges

charges, as by the ſaid Iuſtice or Iuſtices ſhall be ordered and appointed. And if the party offending ſhall not be able to make recompence for his offence within fourteen dayes after Conviction, then the party ſo offending, for the firſt offence ſhall be whipped and ſet in the Stocks in the place where the offence was committed, or in ſome Market Town in the ſaid County near the ſaid place; and for the ſecond offence to incur the like, or ſuch further puniſhment as the ſaid Iuſtices of the Peace, or chief Officers ſhall think convenient.

V. All and every Receiver and Buyer of any Silk, or ſuch as ſhall take to pawn any Silk imbezled, or purloyned, (the matter of Fact being proved) ſhall make ſatisfaction within the time aforeſaid, or elſe be ſubject to like puniſhment as by the *Act* is provided to be inflicted upon ſuch perſon ſo imbezling or purloyning any ſuch ſilk as aforeſaid.

Provided, It ſhall be lawful for any Free-man of the ſaid Company of *Silk-Throwers* to ſet on work any perſons being Native-born Subjects to his Majeſty, and no others, whether they be Men, Women, or Children, to turn the Mill, tye Threads, double Silk, and wind Silk, as formerly they have uſed to do, although ſuch perſons ſet on work, or employed in the works and ſervices aforeſaid, ſhall not have ſerved, or been Apprentices to the Trade of *Silk-throwing* by the ſpace of ſeven years: and all and every ſuch perſons ſet on work, and employed by any Free-man of the ſaid Company, may be ſet on work and employed in the ſervices aforeſaid without any let or moleſtation, any thing in the *Act* to the contrary notwithſtanding.

2. That the ſaid Corporation of *Silk-Throwers* ſhall not by vertue of this *ACT* make any Orders, Ordinances, or by-Laws, to ſet any rates or prizes whatſoever upon the Throwing of Silk, to bind or enforce their Members to work at, but their reſpective Members ſhall be left at liberty to contract with their reſpective Employers, and with the perſons that they employ at ſuch Rates as they ſhall agree upon.

I. Enacted 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 31. From and after the next *Monday* after *Eaſter*, 1662. there ſhall be a *Corporation* to continue within

within the *Weſt-Riding* of the County of *York*, conſiſting of all the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid *Weſt-Riding*, two Maſters, ten Wardens, twelve Aſſiſtants and Commonalty, all which Maſters, Wardens, *&c.* are to be of the beſt experienced Clothiers within the ſaid *Weſt-Riding*, and as have ſerved, and been brought up in the Trade of Clothing for ſeven years: One of the Maſters, five of the Wardens, and ſix of the Aſſiſtants ſhall be choſen the firſt *Monday* after Pentecoſt then next following, and ſo yearly, by the Free Clothiers of the ſaid *Weſt-Riding*, Inhabiting within the Pariſh of *Leeds*, in the ſaid County; and the other Maſter, five Wardens, and ſix Aſſiſtants ſhall be choſen the ſame dayes by the Free Clothiers Inhabiting out of the ſaid Town and Pariſh of *Leeds*. And if any of the ſaid Wardens, *&c.* after their reſpective Election to dye, then at any Court holden next after ſuch deceaſe, The ſaid Maſters, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, ſhall within eight dayes of their firſt election, take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy, as alſo this Oath; *viz.* I *A. B. Do ſwear I will well, faithfully and honeſtly perform and diſcharge the Office of a Maſter of the Corporation of the Free Clothiers according to my b ſt ſkill, power and knowledge:* The like Oath to be adminiſtred to the reſpective Wardens and Aſſiſtants.

II. That the ſaid Juſtices of Peace, Maſters, Wardens and Aſſiſtants, with the Free Clothiers of the ſaid *Weſt-Riding*, ſhall for ever hereafter in name and fact, be a body politick and corporate, to all intents and purpoſes; have a perpetual ſucceſſion, and be called by the name of the Superviſors, Maſters, Wardens, Aſſiſtants and Commonalty of the Trade and Myſtery of Clothiers, for the well making of broad wollen Cloth within the *Weſt-Riding* of the ſaid County; and by Statute to plead and be impleaded, in all Courts and places of Judicature within the Kingdom, and by this name without Licence in *Mortmain*, may purchaſe and take any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments of the gift, alienation, or demiſe of any perſon, or perſons, and any goods, and Chattels whatſoever, for the uſe and benefit of the ſaid Corporation, not exceeding the yearly value of 200 *l.*

III. For the better Regulating of the ſaid Trade and Manufacture, the ſaid Iuſtices of the Peace, Maſters, Wardens, &c. or any thirteen of them (whereof one of the ſaid Iuſtices, or Maſters at the leaſt to be preſent) ſhall from time to time meet and keep Court, upon the firſt Saturday

in

in every month in the year, within the Town Hall of *Leeds*, and alſo at ſuch other time and place, as ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Juſtices, Maſters, Wardens Aſſiſtants, or 13 of them, upon 8 dayes warning to be given of ſuch meeting and Court to be held; and if the ſaid Maſters, Wardens and Aſſiſtants, or the major part of them ſhall refuſe, or neglect to appear, ſo as a Court cannot be holden; then ſuch Maſter, Warden, or Aſſiſtants ſo refuſing, &c. ſhall forfeit 20 *s.* one moity to the uſe of the poor of ſuch reſpective Town, where the perſon refuſing ſhall live, the other moity to the uſe of the Corporation; and the ſaid Juſtices, Maſters, Wardens, &c or 13 of them, are to ſummon to appear at the Court to be holden, ſo many of the Clothiers as they ſhall think meet for the better ordering of the affairs of the ſaid Trade; the number of which perſons ſo to be ſummoned ſhall not be under 48. and in caſe of neglect, or refuſal, ſhall forfeit to the uſe of the Corporation, 3 *s.* 4 *d.* for every default of not appearing.

IV. The ſaid Juſtices, Maſters, Wardens, &c. ſhall have power to make a Common Seal, and to make By-lawes; Rules and Ordinances, for the better ſpinning, working, making, fulling and milling of Wollen cloth, as may tend to the good, credit, and advancement of the Manufacture; which By-laws, and Ordinances being ratified by the Juſtices of Aſſiſe for the County of *York*, ſhall be four times in the year publiſhed at 4 Courts, and ſhall be obeyed and kept by the ſeveral perſons, within and under the Regulation, or Corporation, and the ſaid Courts ſhall have power to impoſe a Fine and Penalty upon any perſon of the Regulation, being a Clothier, that ſhall not conform to ſuch Rules, Ordinances, &c. ſo as the Fine for not conforming, for one offence exceed not 20. *s.* to go one moity to the uſe of the Corporation, the other to the poor of the Pariſh where the perſon offending ſhall inhabit.

V. The ſaid Juſtices, Maſters, Wardens and Aſſiſtants, ſhall chooſe Searchers in the ſeveral places of the *West-Riding*, who ſhall be ſworn before them, or 13 of them, for the true ſearching of Cloth, that it be of due weight, length and breadth: and the length, weight and breadth of broad wollen-cloth made within the *West-Riding* ſhall be, *viz.* every Cloath called by the name of an End, or half Cloth, ſhall be betwixt 15 and 18 yards in length in the water, and not exceed one yard and an half in breadth within the Liſts; every cloath called a ſhort cloth, between 24 yards and 28

yards

yards in length, and one yard and a half in breadth within the lists, and every yard of such Cloth shall weigh 2 pounds and a quarter, accounting 16 ounces to the pound, being well thicked, scoured, milled and dryed. And the Searcher shall examine and try by weight, all broad Cloaths of what sort soever, and shall after fix a Seal of Lead, expressing the length and weight thereof; and if any of the Cloaths be found faulty upon tryal, the Justices, &c. shall impose a Fine upon the Offenders, as ought to be imposed upon them by the Laws and Statutes of the Realm; a third part of such Fines, &c. to be to the use of such Searchers certifying the said defaults, the two other parts to the poor of the Parish where the Offence is committed, to be recovered as by the Statute of 21 *Jac. Cap.* 18. is appointed: and every Searcher shall take the oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy; and the oath following, *viz. I A. B. do swear, that I shall well and truly execute the Office of a Searcher of broad Woollen-cloth, within the West-Riding of the County of York, according to the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, and according to the best of my skill and knowledge*; which oath the said Justices, Masters, Wardens and Assistants have power to administer to them; and if any Searcher fail in the due execution of his Office, contrary to his Oath, he shall forfeit for such fault, or not setting his Seal of Lead as aforesaid, 5 *l.* and it shall be lawful for any other Searcher within the said *West-Riding*, to re-search any of the said Cloaths.

VI. It shall be lawful for all and every Searcher, as often as occasion shall require, to enter into any Shop, House, Warehouse in the day time, of any Clothier, Draper, Cloath-worker, or of any other person whatsoever where any of the said Cloaths shall be, to search for all suspected Cloth, and in case of resistance, the party resisting shall forfeit 10 *l.* one moity to the King, the other to the use of the Corporation; and if upon search any broad Cloth shall be made of, or mixed with Flocks, Thrums, Goats hair, or deceitful wool, the said Cloth shall be forfeited; and the said Justices, Masters, Wardens, &c. may dispose thereof, as the same ought to be disposed of by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

VII. No person within the *West-Riding*, who hath not served Apprentice to the trade of a Clothier, for seven years, shall make any broad Cloth to sell, under the penalty of 5 *l.* for every month he or she shall continue to exercise the said trade

trade, one moity to the King, his Heirs, &c. the other to the uſe of the Corporation, and no Houſe-holder, or Houſe-wife within the *weſt-Riding*, or elſewhere within the ſaid County, not being free of the Trade of Clothiers, not having been exerciſed therein, or not being the Widow of ſuch perſon as aforeſaid, ſhall after the Feaſt of *Pentecoſt* next enſuing, make, or cauſe to be made any wollen Cloth, unleſs it be to the uſe of themſelves, their Children and Families, but not to ſell, upon pain to forfeit double the value of every Cloth ſo made and expoſed to ſale, one moity to the King, &c. the other to him who will ſue, &c. for the ſame, in any his Majeſties Courts of Record, &c.

VIII. The ſaid *Juſtices*, *Maſters*, *Wardens*, *Aſſiſtants*, are impowered to appoint a *Clerk*, a *Regiſter*, *Treaſurer*, and ſuch other Officers to ſee the due execution of the powers given by the *Act*, and to give the men Oath for the due execution of their places: and all fines, forfeitures and penalties impoſed, or to be levyed by the *Act* (the means and recovery whereof, is not otherwiſe herein provided for) ſhall be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, by warrant from the ſaid *Juſtices*, *Maſters*, *Wardens*, &c. or 13 of them, rendring the overplus to the Owner upon demand.

IX. If any perſon whatſoever ſhall counterfeit the *Seal* of the ſaid *Corporation*, he or they ſo offending, ſhall forfeit 20 *l.* ſo often as ſuch perſon ſhall upon due proof be found guilty of the ſame, to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods, and Chattels, rendring the overplus to the Owner, and for want of diſtreſs, the perſon, &c. to be committed to the common Goal of the County where they ſhall be found, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of one of the *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the ſaid County, there to remain without bail, &c. for the ſpace of ſix months, or untill he ſhall have paid the ſaid fine.

X. All and every Article, Clauſe and Sentence in any *Act* of Parliament heretofore made concerning the abuſes of broad wollen Cloaths in the *Act* mentioned, and being repugnant, or contrary to any Article in this *Act*, as touching the ſaid Cloaths, only made within the ſaid *Weſt-Riding*, from and after the Feaſt of St. *John* the *Baptiſt*, 1662. ſhall be utterly void to all intents and purpoſes: and in all actions brought againſt any perſon, &c. for acting in any thing according to the true meaning of this *Act*, the party ſued may plead the general Iſſue, and give the ſpecial matter in evidence, and if the verdict paſs for him, or the Plaintiff be Nonſuit, the Defendant ſhall recover double coſts.

1. *Provided*, Nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend to take away any the Rights, Duties, or Customs belonging to the place of the Kings Aulnager or his Deputy, within the said *West-Riding*, but that he or they may perform all and every thing to him, or them belonging, and receive all Fees due and accustomed to the said Office, in as ample manner as they might have done before the making of this Act.

2. Neither the said Supervisors, Masters, Wardens and Assistants, or any of them, nor any other person, &c. free of the said Corporation of broad woollen Clothiers, shall by any authority derived from this Act, set or impose any other or lesser Rates, or wages upon any inferiour workmen, servants or Labourers, to be imployed by them, or any of them, than such as shall be allowed by the Justices of the Peace in their Quarter Sessions, according to the Laws and Statutes touching Labourers.

3. This *Act* to continue to the end of the first Session of the next Parliament.

I. **Enacted.** 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 31. Whereas diverse persons do elude the Statutes, as well Goldsmiths as others by melting Silver-coins of the Realm, above the value of Groats, to the great diminishing of the Silver-coin of this Realm, and the hinderance of the commerce of the same: No person or persons whatsoever, from and after 20. of *December* 1662. shall willfully melt, or cause to be melted, any of the currant silver money of this Realm, upon pain not only of forfeiture of the same, but of double the value of such coin so melted: one moity to the King, his Heirs, &c. the other to the informers who shall sue for the same upon action of Debt, Bill, or information, in any of his Majesties Courts at *Westminster*, wherein no essoin, wager of Law, &c shall be allowed.

II. That the person or persons offending contrary to this Act (if he or they be a Free-man, or Free-men, or priviledged person of any City, or Corporation of *England*) shall upon conviction for the same, be disfranchised and made uncapable of exercising the trade of a Goldsmith, or any other Mystery, by vertue of the priviledges of the City or Corporation, of which they are members; and if the person offending and convicted, shall not be a Freeman, or priviledged person as aforesaid, he shall suffer imprisonment, without bail, or mainprize, for six months next after his or their conviction.

Merchants,

Merchants.

Anno. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 23. Whereas the powers of the Commiſſioners mentioned in an Act of Parliament, made in the 43. year of the Reign of the late Queen *Eliz.* Entituled, *An Act concerning matters of Aſſurances, uſed amongſt Merchants, for the hearing and determining of cauſes ariſing on Policies of Aſſurance, erected within the City of London, upon Commiſſions granted,* is much retarded for want of power to them given, and the miſchief by the ſaid Act intended to be prevented, is encreaſing. **Enacted.** That from and after 24. of *June* 1662. It ſhall be lawful for the Lord *Chancellor*, or *Keeper* of the *Great Seal*, to iſſue out yearly, one ſtanding Commiſſion under the *Great Seal of England*, thereby authorizing the Commiſſioners therein named or 3 of them (whereof a Doctor of the Civil Law, or Barriſter at Common Law, of 5 years ſtanding to be alwayes one) to meet and ſit and make a Court, and to proceed in all things, in the execution of the ſaid Commiſſion; as before the Act any 5 might have done: and the ſaid Commiſſioners, or 3 of them, are impowered to ſummon parties and witneſſes to appear; and in caſe of contempt, or wilful delay in the witneſſes upon the firſt ſummons, and tender of reaſonable charges, and in the Parties, upon their ſecond ſummons, to puniſh the Offenders by impriſonment, or Coſts, for ſuch time and in ſuch manner as ſhall be reaſonable, according to the quality of their Offences; every Commiſſioner to proceed in the execution of the ſaid Commiſſion, having taken an Oath before the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, to proceed uprightly and indifferently between party and party; and no perſon ſhall proceed in execution of the ſaid Commiſſion, before he be firſt ſworn before the Mayor, to proceed accordingly, as formerly he ſhould have been before the Mayor and Court of Aldermen.

II. That in caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or 3 of them, ſhall find cauſe to examine witneſſes beyond the Seas, or any remote parts of the Kings Dominions, for the clearing of any doubt, or matter depending, in ſuch caſe by direction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or 3 of them, the like Commiſſions or Proceſs ſhall iſſue out of the Court of Admiralty, as have formerly been returnable before the Commiſſioners; and the

ſaid Commiſſioners, or 3 of them, ſhall have power to give and paſs their final ſentence, decree, and execution, as well againſt the bodies of the party Elected as againſt his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and his goods and Chattels; and to aſſeſs coſts of ſuit upon ſuch perſons as ſhall be condemned by the decree of the Court as to them ſhall ſeem juſt.

That it ſhall be lawfuul for any one of the Commiſſioners to adminiſter an Oath to any of the Witneſſes legally ſummoned to give Teſtimony (timely notice hereof being given to the adverſe party, or ſet up in the Office before ſuch Execution) to the end ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes may be truly examined.

1. *Provided*, The ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall in no caſe proceed both againſt perſon and goods for one and the ſame debt.

2. That any thing in this Act contained, ſhall not in any wiſe extend to prejudice the appeal to the High Court of *Chancery* given or allowed by the former Act of Parliament of 43 *Eliz.*

Marriages.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 33. All Marriages had, or ſolemnized ſince 1. *May*, 1642. before any Juſtice of Peace, or reputed Juſtice of Peace, of and within *England*, or *Wales*, or other his Majeſties Dominions, and by ſuch Juſtice, or reputed Juſtice ſo pronounced, or declared; And all Marriages within his Majeſties Dominions ſince the ſame 1. *May*, 1642. had or ſolemnized according to the direction or true intenr of any Act or Ordinance, or reputed *Act* or Ordinance of one or both houſes of Parliament, or of any convention ſitting at *Weſtminſter* under the name, ſtile or title of a Parliament, ſhall be, and ſhall be adjudged, eſteemed and taken to be of the ſame, and no other force or effect as if ſuch Marriages had been had and ſolemnized according to the Rites and Ceremonies eſtabliſhed or uſed in the Church or Kingdom of *England*, any law, cuſtom, or uſage to the contrary hereof not extending.

II. Where in any ſuit commenced, or to be commenced in any of the Courts of the Common Law, any iſſue hath been joyned, and not already tryed or determined, or ſhall be joyned upon the point of Baſtardy, or lawfulneſs of Marriage, for or concerning the Marriages had and ſolemnized as aforeſaid, the ſame Iſſues ſhall be tryed by a Jury of 12 men, according to the courſe of tryal of other Iſſues tryable by Jury at the common Law, and not otherwiſe.

Militia.

Militia.

Anno 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 6. Whereas an Act is under conſideration, for the exerciſing of the Militia for the moſt ſafety and eaſe of the King and his People, which Act cannot as yet be perfected: Enacted, That the Militia and Land-forces of this Kingdom, and of the Dominions of *Wales*, and *Barwick*, Now under the power of Lieutenants, or their Deputies, ſhall be Exerciſed, Ordered and Managed until the 25th day of *March* next enſuing, in ſuch manner as the ſame now is exerciſed, ordered and managed, according to ſuch commiſſions and Inſtructions as they formerly have, or from time to time ſhall receive from his Majeſty.

II. That all and every perſons and perſons, who have, or ſhall have acted, or done any thing in executing of any Commiſſion, or Commiſſions of Lieutenancy iſſued by the King that now is, or by Colour of them, or any of them, touching, or concerning the ſame, or any of them, or relating thereunto, are, and ſhall be ſaved harmleſs and Indempnified: And all Magiſtrates, Juſtices of the Peace, Officers, Miniſters of Juſtice, and all other perſons that have, or ſhall have acted by, or under them, or by their, or any of their Commands ſince 24. of *June* 1660. be till the 20th day of *July* 1661. as to any aſſaulting, arreſting, detaining, or Impriſoning any perſon ſuſpected to be a Fanatick, Sectary, or Diſturber of the Peace, or ſeizing of Arms, or ſearchining of houſes for Arms, or for ſuſpected perſons, are and ſhall be hereby ſaved harmleſs and Indempnified.

1. *Provided*, This Act, nor any thing therein, ſhall after 25th of *March* next be prejudicial to any County, City, or place within this Kingdom, which are overcharged with Men and Arms beyoud their ancient proportion.

2. Not to extend or be conſtrued, or taken to extend to the giving, or declaring any power for the tranſporting of any the Subjects of this Realm, or any way compelling them to March out of this Kingdom, otherwiſe than by the Laws of *England* ought to be done.

III. No perſon whatſoever ſhall be capable of acting as a Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant, or other Officer, or ſoldier, by vertue of this Act who hath not already taken

the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy ſince the return of his Majeſty into *England*, till he ſhall take the ſame according to the Laws and Statutes of the Realm, which Oath the Lords of the Councel, or ſix of them are to adminiſter to a Peer of the Realm; and the Deputy Lieutenants, or any two or more of them, in their reſpective Counties to a Commoner.

Miniſters.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* Every Eccleſiaſtical perſon, or Miniſter Ordained by any Eccleſiaſtical perſons, before 25. *December* laſt paſt, of the age of 24. years, not having renounced his Ordination, who hath been ſince 1. *January* 1642. preſented, and in actual poſſeſſion of any Eccleſiaſtical Benefice, Rectory, Parſonage, Vicarige, Church, Chappel, or other Eccleſiaſtical promotion, with cure of ſouls within the Realm of *England*, *Wales*, *Barwick*, which hath been void by death, reſignation, ſurrender, or otherwiſe to the Patron, or other perſon pretending title to accept reſignation ſince the ſaid 1. day of *January*, and was in 25. of the ſaid *December* in poſſeſſion, being in the Kings gift, Donation and Preſentation, &c. or of the late King *Charles* the firſt, or of any Arch-Biſhop, Biſhop, Dean, Dean and Chapter, Body politick or Corporate, or any other perſon whatſoever, other than ſuch as are hereby reſtored, ſhall be and continue the real and lawful Incumbent, Rector, Parſon, Vicor and poſſeſſor of the ſaid Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, Livings and promotions reſpectively, to all intents and purpoſes, as if he had been preſented, collated, admitted, inſtituted and inducted thereunto in due form of law, and had read and ſubſcribed the articles according to the Statute in that caſe provided, and notwithſtanding any other thing by him done, or omitted to be done, aſwel againſt the King, his Heirs and ſucceſſors, as againſt all and every perſon and perſons whatſoever, their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, ſaving to the Patrons their juſt rights of Patronage, Donation, Preſentation, Collation, or Nomination upon the next Avoydance of every ſuch Eccleſiaſtical perſon, Miniſter or Incumbent, as full as if the Act had not been made.

II. Every voluntary ſurrender or reſignation made by any Incumbent to the Patron, or to the late pretended powers ſince the

the ſaid 1. *January* of any Eccleſiaſtical Benefice or promotion, ſhall be adjudged effectual Avoydance of ſuch Benefice, or promotion, as if it had been made to the competent Ordinary, and accepted by him.

III. No preſentation, Collation, *&c.* aforeſaid, nor confirmation by this Act of any Perſon or Miniſter, in or to any Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, Livings or promotions aforeſaid, ſhall be any uſurpation in Law to the prejudice of any perſon, or perſons whatſoever, who have, or ſhall have right to preſent thereunto, upon the ſaid Avoidance.

IV. Every Eccleſiaſtical Perſon, or Miniſter formerly Sequeſtred, or rejected and kept out (after lawful preſentation, *&c.*) of the Profits, of any the ſaid Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, Livings, or promotions, who hath not ſubſcribed any Petition to bring the late King *Charles* to tryal; or hath not by writing, Preaching, Printing or other open Act procured or Juſtified the Murther of the ſaid late King: Or hath not by Preaching, Writing, *&c.* declared his Judgement to be againſt Infant Baptiſm, ſhall be reſtored to the ſame and to the poſſeſſion thereof, before the 25. of *December* next enſuing. And every Eccleſiaſtical perſon aforeſaid, who ſhall be removed, ſhall enjoy the tythes, profits, gleabs and houſes thereunto belonging till the 25. of *December* next enſuing: And ſhall then upon ſuch removal, yield up peaceably the poſſeſſion thereof, and give bond to the perſon reſtored, to render to him, his Executors, *&c.* the full moyetie of the clear profits and tythes of the value thereof, from *Michaelmas* laſt, till *Michaelmas* next enſuing (all taxes and other requiſite charges firſt deducted and allowed before the removal of the goods of the ſaid Perſon, or Miniſter) or the tythes, or profits for the ſame, at or upon the ſaid 25th of *December*: And the Miniſter ſo to be removed upon his quitting the poſſeſſion, ſhall be abſolutely acquitted and diſcharged from all tythes and profits received, and all arrears thereof, other than the moyetie of the tythes and profits ſecured by bond as aforeſaid; againſt the Miniſter ſo reſtored, his executors, *&c.* and all other perſons whatſoever.

1. *Provided*, Every Miniſter, not ſcandalous, nor inſufficient, heretofore ſequeſtred or ejected out of 2 Benefices, or Eccleſiaſtical Livings with cure of ſouls, ſhall be reſtored to one of them, and no more at his Election, except he hath formerly reſigned, or ſurrendred any of the ſaid Benefices, or Livings, and hereupon the Patron, or other in his right, hath preſented, or

put into the ſame, any other Incumbent, or Miniſter; in which caſe the ſequeſtred, or ejected *Miniſter* ſhall not be reſtored to ſuch Benefice, or Living ſo reſigned, or ſurrendered.

II. Every Miniſter, confirmed in any *Eccleſiaſtical* Benefice, or Living, with cure of ſouls by this Act, who ſhall have more than one *Eccleſiaſtical* Benefice, *&c.* with cure of ſouls, ſhall hold and enjoy only one of them and no more, at his Election, except where he hath formerly reſigned and ſurrendred any of the ſaid Benefices, *&c* and thereupon the right Patron or other in his right hath preſented, or put into the ſame any other *Incumbent*, or *Miniſter* as aforeſaid; in which caſe the Miniſter ſo to be confirmed, may return and keep the Benefice, *&c.* which he hath not reſigned, *&c.* as aforeſaid.

IV. Where the Parſon, or Miniſter formerly ſequeſtred, or ejected ſhall declare his conſent in writing before the Commiſſioners appointed by the Act, that the preſent poſſeſſor ſhall be and continue in ſuch ſequeſtred benefice, Living or promotion the preſent poſſeſſor ſhall be thereby ſetled and confirmed therein as the ſole and rightful Incumbent thereof, to all intents and purpoſes; And every perſon, or Miniſter who ſhall be removed by the Act, ſhall pay all tythes not pardoned, and repair and make ſatisfaction for all wilful or negligent dilapidations made or ſuffered by him, in and upon the premiſes ſince 29th of *September* laſt paſt, and ſhall pay all ſuch fifths which were arrear, and unpaid at *Michaelmas* laſt paſt, due or payable by him by any order not reverſed of any Committees or Commiſſioners formerly appointed by any pretended authority whatſoever, or pay all arrearages of money due by agreement of the parties, and not quitted by like agreement to be aſcertained by the Commiſſioners, for the payment of which he ſhall give his bond unto the Miniſter to be reſtored to pay the ſame before the 25. of *December* next: And upon refuſal ſo to do, the Miniſter to be reſtored, may bring his action of debt at the common Law for the ſame, and recover the ſame, and the full value in damages beſides coſts of ſuit.

V. Every *Eccleſiaſtical* perſon or Miniſter now in poſſeſſion of any *Eccleſiaſtical* benefice, living, promotion, who ſhall continue and be ſetled therein, ſhall pay all ſuch Arrears of fifths, or other ſums of money in lieu thereof due or payable by him, by any order or agreement as aforeſaid (or to *Maſter Honywood* Parſon of *Kegwath* in *Leiceſter-ſhire*, who was beyond *Sea*, ſince the ſaid 7. *January*, 1642. who hath therefore had no order, or agreement

for

for his fifths as have accrued due or payable out of ſuch Eccleſiaſtical benefice, Living, or promotion) during the time he hath poſſeſſed the ſame to ſuch perſon as hath been ejected: And every Eccleſiaſtical perſon or Miniſter now living, or the Executors, or adminiſtrators of every Miniſter deceaſed, to whom any fifths or ſums of money, are or were due by any ſuch order, or agreement, (of the ſaid Maſter *Honywood*) and ſtill are arrear, ſhall have the ſame paid unto them, and may recover the ſame by action of debt at the common Law, againſt ſuch perſon or Miniſter who ought to have paid the ſame during the reſpective poſſeſſion of ſuch living, for which the ſame ought to have been paid: In which action, no eſſoin, &c. ſhall be allowed, and no perſon to whom fifths have been paid, ſhall be hereafter queſtioned for the ſame.

VI. Every Eccleſiaſtical perſon, or Miniſter, to be removed out of, or confirmed in any ſuch Benefice, living or promotion which now is, or hath been poſſeſſed as aforeſaid, his and their Executors, &c ſhall be and are reſpectively enabled to have, hold, and enjoy all the mean profits already received, and to receive, recover, collect, or compound for, and enjoy all and every the arrears of tythes, profits, or duties thereunto belonging, or which ſhall belong thereunto during ſuch time he was ſo poſſeſſed thereof: Or before and untill *Michaelmas* now next enſuing, and to ſue for the ſame in any Court of Law or equity, as if he or they had been and were the true and lawful Incumbent, or poſſeſſor of ſuch Eccleſiaſtical Benefice, living or promotion.

Provided. If any Miniſter or other ſuch Eccleſiaſtical perſon having any Eccleſiaſtical Benefice, with cure of ſouls, who is by this Act to continue the real and lawful Incumbent thereof, hath petitioned to bring the late King *Charles* to tryal: Or hath by writing, Preaching, Printing, or other Act procured, or endeavoured, or Juſtified the murther of the ſaid late King; or hath declared his Judgement to be againſt Infant Baptiſm: who ſuch Miniſter, ſhall not remain, continue and be, or taken to be lawful Incumbent of the Eccleſiaſtical Benefice or living; but the ſame is hereby declared to be void to all intents & purpoſes, as if ſuch perſon, or Miniſter were dead: and the Patron that hath the next Avoydance, ſhall and may preſent to the ſame, as in caſe of vacancy, or Avoydance by death of the Incumbent, any thing in the Act notwithſtanding.

VII. The perſons in the Commiſſion of the Peace in the ſeveral Counties of this Realm, *Wales*, *Barwick*, 1 *September*, 1660. within their reſpective Counties, Liberties and Precincts; five or more of them dwelling next to the Church or Living

to

to which a Perſon is to be reſtored, or from which any Miniſter is to be removed (who are no wayes intereſted as Patrons, or parties in the Patronage, or Tythes of the ſaid Church, *&c.* or any part thereof) are appointed to be Commiſſioners, to execute all and ſingular the Powers and Authorities hereby granted within their reſpective Counties, *&c.* for and concerning the removing and reſtoring of ſuch perſons and Miniſters as aforeſaid, and all other the Premiſes: and finally to determine all Differences touching the ſame until the 25. of *December* next: and all Suites and Actions in Law or Equity, and all Proceedings and Virdicts thereupon had for or concerning the Premiſes, ſhall be, and are hereby ſtayed, annulled, and voided.

Provided, All Grants and Leaſes made for a valuable conſideration paid or given, of any Coppy-hold, or Free-hold Lands belonging to any ſequeſtred Living or Rectory (exempting the Gleab and the Tythes) for three lives, or 21. years, wherein the ancient Rent is reſerved, made by any Miniſter or Eccleſiaſtical perſon poſſeſſed of the ſaid Rectory or Living by any real, or pretended *Authority* ſince 1650. ſhall continue good and effectual in Law againſt the ſequeſtred and ejected *Incumbent* to be reſtored, and all others, as if they had been made by the proper *Incumbent*.

VIII. If any rightful Patron hath preſented his Clerk to any Benefice with Cure, unto thoſe perſons who were ſtiled *Commiſſioners* for approbation of publike Preachers, ſitting at *White-Hall*; Or the *Committee* for plundered *Miniſters*, who ſate in the year 1659. and the Clerk ſo preſented was refuſed to be admitted without any lawful cauſe, ſuch Clerk ſhall be taken, and is hereby Enacted to be the preſent *Incumbent* of ſuch Benefice, unleſs ſuch Patron hath ſince preſented another Clerk to ſuch Benefice, or unleſs ſuch Clerk ſo refuſed be ſince ſettled in ſome other Benefice.

1. *Provided*, this *Act* not to extend to confirm, or continue any Perſon in a Benefice, or Eccleſiaſtical Living, who hath ſince 25. of *December* laſt, voluntarily yielded up, and left the poſſeſſion of the ſaid Benefice, or Eccleſiaſtical Living, and is ſtill out of poſſeſſion thereof, or who by any writing executed under his Hand and Seal, hath agreed to yield up and leave the ſame: And where there hath been any agreemeut between the perſons concerned in the *Act*, for the acquittal of the Miniſter who ought to have paid fifths of, and from the ſame, or

any

any part thereof, no fifths or ſatisfaction for fifths ſhall be claimed, or paid contrary to the ſaid agreement.

IX. All and every perſon who have paid and ſatisfied by compoſition or otherwiſe, any Tythes, Pentions, Oblations, Obventions, Rents, or other Duties belonging to any Rectory, Vicaridge, or other Eccleſiaſtical Benefice or promotion, to any perſon or perſons being in poſſeſſion, or receiving the profits thereof, by colour or pretence of any authority, or to their aſſigns, or to any other claiming from, by, or under them, are and ſhall be diſcharged from the ſaid Tythes, Pentions, and other Eccleſiaſtical duties, againſt all and every perſon whatſoever.

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to extend to confirm or eſtabliſh the poſſeſſion of the Rectory of *Ewelme*, in the County of *Oxford*, with *Thomas Cole*, or any other perſons, who have by vertue of any pretended title entred into the ſame. But that the ſaid Rectory be reſtored to *Robert Saunderſon* Dr. of Divinity *Regius* Profeſſor in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, to be enjoyed by him and his Succeſſors, according to a grant made thereof by the late King *James* unto the *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity for the time being and his Succeſſors for ever.

2. Not to confirm or eſtabliſh the poſſeſſion of the Rectory of *Somorſham* in the County of *Huntington*, with any perſon who hath by vertue of any pretended title entred into the ſame, but that the ſaid Rectory be reſtored to Doctor *Anthony Tuckney*, the preſent *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity in the Univerſity of *Cambridge*, to be enjoyed by him and his Succeſſors, according to a former grant thereof made to the *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity for the time being and his Succeſſors for ever.

3. Not to extend to confirm, or reſtore any Eccleſiaſtical perſons or Miniſter, in, or to any Benefice, Living, or Eccleſiaſtical promotion; that ſhall refuſe to take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy, being tendred to them by the Commiſſioners, or 3. of them; which Oaths they are impowred and enjoyned to adminiſter.

4. This Act ſhall not prejudice the title of any perſon or perſons, to any Eccleſiaſtical Living, Benefice or promotion with cure of ſouls; who have been, or ſhall be preſented to ſuch Benefice by the King, under the *Great Seal of England*, between 1. *May* 1660. and 9. *September* the ſame year, but ſuch Preſentees ſhall and may after the ſaid 29. of *September*, enjoy the ſaid Benefices reſpectively; Nevertheleſs ſuch perſons as upon the 25. of *December* 1659. were the Poſſeſſors of

ſuch

to which a Perſon is to be reſtored, or from which any Miniſter is to be removed (who are no wayes intereſted as Patrons, or parties in the Patronage, or Tythes of the ſaid Church, *&c.* or any part thereof) are appointed to be Commiſſioners, to execute all and ſingular the Powers and Authorities hereby granted within their reſpective Counties, *&c.* for and concerning the removing and reſtoring of ſuch perſons and Miniſters as aforeſaid, and all other the Premiſes: and finally to determine all Differences touching the ſame until the 25. of *December* next: and all Suites and Actions in Law or Equity, and all Proceedings and Virdicts thereupon had for or concerning the Premiſes, ſhall be, and are hereby ſtayed, annulled, and voided.

Provided, All Grants and Leaſes made for a valuable conſideration paid or given, of any Coppy-hold, or Free-hold Lands belonging to any ſequeſtred Living or Rectory (exempting the Gleab and the Tythes) for three lives, or 21. years, wherein the ancient Rent is reſerved, made by any Miniſter or Eccleſiaſtical perſon poſſeſſed of the ſaid Rectory or Living by any real, or pretended *Authority* ſince 1650. ſhall continue good and effectual in Law againſt the ſequeſtred and ejected *Incumbent* to be reſtored, and all others, as if they had been made by the proper *Incumbent*.

VIII. If any rightful Patron hath preſented his Clerk to any Benefice with Cure, unto thoſe perſons who were ſtiled *Commiſſioners* for approbation of publike Preachers, ſitting at *White-Hall*; Or the *Committee* for plundered *Miniſters*, who ſate in the year 1659. and the Clerk ſo preſented was refuſed to be admitted without any lawful cauſe, ſuch Clerk ſhall be taken, and is hereby Enacted to be the preſent *Incumbent* of ſuch Benefice, unleſs ſuch Patron hath ſince preſented another Clerk to ſuch Benefice, or unleſs ſuch Clerk ſo refuſed be ſince ſettled in ſome other Benefice.

1. *Provided*, this *Act* not to extend to confirm, or continue any Perſon in a Benefice, or Eccleſiaſtical Living, who hath ſince 25. of *December* laſt, voluntarily yielded up, and left the poſſeſſion of the ſaid Benefice, or Eccleſiaſtical Living, and is ſtill out of poſſeſſion thereof, or who by any writing executed under his Hand and Seal, hath agreed to yield up and leave the ſame: And where there hath been any agreement between the perſons concerned in the *Act*, for the acquittal of the Miniſter who ought to have paid fifths of, and from the ſame, or

any

any part thereof, no fifths or ſatisfaction for fifths ſhall be claimed, or paid contrary to the ſaid agreement.

IX. All and every perſon who have paid and ſatisfied by compoſition or otherwiſe, any Tythes, Pentions, Oblations, Obventions, Rents, or other Duties belonging to any Rectory, Vicaridge, or other Eccleſiaſtical Benefice or promotion, to any perſon or perſons being in poſſeſſion, or receiving the profits thereof, by colour or pretence of any authority, or to their aſſigns, or to any other claiming from, by, or under them, are and ſhall be diſcharged from the ſaid Tythes, Pentions, and other Eccleſiaſtical duties, againſt all and every perſon whatſoever.

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to extend to confirm or eſtabliſh the poſſeſſion of the Rectory of *Ewelme*, in the County of *Oxford*, with *Thomas Cole*, or any other perſons, who have by vertue of any pretended title entred into the ſame. But that the ſaid Rectory be reſtored to *Robert Saunderſon* Dr. of Divinity *Regius* Profeſſor in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, to be enjoyed by him and his Succeſſors, according to a grant made thereof by the late King *James* unto the *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity for the time being and his Succeſſors for ever.

2. Not to confirm or eſtabliſh the poſſeſſion of the Rectory of *Somorſham* in the County of *Huntington*, with any perſon who hath by vertue of any pretended title entred into the ſame, but that the ſaid Rectory be reſtored to Doctor *Anthony Tuckney*, the preſent *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity in the Univerſity of *Cambridge*, to be enjoyed by him and his Succeſſors, according to a former grant thereof made to the *Regius* Profeſſor of Divinity for the time being and his Succeſſors for ever.

3. Not to extend to confirm, or reſtore any Eccleſiaſtical perſons or Miniſter, in, or to any Benefice, Living, or Eccleſiaſtical promotion; that ſhall refuſe to take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy, being tendred to them by the Commiſſioners, or 3. of them; which Oaths they are impowred and enjoyned to adminiſter.

4. This Act ſhall not prejudice the title of any perſon or perſons, to any Eccleſiaſtical Living, Benefice or promotion with cure of ſouls; who have been, or ſhall be preſented to ſuch Benefice by the King, under the *Great Seal of England*, between 1. *May* 1660. and 9. *September* the ſame year, but ſuch Preſentees ſhall and may after the ſaid 29. of *September*, enjoy the ſaid Benefices reſpectively; Nevertheleſs ſuch perſons as upon the 25. of *December* 1659. were the Poſſeſſors of ſuch

ſuch Benefices, ſhall not be charged by ſuch Preſentees with, or for any Profits by them, or any of them received, ſince the ſaid 29. of *September*, but ſhall hold the ſaid *Benefices*, &c. untill the ſaid 29. of *September*.

5. Not to extend to confirm any Perſon in the Vicarige of *Kidlington* in the County of *Oxon*, but that the ſaid Vicarige ſhall remain as formerly annexed to the Rectorſhip of *Exeter* Colledge in *Oxon*.

6. Not to extend to confirm any perſon in the Rectory of *Garſington* in the County of *Oxon*, but that the ſaid Rectory as formerly ſhall remain annexed to the Preſidentſhip of *Trinity* Colledge in *Oxon*.

7. Not to extend to confirm any Perſon in the Rectory of *Caſter* in the County of *Northampon*, but that the ſaid Rectory ſhall remain as formerly annexed to the Biſhoprick of *Peterborough*.

8. Not to extend to confirm any Perſon in the Vicarige of *Cudſden* in the County of *Oxon*, but that the ſame ſhall remain as formerly annexed to the Biſhoprick of *Oxford*.

9. Not to extend to the confirming or ſetling any Perſon in a Living that hath maliciouſly Printed any Treatiſe, or Preached againſt the Kings Majeſty that now is, his Right or Succeſſion to the Crowns of theſe Realms, ſo the ſame be proved by the Oaths of two credible Witneſſes before the *Commiſſioners*, and ſo adjudged before 25. *Decemb.* 1660.

10. Not to extend to confirm any Eccleſiaſtical Perſon that did appear in Arms, or march in a Troop in oppoſition to the intented reſtoring of his Majeſty, and a free Parliament ſince 1. *Aug.* 1659. So as the ſame be proved by the Oaths of two credible Witneſſes before the *Commiſſioners*, before 25. *Decemb.* 1660.

11. Not to extend to confirm any Perſon in the Rectory of *Acton* in the County of *Middleſex*, which Rectory the King, before the 26th of *Auguſt*, hath granted under his Sign Manual to one of his Chaplains.

If any Miniſter who by the *Act* ſhall be adjudged to be removed, ſhall not give up the poſſeſſion according to the Order of the Commiſſioners, the Commiſſioners or five of them ſhall grant their Warrant to the Sheriff of the County, to put the perſon adjudged to be reſtored into poſſeſſion according to the *Act*; and in default of ſuch Warrant, the Sheriff for the time being is required to give poſſeſſion accordingly.

X. All

X. All and every the Peers of this Realm, according to their reſpective Titles and Intereſts, may within the ſpace of ſix Kalender months from the 1. of *September*, 1660. preſent, and nominate their reſpective Clerks unto any Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, Livings, or Promotions of their reſpective Patronages, or whereunto they had right to preſent, at any time ſince 1. *January*, 1642. and the Preſentees ſhall be thereupon admitted, inſtituted and inducted, and after have, enjoy, and ſue for and recover the poſſeſſion, and from thenceforth take the whole profits, and ſhall be accounted, and be perfect Incumbents of the ſame, as fully as if they had been preſented and placed therein within 6. months next after the firſt avoidance, notwithſtanding any Lapſe, incurred or devolved to the King, or to any other perſon, or perſons whatſoever.

Provided, Such Preſentees as have been, or ſhall be preſented by the Kings Majeſty before the ſaid 9. day of *September*, 1660. by Title of Lapſe or otherwiſe, ſhall and may enjoy the ſaid Benefices reſpectively, the laſt mensioned clauſe, or any thing in the Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Moneys diſtributed.

I. Enacted, 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 8. That the ſum of 60000 *l.* be with convenient ſpeed diſtributed amongſt ſuch truly loyal, and indigent Officers who have had real command of *Souldiers*, who have never deſerted his Majeſties, nor his Fathers ſervice during the late times of Rebellion and Uſurpation, and have not a ſufficient Livelyhood of their own, nor have obtained any Office or Employment ſufficient for a Livelihood; and that 60000 *l.* of good *Engliſh* money be paid to ſuch perſons as ſhall be choſen by Commiſſioners declared in the *Act*, by the ways following, *viz.* That all the ſeveral Monies or Taxes ariſing out of the *Aſſeſſments* of and from the Counties of *Cornwal*, *Rutland*, *Monmouth*, *Lancaſter*, *Weſtmerland* and *Angleſey* for all the 18 months, according to an *Act* entituled; *An Act for granting to the King* 1260000 *l. to be levyed by* 70000. *l. per Month for* 18 *Months*, be paid to ſuch *Treaſurer* by the *Receiver General*, or ſuch as the King ſhall appoint for the receipt thereof in all the ſaid Counties; and upon payment of the ſaid Monies, the *Acquittance* under the *Hand* and *Seal* of the ſaid *Treaſurer*

surer shall be a discharge to the Receiver General, *&c.* And after such payment no Receiver General shall undergo any trouble by Proeess from the *Exchequer* for the same Monies. But if such Receiver General or person, *&c.* shall refuse or fail to pay the same to such *Treasurers* at the days appointed by the *Act*, the *Treasurers* may sue for the same in any Court of Record at *Westminster*.

II. Several persons particularly named in the *Act* are appointed Commissioners for the respective Counties and places named in the *Act*, for granting Certificates to such Officers as are declared; And all the said persons, or any nine or more of them, shall be Commissioners to apportion the Monies which shall be received, or raised by the *Act*, and exercising all the Powers in the *Act*.

III. The Commissioners, 9 or more of them, are to meet in the *Star-Chamber* near *Westminster* Hall, 1. *June*, 1662. and nominate a Treasurer, Register, Collectors, taking security of every of them for the performance of their several Trusts; and upon clearing of their *Accompts*, may give them allowances: and the respective Commissioners in the several Counties are to send Certificates to the Commissioners sitting at *Westminster*, concerning the said Offices before 29 *September*, 1662. The Certificates being signed and sealed by the major part of the Commissioners who shall be present; which Certificates shall be kept by the Register, and fairly entred into a Book; and the Register shall out of the Journal book of the Commissioners Orders enter against the breviate of each Officers Certificate, the sum ordered him by the Commissioners for his proportion according to the distribution; and after 29 *September*, 1662. No Certificate shall be admitted, nor any distribution thereupon made.

IV. Every Certificate must particularly describe the quality and degree of the Officers in this manner, *viz. These are to certifie, That it doth appear unto us, That* A. B. *of* C. *was a Captain*, &c. *And that he is truly loyal and indigent, and hath never to the best of our knowledge or information deserted his Majesties or his Fathers service during the late times of rebellion and Usurpation, and hath not a sufficient Livelihood of his own; nor hath since his Majesties Return obtained any Reward, Office, or Employment: Wherefore we commend him as a fit person to receive a proportion of such Monies as are to be distributed by the Act.* The Certificate must be signed and sealed by the major part of the

the *Commiſſioners*; otherwiſe not be to allowed by the *Commiſſioners* ſitting at *Weſtminſter*.

V. The *Commiſſioners* ſitting at *Weſtminſter*, nine or more of them, ſhall and may after 1. *November*, 1662. proportion the Moneys received by the *Act* amongſt ſuch Officers, according to the number of the *Certificates* ſent in, and order payment to be made to them, or ſuch perſon or perſons as ſhall under their Hands and Seals before two Witneſſes depute to receive the ſame: and after ſuch Order made, the ſaid *Commiſſioners*, or ſeven of them, may iſſue out Warrants for payment of the diſtributions to ſuch Officers or their Aſſigns; but ſhall iſſue no Warrants for payment of any moneys, unleſs ſuch moneys be ordered to be paid as aforeſaid; and the Treaſurer ſhall iſſue no moneyes unleſs upon Warrant under the Hands and Seals of ſeven of the *Commiſſioners*, and ſuch Warrants ſhall be a diſcharge to the Treaſurer upon clearing his accompts.

VI. The diſtribution of moneys amongſt the Officers ſhall be according to their different pay, according to the preſent eſtabliſhment of his Majeſties Forces in *England*: ſo as a Collonel of Foot ſhall have ſo much more than a Captain of Foot, by how much a Collonels pay doth exceed a Captains, and ſo proportionably betwixt all other Officers.

VII. The *Commiſſioners*, nine or more of them, are to rate and aſſeſs all and every Officer that holds any place or Office in *England* and *Berwick*, of the value of 5 *l.* or more, and they are by *Oath* and other lawful wayes to find out with convenient ſpeed the full value of all Offices aforeſaid, that they may be aſſeſſed before 1. *Auguſt*, 1662. And all the moneys ſo aſſeſſed are to be levyed and paid to the Treaſurer before 1 *November*, 1662. And the ſaid *Commiſſioners* are to rate and aſſeſs every Officer to pay for all the 18 months the full ſum of 12 *l.* and ſo proportionable for any Office or Place of greater or leſſer value, and the Regiſter is to enter ſuch Rates into a Book, and deliver duplicates to the *Collectors*, who are to demand and levy the monyes accordingly: and if any ſuch Officer ſhall not pay his proportion ſo Rated, within 20 dayes after notice thereof, and after demand made by the *Collector*, the *Collector* may diſtrain upon the Goods of ſuch Officer, and ſell the ſame, returning to the Owner the overplus: and the *Collectors* for the better receiving of the ſaid ſeveral Rates, are to make uſe of all ſuch powers and authorities, as are given to any *Collectors*, by the Act entituled, *An Act for granting to the King*, 1200000 *l.*

VII. All

VIII. All Monies to be raised out of Offices, or Officers, shall be distributed by the Commissioners to such loyal and indigent Officers, in such sort, and by such wayes and means as the 60000 *l.* is before directed to be distributed.

IX. Whereas there are in *London*, *Westminster*, and in several other Cities, Towns and Places in *England* and *Wales*, many Hospitals and other Houses and places of Receipt, benefit, and advantage of indigent, maimed, and decayed persons; and also there now are, or hereafter may be several Stipends, Pensions, and charitable Gifts to be disposed to such and the like persons in general, without any particular appointment by pious Benefactors: It is Enacted; *That at all times hereafter, where any vacant place or places shall happen to be in such Hospitals, Houses, or other places; Or where such Stipends, Pensions, or other charitable Gifts shall be given, or disposed of; That the Guardians and Governours of such Hospitals and Places, and all persons whatsoever who have power of admitting and receiving into such Hospitals,* &c. *and disposition of such Stipends,* &c. *prefer before all others in such Admissions, all and every such loyal person and persons desiring the same, as have served the late King, and his now Majesty in their Wars, and have not deserted their duty and loyalty, being conformable to the Doctrine and Discipline of the Church of* England, *so as such person be qualified to hold such place; and before all others to have and dispose of the said Stipends,* &c. *to such persons, and that the Widows and Children of such loyal persons be preferred before all others, except the Founders Kindred.*

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to extend to impower any person to order, distribute, or pay any of the foresaid monies to any person named a Commissioner in the *Act*.

2. All Officers who are members of the House of Peers shall be assessed for their Offices by the Lord *Chancellor*, or Keeper of the *Great Seal*, Lord *Treasurer*, Lord *President* of the Council, and such other persons as shall be appointed by the King under the *Great Seal*, or five of them; which *Commissioners* are not to be fewer than 12.

3. Nothing in this *Act* shall be drawn into president as to the disposing of monies formerly granted to the King; or the taxing of any particular sort of men, distinct from the body of the People.

Pains,

Pains, Penalties and forfeitures, impoſed upon perſons excepted out of the general Pardon.

I. Enacted. 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 15. All and every the Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Reverſions, Remainders, Rights, Conditions, Intereſts, Offices, Fees, Annuities, and other Hereditaments, Leaſes for years, Chattels real, and other things of what nature ſoever they be, of *Iſaac Pennyer*, Sir *John Danvers*, Sir *Thomas Maleverer*, *William Purefoy*, *John Blakiſton*, Sir *William Conſtable*, *Richard Dean*, *Francis Aleyn*, *Peregrin Pelham*, *John Moor*, *John Aldred*, alias *Alured*, *Humphrey Edwards*, Sir *Gregory Norton*, *John Venn*, *Thomas Andrews* Alderman. *Anthony Stapely*, *Thomas Horton*, *John Fry*, *Thomas Hammond*, Sir *John Bourchier*, all deceaſed; *William* Lord *Mounſon*, *James Chaloner* deceaſed, Sir *Henry Mildmay*, Sir *James Harrington*, *John Phelps*, *Robert Wallopp* and Sir *Arthur Haſlerigge* (who during his life, committed many horrid and traiterous Crimes) which they, or any of them, or any other to their, or any of their uſes, in truſt, &c. had the 25. of *March* 1648 or at any time ſince ſhall ſtand and be forfeited to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſours, and ſhall be adjudged to be in the actual and real poſſeſſion of the King without any Office, &c.

II. All and every the Goods, Debts and other Chattels perſonal, of the perſons in the Article aforeſaid deceaſed, whereof they, or any of them, at the time of their reſpective deaths, or any other in truſt for them, or any of them, ſtood poſſeſſed of, or intereſſed in Law, or Equity; And all the Goods, Debts and other the Chattels perſonal whatſoever, of them the ſaid *William* Lord *Mounſon*, Sir *Henry Mildmay*, Sir *James Harrington*, *John Phelps* and *Robert Wallopp*, whereof upon the 11. day of *February* 1659 they, or any of them, or any other in truſt for them, ſtood poſſeſſed of either in Law, or Equity, ſhall be adjudged and forfeited to the King, and are hereby put in the actual and real poſſeſſion of the King without any further Office, &c.

3. No convevance, aſsurance, &c. whatſoever, of or out of any Mannors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, not being the late Kings, Queens, or Princes; or of any Arch Biſhops, Biſhops, Deans, Deans and Chapters, nor being Lands, or Hereditaments ſold, or given for Delinquency, or pretended Delinquency, by pretext of any *Act*, *Ordinance*, *Ordinance*, or pretended *Order*, ſince the firſt day of *January* 1641. nor any *Statute*, *Judgment*, or *Recognizance* had, made, &c. to any perſons, Body Politick, or Corporate, before the 29. day of *September* 1659. by any of the aforeſaid Offendors, or their Heirs, or by any others claiming by, from, or under them, or any of them, other than the Wife, or Wives, Child, or Children, Heir, or Heirs of the ſaid perſons, for money *bona fide* to them, or any of them paid or lent, or other valuable conſideration; nor any Convyance, Aſſurance, &c. by any perſon or perſons, to the Offendors aforeſaid in truſt, and for the benefit of any other perſon, or perſons not being any of the Offenders aforeſaid, or in truſt for any Body Politick, or Corporate, ſhall be impeached, defeated, made void, or fruſtrated hereby, or by any of the Convictions and Attainders aforeſaid; but that the ſame ſhall be held and enjoyed by the Purchaſors, Grantees, Leſſees, *Ceſtuy que uſe*, *Ceſtuy que truſt*, and every of them, their Heirs, &c. reſpectively, as if this *Act* had not been made; ſo as the ſaid Conveyances and all and every the Grants and Aſsurances which by vertue thereof ought to be held and enjoyed as aforeſaid, ſhall before the 1. day of *January* 1662. be entred and enrolled of Record in the *Exchequer*, and not otherwiſe.

IV. *William* Lord *Mounſon*, Sir *Henry Mildmay*, Sir *James Harrington*, *Robert Wallop* Eſquire and *John Phelps* be, and are hereby degraded from all Titles of Honour, Dignities and Preheminences which they now have, or hereafter may deſcend unto them; and none of them ſhall bear, or uſe the Title of Lord, Baronet, Knight, Eſquire, or Gentleman, nor any Coat of Arms, or other legal Title, or addition, but are hereby made perſons of diſhonour and infamy.

V. *William* Lord *Mounſon*, Sir *Henry Mildmay*, *James Harrington*, *Robert Wallop*, and the ſaid *John Phelps*, ſhall upon the 27. day of *January* 1661. or ſo ſoon after as they ſhall be apprehended, carried to the Tower of *London*, and from thence drawn upon Sledges with Ropes about their necks, quite through the Streets unto the Gallows at *Tyburn*, and in

like

like manner be brought back again, and be imprisoned during the term of their natural lives.

1 *Provided*, No Executor, or Administrator to any of the dead persons whose estate is hereby forfeited, shall be sued, or molested for any debt, or legacy by them paid as Executors, or Administrators, to any person, or persons to whom the same was due, or bequeathed, and was paid *bona fide*; but the respective Legatees, *&c.* who have received, *&c.* any such Legacies from the Executors, shall be accomptable to the King for all such Legacies as they have respectively received, and shall pay the same to the Kings Majesty.

2. Nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to forfeit the term, estate, or interest, which Sir *William Lewes* of *Borden*, in the County of *Southampton*, had, or hath in the custody of the Park called *East-Mean Park* in the said County and in the game of Conies therein, for the term of 3 years to come, from our *Lady-day* last, being the remaining years of a greater term: the which Park and premises belonging to the Bishop of *Winchester*, the said Sir *William* hath surrendred to the Bishop of *Winchester*, and hath now taken a lease for three lives, the which Lease for 3. lives to the said Sir *William*, shall notwithstanding this Act remain good; saving to every person, *&c.* their Heirs, *&c* all such estate, right, title and interest in Law and Equity which any person hath, or ought to have therein, not being in trust for any of the said Offendors nor derived by, from, or under them, since the 25. of *March* 1646. saving also alwayes and reserving to *Cuthbert Collingwood* Esqure, and *George Collingwood* Gent. his son, their and every their Heirs and Assigns, and the Farmers and Tenants of the said *Cuthbert* and *George*, or either of them, and of their Heirs, *&c.* all such right, title of entry, action, use, interest, and possession, which any of them had, or ought to have, of, in, to, or out of the Mannors, Townships, Villages, Hamlets and Precincts of *Eslington*, *Whittingham*, *Sarton*, *Throwton*, *Fawden*, *Keyton*, *West-Brunton*, *East-Brunton*, *Dunnington*, *Blakedon* alias *Blagdon* and *Wetslade* in the County of *Northumberland*, and of, in, to, or out of any the Lands, Tenements, *&c.* and appurtenances to any of them belonging.

3. Nor to extend, or prejudice the estate and interest in Law and Equity, of *Rachel Powre* Widdow, of, in and to one Coppyhold Messuage and Mill with the appurtenances, being in *Chepmansford* in the County of *Southampton*, which by the Or-

der and decree of the High Court of *Chancery* of the 21 of *June* 1661. she is to be restored unto, and put into possession of, &c. but that she shall hold and enjoy the same according to the said decree.

IV. It shall and may be lawfull to and for *Barrington Bourchier* Esquire, Son and Heir of Sir *John Burchier* herein before mentioned to hold and enjoy all and singular the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to him granted and conveyed, or mentioned to be granted or conveyed in and by certain Letters Patents under the *Great Seal* of *England*, dated 22 of *March*, in the 13. year of his now Majesties Reign, against the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for ever.

Parishes.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* That all the precinct, *viz.* beginning at the *Strand*, at the *East-end* of *Bedford House*, Including the House, Backsides, Gardens, &c. thereto belonging: All the Houses within the narrow bounds, *viz.* 40. foot without the Brick-wall, and all Houses, and Buildings, and Lands within the said Bounds, bounded by the House of *Humphry Vaughan* in *Russel-Street East*, by the House of *William Bird* in *Shandois Street West*; by the House of *William Cruby* in *James-Street North*, and by the House of *Richard Traunton* in *Bedford-Street South*, to be a distinct Parish, called the Parish of Saint *Paul Covent Garden*.

II. That the said Precinct be divided and exempted from the Parish of Saint *Martins*, and from all Dependences, Offices, Charges, Contributions for or in respect thereof, and from the cure of the Rector and Vicar of the said Parish of Saint *Martins*, and their Successors, and discharged of all Tythes, Offerings, Obventions, Easterbooks and other parochial duties whatsoever.

III The new erected Church within the said precinct shall be the Parish Church of the said precinct, and *William* Earl of *Bedford*, Son and Heir of *Francis* late Earl of *Bedford*, shall have the Patronage of the said Church, and may present some fit person to be Rector of the same, as often as the same shall become void, and the Rector and his Successors shall be incorporate and have capacity by the name of Rector of the Church of Saint *Paul Covent Garden*, and shall have cure of the Souls of all

all the Inhabitants within the ſaid Pariſh; and ſhall hold to him and his Succeſſors for ever, all that Houſe in *Covent Garden* ſcituate in *James-ſtreet* now in the poſſeſſion of *Edward Blayden* Taylor.

IV. The Rector and his Succeſſors ſhall have one yearly Rent of 100 *l.* to be iſſuing out of ſeveral Houſes in *Covent Garden*, late the occupation of Sir *Edmond Verney* Knight, Sir *Charles Gaudy* Knight, Sir *Edward Sidenham* Knight, now in the occupation of Sir *Edward Ford* Knight, Sir *Robert Rowles* Baronet, and *William Gipe* Apothecary, upon the four uſual Feaſts of the year, *viz.* at the Nativity of Saint *John* the *Baptiſt*, Saint *Michael*, the Birth of our Lord God, and the Annunciation of the Bleſſed Virgin *Mary*, by equal portions, with power to diſtrain for the ſaid 100 *l. per annum*, or any parcel thereof, upon the Houſes charged with the ſaid Rent, and 20 *s.* in the name of a penalty, if the ſame be unpaid by the ſpace of 21 dayes after any of the ſaid Feaſt dayes aforeſaid.

V. The Rector of the ſaid Pariſh, by and with the conſent of the Patron, may from time to time nominate an able Miniſter to be a Curate, Aſſiſtant to him and his Succeſſors: And for the further maintenance, and for a proviſion for the Curate, and other Officers, there ſhall be three Churchwardens for the ſaid pariſh, one to be choſen by *William* Earl of *Bedford*, his Heirs, *&c.* another by the Rector and his Succeſſors, a third by the Inhabitants of the pariſh, and 150 *l.* ſhall yearly be charged upon the Houſes of the Inhabitants, except *Bedford-Houſe*, to be aſſeſſed by the Churchwardens, after a pound rate, according to the yearly value of the reſpective Houſes, which ſhall be confirmed by two Juſtices of the peace of *Weſtminſter*, and be collected by the Churchwardens at the four uſual Feaſts, or times of payment at the Feaſts above mentioned; and if the ſaid ſum be not paid after demand, then to levy the ſame by diſtreſs, and ſale of the parties goods as ſhall be in arrear, returning the overplus.

VI. The Churchwardens, ſhall out of the ſaid monies received by them, pay to the Rector and his Succeſſors 150 *l. per annum*, and to the Curate 50 *l. per annum* at the ſaid 4 Feaſts, or within 21 dayes; and in default of payment of the ſaid reſpective ſums at the reſpective Houſe of any of the Churchwardens, the two next Juſtices of the Peace dwelling in *Weſtminſter*, upon complaint, may cauſe the Churchwardens who ſhall fail of payment, to be impriſoned till payment be made: The

reſidue of the ſaid Aſſeſſment to be imployed by the Church-Wardens for wages and ſalaries of a Clerk and 2 Sextons yearly to be nominated by the Earl of *Bedford*, his Heirs, *&c.* and to be diſtributed according to the directions of the Earl and his Heirs, and the Rector and his Succeſſors.

VII. If any perſon hath by vertue of any authority, or pretended authority, received any ſums of money, heretofore aſſeſſed on any of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, and hath not paid the ſame in his or their hands, the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace ſhall call them to accompt; and if they ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay ſuch monies as accompted for, and unpaid, they may levy the ſame by diſtreſs, and in default of diſtreſs commit the perſons to the Common Goal, the monies to be diſpoſed of to the uſe for which they were aſſeſſed.

VIII. The ſum of 312*l.* 10*s.* ſhall after the proportions aforeſaid, be aſſeſſed upon the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, by the two next Juſtices of the Peace of *Weſtminſter*, and be levyed and collected by them, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, for and towards the full ſatisfaction of a Salary for the Miniſter, Curate, Clerk and Sextons, who have officiated in the ſaid Precinct, ſince St. *Thomas*-day, 1659. until our *Lady*-day, 1661. to be diſtributed as *William* Earl of *Bedford* ſhall direct.

IX. The Church-Wardens or two of them are to make Rates, and Aſſeſſments upon the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, from time to time, for the payment of Scavengers, for cleanſing the Streets of the Pariſh, and for the repairing and amending of the Church when need ſhall be; the ſaid Rate and Aſſeſſment to be made and allowed as is before appointed for the raiſing of 250*l.* a year as aforeſaid, and in caſe the Inhabitants refuſe or neglect to pay the ſaid Aſſeſſments aſſeſſed upon them, after demand made at their houſes, the Church-Wardens, or two of them, may levy the ſame by diſtreſs and ſale of the Goods of all or any as ſhall refuſe to pay the ſame, rendring the overplus, if any be, to the Owners.

1. *Provided*, It be lawful for the Overſeers of the Poor and Surveyors of the High wayes of the Pariſh of St. *Martins*, and the Church Wardens of St. *Paul Covent-Garden*, to aſſeſs and collect of the Inhabitants of the Pariſh of *Covent-Garden*, for the benefit of the Poor and reparation of the High-wayes, all ſuch Rates and Taxes, as they might have done before the making of the Act,

2. This

2. This Act not to extend to avoid any Eccleſiaſtical Law, or Conſtitution of the Church of *England*: nor deſtroy any Rights belonging to the Biſhop of *London*, or his Succeſſors, but that he and they may at all times viſit, inſtitute, and exerciſe Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction, in the ſaid Pariſh, as they might do in other Pariſhes within the Dioceſs of *London*.

Pardon, Indempnity and Oblivion.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 8. All Treaſons, Miſpriſions of Treaſons, Murthers, Felonies, Offences, Crimes, Contempts and Miſdemeanours, councelled, commanded, acted or done ſince the 1. of *January* 1637. by any perſon, or perſons before the 24th. of *June* 1660. (other than the perſons herein, after by name excepted) by vertue or colour of any Command, Power, Authority, Commiſſion, Warrant or Inſtructions from the late King, or his now Majeſty, or from any other perſons, deriving authority, mediately, or immediately from both, or either of them, or from both, or either Houſe of Parliament, or from any reputed Parliament, Keepers of the Liberties of *England*, Protector, chief Magiſtrate, Commander in chief by Sea or Land; or by any Pretence, Warrant, or Command whatſoever, from them, or any of them, or their, or either of their reſpective Councels, or from any perſons whatſoever deriving or pretending to derive authority from them, or any of them; be Pardoned, Indempnified, Diſcharged and put into utter Oblivion, (except before excepted) and all and every perſon and perſons, Acting, Aiding, Aſſiſting, Abetting and Counſelling the ſame, their Heirs, Executors, &c. are hereby Pardoned, Indempnified and Diſcharged from the ſame, and from all pains of death, and other Pains, Judgements, Indictments, Convictions, Attainders and Forfeitures, therefore had, and which might accrew for the ſame; and all grants thereupon made, are declared to be null and void: and all and every perſon and perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators and Succeſſors are reſtored to their Lands, Tenements, &c Goods and Chattels, and other things forfeited, which to the King doth, or ſhall appertain, by reaſon of any the ſaid Offences before mentioned, and not hereafter in the Act excepted and foreprized.

II. All Appeals, and all perſonal actions, ſuits and proſecutions whatſoever, for or by reaſon of any Act of Hoſtility, Aſſault, Impriſonment, or breach of the Peace, adviſed, counſelled, commanded, acted or done by reaſon of any the late troubles or late War in his *Majeſties* Dominions, or relating thereunto: And all Judgements and Executions hereupon had before the 1. day of *May*, 1658. Stand & be from henceforth diſcharged: But not to reſtore any perſon, &c. any ſums of money, mean profits, or goods already received, or taken under ſuch Execution, or to give any account for the ſame: and all demands of Arrerages of Rents and mean Profits of Lands incurred, or grown due, or which have been paid, received or diſpoſed of by vertue or colour of any the authorities, or pretended authorities aforeſaid (other than ſuch Arrerages and mean Profits as ſhall be otherwiſe diſpoſed of by the Act) be, and ſhall be from henceforth diſcharged.

III. All and every, the Subjects of *England*, *Ireland*, *VVales*, *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Barwick* and other of the Kings Dominions, *&c.* theirs Heirs, Executors, *&c.* and all Bodies in any wiſe Incorporated, Cities, Burroughs, Shires, Towns, Villages, Ridings, Hundreds, Hamlets and Tythings, and every of them, and the Succeſſors of every of them, are hereby acquitted, pardoned, indempnified, diſcharged againſt the King, his Heirs, *&c.* of and from all manner of Treaſons, miſpriſions of Treaſons, fellonies, contempts, offences, treſpaſſes, entries, wrongs, deceits, miſdemeanors, forfeitures, penalties, ſums of moneys, and other matters concerning Tenures and Wardſhips and Arrearages of Rents (other than the Arrearages of Rents, for the Exciſe or cuſtoms, or other than ſuch Arrerages of Rents or mean Profits as ſhall be diſpoſed of by the Parliament) and from all Arrears of Tenths, firſt Fruits, Fines, Poſt-fines, Iſſues and Amercements, all ſecurities given for them, concealments of cuſtoms and Exciſe, Arrearages of Purveyance and compoſitions for the ſame: And from all pains of death, pains corporal and pecuniary, and generally of and from all other things, cauſes, ſuits, and executions in the *Act*, not after excepted, which may, or can be by the King in any wiſe, or by any means pardoned before and unto the 24. of *June* 1660. to every or any of his ſaid Subjects, Bodies corporate, Cities, Hundreds, Towns, Villages, or Tythings or any of them: And all Grants and Pattents ſince the 25. of *March* 1641. Touching Wardſhips of the Body and Lands, or touching the Marriage

of

of any Heir within age, and all the mean profits yet unreceived, and demandable by reaſon thereof, are hereby diſcharged.

IV. This Pardon and Oblivion ſhall be as good and effectual in Law, to all every his *Majeſties* Subjects, Bodies politick, or corporate and others, in, for, and againſt all things which be not in this Act excepted and foreprized, as the ſame ſhould have been, if all the Offences, Contempts, Forfeitures, Cauſes, *Matters*, Suites, Judgements, Executions, Penalties and other things, not in the Act excepted, had been particularly, ſpecially and expreſly named, reherſed and ſpecified, and pardoned by proper and expreſs words and names in their kinds, natures, and qualities for all things before the ſaid 24. of *June* 1660. and his ſaid Subjects, nor any of them, nor the Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators of any of them, nor the ſaid Bodies politick, nor any of them ſhall be Sued, Vexed, or Inquieted by the King, his Heirs or ucceſſors, in their Bodies, Goods, Chattels, Lands and Tenements. for any manner of matter, Cauſe, *Miſdemeanors*, Forfeiture, offence or other thing ſuffered, done or committed before the ſaid 24. of *June* 1660 againſt the late King, or the Kings *Majeſty* that now is, his Crown, Dignity, Prerogative, Laws or Statutes, but only for ſuch matters and offences as be excepted by this Act out of the ſame: And all and every the ſaid Kings Subjects, *&c.* by his or their Deputy or Deputies, Atturney or Atturneyes, may plead this Act of free Pardon, for his or their diſcharge, for any thing by the Act pardoned, diſcharged without any Fees paying for the Writing, or entry of the Judgement, or cauſe concerning ſuch plea, only 16. *d* to the Officer or Clerk, who ſhall enter ſuch plea, matter, *&c.* for the parties diſcharge in that behalf: And this Pardon ſhall be by the general words, deemed, adjudged, expounded, allowed and taken in all manner of Courts of his *Majeſty*, and elſewhere moſt Beneficial and available to all the Subjects, Bodies corporate and other perſons, and to every of them (not in this Act excepted) without any ambiguity, queſtion, or delay whatſoever, pleaded by the King, or his or their Attorney general, or by any other perſon for his Higneſs, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

V. If any Officer, or any Clerk of the Kings Courts, make out any writs, ſummons, or proceſs whereby any of the Subjects ſhall be greived in their Bodies or eſtates by reaſon of any thing hereby pardoned, or if any Sheriff or eſcheator, or other Officer whatſoever, levy, receive, take, or withhold any thing hereby pardoned, every ſuch offender being convict

convict thereof, shall yeild to the party grieved treble damages, besides costs, and forfeit to the King 10 *l.* and all such Writs, Process, &c. shall be of none effect.

VI. *Except* out of this free and general Pardon all Murders done or committed by any persons, &c. (other than such as are pardoned by the first Clause) And also *Except* all and every the Offences of Pyracy and Robbery done upon the Seas (not done in relation to the differences and Wars aforesaid) and every procuring and abetting of any such Offendors, comforting and receiving of them, or any of them, or any Goods taken by way of such Piracy and Robbery: And *Except* the detestable Vice of *Buggery*, committed with Man, or Beast; and all *Rapes*, and carnal *Ravishments* of Women; and also all wilfull *Ravishments*, and taking away, or marrying of any Maid, Widow, or Damsel against her will, or without the assent or agreement of her Parents; and all abetting, ayding, &c. of such *Ravishments*, &c. committed and done. And *Except* all Offences made Felony by an *Act* entituled, *An Act to restrain persons from Marriage, till their former Wives or Husbands be dead.* And *Except* all Offences of *Invocations*, *Conjurations*, *Witchcrafts*, *Sorceries*, *Inchantments* and *Charms*, and all offences of procuring the same: and all persons now attainted or convicted of any the said *Excepted* offences. And *Excepted* all and singular the Accompts of all and every Person and Persons appointed by any of the *Authorities*, or pretended *Authorities*, to be *Treasurer*, *Receiver*, *Farmer* or *Collector* (other than the several *Sub-Collectors* of the several Parishes, Towns, Hamlets, &c. respectively, for and concerning their Receipts before the 24th. day of *June*, 1659) who have received or collected any Subsidie, Custom, Tonnage and Poundage, Prize goods, Assessment, Sequestration, New-Impost, or Excise; Or of any the Rents or Revenues of any Lands, &c. of, or belonging to the late King, Queen, Prince, King that now is; Or unto the Arch-Bishops, Bishops, Deans, Deans and Chapters, Canons, Prebends, or other Officers belonging to any Cathedral or Collegiate Church; Or Popish Recusants convict, or of persons sequestred for their Recusancy, or other sequestred Estates, received or collected by, or paid unto them since the 30th. of *January*, 1642. And of all monies and other duties grown due, or contracted upon the sale or disposition of them, or any of them.

1. *Provided*, The Heirs, Executors, &c. of any *Accomptant*

Excepted

Excepted and deceaſed, ſhall not be lyable for the matters herein mentioned, except for ſuch Monies as remain due upon their *Accompts* already ſtated, and not paid in. And no *Accompt* for any monies diſcharged by any *Order* or *Ordinance* of both or either Houſe of Parliament, or of any Aſſembly ſo reputed; or of *Oliver* or *Richard*, ſtiled, or obeyed as *Protector*, or by others under them.

2. No perſons ſhall be charged for any Monies received for Fees, Salaries, or Wages then allowed, or for monies by him diſburſed upon any publick uſe, though the *Authority* by which the ſame was iſſued, was not warrantable by Law.

3. No Military, or Commiſſioned Officer of the Armies, or Navies, Souldier or Mariner, who before the 25th. of *March*, 1659. hath received any monies for his Pay, or the Pay of other Souldiers, or for other contingencies of the Souldiers or Garriſons under his command, ſhall be called to accompt therefore.

4. No perſon ſhall be called to accompt for any of the matters of this *Exception* after the 24th. of *June*, 1662. And in caſe any perſon who ſtands accomptable for any monies ſince the firſt of *January*, 1642. before the 30th. of *January*, 1648. have been robbed or plundered by *Souldiers* or others of the monies in their hands; or of any *Notes*, *Books* of *Receipts* or *Acquittances* touching their payment, the Oaths of ſuch perſons ſhall be a good diſcharge for ſo much of their accompt; and the Oath of every *Accomptant* in, and between the years 1642. and 1648. of what they have paid to any publique uſe, ſhall be a good diſcharge as to ſo much of the *Accompt* of ſuch perſon or perſons: and all Judgements of Diſcharge, or *Quietus eſt* given upon any *Accompt* in the Exchequer ſince 1648. to be allowed.

VII. *Except* all *Accompts* of the Revenues of Churches and Vicaridges in *Wales* and *Monmouthſhire*, and all Judgements of Diſcharge, or *Quietus eſt* thereupon had; and all *Briberies*, *Perjuries*, ſubornation of *Perjury*, or *Witneſſes*; *Forgery* of *Deeds*, *Debenters*, *Bills* of *Publique Faith*, *Wills* and *Writings* whatſoever; Or of *Examination* of *Witneſſes*, whereby to endanger any mans life, liberty or eſtate; and the counſelling or procuring of ſuch counterfeiting or forging: And alſo all offences in detaining, imbezling of any Goods, Monies, Chattels or Jewels of the late King, Queen, or Prince, or their Children, or other their Shipping and Ammunition of War, and other ſuch

Goods

Chattels as have been ſold or diſpoſed of to any ſervants or creditors of the late King, for payment of their debts, or wages.

VIII. *Except*, All Iſſues, Fines, Amercements, Rents, and other publick Duties, levyed or collected by any Sheriff, or other Officer, for the uſe of the late King, Authorities, or pretended Authorities, or for his Majeſty that now is, and not accompted for, or diſcharged.

IX. *Except*, All Offences done by any Jeſuit, Seminary, or Popiſh-Prieſt, contrary to the Tenure or Effect of the Statute of 27. *Eliz.* And all Outlawries, Proceedings, Judgements and Executions for the ſame Offences, or any of them.

1. *Provided*, It ſhall be lawful for Clerks and other Officers of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, to make Writs of *Capias utlagatum*, againſt ſuch perſons Outlawed as be pardoned by the Act, to compel the Defendant to anſwer to the Plaintiffs at whoſe ſuit they were Outlawed: And every perſon ſo Outlawed, ſhall have a *Scire Facias* againſt the party who is ſo Outlawed, before the Pardon ſhall be allowed to him or them ſo Outlawed.

2. This Act of Pardon, not to extend to Pardon any Outlawries upon any Writ of *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, till the party Outlawed ſhall ſatisfie, or agree with the party at whoſe ſuit he is Outlawed or condemned.

Except, All Informations and Proceedings depending concerning High-wayes and Bridges, and all Iſſues returned concerning the ſame, ſince the 30th. of *January*, 1648. And *except* all Recognizances, Bonds, and Securities given, or entred into ſince the 25th. of *March*, 1640. by any Receiver, Bailiff, Collector, or other Accomptant in the Court of Exchequer, and their Sureties and Accompts reſpectively.

Not to extend to pardon or diſcharge any Recognizance, Obligation or Bond which is not yet forfeited.

X. All Acts of Hoſtility and Injuries, whether between the late King and the Lords and Commons then in Parliament aſſembled, or between any the people of the Nation which did ariſe upon any action, attempt, aſſiſtance, counſel, or advice having relation to the late troubles between the late King and Parliament, or the King that now is, or any of his Subjects (which are not herein excepted) the ſame and what ever hath enſued thereupon, whether touching upon the Laws or Liberties of the Nation, or upon the honour of the King, or upon the

honour

honour and authority of Parliament, or to the prejudice of any particular or private person, shall in no time after the 24. of *June* 1660. be called in question, whatsoever the quality of the person, or of what kind, or degree, civil or criminal, the injury to be, and no mention to be made thereof in time to come.

XI. If any person or persons, within three years shall presume to call, or alledge of, or object against any other person, *&c.* any name, names, or other words of reproach, tending to revive the memory of the late differences, or the occasions thereof, every person so offending, shall pay unto the party grieved, if he be of the degree of a Gentleman or above, 10. *l.* if under that degree, 40. *s.* to be recovered by action of debt, to be brought in any of his Majesties Courts of Record wherein no essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed, so as the action be brought and presented within six months after the Offence committed.

Provided, This *Act* shall not extend to give any benefit unto any person, or persons, who have had any hand in plotting the Rebellion in *Ireland*, (other then such as by an intended *Act* shall be named to be pardoned) nor to incurr to restore any persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate (other than the Marquess of *Ormond*, and other the Protestants of *Ireland*) and their Heirs, and such others as in an *Act* intended to be passed, shall be expressed, any Estates, Liberties, Franchises, or Hereditaments in *England*, or *Ireland* sold, or disposed of by both, or either Houses of Parliament, or any Convention assuming the name of a Parliament, or any persons deriving authority from them, nor to the mean Profits, Rents, or Contingencies of the same.

XII. Every person hereby pardoned, may plead the general issue, and give the *Act* in evidence for his discharge.

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to extend to pardon any persons whatsoever, for any theft or stealing of any goods, or other felonies since the 4. of *March* 1659.

2. Nor to extend to acquit or discharge any persons from making restitution of all such Rents, sums of Monies, Horses, Cattel, or other Goods, which by a pretended *Act*, Entituled, *An Act of Repeal of two Acts of Parliament for Sequestrations*, are requested to be restored from whom they were taken; nor bar the Owners from their actions

or

or ſuits at Law or Equity, for or by reaſon of the ſame, or any other Rents, ſums of Moneys, Houſes, &c. which ſince the 25. day of *July* 1659. have been by any perſon wrongfully received, or taken away, and for which, the ſaid wrong doers are not any wiſe indempnified, by the ſaid, or any other Act of Repeal.

XIII. No perſon who by vertue of any Order, Warrant, mediately, or immediately derived from the late King, or the now King, or any the Authorities aforeſaid, or any perſon acting under them, that have levyed, ſeized, ſequeſtred, or paid to any publick uſe, or to any publick Treaſury within this Kingdom, any goods, debts, rents, or monies belonging to any perſon whatſoever, ſhall be moleſted for the ſame, but diſcharged for ſo much as their Acquittances extend unto.

1. *Provided*, This ſhall not extend to diſcharge any perſon, *&c.* for any ſum or ſums of money received for that illegal Tax of Decimation, or upon the accompt of any Militia, ſetled, or acted in ſince 1648. and not accompted for, or paid over, or diſcharged to, or by any that had authority, or pretended authority to diſcharge the reſpective Receivers of the ſame.

2. If any perſon, or perſons being the Kings menial ſervant, *&c.* or having, or pretending to have particular directions from him, have during the time of ſuch his relation of the King, or whilſt they pretended to act for his Majeſties intereſt, wilfully, malicioufly and traiterouſly held intelligence with any Forreign Prince, State, or with any perſon uſurping Supream Authority in the Kings Dominions, or with their Agents, and without the Kings Licence, and to the intent to betray the Kings Perſon, or Councels, or have received monies, or pentions for ſuch treachery, ſuch perſon is exepted out of the Act, ſo as ſuch perſon be out-lawed, or convicted thereof within two years from the 25. of *April* 1660.

3. Nor to extend to pardon or diſcharge any debts or monies due for Exciſe of any Goods or Merchandizes whereof entries have been made in the Cuſtom Houſe, which have grown due ſince the 25. of *March*, 1658. or to diſcharge any moneyes due to the Farmers of Exciſe, ſince the 25. of *March* 1657.

4. Not to extend to pardon or give any benefit whatſoever, to *John Liſle*, *William Say*, Sir *Hardres Waller*, *Valentine Wanton*, *Thomas Harriſon*, *Edward Whaley*, *William Hevingham*

Hevingham, *Iſaac Pennington*, *Henry Martin*, *John Barkſtead*, *Gilbert Millington*, *Edmund Ludlow*, Sir *Michael Liveſey*, *Robert Tichborn*, *Owen Row*, *Robert Lilborn*, *Adrian Scroop*, *John Okey*, *John Hewſon*, *William Goff*, *Cornelius Holland*, *Thomas Chaloner*, *John Carew*, *John Iones*, *Miles Corbet*, *Henry Smith*, *Gregory Clement*, *Thomas Wogan*, *Edmund Harvey*, *Thomas Scot*, *William Crawley*, *Iohn Downs*, *Nicholas Love*, *Vincent Potter*, *Auguſtine Gorland*, *John Dixwell*, *George Fleetwood*, *Simon Meyn*, *Iames Temple*, *Peter Temple*, *Daniel Blagrave*, *Thomas Wait*, *Iohn Cook*, *Andrew Broughton*, *Edward Dendy*, *William Hewlet*, *Hugh Peters*, *Frances Hacker*, *Daniel Axtell*, or any of them, nor to thoſe two perſons, or either of them diſguiſed upon the Scaffold the 30th. of *Ianuary*, 1648. erected before *White-hall*; all which perſons, for being inſtrumental in the Murther of the late King, are wholly excluded and left to be proceeded againſt as Traytors.

But in regard the ſaid *Owen Row*, *Auguſtine Garland*, *Edmund Harvey*, *Henry Smith*, *Henry Martin*, Sir, *Hardres Waller*, *Robert Tichborn*, *George Fleetwood*, *Iames Temple*, *Thomas Wait*, *Simon Meyn*, *William Heveningham*, *Iſaac Pennington*, *Peter Temple*, *Robert Lilburn*, *Gilbert Millington*, *Vincent Potter*, *Thomas Wogan*, and *Iohn Downs*, have rendred themſelves (according to the Declaration of the 6th. of *Iune*, 1660.) and thereby pretended to ſome favour; It is Enacted, That if the ſaid *Owen Rowe* and the reſt laſt mentioned Perſons, or any of them, ſhall be attained for their Treaſon and Murder aforeſaid; Yet the Execution of them ſhall be ſuſpended untill his Majeſty and the Parl. ſhall order their Execution.

XIV. *Except* out of the Act *Oliver Cromwel*, *Henry Ireton*, *Iohn Bradſhaw* and *Thomas Pride*; Nor ſhall the *Act* extend to diſcharge the Lands, Goods, Rights, and Truſts of *Oliver Cromwel*, *Henry Ireton*, *Iohn Bradſhaw*, *Thomas Pride*, *Iſaac Ewer*, Sir *Iohn Danvers*, Sir *Thomas Malevorer*, *William Purefoy*, *Iohn Blackiſton*, Sir *William Conſtable*, *Rich. Dean*, *Frances Allen*, *Peregrine Pelham*, *Iohn Moor*, *Iohn Aldred*, *Humphrey Edwards*, Sir *Gregory Norton*, *Iohn Venn*, *Thomas Andrews* Alderman, *Anthony Stapely*, *Thomas Horton*, *Iohn Fry*, *Thomas Hammond*, Sir *Iohn Bourchier*, all deceaſed, from ſuch forfeitures and penalties as by an *Act* of Parliament intended to be paſſed for the purpoſe ſhall be therein expreſſed.

XV. *Except*

XV. *Except* alſo *William* Lord *Monnſon*, Sir *Henry Mildmay*, Sir *James Harrington*, *John Phelps*, *Robert Wallop*, all which perſons did act and ſit in that Trayterous Aſſembly which murdered the late King *Charles* the Firſt, and are therefore reſerved to ſuch Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, not extending to life, as by another Act of Parliament ſhall be impoſed upon them

XVI. *Except* Sir *Arthur Haſterigg*, for and in reſpect only of ſuch Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures not extending to life, as by an intended *Act* to be paſsed, ſhall be inflicted and impoſed.

1. *John Hutchinſon* Eſquire, and *Francis Laſſels*, are made for ever uncapable to execute any Place or Office of Truſt; and *Francis Laſſels* is to pay to the King one full years value of his Eſtate.

2. The *Act* not to extend to the pardoning, or to give any benefit unto Sir *Henry Vane*, *John Lambert*, or either of them; but they are wholly exempted out of the *Act*.

3. *Provided*, If *William Lenthal*, *William Burton*, *Oliver Saint-John*, *John Ireton* Alderman, Colonel *William Sidenham*, Colonel *John Desborow*, *John Blackwel* of *Mortlack*, *Chriſtopher Pack* Alderman, *Richard Keeble*, *Charles Fleetwood*, *John Pyne*, *Richard Dean*, Major *Richard Creed*, *Philip Nye* Clerk, *John Goodwin* Clerk, Sir *Gilbert Pickering*, Colonel *Thomas Liſter*, and Colonel *Ralph Cobbet*, ſhall after 1. *September*, 1660. accept or exerciſe any Office Eccleſiaſtical, Civil or Military, or other publick Employment in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*; ſuch perſon or perſons who ſhall ſo accept or execute as aforeſaid, ſhall ſtand to all intents, as if he or they had been totally exempted by name in the Act.

All thoſe who ſince 5. *December*, 1648. did give ſentence of Death upon any perſon in the late Illegal High Courts of Juſtice in *England* or *Wales*, or ſigned the Warranted for Execution of any perſon there condemned (except Coll. *Richard Ingolsby*, and Collonel *Matthew Tomlinſon*) are diſabled to bear any Office Eccleſiaſtical, Civil, or Military in *England*, and *Wales*, or to be a Member of any Paliament after 1 *September*. 1660.

XVII. All Truſtees in a pretended *Act* made 1649. concerning Tithes Appropriate, Oblations, *&c.* Fee-farm Rents, firſt Fruits, *&c.* and their Heirs, ſhall accompt for the ſame, if they

they have not been employed or diſpoſed of for the maintenance of Miniſters or other uſes, according to the ſaid pretended *Act*, or ſome other *Act* or *Ordinance* made in the years 1650, 1654, 1656. by an Aſſembly called or reputed a Parl. or aſſuming ſuch power according to the intention thereof. And the *Agents* and *Receivers* under the Order of the ſaid *Truſtees*; and the Occupiers and Tenants of the premiſſes who have taken the profits thereof without agreement for Rent, and have made no ſatisfaction to the ſaid *Truſtees* or others by their Order; and alſo they who have holden the ſame under agreement to pay Rent, and have not paid the ſame, ſhall reſpectively accompt for ſo much of the premiſſes as are unſatisfied according to ſuch Agreements; All which payments and accompts ſhall be made to ſuch perſons, and in ſuch manner as ſhall be directed. Nevertheleſs, no Miniſter, or School-Maſter, or other perſon for whoſe benefit or maintenance the ſaid pretended *Act* or *Ordinances* were made, ſhall be accomptable for any profits or monies paid to them, or received by them, by vertue of any Order of the ſaid *Truſtees*, or any of them, or otherwiſe.

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to extend to pardon any Bond taken in his late Majeſties Name before 1642 for the ſecuring of any proper Debt of any ſervant, or Receiver of the Revenues of his ſaid Majeſty, if it hath not been paid to, or by Order of ſome lawful, or pretended *Authority*; And whereas by an Order of 26 *May*, 1641. The Houſe of Commons did accept of 150000*l.* as a compoſition from the Farmers of ſeveral Cuſtoms, Voted to be illegally taken: and ſome of the ſaid Farmers did pay the ſaid 150000 pounds at the deſire of the ſaid Houſe of Commons; and upon their Declaration, that ſuch of the ſaid Farmers as did not pay their propo:tions, ſhould not be pardoned, but proceeded againſt, and out of their Fines ſatisfaction to be made to thoſe who had paid the ſaid ſum: And in purſuance thereof, did on the 1. of *June* next following Reſolve, that the Eſtates of ſuch perſons, living or dead, as by colour of any Patent received Monies from the Subject under the pretence of ſuch Cuſtoms, ought to be lyable to reſtitution. This *Act* doth not pardon any perſon, his Heirs, Executors, *&c.* who have not paid their proportions of the ſaid ſum of 150000*l.* or ought to have been contributary thereunto; but that the eſtates of the dead as well as of the living, of ſuch perſons who ought to have been contributary, in whoſe poſſeſſion ſoever (Purchaſors *bona fide*) upon valuable

conſideration only excepted) ſhall be charged and chargeable with the payment of their proportions, as if this *Act* had not been made.

2. Not to extend to pardon any perſon, their Heirs, Executors, of any ſums of monies due, and arrears for Exciſe of Beer, Ale, or other Native or Inland Commodities ſince 24. of *June*, 1659.

3. Nor to extend to the pardoning or diſcharging of any ſum of money due from any Officers or Souldiers to any of the Subjects of this Kingdom for Free Quarter, ſince the 2 of *July*, 1659. Or to diſcharge any Monies borrowed by any Officers for preventing Free-quarter.

XVIII. No Conveyance, Aſſurance, Grant, Bargain, Sale, Charge, Leaſe, Aſſignment of Leaſes, Grants and Surrenders by Copy of Court-Roll, Eſtate, Intereſt, Truſt, or limitation of Uſe, or Uſes of any Mannors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, not being the late Kings, Queens, Princes, or Church Lands; Nor being Lands ſold or given, or ſo appointed to be for the Delinquency, or the pretended Delinquency of any one whatſoever by pretext of any *Act*, *Order*, or *Ordinance*, or reputed *Act*, &c. ſince the firſt of *January*, 1641. Nor any *Statute*, *Judgement*, or *Recognizance* had, made, acknowledged or ſuffered to any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politique or Corporate, before the 29th. of *September*, 1659. by any of the perſons before in this *Act* by name Excepted or their Heirs; Or by any claiming by, from, or under them, or any of them (other than their Wives, Children, Heirs of ſuch perſons, or any of them) for moneys *bona fide*, to them or any of them paid or lent: Nor any Conveyance or Eſtate, *&c.* made before the 25th. of *April*, 1660. by any perſon to any ſuch perſon Excepted by name as aforeſaid in Truſt, or for the benefit of any other perſons, Bodies politick or Corporate (not excepted by name as aforeſaid) ſhall be defeated, impeached, or made void hereby, or by the Attainder or Conviction of any ſuch perſon Excepted, but ſhall be held and enjoyed by the Purchaſors, Grantees, Leſſees, Aſſignees, *Ceſtuy que Uſes*, *Ceſtuy que Truſts*, their reſpective Heirs, Executors, *&c.* as if no ſuch *Attainder* or *Conviction* had been.

Provided, The *Act* not to extend to indemnifie any perſon whatſoever who have entred into any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements and Heriditaments called Fabrick Lands, or poſſeſſed them

themſelves of any rents or revenues given for the repair of any Cathedral, or other Church; Or who have ſacrilegiouſly enriched themſelves by the converting of the Plate, Utenſils and Materials of, or belonging to ſuch Churches for their private uſe and advantage, for, or in reſpect of the ſaid crimes only.

Parliament.

I. Enacted 16. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 1. In caſe there be not a Parliament ſommoned by Writ under the Great Seal of *England*, and aſſembled and held before the 10th. day of *September*, which ſhall be in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting and ſitting of this preſent Parliament, the beginning of the firſt year to be accounted from the laſt meeting and ſitting: and ſo from time to time at all times hereafter, if there ſhall not be a Parliament before the 10th day of *September*, in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting, and ſitting before that time aſſembled and held: Then in every ſuch caſe, the Parliament ſhall be aſſembled and held in the uſual place at *Weſtminſter*, on the ſecond *Monday*, which ſhall be in the month of *November* then next enſuing.

II. In caſe the preſent *Parliament* aſſembled and held; or any other *Parliament* which ſhall be hereafter aſſembled and held by Writ; or in caſe any *Parliament* ſhall be aſſembled by authority of this preſent *Act*: and ſuch *Parliaments*, or any of them be prorogued, or adjourned, or continued, or adjourned by prorogation or adjournment untill the 10th day of *September*, which ſhall be in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting, and ſitting in *Parliament*, to be accounted as aforeſaid: In every ſuch caſe, every ſuch *Parliament* ſo prorogued or adjourned, or ſo continued by prorogation or adjournment, ſhall from the ſaid 10th. day of *September* be clearly and abſolutely diſſolved. And the Lord *Chancellor*, Lord Keeper of the *Great Seal*, and every Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners for the keeping of the *Great Seal* of *England*, ſhall within ſix dayes after the ſaid 10th. day of *September*, in every ſuch third year, in due form of Law, without any Warrant or direction from his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſeal and ſend abroad ſeveral and reſpective Writs to the ſeveral and reſpective Peers of the Realm, that they be perſonally at

conſideration only excepted) ſhall be charged and chargeable with the payment of their proportions, as if this *Act* had not been made.

2. Not to extend to pardon any perſon, their Heirs, Executors, of any ſums of monies due, and arrears for Exciſe of Beer, Ale, or other Native or Inland Commodities ſince 24. of *June*, 1659.

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Provided, The *Act* not to extend to indemnifie any perſon whatſoever who have entred into any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements and Heriditaments called Fabrick Lands, or poſſeſſed them

themſelves of any rents or revenues given for the repair of any Cathedral, or other Church; Or who have ſacrilegiouſly enriched themſelves by the converting of the Plate, Utenſils and Materials of, or belonging to ſuch Churches for their private uſe and advantage, for, or in reſpect of the ſaid crimes only.

Parliament.

I. Enacted 16. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 1. In caſe there be not a Parliament ſommoned by Writ under the Great Seal of *England*, and aſſembled and held before the 10th. day of *September*, which ſhall be in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting and ſitting of this preſent Parliament, the beginning of the firſt year to be accounted from the laſt meeting and ſitting: and ſo from time to time at all times hereafter, if there ſhall not be a Parliament before the 10th day of *September*, in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting, and ſitting before that time aſſembled and held: Then in every ſuch caſe, the Parliament ſhall be aſſembled and held in the uſual place at *Weſtminſter*, on the ſecond *Monday*, which ſhall be in the month of *November* then next enſuing.

II. In caſe the preſent *Parliament* aſſembled and held; or any other *Parliament* which ſhall be hereafter aſſembled and held by Writ; or in caſe any *Parliament* ſhall be aſſembled by authority of this preſent *Act*: and ſuch *Parliaments*, or any of them be prorogued, or adjourned, or continued, or adjourned by prorogation or adjournment untill the 10th day of *September*, which ſhall be in the third year next after the laſt day of the laſt meeting, and ſitting in *Parliament*, to be accounted as aforeſaid: In every ſuch caſe, every ſuch *Parliament* ſo prorogued or adjourned, or ſo continued by prorogation or adjournment, ſhall from the ſaid 10th. day of *September* be clearly and abſolutely diſſolved. And the Lord *Chancellor*, Lord Keeper of the *Great Seal*, and every Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners for the keeping of the *Great Seal* of *England*, ſhall within ſix dayes after the ſaid 10th. day of *September*, in every ſuch third year, in due form of Law, without any Warrant or direction from his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſeal and ſend abroad ſeveral and reſpective Writs to the ſeveral and reſpective Peers of the Realm, that they be perſonally at

the *Parliament* to be held at *Weſtminſter* the ſecond day of *November* next following the ſaid tenth day of *September*, to treat concerning the high and urgent Affairs concerning his Majeſty, the State, the defence of the Kingdom, and Church of ENGLAND; and ſhall ſeal, and ſend abroad ſeveral and reſpective Writs to the ſeveral and reſpective Sheriffs of the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities, and Boroughs of *England* and *Wales*, and to the Conſtable of the Caſtle of *Dover*, Warden of the *Cinque Ports*, Mayor and Bayliffs of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and to all and every Officer and perſon to whom Writs have uſed to be directed, for the Election of the Citizens, Barons, and Burgeſſes of and for the ſaid Counties; Cities, *Cinque Ports*, and Boroughs reſpectively, to appear and ſerve in *Parliament* to be held at *Weſtminſter* on the ſecond *Monday*, which ſhall be in *November* aforeſaid; which ſaid Peers after the ſaid Writs received, and Citizens, Barons and Burgeſſes ſhall then and there appear and ſerve in *Parliament* accordingly.

III. The Lord *Chancellor*, Lord Keeper, and *Commiſſioner*, or *Commiſſioners* ſhall take a ſolemn Oath *in hac verba*, viz. *You ſhall ſwear, That you ſhall truly and faithfully iſſue forth, and ſend abroad Writs of Summons to Parliament, for both Houſes, at ſuch time as is enjoyned by an Act of Parliament*, Entituled, *An Act for the preventing of Inconveniences happening by the long intermiſſion of Parliaments.* The ſaid Oath to be adminiſtred by the Clerk of the *Crown* to them; and that none of them reſpectively ſhall execute any of the ſaid Offices before they have taken the ſaid Oath.

IV. If the Lord *Chancellor*, Lord *Keeper*, or any of the ſaid *Commiſſioners* ſhall fail or forbear to iſſue out the ſaid Writs according to the true meaning of the *Act*, he or they reſpectively ſhall be diſabled, and become by vertue of this *Act*, *ipſo facto*, to bear his or their ſaid Offices, and be further lyable to ſuch puniſhment, as ſhall be inflicted on him or them by the next, or any other enſuing Parliament.

V. In caſe the Lord *Chancellor*, *&c* ſhall not iſſue forth the ſaid Writs as aforeſaid; Or that the *Parliament* do not aſſemble, to be held at the time and place aforeſaid, then the *Parliament* ſhall aſſemble, and be held in the uſual place at *Weſtminſter* on the third *Monday*, which ſhall be in the moneth of *January* then next enſuing: And the Peers ſhall be enabled, and are enjoyned to meet in the old Palace of *Weſtminſter*,

in

in the uſual place there, on the third *Monday* of the ſaid moneth of *November*, and they, or twelve, or more of them aſſembled, ſhall at or before the laſt *Monday* next following the 10th day of *September* aforeſaid, by vertue of this *Act*, without other warrant, iſſue out Writs in the name of the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, atteſted under the Hands and Seals of twelve, or more of the ſaid Peers, to the ſeveral and reſpective Sheriffs of the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities, and Boroughs aforeſaid, *&c.* and to all other Officers and Perſons, to whom Writs have been uſed to be directed for the Electing of Knights, Citizens, Barons, and Burgeſſes for the ſaid Counties, Cities, *Cinque-Ports*, and Boroughs, to be, and appear at the *Parliament* at *Weſtminſter* aforeſaid, to be held on the third *Monday* in *January* then next following: which Writs the Clerk of the *Petti-bag*, and other Clerks to whom the writing of Writs for Summons to the *Parliament* doth belong; or whom the ſaid Lords, or twelve or more of them ſhall appoint, ſhall make and prepare ready for ſignature of the ſaid Lords, or any twelve, or more of them, upon pain to loſe their Places and Offices, *&c.* And the ſaid Writs ſo iſſued forth, ſhall be of the ſame power as Writs or Summons to *Parliament* under the *Great Seal* of *England* have ever been, or ought to be: And the Meſſengers of the *Chamber*, or others who ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Lords, or any twelve, or more of them, are ſpeedily to deliver the ſaid Writs to every perſon and perſons, Sheriffs, Officers, and others to whom the ſame ſhall be directed; which if they or any of them fail to perform, they ſhall forfeit their Places, and incur ſuch other puniſhment as by that, or any other enſuing Parliament ſhall be impoſed on them.

VI. That all and every the Peers ſhall make their appearance, and aſſemble on the ſaid third day of *January*, in ſuch manner, and to ſuch effect, and with ſuch power, as if they had received Writs of Summons to *Parliament* under the *Great Seal* in the uſual and accuſtomed manner: And in caſe the ſaid Lords, or 12. or more of them, ſhall fail to iſſue forth ſuch Writs; Or that the ſaid Writs do not come to the ſaid ſeveral Counties, Cities, *&c.* ſo that an Election be not thereupon made: And in caſe there be no *Parliament* aſſembled and held before the ſaid 23. day of the ſaid moneth of *January*, and ſo from time to time, and at all times hereafter, if the next *Parliament* aſſembled here before the ſaid 23. day of *January*;

then the *Parliament* ſhall aſſemble, and be held in the uſual place at *Weſtminſter*, in ſuch manner, and by ſuch means only as is hereafter Enacted in this preſent *Act*, and not otherwiſe, on the ſecond *Tueſday*, which ſhall be in the month of *March* next after the ſaid 23. day of *January*, at which the Peers ſhall aſſemble at the time and place aforeſaid, and ſhall be lyable to ſuch pains for not appearing and ſerving then and there in *Parliament*, as if he or they had been ſummoned by Writ under the *Great Seal*, and had not appearad and ſerved, and to ſuch other Pains and Cenſures, as by the reſt of the Peers in *Parliament* aſſembled, they ſhall be adjudged unto.

VII. That the ſeveral Sheriffs of their ſeveral Counties, Cities and Boroughs, *&c.* and the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars of both, and evety the *Univerſities*; the Mayor and Bailiffs of the Borough of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall, at the ſeveral places to be held and appointed for their reſpective Counties, Univerſities, Cities and Boroughs, *&c.* next after the ſaid 23th day of *January*, cauſe ſuch Knight and Knights, Citizen and Citizens, Burgeſs and Burgeſſes of their ſaid Counties, Univerſities, Cities, Boroughs, *&c.* to be choſen by ſuch perſons, and in ſuch manner, as if ſeveral and reſpective Writs of Summons to *Parliament* under the *Great Seal* of *England* had iſſued: And in caſe any of the Sheriffs, or the Maſters and Scholars of the Univerſities, or the Mayor and Bailiffs of *Berwick* reſpectively, do not before ten of the clock in the Forenoon of the ſame day, wherein their ſeveral Courts and Places ſhall be held or appointed, begin and proceed on in chooſing ſuch Knight and Knights, Citizen or Citizens, Burgeſs or Burgeſſes as aforeſaid; Then the Free-holders of every County, Maſter and Scholars of every Univerſity, and the Citizens and others having joyned in ſuch Election, ſhall forthwith without further warrant or direction, proceed to the Election of ſuch Knight or Knights, Citizen, or Citizens, Burgeſs or Burgeſſes aforeſaid, in ſuch manner as is uſual in caſe of Writs of Summons iſſued and awarded.

VIII. That the Sheriffs of their ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Conſtable of the Caſtle of *Dover*, and *Lord Warden* of the *Cinque Ports*, or his Lieutenant for the time being reſpectively, ſhall after the ſaid 23. day of *January*, and before the 8th of *February* next and immediately enſuing, ſend forth their Precepts to the ſeveral Cities and Boroughs within their ſeveral Counties, and likewiſe unto the *Cinque Ports*, commanding them reſpectively

reſpectively to make their choiſe of ſuch Citizens, Barons, Burgeſs and Burgeſſes to ſerve in the ſaid *Parliament*, at the time and place aforeſaid; which ſaid *Cities*, *Cinque-ports* and Boroughs, ſhall reſpectively before the laſt day of the ſaid month of *February*, make Election of ſuch Citizens, *&c.* as if Writs of Summons of *Parliament* under the *Great Seal* of *England* had iſſued. And in caſe no ſuch Precept ſhall come to the ſaid Cities, *&c.* Or in caſe any Precept ſhall come, and no Election be made before the ſaid laſt day of *February*, That then the ſaid Citizens, Burgeſſes, and other perſons, that ought to Elect and ſend Citizens, *&c.* to the *Parliament*, ſhall on the firſt *Tueſday* in *March* next enſuing the ſaid laſt day of *February*, make choiſe of ſuch Citizen and Citizens, Barons, Burgeſs and Burgeſſes, as if a Writ of *Summons* under the *Great Seal* of *England* had iſſued, and Precepts thereupon iſſued to ſuch *Cities*, *Cinque-Ports*, and *Boroughs*; Which Knights, Citizens, *&c.* ſhall appear and ſerve in *Parliament* at the time and place aforeſaid, and ſhall each be lyable to ſuch Pains and Cenſures for their not appearing, and ſerving then and there in *Parliament*, as if he or they had been Elected and choſen, by vertue of a Writ under the *Great Seal* of *England*, and ſhall be ſubject to ſuch further Pains and Cenſures as the reſt of the Knights, Citizens, *&c.* aſſembled in the Commons Houſe of *Parliament*, he or they ſhall be adjudged unto: And if the Sheriff and other perſons to whom it appertaineth to make Returns and accept and receive ſuch Returns of ſuch Elections, as if Writs of *Summons* had iſſued, and bee executed as hath been uſed and accuſtomed; and in default of making Return of ſuch Elections, it ſhall be lawful, for the *Free-holders*, and ſuch as have elected to make Return of Knights, Citizens, *&c.* by them elected, which ſhall be as effectual to all intents and purpoſes, as if the Sheriff or other Officers had received a Writ of *Summons* for a *Parliament*, and had made ſuch Returns; and ſuch Elections, Precepts, and Returns ſhall be had, made at ſuch times, and by ſuch perſons, and in ſuch manner as in the *Act* is expreſsed, any Writ, Proclamation, Edict, Act, Reſtraint, Inhibition, Order or Warrant to the contrary notwithſtanding. And in caſe any perſon ſhall adviſe, frame, contrive, ſerve, or put in execution any ſuch Writ, Proclamation, Edict, Act, Inhibition, Order or Warrant thereupon, he or they ſhall incur and ſuſtain ſuch

pains, penalties and forfeitures limited in and by the Statute of Proviſion and *Præmunire* of 16. *R.* 2. and ſhall be diſabled during life, to ſue, or implead any perſon in any action real or perſonal, or make any gift, grant, or Conveyance, or other diſpoſition of his Lands, Tenements, Goods and Chattels which he hath to his own uſe, by act executed in his life time, or by his laſt will, or otherwiſe: Or to take any gift, conveyance, or legacy to his own uſe, or to take any benefit of any gift, conveyance, or legacy to his own uſe.

IX. If any Sheriff, Conſtable of *Dover* Caſtle, Warden of the Cinque Ports, ſhall not perform his duty enjoyned by the *Act*, he ſhall forfeit 1000 *l.* every County, Cinque Port and Borough that ſhall not make election, ſhall incur the Penalties following, *viz.* every County 1000 *l.* every City not a County 200 *l.* Cinque Port 100 *l.* the ſaid forfeitures to be recovered at *Weſtminſter* in the name of the Lord Mayor of *London* for the time being, by action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, Information, wherein no eſſoin, protection, wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance. And if any perſon (after notice given that the action is proſecuted by vertue of this *Act*) ſhall procure ſuch action to be ſtopped before Judgement, by colour of any order, power, or authority, ſave of the Court where the action is brought; Or after Judgment ſhall cauſe or procure Execution to be ſtayed by any order, power, or authority, ſave only by Writ of Error, or Attaint, the perſons offending to incur the pains and penalties of the Statute of 16. *R.* 2. of *Præmunire*: and ſuch action, ſuit, or information ſhall not be diſcontinued by the death or removal of the Mayor, but it ſhall be lawful for the Lord Mayor next ſucceeding in the ſaid Office to proſecute every ſuch action, *&c.* and the 5. part of the forfeitures in the ſaid *Act*. ſhall go to the uſe of the City of *London*, and the other 4 parts reſidue to be employed and diſpoſed of as by the Knights, Citizens, *&c.* in Parliament aſſembled ſhall be appointed.

Provided, If the Free-holders, and thoſe who have power to make Election, do proceed making Election of the Knights, Citizens, *&c.* which Election ſhall be afterwards adjudged and declared void, then the Counties, Cities, *&c.* ſhall not incur the penalties in the Act, ſo as an Election in fact be made.

X. No Parliament aſſembled ſhall be prorogued, or diſſolved within 40 dayes after the time appointed for the meeting thereof,

thereof, without the conſent of the King, his Heirs, &c. and both Houſes of Parliament; and that neither Houſes of Parliament ſhall be adjourned within 50. dayes, unleſs it be with the free aſſent of both Houſes.

XI. That the Peers aſſembled in Parliament, may at any time during their aſſembly in Parliament, chooſe and declare ſuch a perſon to be Speaker for the Peers, as they ſhall think fit: and likewiſe the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes aſſembled in Parliament, may declare one of themſelves to be Speaker for the ſaid Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, &c. as they ſhall think fit, who ſhall be perfect Speaker of either Houſes accordingly.

XII. All Parliaments hereafter to be aſſembled by authority of this Act, and every member thereof ſhall have all rights, priviledges and immunities, as any Parliament ſummoned by Writ under the *Great Seal* of *England*, or any member thereof might, or ought to have, and the Members aſſembled in the Houſe of Commons, ſhall have voices in Parliament before, and without taking the Oath of Supremacy, or Allegiance, or any of them.

1. *Provided*, That if the King, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, ſhall during any Parliament to be aſſembled, award Commiſſion, or Commiſſions to any perſon, or perſons to take and receive the Oath of Supremacy and Allegiance of all or any the Members of the Houſe of Commons; and any of the Members ſhall refuſe to take the ſame; that ſuch perſons ſo refuſing, ſhall be declared no Member of that Houſe, nor enjoy any voice therein.

XIII. This *Act* ſhall be publickly read yearly at every General Seſſions of the Peace to be held next after the *Epiphany*, and every Aſſize next enſuing, by the Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Aſſizes for the time being, and if they, or either of them ſhall neglect or fail to do the ſame, they ſhall forfeit the ſum of 100. *l.*

I. Enacted, 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* That this preſent Parliament now aſſembled, ſhall not be diſſolved, unleſs it be by *Act* of Parliament to be paſsed for that purpoſe: Nor ſhall be at any time or times during the continuance thereof, prorogued, or adjourned, unleſs it be by *Act* of Parliament, to be paſsed for that purpoſe.

II. That the Houſe of Peers, ſhall not at any time or times during this preſent Parliament, be adjourned, unleſs it be by themſelves

themſelves, or by their own order, and in like manner, that the Houſe of Commons ſhall not at any time, or times, during this Preſent Parliament, be adjourned unleſs it be by themſelves, or by their own order.

III. That all and every thing and things whatſoever, done, or to be done, for the adjourning, Proroguing, or diſſolving of the preſent Parliament contrary to this *Act*, ſhall be utterly void and of none effect. Expired by the death of King *Charles* the Firſt.

Petitions.

I. Enacted. 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 5. No perſon whatſoever from and after 1. of *Auguſt* 1661. ſhall ſollicite, labour, or procure the getting of hands, or other conſent of any perſons above the number of 20. or more, to any Petition, complaint, remonſtrance, declaration, or other addreſſes to the King, or both, or either Houſes of Parliament for the alteration of matters eſtabliſhed by Law in Church, or State, unleſs the matter thereof hath been firſt conſented unto and ordered by three or more Iuſtices of the County, or by the major part of the grand Jury of the County, or of the diviſion of the County, where the ſame matter ſhall ariſe, at their publick Aſſizes, or general quarter Seſſions: or if ariſing in *London*, by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty in Common-Councel Aſſembled.

II. No perſon whatſoever, ſhall repair to his Majeſty, or Parliament upon pretence of preſenting any Petition, Complaint, Remonſtrance, or Declaration, or other Addreſſes with exceſſive Number of People, nor at any one time with above the Number of ten perſons, upon pain of incurring a penalty, not exceeding 10. *l.* in money, or three months Impriſonment without bail or mainprize, the offence to be preſented at the Kings Bench, or at the Aſſizes, or quarter Seſſions within ſix months after the offence committed.

Provided, This Act not to extend, nor debar any perſon, or perſons not exceeding the Number of 19. to preſent any publick, or private grievance or complaint to any Member, or Members of Parliament after his election, and during the continuance of the Parliament: or to the King, for any remedy to be paid thereupon; nor to any Addreſſes whatſoever to the King, by all or any the Members of both, or either Houſes of Parliament during

during the ſitting of the Parliament, but that they may enjoy their freedom of addreſs to the King, as heretofore hath been uſed.

Poll-money for the Disbanding the Army.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 9. All and every perſon who at the time of the execution of this *Act* ſhall be of the ſeveral Ranks and degrees herein after mentioned; ſhall pay the ſeveral ſums of money in the *Act* appointed; *viz.* every Duke of *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland* inhabiting and reſiding within the Kingdom ſhall pay, 100 *l.* every Marqueſs, 80. *l.* every Earl, 60. *l.* a Viſcount, 50. *l.* a Baron, 40. *l.* The eldeſt Son of a Duke being of the age of 21. years 60. *l.* of a Marqueſs, 50. *l.* of an Earl, 40. *l.* of a Viſcount, 35. *l.* of a Baron, 30. *l.* a Barronet of any of the 3. Kingdoms, or of *Nova Scotia*, 30. *l.* a Knight of the Bath, 30. *l.* a Knight Batchelor, 20. *l.* a Sarjeant at Law, 20. *l.* every perſon of the decree of an Eſquire above the age of 21. years 10. *l.* every Widdow reſpectively according to her Husbands degree a third part what her Husband was to pay.

II. Every Parſon or Vicar Poſſeſſed of a Parſonage or Vicarige or other eſtate of 100. *l.* 40. *s.* every Doctor of the civil or common Law, 5. *l.* every Advocate 5. *l.* a Judge or Commiſſioner in the Court of Admiralty, 20. *l.* a Proctor, 5. *l.* a Doctor of Phyſick, 10. *l.*

III. The Lord Mayor of *London*, 40. *l.* every Sheriff, Alderman, or who hath fined for Alderman, 20. *l.* every Deputy Alderman, 10 *l.* The Town Clerk of *London*, 20. every Common-Councel man, 5. *l.* every perſon who hath been *Maſter* of the firſt 12. Companies, or fined for the ſame, 10. *l.* every Warden thereof, or who hath fined, 6. *l.* 13. *s.* 4. *d.* every one of the Livery of the firſt 12. Companies, 5. *l.* every one who hath been *Maſter* of either of the Companies of Dyers, Brewers, Leather-ſellars, Girdlars, Stationers, Woodmongers, Upholſters, Apothecaries, Pewterers, Tallow Chandlors, Armorers, or Sadlers, 6. *l.* every perſon who hath been a Warden of either the ſaid Companies, 5. *l.* every perſon of the Livery, 3. *l.* every perſon of the Yeamanry, 1. *l.* every perſon who hath been *Maſter* of the Company of Barber-Chirurgions, White Bakers, Wax-Chandlers, Cutlers, Butchers, Carpenters, Painters, Cordwainers, Coopers, Scriveners, Brown-Bakers, Turners, or Inholders, 3. *l.* every perſon who hath been Warden of the ſaid Companies,

2. *l.*

2. *l.* every of the Livery, 1. *l.* every perſon who hath been Maſter of the Companies of Founders, Curriers, Maſons, Bricklayers, Joyners, Playſterers, Weavers, Fruterers, Marblers, Imbroyderers, Poulterers, Cooks or Plummers, 1. *l.* every perſon who hath been Warden, 15. *s.* every of the Livery, 10 *s.* every perſon who hath been of the Livery of either Company of Bowyers, Fletchers, Black-Smiths, Bottlemakers, Woolpackers, Farriers, Paviers, Lorriners, Glaſiers, Clerks or Watermen, 5. *s.* every Freeman of any Company within the City of *London*, 1. *s.* he that keepeth one or more Hackney Coaches and a pair of Horſes, 10. *s.* every Merchant Stranger if a Knight, 40. *l.* if below that degree, and be a Merchant Trading to Sea, 10 *l.* if Trading within the Land, 5 *l.* every Alien born uſing Trade within any of the Cities or Corporations of the Kingdom being a Houſekeeper, 10. *s.* every Engliſh Merchant reſiding in or about *London*, not Free of the City, 10. *l.* every Engliſh Factor within the City, 2. *l.* every perſon who hath been Alderman in any City within the Kingdom, if under the degree of a Knight or Eſquire, 5. *l.*

I V. Officers, *viz.* the Prothonotary of the Kings Bench, 100. *l.* the Clerk of the Crown of the Kings Bench, 20. *l.* *Cuſtos Brevium* of the ſaid Court, 40 *l.* Marſhal of the Kings Bench, 50. *l.* Maſter of the Rolls, 60. *l.* Clerk of the Crown in the Court of *Chancery*, 40. *l.* Clerk of the Rules in the Kings Bench, 10. *l.* Warden of the Fleet, 50. *l.* Clerk of the Hannaper, 40. *l.* Maſter of the *Subpena* Office, 40. *l.* Clerks of the Inrolment, 10. *l.* a piece; every of the ſix Clerks in *Chancery*, 40 *l.* every Curſitor of the ſame, 10. *l.* Uſher of the Court of *Chancery*, 10. *l.* every Clerk of the Petty-Bag, 5. *l.* every Examiner of the ſaid Court, 10. *l.* Chief Regiſter of the ſaid Court, 20. *l.* every under Regiſter, 10. *l.* every Clerk in any of the offices of the 6 Clerks in *Chancery*, 8 *l.* the Clerks of the Chappel of the Rolls, 3. *l.* a piece, every Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, 50. *l.* *Cuſtos Brevium* of the ſaid Court, 80. *l.* every Philezer of the ſaid Courts, 10. *l.* the Maſter of the fine Office, 30. *l.* Clerk of the Warrants, 10 *l.* Clerk of the Outlawries, 20. *l.* Clerk of the Statutes, 20. *l.* Clerk of the Treaſury, 10. *l.* Exigenter of the City of *London*, 40. *l.* every other Exigenter, 5. *l.* the Kings Remembrancer of the Exchequer, 40. *l.* the Lord Treaſurers Remembrancer, 10. *l.* every Tellers of the ſaid Courts, 20. *l.* a piece. every Attorney of the *Exchequer* belonging to the office of Kings Remembrancer, 10. *l.* every Attorney of the office of Pleas, 10. *l.* the Remembrancer of the firſt fruits, 20. *l.* the Clerk of the Pipe, 40. *l.* the forreign opposer, 20. *l.* the Clerk of the Eſtreats, 20. *l.*

the

the Clerk of the Pleas in the ſaid Courts, 30 *l.* the Auditor of the Receipt of the *Exchequer*, 40 *l.* Clerk of the Pell in the Receipt, 30 *l.* Uſher of the Court of *Exchequer*, 20 *l.* every Attorney of the Office of Pleas in the Court of *Exchequer*, 10 *l.* every Auditor of the ſaid Court, 10 *l.* Clerk of the Court of the *Dutchy* of *Lancaſter*, 10 *l.* every Auditor of the ſaid Court, 10 *l.* every Clerk of the Privy Seal, 10 *l.* every Clerk of the Signet, 10 *l.* every Attorney at Law in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or within the Courts of Law or Equity, within the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, *Durham*, and of the Marches of *Wales*, 3 *l.* every Perſon in any office, or place under his Majeſty (except his Houſhold-ſervants in ordinary) 10 *l* The Lieutenant of the Tower of *London*, 50 *l.* every one that can diſpend in Lands, Leaſes, Monies, Stock, or otherwiſe of his own proper eſtate 100. *l. per annum*, 40. *s.* and ſo for a greater and leſſer eſtate; every ſingle perſon above the age of 16. years, 12. *d.* every other perſon not rated, not receiving Alms, above 16. years of age, 6. *d.*

V. All the ſeveral perſons of the ſeveral qualities and Degrees ſet down in the Act, ſhall pay their ſeveral proportions, in manner following, *viz.* within the City of *London* and 10. miles of the ſame within 12. dayes after proclamation made of the Act, and in all places elſe within 12. dayes after proclamation made in the accuſtomed places of the ſeveral Cities and Counties: And the Act appointed ſpecial Commiſſioners for every County, City, *&c.* and a very large clauſe as in the Act (for which *vide* the Act at large) of the reſpective powers and authorities given to the Commiſſioners, in the Act named for the managing and aſſeſſing of the ſeveral monies payable by vertue of the Act.

VI. And if any perſon ſhall diſſwade another from paying the rates aſſeſſed, or ſhall corruptly conſent that any perſon ſhall be rated below the proportion appointed, and the offence be proved by the Oaths of 2. Witneſſes before any 3. of the Commiſſioners who are impowered to adminiſter the ſame, ſhall by the Commiſſioners or 3. of them in their ſeveral Counties where the offence is done, be committed to the common Goal of the ſaid County (except they be Peers of the Realm) there to remain till delivered by the Juſtices of Aſſize, or Juſtices of the Peace at the general Quarter-Seſſions; and all perſons who are chargeable with the receipt of any the ſaid monies, who are negligent in the execution of their reſpective

duties

duties, ſhall be liable to ſuch puniſhments as the Parliament think fit.

VII. If any perſon within the City of *London*, or within 15 miles of the ſame, ſhall before the time limited, pay to Sir *Richard Brown* Baronet, Sir *John Langham* Baronet, Sir *William Wheeler* Knight, Sir *William Vincent* Knight, *Thomas Rich* Eſquire and Chamberlain of the City of *London*, or any two of them Treaſurers, and ſhall receive from any two of them a Certificate, or Acquittance of the receipt of ſuch monies, the ſaid perſons ſeverally ſhall thereby be diſcharged of, or for the ſaid ſums, and do acceptable ſervice to the King and Kingdom.

VIII. If any perſon ſhall lend the ſum of 100 *l.* or more, and before the 1. of *Auguſt* 1660. pay the ſame to ſuch as are authorized to receive the monies charged upon the reſpective Inhabitants of the City of *London*, they ſhall do acceptable ſervice, and be ſecured by this Act for the repayment thereof, with intereſt at 6 *l. per cent.* for a year, till the ſame be paid, and the monies ſo lent ſhall be paid by the Treaſurers before named out of the monies to be received by them, and the acquittance of the perſons ſo receiving the ſaid monies, ſhall be a good diſcharge to the ſaid Treaſurers for ſuch money and intereſt.

IX. The rates taxed upon the Lords, ſhall be collected by a Collector nominated by the Peers, who ſhall pay over the ſaid ſums to the Treaſurers.

Provided, No perſon of what degree or quality ſoever ſhall be doubly taxed, but every perſon ſhall pay the greater proportion he or ſhe is charged withall.

X. All and every the ſum and ſums of money to be levyed and raiſed by this Act, ſhall by the Treaſurers be imployed and diſpoſed for and towards the paying of the arrears, disbanding and diſcharging the reſpective Forces of this Kingdom, by Land and Sea, who were in pay the 10th. day of *June* 1660. and to no other uſe or purpoſe whatſoever; and accompt ſhall be given by the Treaſurers, to this, or to the next, or any other ſucceeding Parliament.

Provided, If any Peer ſhall be aſſeſſed higher than his Degree or Rank expreſſed in the Act, they ſhall be aſſeſſed by *George* Duke of *Albemarle*, *John* Marqueſs of *Winchester*, *Henry* Marqueſs of *Dorcheſter*, *Algernoon* Earl of *Northumberland*, *William*

William Lord *Paget*, *Philip* Lord *Wharton*, *John* Lord *Hunſdon*, *Henry* Lord *Arundel*, or any five of them.

An Additional Act.

I. Enacted 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 10. Every Houſholder being Maſter, or Maſters of a Family, ſhall within two dayes after demand made by any Aſſeſſor, or other Officer appointed, deliver to the Officer a true liſt of all perſons above the age of 16 years, as ſhall inhabit or reſide in their reſpective Families, with their Names, Sirnames, Degrees and Qualities; and upon default hereof, being convicted before 2 of the Commiſſioners, ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* and for every perſon omitted out of the Liſt 10 *s.* to be levyed by diſtreſs, *&c.*

II. The Commiſſioners in the reſpective Counties, Cities, *&c.* ſhall at, or before the 20th of *October* next, return into the *Exchequer* true duplicates of all ſums of monies taxed and aſſeſſed by the Act, with the names of the Collectors of the ſame.

III. The Commiſſioners named for *London* and the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall after the receipt of every ſum paid to them by the Collectors, immediately pay the ſame to the Treaſurers, whoſe acquittances ſhall be a ſufficient diſcharge.

IV. If any perſon having any eſtate in one County or more, ſhall pay in one County or place what he can be charged with all as his greateſt proportion for his degree, or whole eſtate in the ſeveral Counties, *&c.* and producing an acquittance or certificate thereof, the Commiſſioners are to diſcharge ſuch perſons in all Counties and places, where he ſhall be taxed and aſſeſſed.

V. Any three of the Commiſſioners may iſſue out of their Warrants under hand and ſeal, to the Conſtable, or other Officer to diſtrain the Goods and Chattels of all and every perſon, and of every Tenant for, and in behalf of the Land-lord, who ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay the reſpective ſums aſſeſſed upon him.

Provided, The Act not to extend to any Peer of the Realm, but the Steward of every the Peers, or other ſervant ſhall deliver in the liſts of their Family, to ſuch perſons as are appointed by the Act.

Another Additional Act.

I. Enacted 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 27. All perſons of the ſeveral Degrees in the Act before mentioned, ſhall pay their ſeveral ſums therein appointed (although they be the Kings ſervants) and all perſons Eccleſiaſtical and Temporal, and Bodies Politick, ſhall pay for their eſtates real and perſonal forty ſhillings

for

for a hundred pounds *per annum*, and ſo proportionable, but not for eſtates under five pounds *per annum*.

II. The Commiſſioners in the firſt Act named, or 3 of them, are impowred to appoint two or more perſons in all Pariſhes, or places, to review the rates there formerly made; and if they find a neglect in the former Aſſeſſors, of any under-rated, or omitted, they ſhall aſſeſs them to the full value for their degrees, or eſtates; or it ſhall be in the diſcretion of the Commiſſioners to make new rates, and to return the ſame at ſuch places and times, as they, or three of them ſhall appoint.

III. Every Attorney, or ſworn Clerk in the Office of the Pipe, and every Officer of the Lord Treaſurers Remembrancer ſhall pay 20 nobles a piece.

IV. Every Barriſter, and other perſon that hath ſubſcribed to any writing, and be therein entituled Eſquire, or hath been ſo named in any Commiſſion or Act before the ſitting of this Parliament, ſhall pay as a reputed Eſquire within the ſaid Act.

V. Every perſon who hath, or ſhall pay fully for his Degree, the ſame exceeding the proportion of his eſtate real and perſonal, ſhall by certificate thereof from the Commiſſioners or two of them, be diſcharged from any further payment, ſo that the eſtate, and the value and place be therein expreſſed; and where any have paid, or ſhall in any other County upon the like certificate, he ſhall be diſcharged for ſo much therein mentioned.

VI. The Commiſſioners, or three of them, are to determine all abuſes of Aſſeſsors, or Collectors employed in this, or the former Acts, and to impoſe fines upon them. who upon information by the Oath of two Witneſſes, ſhall offend after the 20th. of *December* 1660 in their employments, the fine not to exceed 5 *l.* for one offence; and they have power to command Conſtables, or Tithing-men to levy the ſame by diſtreſs upon the perſons refuſing, delivering the overplus to the parties, reaſonable charges deducted, the ſaid fines to be employed to the ſame purpoſes as the monies raiſed by the former Acts, and if no diſtreſs can be taken by the Officers appointed by the former Act, or Acts, the Commiſſioners or three of them, have power to cauſe every perſon where no diſtreſs is, to be committed to the next common Goal, there to remain till ſatisfaction be made of the money charged upon him, by this, or the former Acts.

VII. If

VII. If any perſon be ſued for any act done in execution of this, or of the former Acts, he may plead the general iſſue, and give the ſpecial matter in evidence, and upon a Nonſuit or verdict againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant ſhall recover double coſts.

The Act not to extend to any Peer, in point of Aſſeſſment, Impriſonment, Diſtreſs and otherwiſe; and divers other perſons particularly in the Act named, are added to the Peers named in the firſt Act for the Aſſeſſing of the Peers, who, or any five of them, have power to Aſſeſs and levy all ſuch ſums of money as ſhall be aſſeſſed according to this, and the former Act, upon ſuch Peers as have not paid proportionably according to their eſtate: and ſeveral other perſons are particularly named in the Act Commiſſioners for ſeveral precincts, to uſe the ſame powers as if they were named in either of the former Acts.

Poor.

I. Enacted 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 9. For the relief of Poor and maimed Soldiers, and Mariners, who ſerved the late King and his Majeſty that now is, in the late Wars, and the relief of the Widows and Orphans, of ſuch as have dyed or been ſlain in the ſaid ſervice; That after the firſt day of this *Parliament*, every *Pariſh* within *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, ſhall be charged weekly to the payment of ſuch ſum of money as formerly hath been rated by the *Statute* of 43. *Eliz. Cap.* 3. *concerning Mariners and Soldiers*, and further ſuch ſum of money (over and beſides the ſame) as by the Juſtices of the Peace in their next *Quarter-Seſſions*, or any other *Quarter-ſeſſions* to be hereafter, ſhall be adjudged meet to be aſſeſſed upon every *Pariſh*, or *Chapelry*, ſo as the Additional ſum exceed not 2. *s.* 6. *d.* nor be under the ſum of 3. *d.* each week for each ſuch *Pariſh* or *Chapelry*, to be levyed in manner and form, and under ſuch penalties as by the ſaid *Statute* of Queen *Eliz.* is *Enacted*, to be paid to the *Treaſurers* for the maimed Soldiers, appointed by *Juſteces* of the *Peace* of the County, or Liberty, by vertue of this, and the *Statute* aforeſaid; which the *Treaſurers* ſhall iſſue out, and account for, in ſuch manner and under ſuch penalties, as by the ſaid *Statute* is declared.

II. Every Officer, Soldier, or Mariner, maimed, indigent, aged, or disabled in body for work, in the service of the late King, or the King that now is, during the late Wars, who are destitute of competent subsistance, who hath continued faithful to his trust, and not deserted the same, by taking up Arms against the late King, or the King that now is, shall repair to the place where he was last setled before he took up Arms, with a Certificate of his service and hurts received, under the hand of his Captain, or other Commissionated Officer, and repair to the two next Justices of the County where his setling was, and the said Justices upon examination of the truth of such Certificate, shall by Warrant to the Treasurer assign him relief until the next quarter Sessions to be holden for that County, or Liberty, at which time a yearly pention shall be by the Justices, or the major part of them granted in manner and form, and with power of revocation or alteration, as by the said Statute is declared and directed; and if the Captain or Commissionated Officer who is to make the Certificate be dead, the said two Justices of the Peace at the request of the party, and by persons of Credit, shall give such relief as in case of examination as afore said.

III. Touching the Widdows and Orphans of such as dyed, or suffered death in the service aforesaid (over and above the relief they shall gain by their work and labour, &c.) the Treasurers for the maimed Soldiers shall allow such further relief from time to time as shall be adjudged meet by the two next Justices of the peace of such County, and the said relief shall be paid out of the surplusage of such stock of maintenance as shall remain in the hands of the Treasurers after such pensions and payment of them made, of which surplusage and allowance made to such Widows, and Orphans the Treasurers shall give accompt, and the same distribute in such manner as by the Justices shall be directed.

IV. The Iustices of the Peace in every County, or Liberty, shall forthwith call all such Treasurers, high Constables, Constables, and other persons which have formerly been intrusted with the receipt, collecting of such monies charged upon any Parish by the said recited Act (whereof no accompt hath been given) their Executors and Administrators to a strict accompt, concerning such levies and collections made, and such monies as they shall find remaining in the custodies of such persons, to order

order forthwith to be paid for the intents and purpoſes aforeſaid, and no other, to the Treaſurer by the Act appointed.

1. *Provided*, No penſion to be given, or aſſigned by authority of this Act, ſhall exceed to any one perſon the ſum of 20 *l. per annum*. This *Act* to continue to the end of the firſt Seſſion of the next Parliament.

1. Enacted, 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 12. Whereas poor people are not reſtrained by reaſon of ſome defect in Law, from going from one Pariſh to another, and therefore do ſettle themſelves in Pariſhes where there is beſt ſtock; and when they have conſumed it, then go to another, and at laſt become Rogues and Vagabonds, that it may be lawful upon any complaint made by the Church-wards, or Overſeers of the Poor of any Pariſh, to any Juſtice of Peace within 40 dayes after ſuch perſons coming to ſettle in any Tenement under the yearly value of 10 pounds, for any 2 Juſtices, whereof one to be of the *Quorum*, where ſuch perſons that are likely to be chargeable to the Pariſh ſhall come to inhabit, by Warrant to remove ſuch perſons, *&c.* to ſuch Pariſh where he or they were laſt ſetled, either as a native Houſholder, Sojourner, Apprentice, or Servant for the ſpace of 40 dayes at the leaſt, unleſs they give ſufficient ſecurity for the diſcharge of the Pariſh, to be allowed by the Juſtices.

1. *Provided*, Such perſons who think themſelves aggrieved, by the Judgement of ſuch 2 Juſtices, may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace of the County, at the next quarter Seſſions, who are required to do Juſtice according to the merits of their cauſe.

2. *Provided*, It may be lawful for any perſon to go into any County, Pariſh, or place to work in time of Harveſt, or at any time to work at another work, ſo as they carry with him or them a Certificate from the Miniſter of the Pariſh, one of the Church-wardens, and one of the Overſeers of the Poor, that they have a dwelling houſe wherein they inhabit, and hath left Wife and Children, or ſome of them there, and is declared an Inhabitant there, and in ſuch caſe if the perſon ſhall not return to the place aforeſaid when his work is done: or ſhall fall ſick or impotent while they are in the ſaid work, it ſhall not be accounted a ſettlement in the caſes aforeſaid, but it may be lawful for 2 Juſtices to convey the ſaid perſon, or perſons to the place of his or their habitation under the pain in the Act preſcribed, and if ſuch perſon ſhall

refuſe to go, and ſhall not remain in the Pariſh where he ought to be ſetled, it ſhall be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace where the offence ſhall be committed, to ſend ſuch perſon to the houſe of *Correction*, there to be puniſhed as a Vagabond, or to a publick Work-houſe, to be employed in work, or labour.

II. From henceforth there ſhall be one or more Corporation or Corporations, Work-houſe or Work-houſes within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Boroughs and places within the Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surry*, lying within the Pariſhes of the weekly Bills of *Mortality*, conſiſting of a Preſident, Deputy Preſident and Treaſurer. And the Lord Mayor ſhall be Preſident of the *Corporation*, *Work-houſe*, or *Work-houſes* within the ſaid City. The Aldermen, Aſſiſtants, and fifty two other Citizens to be choſen by the *Common-Council* of the City; They may elect a Deputy-Preſident, and other Officers to execute the powers appointed by the *Act*. And a Preſident, Treaſurer, and Aſſiſtants ſhall be appointed for the City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, by the Lord *Chancellor*, or Keeper of the *Great Seal*, for the *Corporation* or *Work-houſes* within the ſame. For the places within the weekly Bills of *Mortality*, in the Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surry* a Preſident, Deputy and Treaſurers ſhall be choſen by the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid Counties of the moſt able Inhabitants and *Free-holders* for a *Corporation* and *Work-houſes* in the ſame places.

III. The Preſidents, Treaſurers and Aſſiſtants aforeſaid, ſhall be Bodies Politick and Corporate for ever, and ſhall have a perpetual ſucceſſion, and may ſue, implead, and be impleaded by the name of Preſident and Governours of the Poor of the reſpective places in all Courts and places of Judicature within the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* and may without licenſe in *Mortmain* purchaſe Lands, &c. not exceeding the yearly value of 3000 *l.* of the Gift or Deviſe of any perſon or perſons; any Goods, Chattels, ſums of monies whatſoever, to the uſes and intents in the Act after appointed. And every *Corporation* may keep *Courts* for the purpoſes expreſſed in the *Act*, at ſuch times as ſhall be appointed by the reſpective Preſidents, or their Deputies; and they make Court-Seals for the uſe of the reſpective Corporations.

IV. It

IV. It ſhall be lawful for the reſpective *Preſidents* and *Governours* of the ſaid *Corporations*, or two of them, or for any perſon appointed by two of them, from time to time to apprehend any *Rogues*, *Vagabonds*, ſturdy *Beggars*, or idle or diſorderly perſons, within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Places, *&c.* and cauſe them to be kept and ſet on work, in the ſeveral and reſpective *Corporations* or *Work-houſes*; and the major part of the *Juſtices* of the *Peace* in their *Quarter-Seſſions* may ſignifie to the Kings *Privy-Council*, the names of ſuch *Rogues*, *&c.* as they ſhall think fit to be tranſported to the *Engliſh Plantations*; and upon the approbation of the *Privy Council* ſignified to the *Juſtices* of the *Peace*, which perſons ſhall be tranſported, it ſhall be lawful for two or more of the *Juſtices* of the *Peace* to tranſport, or cauſe them to be tranſported, from time to time, during the ſpace of three years next enſuing this *Seſſion* of *Parliament*, to any of the *Engliſh Plantations* beyond the *Seas*, there to be diſpoſed of in the uſual way of ſervants for a term not exceeding ſeven years.

V. If the *Preſident's* and *Governours* of any of the ſaid *Corporations*, ſhall certifie under their *Seals*, their want and defect either of a preſent Stock for the foundation of the work, or for a ſupply for the future; and what ſum they ſhall think fit for the ſame, to the *Common-Council* of the City of *London*, and the *Burgeſſes* and *Juſtices* of the *Peace* in their *Quarter-Seſſions* at *Weſtminſter*, or to the *Juſtices* of the reſpective Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey*, in their *Quarter-Seſſions*: the *Common-Council*, *Burgeſſes* of *Weſtminſter* and *Juſtices* of the *Peace* in the ſeveral Counties in their *Quarter-Seſſions*, are required from time to time to ſet down and aſcertain ſuch competent ſums of money for the purpoſes aforeſaid, not exceeding one years rate, uſually ſet upon any perſon for and toward the relief of the Poor, and the ſame to proportion out of the ſeveral Wards, Precincts, Counties, Diviſions, Hundreds and Pariſhes as they ſhall think fit; and thereupon the *Aldermen*, *Depuries*, *Common-Council* in the City of *London*, the *Burgeſſes* and *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of *Weſtminſter* and the Liberties thereof, the *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey*, are required equally and indifferently, according to the proportions for the ſeveral Wards, Precincts, and Pariſhes, to tax and rate the ſeveral Inhabitants within the ſaid reſpective Wards, Precincts and

Parishes, with which tax if any person, &c. shall find him or them aggrieved, he or they may complain to the Justices of the Peace at their next open Sessions, who shall take final order therein, as by Law is provided.

VI. It shall be lawful for any Alderman of *London*, or his Deputy, Burgesses, and Justices of Peace of the City of *Westminster*, or any 2 Justices of the Peace of the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surrey*, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to authorize the Church-wardens, or overseers of the Poor within the places and Parishes aforesaid, to receive, demand, of every person and persons, such sums of money as shall be assessed upon them, by vertue of the taxations and constitutions aforesaid, and for default of payment, within 10 days after demand, or notice left at the dwelling house or lodging of every person assessed, to levy the same by distress and sale of his goods, rendring the overplus to the party distrained.

VII. All Stocks raised for the relief and employment of the Poor in the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, which were in the hands of a Corporation appointed in the City, for that purpose before the 29 of *September*, 1660. or at any time since, with all the arrears of moneys formerly allotted to that service, or Legacies given to that end, shall be paid to the Treasurers of the Corporation, or work-houses established by this Act, and they, or their Deputies shall collect, gather, receive and recover the said monies, and Legacies; with which arrears the Corporations hereby established, shall be invested, and interessed for the execution of the service hereby enjoyned; and those who now have, or had any of the said Stocks in their hands, shall be accomptible to the said Treasurer, or to those who shall be appointed by the Corporation for the same. *Provided*, There shall be allowance made of monies laid out by the former Corporation for the relief of the said Poor, or the carrying on of the said service.

VIII. The respective Presidents, and Governors, or 7 of them may make, and constitute Orders and By-laws for the better relieving, regulating and setting the Poar to work; apprehending and punishing Rogues and Vagabonds, within the Cities, Liberties, and places aforesaid. *Provided*, The said By-laws be presented to the Justice of the Peace, at their quarter Sessions and confirmed by the Order of the said Court.

IX. The Presidents, and Governours, of any of the said Corporations, or work-houses, or 4 of them, may choose and entertain

entertain all ſuch Officers as ſhall be needful to be imployed in and about the premiſes, and to remove them as they ſee cauſe, and to make ſuch reaſonable allowances unto them out of the Stock belonging to the work-houſe, as they ſhall think fit.

X. Whereas Lords of *Mannors* do not keep Court Leets every year; **Enacted**, In caſe any Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman ſhall dye or go out of the Pariſh, any 2. Iuſtices of the Peace, may ſwear a new Conſtable, Headborough, *&c.* till the Lord ſhall hold a Court, or till the quarter Seſſions, who ſhall approve of ſuch Officers, or appoint others; and if any Officer countinue above a year in his Office, the Iuſtices in their quarter Seſſions may diſcharge ſuch Officer, and put other in his place, till the Lord of the *Mannor* ſhall hold a Court.

XI. Any Juſtice of Peace, ſhall reward any perſon, or perſons who ſhall apprehend any Rogue, Vagabond, or Sturdy Beggar, by granting to ſuch perſon, *&c.* a warrant under his hand and Seal to the Conſtable, *&c.* of the Pariſh where ſuch Rogue, *&c.* paſſed through unapprehended, requiring him to pay to ſuch perſon, or perſons 2. *s.* for every Rogue, *&c.* which ſhall be ſo apprehended; and if ſuch Conſtable, *&c.* refuſe or neglect to pay the ſame, the Iuſtices of the Peace ſhall proceed againſt ſuch Conſtable, *&c.* according to the Statute of 39. *Eliz.* and 1. of King *James*, and compel him to pay ſuch money as he hath forfeited by the ſaid Statute, and to allow the ſaid 2. *s* out of the ſaid forfeiture, and alſo reaſonable allowance for loſs of time as they ſhall think fit.

XII. Whereas Conſtables, *&c* are at great charges in relieving, conveying with paſſes and carrying Rogues, *&c.* to houſes of correction, and work-houſes aforeſaid; All Conſtables, *&c.* ſo out of purſe, together with the Church wardens and Overſeers of the Poor, and other inhabitants of the Pariſh may make a rate, and tax all the occupiers of Lands and inhabitants chargeable by the Statute of 43. *Eliz.* within the Pariſh; which rate confirmed under the Hands and Seals of 2. Iuſtices of the Peace, the Conſtable by warrant, under the Hand of 2. Iuſtices may levy by diſtreſs and Sale of ſuch perſons goods as ſhall refuſe to pay the ſame, rendring to the party the overplus.

XIII. Whereas the Putative Fathers, and Mothers of Baſtard Children, leave the ſaid Children upon the charge of the Pa-

riſh where they are born, and run away out of the Pariſh, and County, although they have eſtates ſufficient to diſcharge the Pariſh. The Church-Wardens and overſeers for the Poor of ſuch Pariſh where ſuch Child ſhall be born, may ſeize and take ſo much of the Goods and Chattels, and of the Rents and profits of the Lands, of ſuch reputative Fathers, or Mothers, as ſhall be ordered by two Juſtices of the Peace, for and towards the diſcharge of the Pariſh, for the bringing up, and providing for ſuch Baſtard-Child; and by order of the Seſſions the Church-Wardens and Overſeers may diſpoſe of the ſaid goods by ſale, or of ſo much thereof as the Court ſhall think fit: And ſo much of the ſaid Rents and profits of their Lands for the purpoſes aforeſaid.

XIV. The Poor, Needy, Impotent, and Lame perſons, within every Townſhip, or Village, within the Counties of *Lancaſhire*, *Cheſhire*, *Yorkſhire*, *Northumberland*, *Biſhoprick of Durham* *Cumberland*, *Weſtmerland*, ſhall after the paſſing of this Act be maintained, provided for and ſet in work within the ſeveral Townſhips, or Villages where they ſhall inhabit, or where they were laſt ſetled; and there ſhall be yearly appointed according to the directions of the Act, of 43 *Eliz.* 2. or more Overſeers of the Poor, within every the ſaid Townſhips, or Villages, who ſhall from time to time perform and execute all powers and authorities for the neceſſary relief of the Poor, within the ſaid Townſhips, or Villages; and loſe, forfeit, and ſuffer all ſuch pains and penalties for not performance thereof, as is limited and appointed, in and by the ſaid Act, of 43 *Eliz.* And the Juſtices of the Peace, within the ſaid reſpective Counties, ſhall have and enjoy the like powers and authorities to raiſe and levy monies, and to do and execute all and every ſuch other Act within every Townſhip, and Village, within the reſpective Counties, where they are Juſtices, as is appointed for them to do and execute within any Pariſh, or Pariſhes, in and by the ſaid Act, of 43 *Eliz.* under ſuch pains and penalties, for not performance of their duties, to be levyed and diſpoſed of as by the ſaid Act is expreſſed.

XV. It ſhall be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, in any the Counties of *England*, *Wales*, or the major part of them, in their quarter Seſſions, to Tranſport, or cauſe to be Tranſported, ſuch Rogues, Vagabonds, and ſturdy Beggars, as ſhall be convicted, and adjudged to be incorrigible, to any of the Engliſh Plantations beyond the Seas.

1. *Provided*,

1. *Provided*, This Act shall not extend to be, or expounded or taken, to the prejudice, or infringement of any the Franchises, Rights, Liberties, or Priviledges heretofore granted by any Kings, or Queens of this Realm, his Majesties Predecessors, to the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of St. *Peter* in *Westminster*.

2. This Act as to all the matters therein contained (excepting what relates to the Corporations constituted thereby) shall extend and be in force till the 29. of *May* 1665. and the end of the first Session of the next *Parliament* then next ensuing, and no longer.

Post-Office.

I. **Enacted**. 12. *Car. Cap.* 34. There shall be from henceforth one general Letter-Office in *London*, from whence all *Letters* may be sent through *England*, *Scotland* or *Ireland*, or other the Kings Dominions, or into any Countries beyond the Seas, at which Office all answers may be received; the Master of such Office shall be appointed by the King, his Heirs, *&c.* by *Letters* Patents under the *Great Seal*, and be called the Kings Post-Master General; and he and his Agents shall have the receiving, ordering, dispatching, sending post, and delivering of all *Letters* and Pacquets whatsoever, which shall be sent to and from all and every the parts and places of *England*, *&c.* where he shall settle posts, or running Messengers for that purpose: Except such as shall be sent by Coaches, Carriers, Carts, Wagons and Pack-Horses and shall be carried along with their Coaches, Carts, Wagons, *&c.* and except *Letters* of Merchants and Masters which shall be sent by any Ships or Vessels of Merchandize, or by any other persons employed for the Carriage of such *Letters*: and except *Letters* to be sent by any friend in their wayes of journey, or travel, or any messenger on purpose, for or concerning the private affairs of any person: and except Messengers who carry and re-carry Commissions, Writs, Process, or returns thereof issuing out of any Court.

II. Such Post-Master General constituted as aboveſaid, and his Deputies, and no other person whatsoever, shall provide Horses and furniture to let to hire unto all through-Posts and persons riding in Post by Commission or without, to

and

and from all and every the parrs and places of *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland* where any Poſts ſhall be ſettled.

III. The Poſt-maſter and his Deputies ſhall take for portage of *Letters* and furniſhing of horſes for through-poſts, and perſons riding Poſt, according to the rates hereafter mentioned, not exceeding the ſame, *viz.* For every *Letter* not exceeding a ſheet for 80. miles 2. *d.* not exceeding two ſheets 4. *d.* and for every Pacquet proportionably to the ſaid rates, the like; for the port of every Pacquet of Writs, Deeds, or other things 8. *d.* for an ounce weight; for every Letter not exceeding a ſheet, for above 80. miles 3. *d.* not exceeding two ſheets 6. *d.* and proportionably at thoſe rates for all Pacquets of Letters; for Pacquets of any other things 12. *d. per* ounce: and for every Letter not exceeding a ſheet to *Berwick*, or from thence to *London* 3. *d.* and not exceeding two ſheets 6. *d* and proportionably to thoſe rates for Pacquets of Letters; and for Pacquets of bigger bulk 18. *d. per* ounce, for Letters or Pacquets within 40. miles from *Berwick*, or other places where ſuch *Letters* ſhall be received, 2. *d.* not exceeding 2. ſheets 4. *d.* and ſo proportionably for Pacquets of *Letters*, and for other Pacquets 8. *d. per* ounce; for *Letters* not exceeding one ſheet further diſtance 4. *d.* and if a double *Letter* 8. *d.* and proportionably for Pacquets of *Letters*, and for other Pacquets 12. *d. per* ounce: for *Letters* not exceeding 1. ſheet from *England* to *Dublin* in *Ireland*, and from thence to *England* 6. *d.* not exceeding 2 ſheets 12. *d.* and ſo proportionally for Pacquets of *Letters*, and for other Pacquets 2 *s. per.* ounce: for every ſingle ſheet within 40 miles from *Dublin*, and other places where they ſhall be received 2. *d.* not exceeding 2. ſheets 4. *d.* and ſo proportionably for Pacquets of *Letters*, and for other Pacquets 8. *d. per* ounce; and if above 40. miles 4 *d.* and not exceed 2. ſheets 8. *d.* and ſo proportionably for *Letters*, and for greater parcels 12. *d. per* ounce.

For Forreign *Letters* and Pacquets, rated either by the *Letter* or the ounce, *viz.*

Morlaix, Saint *Maloes*, *Caen*, *Newhaven*, and places of like diſtance, port paid to *Roven* is for a ſingle *Letter* 6. *d.* double 12 *d.* treble 1. *s.* 6. *d.* ounce 1 *s.* 6. *d.*

Hamburgh, *Collen*, *Frank-fort*, port paid to *Antwerp* is for a ſingle *Letter* 8 *d.* double 1. *s.* 4. *d.* treble 2. *s.* ounce 2. *s.*

Venice, *Geneva*, *Legorn*, *Rome*, *Naples*, *Meſſina*, and other pars of *Italy* by way of *Venice*, *Franck. pro Mantua*, *Letter* ſingle 9. *d.* double 1. *s.* 6. *d.* treble 2. *s.* 3. *d.* ounce 2. *s.* 8. *d.*

Marcelia,

Marcelia, *Smerna*, *Conſtantinople*, *Aleppo*, and all parts of *Turkey*, port paid to *Marcelia*, Letter ſingle 12 *d.* double 2 *s.* treble 2 *s.* 9. *d.* ounce 3 *s.* 9 *d.*

Geneva, *Legern*, *Rome*, and other parts of *Italy*, by way of *Lions*, *Frankt pro Lions*, Letter ſingle 12 *d.* double 2 *s.* treble 2 *s.* 9 *d.* ounce 3 *s.* 9 *d.*

Of Letters ſent outwards, to

Bourdeaux, *Rochel*, *Nantz*, *Orleans*, *Lyon*, *Towers*, and places of like diſtance, port paid to *Paris*, Letter ſingle 9 *d.* double 1 *s.* 6 *d.* treble 2 *s.* 3 *d.* ounce 2 *s.* and for Letters brought into *England* from the ſame places, Letter ſingle 12 *d.* double 2 *s.* treble 3 *s.* ounce 4 *s.*

Norembergh, *Bremen*, *Dantzick*, *Lubeck*, *Lipſwick*, and other places of like diſtance, poſt paid to *Hamburgh*, Letter ſingle 12 *d.* double 2 *s.* treble 3 *s.* ounce 4 *s.* and for Letters brought from the ſaid places to *England*, Letter ſingle 8 *d.* double 1 *s.* 4 *d.* treble 2 *s.* ounce 2 *s.*

From *Calais*, *Deip*, *Bulloign*, *Abbeville*, *Amiens*, St. *Omers*, *Montrel*, brought into *England*, Letter ſingle 4 *d.* double 8 *d.* treble 12 *d.* ounce 12 *d.*

Rouen, brough ſingle letter 6 *d* double 12 *d.* treble 1 *s.* 6 *d.* ounce 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

Paris, ſingle 9 *d* double 1 *s.* 6 *d.* treble 2 *s.* 3 *d.* ounce 2 *s.*

Dunkirk *Oſtend*, *Liſle*, *Ypre*, *Courtry*, *Gaun*, *Bruxels*, *Bridges*, *Antwerp* and other parts of *Flanders*, Letter ſingle 8 *d.* double 1 *s.* 4 *d.* treble 2 *s.* ounce 2 *s.*

Sluce, *Fluſhing*, *Middleburgh*, *Amſterdam*, *Roterdam*, *Delf*, *Hague*, and from other parts of *Holland* and *Zealand*, Letter ſingle 8 *d.* double 1 *s.* 4 *d.* treble 2 *s.* ounce 2 *s.*

IV. All Merchants Accompts not above a ſheet, all Bills of Exchange, Invoices and Bills of Lading ſhall be allowed without rate in the price of the Letters, and ſo the covers of letters not exceeding the 4th. part of a ſheet of paper ſent to *Marſeilles*, *Venice*, or *Legorn*, to be ſent forward to *Turky*, ſhall be allowed to paſs without rate or payment, and according to the ſame rates for the port of letters, pacquets, or parcels to or from any the parts or places beyond the Seas, where Poſts have not been heretofore ſetled, and may hereafter be ſettled by the Poſt-Maſter General for the time being, his Executors, or Aſſigns, and ſuch Poſt-Maſter may take for each Horſe hire, for every Engliſh mile riding 3 *d.* and 4 *d.* for the Guide for every Stage.

V. A

V. All Letters and Pacquets that by any Master of a Ship or Vessel, or any of his company, or passenger shall be brought to any Port-Town within the Kings Dominions (other than Letters as are before excepted, or may be sent by Carriers, or a Friend) shall by such Master or Passenger be forth-with delivered to the Deputy or Deputies only of the *Post-Master* for the said Port-Town, and by him or them to be sent to the general *Post Office* to be delivered as is directed.

VI. No person or persons whatsoever, other than such *Post-Master General* constituted as aforesaid, and his Deputies or Assigns, shall carry, re-carry, and deliver Letters for hire, or employ any *Foot-Post*, *Horse-Post*, *Coach-Post*, or *Pacquet-Boat*, for the conveying or re-carrying of any Letters by Sea or Land within the Kings Dominions; Or provide Horses and Furniture for through-*Posts*, or riding in Post with a Guide and Horn, upon pain of forfeiture of 5 *l.* for every offence against this *Act*, and of 100 *l.* for every weeks time that any Offender shall employ, maintain and continue any such *Foot-Post*, *Horse-Post*, &c. which Forfeitures shall be sued for, and recovered by Action of Debt, *&c.* in any of the Kings Courts of Record, wherein no wager of Law, *&c.* shall be allowed; One moiety to the King, *&c.* The other to the Informer who will sue for the same.

1. *Provided*, If any *Post-Master* doth not, or cannot further any person riding Post with sufficient Horses within one hour after demand, such person or persons are at liberty to provide themselves as conveniently as they can; and the persons who shall furnish such Horses, shall not be lyable to the forfeitures in the *Act*.

2. If through default or neglect of the *Post-Master*, any person riding Post shall fail of being furnished with sufficient Horse and Horses after demand as aforesaid, the *Post-Master-General* shall forfeit 5 *l.* One moiety to the King, *&c.* the other to the Informer to be recovered *pro ut* above, *&c.*

Nothing in the *Act* shall be understood to prohibit the carrying or re-carrying of any Letters or Pacquets to, or from any Town or place, or to or from the next respective Post-Road or Stage appointed for the purpose; but every person shall have liberty to send such persons as they shall think fit to carry the said Letters or Pacquets without any forfeiture or penalty therefore, any thing in the *Act* notwithstanding.

Printing, and Printers.

I. Enacted, 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 33. No perſon whatſoever ſhall preſume to print, or cauſe to be printed within the Kings Dominions, or beyond the Seas, any heretical, ſeditious, ſchiſmatical or offenſive *Books* or *Pamphlets*, wherein any Doctrine ſhall be maintained, which is contrary to the *Chriſtian Faith*, or the Doctrine or Diſcipline of the Church of *ENGLAND*. or may tend to the ſcandal of the Church, or the Government, or Governours of the Church, State, or Common-wealth, or any particular perſon; Nor import, ſell, diſpoſe, or procure to be publiſhed, or to be bound, ſtiched, or ſowed together.

II. No perſon, *&c.* ſhall hereafter print, or cauſe, to be printed any *Book* or *Pamphlet*, unleſs the ſame with all the Titles, Epiſtles, Preambles, Dedications and other matters thereto annexed be entred firſt in the Book of the Regiſter of the Company of *Stationers*, *London* (Excepts *Acts* of *Parliament*, *Proclamations*, appointed to be printed by warrant under the Kings Sign Manual, or one of his principal Secretaries) and unleſs the ſame Book, *&c* and the matters thereunto annexed be firſt lawfully *Licenſed* to be Printed by ſuch perſons as ſhall be appointed to *Licenſe* the ſame, *viz.* All *Books* concerning the Common *Laws*, by the allowance of the *Lord Chancellor*, &c. *Lord* Chief Iuſtices, and *Lord* Chief Baron, one or more of them, or by one or more of their appointments. All *Books* of *Hiſtory* concerning the ſtate of this Realm, or concerning the Affairs of State, by the principal Secretaries, one or more of them; or by their, or one of their appointments. *Books* of *Honour* and *Arms* by the Earl Marſhal, or by his appointment; Or by the three Kings of Arms, *Garter*, *Clarenceux*, and *Norroy*, or two of them, *Garter* to be one; All *Books* Imprinted, or Re-printed.

Provided; The *Chancellors* of the Univerſities ſhall *Licenſe* ſuch *Books* as are to be Imprinted or Re-printed within the limits of the Univerſity, not medling with *Books* of the *Common Law*, or matters of State which belong to any particular perſons, without their conſent.

III. *Every*

III. Every perſon and perſons who ſhall be authorized to Licence the imprinting of Books, ſhall have a written Copy thereof; which ſaid Copy ſhall be delivered to the Printer or Owner for the imprinting thereof; and after the imprinting thereof, ſhall intirely be returned to the Licencer to be kept in the publick Regiſtries of the Lord Biſhop of *Cant.* or *London*; Or in the Office of the *Chancellor*, or *Vice-Chancellor* of either *Univerſities*; Or with the Lord Keeper, Chief Juſtices, Chief Baron, Principal Secretaries, Earl Marſhal, or Kings of Arms, of all ſuch *Books* Licenſed by them reſpectively. If it be an *Engliſh Book* to be Licenſed, two Copies ſhall be delivered to the Licencer, one whereof ſhall be delivered back to the *Printer* or *Owner*, the other to be reſerved as aforeſaid, to the end the Licencer may be ſecured, that it ſhall not be altered without his privity; and upon the Copy to be licenſed, the Licencer ſhall teſtifie under his Hand, that there is not any thing therein contained which is contrary to the *Chriſtian Faith*; or any of the matters, *&c.* in the firſt Clauſe of the *Act* contained; which *Licence* or *Approbation* ſhall be Printed in the beginning of the Book, *&c.*

IV. Every Merchant and other perſon, *&c.* who ſhall hereafter import any *Book* or *Books* from any parts beyond the Seas into this Realm, ſhall import the ſame in the Port of *London* only, and not elſe-where, without the Licence of the Arch-Biſhop of *Canterbury*, and Biſhop of *London*, or one of them; and ſhall before the ſaid book or books be delivered forth, or out of their hands, or expoſed to ſale, give a true Catalogue in writing of all and every ſuch book or books, to the ſaid Biſhops, or one of them; and no Merchant or other perſon, *&c.* who ſhall import any book or books into the port aforeſaid, ſhall open any dry-fats, parcels, or other fardels of books; nor ſhall any ſearcher, or other Officer of the Cuſtom houſe upon pain of loſs of his place, ſuffer the ſame to paſs, or to be delivered out of his hands, or cuſtody, before the ſaid Biſhops or one of them, ſhall have appointed ſome Scholar, or learned Man, and one or more of the company of Stationers be preſent at the opening to view the ſame; and if any heretical, ſeditious, ſcandalous, ſchiſmatical book, or any part thereof, Printed in *Engliſh* be found, they ſhall forthwith be brought to the ſaid Biſhops, or one of them, to the end the perſon, *&c.* who import, or cauſe the ſame to be imported, be proceeded againſt, as an offender againſt the Act, and ſuch further courſe taken againſt ſuch offen-

offenſive book or books, as by the ſaid Biſhops ſhall be thought fit, for the ſuppreſſing of the ſame.

V. No perſon ſhall within this Kingdom, or elſewhere imprint, or cauſe to be imprinted, import, or cauſe to be imported into this Kingdom, or out of any the Kings Dominions, or any other parts beyond the Seas, any books, forms of blank bills, or Indentures for any his Majeſties Iſlands printed beyond the Seas, or elſewhere, which any perſon by vertue of any letters patents granted, or by force of any entry thereof, duly made or to be made in the regiſter book of the Company of Stationers, or other regiſter aforeſaid, ſhall have the right, priviledge or authority ſolely to print without the conſent of the owners of ſuch books, copies, &c. nor ſhall bind, ſtitch, or put to ſale any ſuch books, form or forms, without the like conſent upon pain of forfeiture of the ſame; and upon further forfeiture of 6. s. 8. d. for every ſuch book, form, &c. one moity to the King, his Heirs, &c. the other to the owner, if he ſhall ſue for the ſame within ſix moneths after ſuch imprinting, importing, binding, &c. and for default of ſuch ſuit by the owner &c. the ſame moity to the uſe of ſuch perſon as ſhall within one year next after ſuch Offence committed ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by action of debt, &c. in any the Kings Courts of record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no eſſoin, &c. ſhall be allowed to the defendant.

VI. Every perſon, &c. that ſhall hereafter print, or cauſe to be printed any book, ballad, chart, or pourtracture, ſhall thereunto, or thereon ſet his own name, or ſhall declare the name of the Author thereof, if he be required by the Licencer, and by , and for whom ſuch books, ballad, chart, pourtracture, &c. is or ſhall be printed; upon pain of forfeiture of all ſuch books, ballads, charts and pourtractures and other things printed contrary to the tenor of the Act; And the preſſes, letters, and inſtruments for printing thereof to be defaced and made unſerviceable; and no perſon ſhall print, forge, put, or counterfeit, in or upon any book, or pamphlet, the name or mark of any other perſon, who ſhall have lawful priviledge or allowance of ſole printing the ſame, without conſent of the party ſo priviledged upon pain of loſs of all ſuch books, pamphlets, &c. and ſhall be further proceed againſt, as an offender againſt this Act.

VII. No Haberdaſher of ſmall-wares, Ironmonger, Chandler, Shop-keeper, or other perſon, not being licenced by the Biſhop of

of the Dioceſs, nor have been 7. years Apprentice to the trade of a Bookſeller, Printer, or Book-binder; nor being a Free-man of *London* by Patrimonial right, as Son of a Bookſeller, Printer, or Book-binder, nor being a Member of the Company of Stationers, ſhall within *London*, or any other Market-Town or elſewhere, recieve, take, or buy, to barter, ſell again, change, or do away any Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalm-Books, Common-Prayer Books, Primmers, Abcees, Licenſed Almanacks, Grammars, School Books, or other Book or Books, upon pain of forfeiture of the ſame.

VIII. No Merchant, Book-ſeller, or other perſon, ſhall Imprint, or cauſe to be Imprinted beyond the Seas, or Import, or knowingly aſſiſt, or conſent to the Importation into this Kingdom, any Engliſh Book, or Books, or part of any Book, which the greater part thereof is, or ſhall be Engliſh, or of the Engliſh Tongue; whether the ſame have been formerly Printed or not, upon pain of forfeiture of ſuch Books, *&c.* and no Alien, or Forreigner ſhall bring in, or are ſuffered to ſell here within the Realm any Book or Books Printed beyond the Seas, in any Language whatſoever, either by himſelf, or his Factor, except only ſuch as be Free Printers, or Stationers of *London*, without the ſpecial Licence of the Biſhops aforeſaid, or one of them, upon pain of forfeiture of ſuch Books, ſo Imprinted, or ſold contrary to the intent of the Act.

IX. No perſon, *&c.* within the City of *London*, or elſewhere, ſhall Erect, or cauſe to be Erected, any Preſs, or Printing Houſe, Vault, Cellar, or Room for a Printing Houſe, or place to print in, unleſs he or they, who erect ſuch Preſſes, *&c.* ſhall firſt give notice to the Maſter or Wardens of the Company of Stationers, of the Erecting of the ſame; and no Joyner, Carpenter, or other peſon ſhall make any Printing Preſs; no Smith ſhall forge any Iron work for a Printing Preſs; No Founder ſhall caſt any Letters which may be uſed for Printing, for any perſon whatſoever, nor ſhall any perſon, *&c.* bring or cauſe to be brought from beyond the Seas, any Letters Founded, or Caſt, nor buy any ſuch Letters for Printing, Printing Preſſes, or other materials, belonging to Printing, unleſs he or they ſhall acquaint the Maſters and Wardens of the Company of Stationers, or ſome of them, for whom the ſame Preſſes, Iron-works, or Letters, are to be made, Forged, Caſt, or Imported, upon pain every offender, for ſuch offence ſhall forfeit 5. *l.* one moity to the King, *&c.* the other to the uſe of ſuch perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame.

X. For

X. For the time to come, no man ſhall be admitted to be a Maſter-Printer, till they who are now actual Maſter Printers ſhall be by death or otherwiſe reduced to the number of twenty, and from thenceforth the number of twenty ſhall be continued, and no more, beſide the Kings Printers, and the Printers allowed for the Univerſities; & but 4 Maſters Founders of letters for Printers. The which Maſter-Printers & Maſter-Founders ſhall be appointed and allowed by the Biſhops of *Cant.* and *London* for the time being; And in caſe of death, or of forfeiture, or avoydance of any of their places and priviledges to print by vertue of that *Act*, for any offence contrary to the ſame, or otherwiſe, the ſaid Biſhops for the time being, or one of them, ſhall and may appoint other perſons to ſucceed and ſupply the places of ſuch *Maſter Printers* or *Founders*. And every perſon allowed, or permitted to have a Preſs or Printing-houſe before ſuch allowance obtained, ſhall be bound with ſureties to the King in the Kings Bench, or before Juſtices of Aſſize, or Juſtices of the Peace in their *Quarter Seſſions*, in 300 *l.* not to print, or ſuffer to be imprinted in his houſe or Preſs, any *Books* whatſoever, but ſuch as ſhall be lawfully Licenſed.

XI. None of the *Maſter-Printers* to be allowed, ſhall keep above two printing Preſſes at once, unleſs he hath been Maſter or upper Warden of the Company, who are allowed to keep three Preſſes and no more, unleſs for ſome great and ſpecial occaſion for the publike he have for a time leave of the ſaid Biſhops or one of them, to have the uſe of one or more above the number aforeſaid, as their Lordſhips ſhall think fit.

XII. No Printer or Printers (except the Kings Printers) nor Founder, *&c* of *Letters* for printing, ſhall take or retain greater number of Apprentices than as followeth, *viz.* Every *Maſter-Printer*, and *Maſter-Founder* of Letters for Printing, if he hath been Maſter or Warden of his Company, three Apprentices and no more; Every Maſter and Founder that hath been of the Livery of his Company two Apprentices; Every *Maſter-Printer* and *Founder* of the Yeomanry of his Company, one Apprentice, and no more, neither by Co-partnerſhip, nor any other way whatſoever. Nor ſhall it be lawful for any *Maſter-Printer*, or *Founder*, when one Apprentice is run away, or put away, to take another in his room, unleſs the Name of him or them ſo gone away be raced out of the Hall-Book, and never admitted again.

XIII. The ſeveral Maſter-Printers and Founders to be allowed, are to take care that all Iourneymen Printers, and Iourneymen Founders of Letters for printing, who are lawfully free of the reſpective Myſteries, be ſet on work and employed in their reſpective Trades; and if any ſuch being of honeſt and good behaviour, and able in his Trade, do want employment, he ſhall repair to the ſaid Maſter-Printers and Founders reſpectively for the time being, who ſhall receive him, or them into work, if he hath not a Journeyman already, although the ſaid Maſters reſpectively with their Apprenti es, be able without the help of ſuch Ionrneyman to diſcharge his own work; upon the pain of every ſuch Maſter ſo refuſing to receive ſuch Iourneyman, of 5 *l.* to be recovered by Bill, *Plaint*, *&c.* in any Court of Record, *&c.* wherein no eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed; one moity to the King, *&c.* the other to the Informer who will ſue for the ſame within 6 months after the offence committed; and if any Iourneyman ſhall refuſe ſuch employment being offered by any Maſter-Printer, or Founder, *&c.* or neglect it when they have undertaken it, ſhall ſuffer 3 months impriſonment; and no Maſter-Printer, or Maſter-Founder of Letters, ſhall employ to work either at the Caſe or *Preſs*, or otherwiſe about his printing, any perſon, than only ſuch are Engliſh men, and Freemen, or Apprentices to the ſaid trade of printing, or founding of letters for printing, reſpectively.

XIV. One or more of the Meſſengers of his Majeſties Chamber, by Warrant under his Majeſties *Sign Manual*, or under the Hands of his principal *Secretaries* of *State*, or the Maſter and Wardens of the Company of *Stationers* with a Conſtable with them, ſhall have power to ſearch all Houſes and Shops, where they ſhall know, or ſuſpect any Books, or *Papers* to be printed, bound, or ſtitched, eſpecially Printing-houſes, Bookſellers Shops and Warehouſes, and Book binders Houſes and Shops, to view what is there imprinting, binding, *&c.* and to examine whether the ſame be licenced; and demand a ſight of the Licence; and if the Book imprinting, *&c.* ſhall not be licenſed, to ſeiz upon ſo much thereof as ſhall be found imprinted, together with the Offenders, and to bring them before a *Juſtice* of the *Peace*, who may commit ſuch Offenders of Priſon till they ſhall be tryed, convicted or acquited for the ſaid offences; and if the Seachers find any *Papers*, or Books, or part of Books unlicenced, which they ſuſpect to contain matters

matters contrary to the Doctrine, or Diſcipline of the Church of *England*, or againſt the State or Government, then to ſeize upon ſuch Book, *&c.* and to bring the ſame to the ſaid Biſhops for the time being, or one of them, or the Secretaries of State, or one of them, who ſhall take courſe for ſuppreſſing the ſame.

XV. All Printers of Books, Founders of letters for printing, and every other perſon, *&c.* working in the ſaid Trades, who after 10. of *June* 1662. ſhall offend againſt the Act, or any clauſe or article therein, and ſhall be convicted by verdict, confeſſion, or otherwiſe, ſhall for the firſt offence be diſabled from exerciſing his reſpective trade for three years, for the ſecond offence ſhall for ever be diſabled the ſaid uſe and myſterie of his ſaid trade or myſterie, and receive ſuch further puniſhment by fine, impriſonment, or other corporal puniſhment not extending to life, as the Iuſticcs of the Court of *Kings Bench*, or Iuſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, or Iuſtices of *Aſſiſe* in their Circuits, or Iuſtices of *Peace* in their *Quarter-Seſſions* ſhall think fit to be inflicted upon them.

XVI. Every Printer ſhall reſerve three Copies of the beſt and largeſt paper of every Book new printed, or re-printed with additions, and ſhall before publick venting of the ſaid Book bring them to the Maſter of the Company of *Stationers*, and deliver them to him, one whereof ſhall be delivered to the Keeper of his Majeſties *Library*, the other to be ſent to the Vice-Chancellors of the 2. Univerſities reſpectively, for the uſe of the publick *Libraries*.

1. *Provided*, Nothing in the Act ſhall extend to the prejudicing of any the juſt rights and priviledges of the two Univerſities of this Realm, touching the licenſing, or printing of Books in the Univerſities.

2. No ſearch ſhall be made in the Houſes of any of the Peers of the Realm, or any other perſon, *&c.* not being free of, or uſing any of the Trades in the Act mentioned, but by ſpecial Warrant from the King, or hand of one of the principal Secretaries, or for other Books, then ſuch as are in printing, or ſhall be printed after 10. *June* 1662.

3. Not to extend to prohibit any Book-ſeller, who hath ſerved 7 years, and is a Freeman of the Company of *Stationers*, from importing into the Realm any Books ready bound, not formerly prohibited, which have been printed 10. years before the importation.

2. Not to be conſtrued to prohibit any perſons to ſell Books, or Papers, who have ſold Books or Papers within *Weſtminſter Hall*, *Pallace* of *Weſtminſter*, or in any Shop within 20. yards of the great Gate of *Weſtminſter-Hall* before 20. of *Novemb.* 1661. but that they may ſell Books and Papers as they did before 1661. within the places aforeſaid, but not elſewhere.

5 Not to extend to prejudice the juſt rights, or priviledges granted by his Majeſty, or any his royal Predeceſſors, to any perſon under the *Great Seal* or otherwiſe, but that they may uſe ſuch rights, *&c.* according to their reſpective grants.

6 Not to extend to prohibit *John Streater* Stationer, from printing Books, or Papers, but that he may ſtill follow the Art and Myſtery of Printing, as if this Act had never been made.

7. Not to extend to reſtrain the keeping and uſing of a printing Preſs in the City of *York*, ſo as all Books of Divinity there printed, be firſt licenced by the Biſhop of *York*, or ſuch as he ſhall appoint, and all other Books reſpectively to whom the licencing thereof ſhall appertain; and ſo as no Bibles be there printed, nor other Book whereof the original Copy is belonging to the Company of *Stationers* of *London*, or any Member thereof.

This Act to continue in force for two years, to commence from the 10. of *June* 1662. and no longer.

Purveyance.

1. **Enacted.** 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 24. From henceforth no monies or other thing ſhall be taken, rated, or levyed for any Proviſion, Carriages, or Purveyance, for the King, his Heirs, *&c.* and no perſon by any authority under the *Great Seal*, or otherwiſe, by colour of purveying for the King, Queen, or any their Children for the time being, or for his, or any of their Houſhold, ſhall take any Timber, Fuel, Cattel, Corn, Grain, Mault, Hay, Straw, Victual, Cart, or Carriage, or any other thing from any Subject without his full conſent firſt obtained without menace or inforcement, nor ſhall ſummon, warn, uſe, or require any Subject to find Oxen, Horſes, Cattel, Carts, Ploughs, Wains, or other Carriages for the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or of the Queen, or their

their Children, for carrying their Goods reſpectively without full and free conſent of the Owners, &c.

II. No pre-emption ſhall be allowed to the King, his Heirs, &c. or perſons above mentioned of the Royal Family, in Market or out of Market, but it ſhall be for ever hereafter free for all Subjects to diſpoſe of his Goods as he pleaſeth; any pretence of making Proviſion of victual, or Carriages as aforeſaid, or any pretence of pre-emption in their behalfs notwithſtanding: and if any perſon ſhall make any Purveyance, or impreſs any Carriages, or other things, by colour of any ſuch authority as before is mentioned, contrary to the Act, the Juſtices of the Peace, two, or one of them next adjoyning, and the Conſtable of the places where ſuch ſhall happen, at the requeſt of the party grieved ſhall commit the party offending to the Goal until the next Seſſions, there to be indicted and proceeded againſt for the ſame, and the party grieved ſhall have his Action againſt the Offender, and therein ſhall recover treble damages and treble coſts; and if any perſon ſhall procure any Action at Law grounded upon the Act to be delayed before judgement, or procure execution thereupon, to be ſtayed after judgement, by any order, except by Writ of Error, Attaint, or order of ſuch Court where the cauſe depends, the perſon ſo offending, ſhall incur the danger of pains of a *Præmunire* made by the Act of 16 *R.* 2.

1. *Provided*, This Act ſhall not prejudice the King in his Rights, Titles, or duties out, in, or to, or out of any Tin in the *Stannaries* of *Devon* and *Cornwal*, nor extend to prejudice the ancient duties of Batlerage and prizage of Wines, but they are to continue as before the making of the Act.

III. There ſhall be paid to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever hereafter, in recompence of Purveyance, the rates and impoſition of Exciſe, mentioned in the Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, *viz.* to the purpoſe, Title, Exciſe.

Quakers.

I. Enacted. 13. and 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. If any perſon, or perſons, who maintain that the taking of an Oath, in any caſe whatſoever (although before a lawful Magiſtrate) is altogether unlawful, and contrary to the Word of God, after the 24. of *March* 1661. ſhall wilfully, and obſtinately refuſe to take an Oath; where, by the Laws of the Realm, he or ſhe be bound to take the ſame, being lawfully and duely tendred, or endeavour to perſwade any other perſon, to whom ſuch Oath is duely tendred, to refuſe and forbear the taking of the ſame: Or go about to maintain that the taking of an Oath, in any caſe whatſoever, is unlawful; and if the perſons called *Quakers* ſhall after the ſaid 24th. of *March* depart from the places of their ſeveral habitations, to aſſemble themſelves, to the number of 5 or more, of the age of 16. years, at any one time in any place, under pretence of joyning in a Religious worſhip not authorized by the Laws of the Realm; In every ſuch caſes, the perſon offending, being thereof convicted of twelve men, or his own confeſſion, ſhall for the firſt offence, loſe and forfeit to the King, *&c.* 5 *l.* for the ſecond offence thereof, being convicted 10 *l.* to be levyed by diſtreſs, and ſale of the parties goods, by Warrant from the parties before whom they ſhall be convicted; and for want of diſtreſs, or not payment of the penalty, to be committed to the common Goal, or houſe of Correction for 3 months; for the 2 offence, for 6 months, there to be kept at hard labour; for the 3 offence, having been twice convicted before, he or ſhe ſhall abjure the Realm, or otherwiſe, the King, *&c.* may cauſe him, or them to be Tranſported to any the Kings Plantations beyond the Seas.

II. All Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Juſtices of Goal Delivery, and Juſtices of the Peace, in their open and general Seſſions, are to enquire, hear, and determin all and every the ſaid offences within the limits of their Commiſſions, and make proceſs for the execution of the ſame, as they may do againſt any perſon Indicted before them of Treſpaſs, and thereof lawfully convicted.

III. Any Juſtice of Peace, Mayor, or Chief Officer of any Corporation, may within their ſeveral Juriſdictions commit

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to the Common Goal, and bind over with Sureties to the quarter Seſſions, any perſons offending in the Premiſſes in order to their Conviction.

1. *Provided*, If any perſon, *&c.* after ſuch Conviction take ſuch Oath, or Oaths, for which he or ſhe ſtands commited, and alſo give ſecurity, that he for the time to come, ſhall forbear to meet at any ſuch unlawful Aſſembly as aforeſaid, from thenceforth ſuch perſon, *&c.* ſhall be diſcharged from all the penalties aforeſaid.

2. All the Lords of the Parliament, for every third offence Committed again the Tenor of the Act, ſhall be tryed by their Peers, and not otherwiſe.

Reſtitution.

I. Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 25. Whereas the Advowſons, Rectories Impropriate, Tithes, and Gleab Lands, of many of the Kings Subjects, were by the pretended power of the Long Parliament, but were by them appointed for the pretended Delinquency of the ſaid Subjects, without any conſideration, taken from them, as well for the Augmentation of certain Vicaridges, as for other matters in the preamble of this Act mentioned; It is Enacted.

I. That all Grants, Feoffments, Bargains, Sales, Releaſes, Confirmations, and other Conveyances and Aſſurances in Law, had or made by any ſuch pretended Delinquents, their Heirs, Executors, *&c.* or by any perſon having any eſtate or intereſt in Law or Equity in truſt for them; or having any eſtate or intereſt, joyntly or in common with them, or in reverſion or remainder of any ſuch Advowſons, Rectories, Impropriate Gleab Lands, Tithes, eſtate, *&c.* as part, or in full of their compoſitions for ſuch pretended Delinquency, and all ſecurities touching the ſame, are adjudged trivial and void in Law, to all intents and purpoſes whatſoever, ſaving to all others (other then the ſaid Truſtees and their Heirs) all ſuch rights, *&c.* as hath accrued to them before the 19. of *May*, 1662.

II. All Tenants, Leſſees and Occupiers of all ſuch Advowſons, Rectories Impropriate, Gleab Lands, Tithes, *&c.* ſo Granted upon ſuch Truſts, for the uſes aforeſaid, ſhall pay all ſuch Rents, as hereafter ſhall grow due, to ſuch

persons only unto whom the right and interest of, in, and to the same Advowsons, Rectories Impropriate, Gleab Lands, Tithes, &c. before the said *Conveyances* or *Assurances* did, or should of right belong or appertain.

III. Whereas the said pretended *Conveyances* so made, were some of them of Estates in *Fee-simple*, and some of them long terms for years, made to the *Trustees*, who re-demised the same under yearly Rents appointed for augmentation of *Vicaridges* and maintenance of Ministers; Since which time many of the said *Rectories* and Lands, &c. have been absolutely sold, and the *Re-demises* granted and assigned by the Owners thereof for the benefit of the Purchasors: **Enacted**, That the said Purchasors, their Heirs, &c. shall pay, and the said former Owners shall have, hold, and enjoy the said Rents and sums of Monies so reserved for the augmentation of *Vicaridges*, &c. and shall have and take the like remedies by Distress or Debt for the recovery thereof, as the said *Trustees* who re-demised the same, might, or ought to have had.

Repeal.

I. **Enacted**, 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 29. That the Act of *Parliament*, Entituled, *An Act for the Attainder of* Thomas *Earl of* Straford *of High Treason*; and all and every Clause, Article and Thing therein contained, is repealed, revoked, and reversed; And all proceedings in *Parliament* relating to the said *Attainder*, be wholly cancelled and taken off the File, or otherwise defaced and obliterated, to the end the same may not be made visible in after-ages to the prejudice of any person whatsoever.

This *Act* not to extend to the questioning of any persons however concerned, or who had any hand in the disorderly procuring the said *Act* of *Attainder*.

Enacted, *Anno* 13 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 2. That an Act of *Parliament* made in the sixteenth year of the Reign of the late King *CHARLES* the First, Entituled, *An Act for disabling all persons in Holy Orders to Exercise any Temporall Jurisdiction or Authority*; and every Clause, Matter, or Thing therein be repealed, annulled, and made void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Revenue

Revenue.

I. Enacted, 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 10. After 25. of *March* 1662. every dwelling and other Houſe and Edifice, and all Lodgings and Chambers in the Inns of Court, Inns of *Chancery*, Colledges and other Societies that now are, or ſhall be hereafter erected within *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick* (other than what are excepted) ſhall be chargeable and are charged, with an Annual payment to the King, his Heirs, &c. for every Fire hearth and Stove within every ſuch Houſe, Edifice, Chamber, Lodging 2 *s.* by the year, to be paid yearly and every year, at the Feaſt of St. *Michael*, and the Annuntiation of the Virgin *Mary*, by equal portions.

II. Every Owner, Occupier of ſuch Houſe, Edifice, Lodgings, and Chambers, ſhall reſpectively within ſix dayes after notice given him by the Conſtable or Officer within whoſe Precinct the ſaid Houſe, Edifice, Chambers or Lodgings ſhall be; or by the Treaſurers, or Officers of Inns of Courts, *Chancery*, or other reſpective Colledges, deliver unto the Conſtable, or other ſuch Officers as aforeſaid, a true and juſt accompt in writing, of all the ſaid Hearths and Stoves which are within their reſpective Houſes, Edifices, Lodgings and Chambers.

III. The ſaid Conſtables and other reſpective Officers, ſhall by the laſt day of *May* 1662. require the ſeveral Occupiers of every ſuch Houſe, Edifice, Lodging and Chamber to deliver them accompts in writing under their hands, of all ſuch Hearths and Stoves in their reſpective Houſes, Edifices, &c. and upon receipt of the ſame, or upon default of ſuch accompt, in caſe there be no Occupiers, then within ſix dayes after notice, fixt to the door requiring ſuch accompts to be made, the Conſtable, or other Officers reſpectively, ſhall enter the houſes in the day time, and compare the accompts, and ſee if truely made or not; and if no accompt be given, to take information by their own view of all ſuch Hearths, *&c.* upon pain every Conſtable, or Officer who ſhall neglect the ſame, ſhall

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forfeit 5 *l.* and for every falſe return, ſhall loſe for every hearth falſe returned 40 *s.*

IV. The ſeveral Conſtables and other Officers, who are to take the accompt aforeſaid, of the hearths within their particular limits, ſhall at the next *Quarter-Seſſions* after the laſt of *May*, deliver all ſuch accompts in writing as they ſhall receive, reform, or take by their own view, to the Juſtices of the Peace of their reſpective *Quarter-Seſſions* for the Counties, with a true note of the names of all ſuch perſons as ſhall refuſe or neglect to give them an accompt of the hearths and ſtoves within their reſpective Houſes, Edifices, *&c.*

V. The Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral Counties, ſhall cauſe all the accompts of the ſeveral reſpective hearths, *&c.* within their Counties, to be enrolled by the Clerk of the Peace of the reſpective Counties, and a duplicate thereof in parchment under their hands and ſeals of three or more of them, to be returned into the Court of *Exchequer* within one month after the accompt delivered to them, upon pain every Clerk of the Peace offending therein to forfeit to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* 200 *l.* for the firſt month; for the ſecond month to forfeit his place and office, and the ſame to become void; the forfeiture and penalty to be recovered as the Act directs.

VI. The reſpective Treaſurers and other Officers of the Inns of Courts, *Chancery* and other Societies, Conſtables and other Officers within their reſpective limits, ſhall every half year within ſix dayes after the ſaid duty ſhall grow due, collect, gather and receive the ſame from the ſeveral Occupiers of the ſaid Hearths and Stoves, and upon payment thereof, ſhall give acquittances to the parties, which ſhall be a full diſcharge to ſuch as ſhall pay the ſame, againſt the King, his Heirs, &c. ſo as no perſon who hath ſuch acquittance ſhall be ſued, or put to any charge; But if ſuch perſon who is charged to pay any ſum as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe, or neglect to pay the ſame; every ſuch perſon who is to collect the ſame, may levy the ſame by diſtreſs and ſale of the perſons Goods ſo refuſing, or neglecting, returning the overplus, after the charges firſt deducted, to the Owner.

VII. The Conſtables and other Officers who are to collect the ſaid duties, ſhall within 20 dayes after the ſaid duties ſhall be due to the King, &c. pay to the High Conſtables of the ſeveral Hundreds, all ſuch monies as they ſhall receive for the aforeſaid duties, receiving an acquittance, and deducting 2 *d.* in

every

every pound for their pains in collecting the ſame, and ſhall then in writing under their Hands deliver to the High Conſtables the names of the perſons of whom they receive the ſame; and the names of ſuch who ought to have paid the ſame, where no diſtreſs can be had.

VIII. The High Conſtables of the ſeveral Hundreds, and reſpective limits, ſhall within ten dayes next after their ſeveral receipts from the Conſtables and other Officers, pay to the High Sheriffs of every County, all ſuch monies they ſhall ſo receive, deducting 1 *d.* in the pound for their pains, and ſhall then deliver to the ſaid High Sheriffs, the ſeveral returns which they received from the Conſtables, and other Officers: and the Sheriffs ſhall within thirty dayes after they ſhall receive the monies return the ſame, with the names of ſuch who are defaulters, into the Court of *Exchequer*, deducting 4 *d.* out of every 20 *s.* 3 *d.* to be for his own uſe, and 1 *d.* to be paid to the Clerk of the Peace for his pains.

IX. The high Sheriffs of *London* and *Middleſex* for *London*, and ſo much of *Middleſex* as lyes within the Bills of *Mortality*, (other than the Inns of Court and Chancery) and the High Sheriff of *Surrey* for the Borough of *Southwark*, and all other Sheriffs of any other City or Town being a County of it ſelf, are made Collectors within their reſpective limits; and in thoſe places only the Conſtables and other Officers ſhall deliver to the Sheriffs of the ſaid Cities and places *Duplicates* of the ſame accompts of Hearths and Stoves: And the ſaid Sheriffs of the Cities and places laſt before mentioned, are to levy the ſaid Duties, and give *Acquittances* as fully and amply as in this *Act* is to be done by any other *Collectors*; and the ſaid Sheriffs ſhall within fourty dayes after the Duties ſhall be payable, make payment of the Monies levyed into the Court of *Exchequer*, with a Liſt of the Names of ſuch as ſhall make default, where no diſtreſs can be found; and they ſhall deduct 4 *d.* out of the pound for their pains, 3 *d.* for themſelves, and 1 *d.* for the Clerk of the Peace.

X. The Kings Officers of *Exchequer* ſhall diſcharge all perſons who paid their Duties without taking any Fees, and ſhall iſſue out Proceſs to levy the ſaid Duty upon ſuch perſons who ſhall fail in payment thereof where no Diſtreſs can be found.

XI. The Revenue ariſing by the *Act* (Except what is allowed to Officers) ſhall be duly and conſtantly paid & anſwered into the *Exchequer*,

Exchequer, and shall not be particularly charged, or chargeable, either before or after, with any Gift, Grant, or Pension whatsoever. And all grants of such Pensions, and every *Non obstante* therein contained shall be void; and all persons, to whom such grants are passed, shall be made *Accomptants* to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* and shall pay back all sums of money received by pretence of such grant, and the Court of *Exchequer* shall issue out Process accordingly.

XII. If any Action, Bill, Suit or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person, *&c.* for what he or they shall do in pursuance of the *Act*, such person may plead *Not guilty*, and give the Act and special matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff shall be *Non-suit*, or suffer a *Discontinuance*, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgement against him upon a *Demurrer*, the Defendant shall recover treble costs.

XIII. Where any increase or decrease of Hearths or Stoves shall hereafter happen, an accompt in writing shall be made thereof as before is directed: To be first taken, returned and enrolled, and a Duplicate thereof sent into the Exchequer, and from thenceforth the Owner or Occupier of such House where such decrease is, shall be discharged proportionably without any further pleading in the Exchequer: And no person shall be charged, or brought to accompt for any Duty or Arrerages raised by the *Act*, unless the Suit be commenced within two years, and be brought to Judgement within four years, and the Duty levyed within five years after the same shall grow due.

XIV. No person who by reason of poverty, or smalness of estate is exempted from usual Taxes and Contributions towards the Church and Poor, shall be charged or chargeable with any the Duties imposed by this *Act*: And if the Churchwardens and *Overseers* of the *Poor*, and the Minister or two of them, whereof the Minister to be one, shall under their hands certifie that the house wherein the party dwelleth, is not of greater value than 20 *s. per annum* upon improved Rent, and that the inhabitant neither hath, useth, or occupieth any Lands of their own or others of the value of 20 *s. per ann.* upon such *Certificate* made to the two next Justices of the Peace, and allowed by them, the person on whose behalf the *Certificate* is made, shall not be returned by the Constable or Officer; and the house for that year is discharged from all the Duties imposed by the *Act*.

XV. If any person or persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, shall

ſhall at any time hereafter procure, or accept from the King, his Heirs, &c. any Penſion, Gift, or Grant for years, life, or other eſtate, or any ſum of money out of the Revenue ariſing by this *Act*, ſuch perſon or perſons, &c. ſhall forfeit double the value of ſuch Penſion, Gift, Grant, &c. One moity to the uſe of the *Poor* of the Pariſh where the offenders be, or inhabit, to be recovered by the *Church-wardens*; the other moity to him who will ſue for the ſame by action of Debt, Plaint, or Information.

1. *Provided*, The *Act* not to extend to charge any Blowing-houſe, Stamp, Furnace, or Kiln, or private Oven within any the houſes hereby charged; Nor any Hearth, or Stove within the Scire of any Hoſpital or Almſ-houſe for the relief of poor people, whoſe Endowment and Revenue doth not extend to 100. *l per annum.*

2. That the payments and duties charged by the *Act*, ſhall be charged only on the Occupier for the time being, whereto ſuch Hearth or Stove ſhall be belonging, his Executors, &c. and not on the Land-Lord who let, or diviſed the ſame, his Heirs, &c.

3. No perſon, &c. indebted for any the Duties aforeſaid, ſhall be priviledged as a Debtor to the King, his Heirs, &c. to ſue any perſon in the Court of *Exchequer*, or to aſſign any debt to the King, his Heirs, &c. towards ſatisfaction of the ſame.

Sewers.

I. Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 8. That Commiſſion of *Sewers* ſhall and may at any time before the 23. day of *October* next, and not after, be directed according to the manner and form expreſsed in the Act of 23. of King *H.* the 8th to ſuch perſons as the Lord *Chancellor*, the Lords *Commiſſioners* of the *Treaſury*, the *Chancellor* of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, the Lord chief *Baron* of the *Exchequer*, and the Juſtices of either Bench, or 3. of them, whereof the *Chancellor* to be one, ſhall nominate and appoint: which *Commiſſioners* ſhall have power to do and execute all matters and things as fully in all reſpects as any *Commiſſioners* of *Sewers* at any time heretofore named by the Lord *Chancellor*, Lord *Treaſurer*, the two Chief Juſtices, or three of them had, or might have by vertue of the ſaid Statute, or any other Law now in force.

1. *Provided*,

1. *Provided*, This Act nor any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to repeal, or make void, any clauſe, article, ſentence or power expreſſed or comprized in the ſaid Statute made in the 23. year of King *Henry* the 8th concerning Sewers, from and after 23. of *October* next enſuing.

2. It is declared that his Majeſties aſſent to this Act, doth not, nor ſhall determine this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

Ship-money, Ships and Shipping.

I. Enacted, 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 14. That the charge impoſed upon the Subject, for the providing and furniſhing of Ships, commonly called Ship money; and the Extrajudicial opinions of the Juſtices and Barrons, and the Writs and every of them, and the ſaid greater opinion of the ſaid Juſtices and Barrons, and the Judgement given againſt *John Hampden* Eſquire, for the payment of Ship-money, were and are contrary to, and againſt the Laws and Statutes of the Realm, the right of property, the Liberty of the Subjects, former Reſolutions of Parliament, and the Petition of Right made in the third year of his Majeſties Reign that now is.

II. That all and every the Particulars prayed and deſired in the ſaid Petition of Right, ſhall from henceforth be put in Execution, and ſhall be firmly and ſtrictly holden and obſerved, as in the ſaid Petition they are prayed and expreſſed.

III. That all and every the Records and Remembrances of all and every the ſaid Iudgements againſt the ſaid *John Hampden*, and all and every the proceedings whatſoever upon, or by colour of any the ſaid Writs, called Ship-Writs, and all and every the dependents upon every of them, ſhall be adjudged to all intents, conſtructions, and purpoſes, to be utterly void; and that all and every the ſaid Iudgements, Inrolments, Entries, Proceedings and dependents of what kind ſoever ſhall be vacated, and cancelled, in ſuch manner and form, as records uſe to be vacated.

I. Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 18. That from and after the 1. of *December*, 1660. and thence forwards, no good or commodities whatſoever ſhall be imported into, or exported, out of any Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories to his Majeſty belonging, or be in the poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors,

Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa* or *America*, in any other Ship, or Ships, Veſſel, or Veſſels whatſoever, but in ſuch Ships, or Veſſels as do truly, and without Fraud belong only to the People of *England*, or *Ireland*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*; Or are of the built of, and belonging to any of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, or Territories, as the Proprietors, and right owners thereof, and whereof the Maſter, and three fourths of the Mariners, at leaſt, are Engliſh, upon penalty of forfeiture of all the goods and Commodities which ſhall be Imported into, or Exported out of any the aforeſaid places, with all the Guns, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparrel, one third part thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, one third part to the Governor of ſuch Lands, Plantations, Iſlands, or Territories, where ſuch default ſhall be Committed, in caſe the Ship or Goods be there ſeized, and the other 3. part to him that ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint, or Action, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

II. All Admirals, and other Commanders at Sea of any the Ships of War, or other Ships having Commiſſion from his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, are authorized and required to ſeize, and bring in as Prize all ſuch Ships, or Veſſels as ſhall have offended contrary to the clauſe aforeſaid, and deliver them to the Court of Admiralty, to be proceeded againſt; and in caſe of Condemnation, one moity of their forfeitures, ſhall be to the uſe of ſuch Admirals, or Commanders, and their Companies, to be divided amongſt them, according to the Orders of the Sea in caſe of Ships taken Prize, and the other moity to the uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

III. No Alien or perſon not born within the allegiance of the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or naturalized, or made a free Denizon, ſhall from and after 1. *February* 1661. exerciſe the Trade or Occupation of a Merchant, or Factor, in any the places aforeſaid, upon the pain and forfeiture of all his Goods and Chattels, which are in his poſſeſſion; one third part to his Majeſty, &c. one third part to the Governor of the place where ſuch perſon ſhall ſo offend, and one 3. part to him, or them that ſhall inform, or ſue for the ſame, in any of his Majeſties Courts in the Plantation where ſuch offence ſhall be Committed, and the Governors ſhall before their entrance into

their

their Government, take an Oath to do their utmoſt, that the before mentioned clauſes, and all the matters therein contained, ſhall be punctually, and *bona fide* obſerved according to the true intent and meaning thereof.

IV. No goods, or Commodities whatſoever, of the growth production, or manufacture of *Africa*, *Aſia*, or *America*, or any part thereof, ſhall be Imported into *England*, *Ireland*, or *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey*, or *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in any other Ship, or Ships, Veſſel, or *Veſſels* whatſoever, but in ſuch as do truly without fraud belong to the people of *England*, or *Ireland*, Dominions of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, or of the Lands, Iſlands or Plantations, or Territories in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America* to his Majeſty belonging, as the Proprietors, and right owners thereof, and whereof the Maſter and 3. fourths at the leaſt of the *Merchants* are Engliſh, under the forfeiture of all ſuch Goods and Commodities, and the Ship in which they were Imported, with all the Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, *&c.* one moity to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors; the other moity to him or them who ſhall ſeiz in form, or ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Information or Action, wherein no Seſſion, Protection, or wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

V. That where any eaſe, Abatement, or Priviledge is given in the Book of Rates, to Goods, or Commodities Imported, or Exported In any Engliſh built Shipping (which is intended of the places in the precedent clauſe) It is alwayes to be underſtood, that the Maſter and 3. fourths of the Mariners of the ſaid Ships at leaſt be Engliſh; and that the true intent and meaning is that they ſhould be ſuch, during the whole voyage, unleſs in caſe of ſickneſs, death, or being taken priſoners in the voyage, to be proved, by the Oath of the Maſter, or other chief Officer of ſuch Ships.

VI. No Goods, or Commodities of the growth, production, or Manufacture of *Muſcovy*, or of any the Countries, Dominions, or Territories of the Duke of *Muſcovy*, or *Ruſſia*; as alſo that no Maſts, Timber, or Boards, Forreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rozen, Hemp, Flax, Raiſens, Figgs, Prunes, Olive, Oyles, Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pott-Aſhes, Wines, Vinegar, *Aqua-vitæ*, or Brandy Wines, from and after the 1. of *April* 1661 ſhall be imported into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, in any Ships, or *Veſſels*, but in ſuch as do truly, and without fraud

fraud belong to the people thereof, or of ſome of them, as the true owners thereof, whereof the Maſter and 3. fourths at leaſt of the Mariners are Engliſh.

VII. No Currants, or Commodities of the growth, production, or Manufacture of any the Countries Dominions, or Territories to the *Othoman* or Turkiſh Emperour belonging, from and after the 1 of *September*, 1661. ſhall be imported into any of the places, in the clauſe precedent mentioned, in any Ship, or Veſſel, but which is of Engliſh built, and navigated as aforeſaid, and in no other, Except only ſuch forreign Ships, and Veſſels as are of the built of that Country, or place of which the ſaid goods are of the growth, production, or Manufacture reſpectively.

VIII. All Wines of the growth of *France*, or *Germany*, which after the 20. day of *October*, 1661. ſhall be imported into any the Ports, or places of *England*, &c. aforeſaid, into any other Ship, or Veſſel, than which doth truly without fraud, belong to the places aforeſaid, and navigated as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed aliens goods, and pay all ſtrangers, cuſtoms, and duties to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſours, as to the Port, or Town to which they ſhall be imported; And ſo ſhall alſo all ſorts of Maſts, Timber, or Boards, Salt, Pitch, Tar, and other goods particularly named in the 7. clauſe, of the growth of *Spain*, the Iſlands of the *Canaries*, *Portugal*. *Madera*, Weſtern Iſlands, and of the growth, &c of *Muſcovy*, or *Ruſſia*, which after the 1. day of *April*. 1661. ſhall be imported into any the places aforeſaid, in any other than ſuch Shipping, and all Currants, and Turkey Commodities imported after 1. *September*, 1661. in any other than Engliſh built Shipping; and Navigated as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed Aliens goods, and pay accordingly to his *Majeſty* &c. and to the Port, or Town into which they ſhall be imported.

IX. From and after the 1. of *April*, 1661. no forreign built Ship, or *Veſſel* whatſoever, ſhall paſs to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. or any of them, or enjoy the priviledge of ſuch a Ship, or Veſſel, until he or they claiming the ſaid Ship to be theirs, ſhall make it appear to the chief Officer, or Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Port, next to the places of his or their abode. that he or they are not Aliens; and have taken an Oath that ſuch Ship, or Veſſel was *bona fide*, by him or them bought for a valuable conſideration, expreſſing the ſum, time, and place, and perſon from whom it was bought, and that no

foreigner directly, or indirectly, hath any part, interest, or share therein; and upon receiving such Oath, and Certificate under the Hand and Seal of such Officer, or Officers, such Ship, or Vessel, may for the future pass as a Ship, belonging to the said Ports, and enjoy the priviledge of such a Ship, or Vessel.

X. If any Officer of the Customs shall after the said 1. day of *April*, 1661. allow the priviledge of being a Ship, or Vessel of *England*, &c. to any forreign built Ship, or Vessel until such Certificate be before them produced, or such proof, or Oath taken before them, Or if any Officer, &c. of the Customs, shall allow the priviledge of an English built Ship, or other Ship to any the aforesaid places belonging to any English, or forreign built Ship coming into the Port, and making entry of any Goods, until Examination, whether the Master and three fourths of the Mariners be English; Or allow to any forreign built Ship, bringing in the Commodities of the growth of the Country where it was built, the priviledge by this Act to such Ship given, before Examination, until examination and proof, whether it be a ship of the built of that Country.

1. *Provided*, This Act not to extend to restrain, or prohibit the Importation of any Commodities of the Streights, or Levant-Seas loaden in English built Shipping, navigated as aforesaid, from the usual Ports, or places for lading of them within the Streights, though they be not of the growth of the said places.

2. *Provided*, This Act nor any thing therein contained extend not to the Restraining the Importing of any East *India* Commodities loaden in English built Shipping, whereof the Master and 3 fourths of the Mariners be English, from the usual places of lading of them in any part of those Seas, to the South-ward and East ward of *Cape bona speranza*, though the Ports be not the very places of their growth.

3 That it may be lawful for any of the people of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, in ships belonging to them, navigated as aforesaid, to bring in from any the Ports of *Spain*, or *Portugal*, the Islands called *Azores*, *Madera*, or *Canary* Islands, all sorts of goods, or Commodities of the growth, production, or Manufactue of the Plantations or Dominions of either of them.

4 This Act not to extend to Bullion, nor to any goods taken or that shall be *bona fide* taken by way of Repriſal of any Ship belonging to *England*, *Ireland*, &c. navigated as aforesaid

aforesaid, having Commission from his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors.

5. Not to extend, or be construed to extend to lay Aliens duties upon any Corn of the growth of *Scotland*; or any Salt made in *Scotland*, nor to any fish caught, saved, and cured by the people of *Scotland*, and Imported directly from *Scotland*, in Scotch built Ships navigated as aforesaid, nor to any Seal Oyl of *Russia*, Imported from them into *England*, *Ireland*, &c. in Shipping *bona fide* to some of the places belonging, navited aforesaid.

XI. Every Ship, or Vessel belonging to any the Subjects of the *French* King, which from and after the 10th day of *October*, 1660. shall come into any Port, Creek, Harbor, or Road of *England*, &c. and shall there lade, or unlade any goods, or Commodities, or take in any Passengers, shall pay to the Collector of his Majesties Customs, in such Port, Creek, &c. for every Tun of which the said Ship, or Vessel is of burthen computed by the Officers of the Customs appointed, 5 s. of currant English money, and no Ship to be suffered to depart out of such Port, Creek, &c. until the said duty be fully paid, this duty to be collected and paid for such time, as a certain duty of 50. *Sols per.* Tun, lately Imposed by the *French* King, shall continue to be Collected upon the Shipping of *England* lading in *France*, and three months after, and no longer.

XII. No Sugars, Tobacco, Cotten-wool, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick or other dying wood of the growth, production, or Manufactures of any English Plantations in *America*, *Asia*, or *Africa*, from and after 1. *April.* 1661 shall be Shipped, Conveyed, or Transported from any the said English Plantations, to any Lands, Dominion, Port, or place whatsoever other than to such other English Plantations, as do belong to his Majesty, &c. or to the Kingdom of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. there to be layed on shore, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the said goods, or the full value thereof; one moiety thereof to his Majesty, &c. the other moiety to him, or them that shall seize, inform, or sue for the same, in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoin, Protection, or wager of Law shall be allowed

XIII. For every Ship, or *Vessel*, that after the 25th day of *December*, 1660. shall set sail out of, or from *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales* &c. for any English Plantation in *America*,

Asia, or *Africa*, ſufficient Bond ſhall be given to the chief Officer of the *Cuſtom-houſe*, of the *Port* or place from whence ſuch *Ship* ſhall ſet ſail, to the value of 1000. *l.* if the Ship be leſs burthen than 100. Tnn; and of 2000 *l.* if it be of greater burthen; That in caſe the ſaid *Ship*, *&c.* ſhall load any of the ſaid Commodities at any of the *Engliſh Plantations*, that the ſaid Commodities ſhall be by the ſaid Ship brought to ſome part of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *&c.* and ſhall there unload, and put on ſhore the ſame, the danger of the Seas only excepted; and every *Ship*, *&c.* which ſhall load or take on board any of the aforeſaid goods untill ſuch Bond given, or Certificate produced, from the Officers of any *Cuſtom houſe* of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *&c.* that ſuch Bond hath been duly given, ſhall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, *&c.* to be recovered in manner as aforeſaid.

I. Enacted, 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 9. For the better Government of his Majeſties Navies, *Ships* of War, and forces at Sea; that every of the Articles following, be orderly, and reverently performed; in the ſeveral *Ships*.

I. That Prayers and *Preaching* be by the reſpective Chaplains in holy orders of the reſpective Ships, diligently performed, and the *Lords* day be obſerved according to Law.

II. Every perſon in his Majeſties pay, uſing raſh Oaths, Cu ſing, Drunkenneſs, or ſcandalous actions in derogation of Gods honour, ſhall be puniſhed by fine, impriſonment, or otherwiſe, as the Court-*Martial* ſhall think fit.

III. If any Officer, Mariner, or *Soldier* in the *Fleet* ſhall give, hold, or entertain intelligence to, or with any King, State, *&c.* or to any in rebellion againſt his *Majeſty*, without leave from the Kings *Majeſty*, the Lord Admiral, or Commander of any Squadron, every perſon ſo offending ſhall be puniſhed with death.

IV. If any Letter or *Meſſage* from any King, forreign Prince, or *State*, Enemy to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* or on their behalf be conveyed to any inferior Officer or other in the *Fleet*, and the ſaid Officer or other do not within twelve hours (having opportunity ſo to do) acquaint the ſuperiour Commander with it; or if the ſuperior Officer, being acquainted therewith by an inferior Officer, or other, or himſelf receiving a Letter or Meſſage from any ſuch Enemy, or Rebel, ſhall not in convenient time reveal the ſame to the Admiral, *Vice*-Admiral, or the Commander of the Squadron,

Squadron, every ſuch perſon ſhall be puniſhed with death, or ſuch other puniſhment, as the Court-Martial ſhall think fit.

V. No perſon in the *Fleet* ſhall relieve an Enemy or Rebel in time of War, with Money, Victuals, Powder, Shot, Arms, Ammunition, or other ſupply whatſoever, directly, or indirectly, upon pain of death, or ſuch other puniſhment, &c.

VI. All Papers, Charter parties, Bills of lading, Paſports and other writings, that ſhall be taken, ſeized, or found aboard any Ship, which ſhall be ſeized as Prize, ſhall be preſerved and not torn, or made away, but the originals, without fraud ſent up to the Court of Admiralty; or others appointed for that purpoſe to be viewed, made uſe of and proceeded upon according to Law, upon pain to loſe all their Shares of the Takers, and ſuch other puniſhments upon the offenders therein, to be inflicted, as the quality of the offence ſhall be found to deſerve, and the Court-Martial impoſe.

VII. None in his Majeſties pay, ſhall take out of any Prize, or Ship, or goods ſeized for Prize, any money, plate, goods, lading, or tackle, before Judgement firſt paſt in the Admiral Court, but the entire accompt of the whole, without imbezelment ſhall be brought in, and Jugement paſt intirely upon the whole, in the Court of Admiralty; excepting, that it ſhall be lawful for all Captains, Seamen and others ſerving as aforeſaid, to take to themſelves as pillage without accompt to be given, all ſuch goods and Merchandizes (other than Arms, Ammunition, and ſtores of Ships) as ſhall be found by them, in any Ship they ſhall take in fight, or prize, and not otherwiſe.

VIII. None ſhall imbezel, ſteal, or take away any Cable, Anchors, Sales, any of the Ships furniture, Powder, Arms, or Ammunition of the ſhip, upon pain of death, or other puniſhment, as the quality of the offence ſhall deſerve, &c.

IX. If a Forreign Ship ſhall be taken as prize that ſhall not fight, or make reſiſtance, none of the Captains, Maſters, or Mariners being Forreigners, ſhall be ſtripped of their cloaths, beaten, or evil intreated upon pain the perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit double damages; but the Ship and all the goods ſo taken

ſhall be preſerved entire, to receive Judgement in the Court of Admiralty.

X. Every Captain, or Commander, who upon ſignal, or order of fight, or view, or ſight of any Ships of the Enemy, Pirate or Rebel, ſhall not put all things in his Ship in fit poſture for fight, and ſhall not in his own perſon encourage the inferior Officers and common men to fight couragiouſly, ſhall be caſhiered; and if he or they ſhall yeild to the Enemy, or cry for Quarter, he or they ſo doing ſhall ſuffer death, or other puniſhment as the Offence ſhall deſerve.

XI. Every Commander, Captain, Officer, Sea-man or Souldier of any Ship or Veſſel of War ſhall duly obſerve the commands of the Admiral or other his ſuperior or Commander of any Squadron, as well for the ſetting upon any Fleet, Squadron or Ships of the enemy, Pirate or Rebels; or joyning battel with, or making defence againſt them; and all other the Commands of the Admiral, or other his ſuperior Commander, upon pain to ſuffer death, or other puniſhment, as the quality of his neglect, or offence ſhall deſerve.

XII. Every Captain, and all other Officers, Mariners and Souldiers of every Ship, or Veſſel of War, that ſhall in time of any fight, or engagement keep back, or not come into the fight, & engage to do his utmoſt to take, ſire, kill, or endamage the enemy, and reſiſt, and relieve all and every his Majeſties Ships, ſhall for ſuch offence of co ardize, or diſaffection be tryed, and ſuffer pains of death, or other puniſhment as the circumſtances of the offence ſhall deſerve, and the Court-Martial ſhall think fit.

XIII. The Captains, Officers and Seamen of all Ships appointed for convoy, and guard of Merchants Ships, or any other, ſhall diligently attend that ſervice without delay according to their inſtructions; and whoſoever ſhall not faithfully perform the ſame, and defend the Ships, and goods of their convoy, or refuſe, or neglect to fight in their defence, if they be ſet upon, or running away cowardly, and ſubmitting thoſe in their convoy to hazard and peril, or ſhall exact any money, or other reward from any Merchant, or Maſter for conveying any ſuch Ships belonging to his Majeſties Subjects, ſhall be condemned to make reparation of the damage to the Merchants, owners, and others, as the Court of Admiralty ſhall adjudge, and be puniſhed criminally, according to the quality of their offences, by pains of death, or other puniſhment as ſhall be Judged fit by the Court-Marſhal.

XIV. What

XIV. Whatſoever perſon in, or belonging to the Fleet either through Cowardice, or diſaffection ſhall forbear to purſue the chaſe of any Enemy, Pirate, or Rebel, beaten or flying, ſhall not relieve or aſſiſt a known friend in view, to the utmoſt of his power, ſhall be puniſhed with death, or as the Court-Martial ſhall find fit.

XV. When, at any time ſervice or action ſhall be commanded, no man ſhall preſume to ſtop, put backward, or diſcourage the ſaid ſervice, by pretence of arrears of wages, or upon any pretence of wages whatſoever, upon pain of death

XVI. All Sea-Captains, Officers, and Seamen, that ſhall betray their truſt, or turn to the Enemy, Pirat, or Rebells, and either run away with their Ship, or yield up the ſame to the Enemy, Pirat, or Rebells, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XVII. All Sea-Captains, Officers, or Mariners, as ſhall deſert the ſervice, or their imployment in the Ships, or run away, or entice any others ſo to do, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XVIII. All perſons that ſhall come, or be found in the nature of Spies, to bring any ſeducing letters, or Meſſages from any Enemy, or Rebell; or ſhall attempt, or endeavour to corrupt any Captain, Officer, Mariner, or other of the navy, or fleet, to betray his, or their truſt, and yield up any Ship, or Ammunition, or turn to the Enemy, or Rebel, ſhall be puniſhed with death

XIX. No perſon in, or belonging to the Fleet, ſhall utter any words of ſedition, or mutiny, nor make, nor endeavour to make any mutinous aſſemblies, upon any pretence whatſoever, upon pain of death.

XX. No perſon in, or belonging to the fleet, ſhall conceal any traiterous, or mutinous, practices, deſigns, or words, or any words ſpoken by any, to the prejudice of his Majeſty, or Government, or words, or practiſes tending to the hinderance of his ſervice, but ſhall forthwith reveal them to the ſuperior; that a meet proceeding may be had thereupon, upon pain of ſuch puniſhment, as a Court-Martial ſhall find to be Juſt

XXI. None ſhall quarrel with his ſuperior officer, upon pain of ſevere puniſhment, nor ſtrike any upon pain of death, or otherwiſe, as the Court-Martial ſhall find the matter to deſerve.

ſhall be preſerved entire, to receive Judgement in the Court of Admiralty.

X. Every Captain, or Commander, who upon ſignal, or order of fight, or view, or ſight of any Ships of the Enemy, Pirate or Rebel, ſhall not put all things in his Ship in fit poſture for fight, and ſhall not in his own perſon encourage the inferior Officers and common men to fight couragiouſly, ſhall be caſhiered; and if he or they ſhall yeild to the Enemy, or cry for Quarter, he or they ſo doing ſhall ſuffer death, or other puniſhment as the Offence ſhall deſerve.

XI. Every Commander, Captain, Officer, Sea-man or Souldier of any Ship or Veſſel of War ſhall duly obſerve the commands of the Admiral or other his ſuperior or Commander of any Squadron, as well for the ſetting upon any Fleet, Squadron or Ships of the enemy, Pirate or Rebels; or joyning battel with, or making defence againſt them; and all other the Commands of the Admiral, or other his ſuperior Commander, upon pain to ſuffer death, or other puniſhment, as the quality of his neglect, or offence ſhall deſerve.

XII. Every Captain, and all other Officers, Mariners and Souldiers of every Ship, or Veſſel of War, that ſhall in time of any fight, or engagement keep back, or not come into the fight, & engage to do his utmoſt to take, fire, kill, or endamage the enemy, and reſiſt, and relieve all and every his Majeſties Ships, ſhall for ſuch offence of cowardize, or diſaffection be tryed, and ſuffer pains of death, or other puniſhment as the circumſtances of the offence ſhall deſerve, and the Court-Martial ſhall think fit.

XIII. The Captains, Officers and Seamen of all Ships appointed for convoy, and guard of Merchants Ships, or any other, ſhall diligently attend that ſervice without delay according to their inſtructions; and whoſoever ſhall not faithfully perform the ſame, and defend the Ships, and goods of their convoy, or refuſe, or neglect to fight in their defence, if they be ſet upon, or running away cowardly, and ſubmitting thoſe in their convoy to hazard and peril, or ſhall exact any money, or other reward from any Merchant, or Maſter for conveying any ſuch Ships belonging to his Majeſties Subjects, ſhall be condemned to make reparation of the damage to the Merchants, owners, and others, as the Court of Admiralty ſhall adjudge, and be puniſhed criminally, according to the quality of their offences, by pains of death, or other puniſhment as ſhall be Judged fit by the Court-Marſhal.

XIV. What

XIV. Whatſoever perſon in or belonging to the Fleet either through Cowardice, or diſaffection ſhall forbear to purſue the chaſe of any Enemy, Pirate, or Rebel, beaten or flying, ſhall not relieve or aſſiſt a known friend in view, to the utmoſt of his power, ſhall be puniſhed with death, or as the Court-Martial ſhall find fit.

XV. When, at any time ſervice or action ſhall be commanded, no man ſhall preſume to ſtop, put backward, or diſcourage the ſaid ſervice, by pretence of arrears of wages, or upon any pretence of wages whatſoever, upon pain of death

XVI. All Sea-Captains, Officers, and Seamen, that ſhall betray their truſt, or turn to the Enemy, Pirat, or Rebells, and either run away with their Ship, or yield up the ſame to the Enemy, Pirat, or Rebells, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XVII. All Sea-Captains, Officers, or Mariners, as ſhall deſert the ſervice, or their imployment in the Ships, or run away, or entice any others ſo to do, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XVIII. All perſons that ſhall come, or be found in the nature of Spies, to bring any ſeducing letters, or Meſſages from any Enemy, or Rebell; or ſhall attempt, or endeavour to corrupt any Captain, Officer, Mariner, or other of the navy, or fleet, to betray his, or their truſt, and yield up any Ship, or Ammunition, or turn to the Enemy, or Rebel, ſhall be puniſhed with death

XIX. No perſon in, or belonging to the Fleet, ſhall utter any words of ſedition, or mutiny, nor make, nor endeavour to make any mutinous aſſemblies, upon any pretence whatſoever, upon pain of death.

XX. No perſon in, or belonging to the fleet, ſhall conceal any traiterous, or mutinous, practices, deſigns, or words, or any words ſpoken by any, to the prejudice of his Majeſty, or Government, or words, or practiſes tending to the hinderance of his ſervice, but ſhall forthwith reveal them to the ſuperior; that a meet proceeding may be had thereupon, upon pain of ſuch puniſhment, as a Court-Martial ſhall find to be Juſt

XXI. None ſhall quarrel with his ſuperior officer, upon pain of ſevere puniſhment, nor ſtrike any upon pain of death, or otherwiſe, as the Court-Martial ſhall find the matter to deſerve.

XXII. If any of the Fleet find cauſe of complaint of the unwholſomneſs of his Victuals, or upon other juſt ground, he ſhall quietly make the ſame known to his ſuperiour, that ſuch preſent remedy may be had as the matter ſhall require, and the ſame Superiour is to cauſe the ſame to be preſently remedied accordingly; but no perſon upon ſuch, or other pretence ſhall privately attempt to ſtirr up any diſturbance, upon pain of puniſhment as the Court-Martial ſhall find meet to inflict.

XXIII. None ſhall quarrel, or fight in the Ship, nor uſe provoking ſpeeches tending to make any quarrel or diſturbance, upon pain of impriſonment and ſuch other puniſhment as the offence ſhall deſerve.

XXIV. There ſhall be no waſtful expences of Powder, Shot, Ammunition, or other Stores in the Fleet, nor any imbezlement thereof, but that the Stores and Proviſions be carefully preſerved, upon pain of fine, impriſonment, or otherwiſe, of the Offenders, Abetters, Buyers and Receivers, as by a Court-Martial ſhall be found juſt.

XXV. Care to be taken in the conducting and ſteering of Ships, that through wilfulneſs, negligence, or other defaults, none of his Majeſties Ships be ſtranded, or run upon any rocks, or ſands, or ſplit, or hazarded, upon pain that ſuch as ſhall be found guilty therein, be puniſhed by fine, impriſonment, or otherwiſe, as the offence by a Court-Martial ſhall be adjudged to deſerve.

XXVI. All perſons that ſhall willing burn, or ſet on fire any Ship, Magazine, or Store of Powder, Boat, Ketch, Hoy, or Veſſel, or Tackle, or Furniture thereunto belonging, nor appertaining to an Enemy, or Rebel, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XXVII. No man in, or belonging to the Fleet, ſhall ſleep upon his watch, or negligently perform the duty impoſed upon him, or forſake his ſtation upon pain of death, or other puniſhment, as the circumſtances ſhall require

XXVIII. All murthers and wilful killing of any perſons in the Ship, ſhall be puniſhed with death.

XXIX. All robbery and theft, committed by any perſon in, or belonging to the Fleet, ſhall be puniſhed with death, or other puniſhment as the Court-Martial upon conſideration of the circumſtances ſhall find meet.

XXX. No

XXX. No Provoſt-*Martial* belonging to the Fleet, ſhall refuſe to receive or keep any priſoner coommitted to his charge, or ſuffer him to eſcape being once in his cuſtody; or diſmiſs him without order, under pain of being lyable to the ſame puniſhment that ſhould have been inflicted upon the party diſmiſſed, or permitted to eſcape, or other puiſhment as the Court-*Martial* ſhall think meet.

XXXI. All Captains, Officers and Seamen, ſhall do their endeavours to detect, apprehend and bring to puniſhment all Offenders, and ſhall aſſiſt the Officers appointed therein upon pain to be puniſhed by the Court-*Martial* at diſcretion.

XXXII. If any perſon in, or belonging to the Fleet, ſhall commit the unnatural and deteſtable ſin of buggery, or ſodomy with man or beaſt, he ſhall be puniſhed with death without mercy.

XXXIII. All other faults, miſdemeanours, and diſorders, committed at Sea, not mentioned in this Act, ſhall be puniſhed according to the *Laws* and Cuſtoms uſed in ſuch caſes at *Sea*.

XXXIV. That the Lord Admiral for the time being, have full power and authority to grant Commiſſions to inferiour *Vice*-Admirals, or Commanders in chief of any ſquadron of Ships, to call and aſſemble a Court-*Martial* conſiſting of Commanders and Captains, and no Court-*Martial* where the pains of death ſhall be inflicted, ſhall conſiſt of leſs than five Captains at leaſt, the Admirals Lieutenant as to this purpoſe eſteemed as a Captain: And in no caſe wherein ſentence of death ſhall paſs by vertue of the Articles aforeſaid, or any of them (except in caſe of mutiny) there ſhall be execution of ſuch ſentence of death without the leave of the Lord High Admiral, if the offences be committed in the narrow Seas; But in caſe of any of the offences aforeſaid to be committed in any voyage beyond the narrows Seas, where ſentence of death ſhall be given in purſuance of the Articles aforeſaid, execution ſhall not be done but by order of the Commander in chief of that Fleet or Squadron wherein the ſentence of death was paſſed.

XXXV. That the Judge-Advocate of any Fleet for the time being have power and authority to adminiſter an Oath to any perſon or witneſs in order to the examination or tryal of any the offences aforeſaid: and in abſence of a Judge-Advocate

Advocate, the Court-Martial ſhall have power to appoint any perſon to adminiſter an Oath to the purpoſe aforeſaid.

Provided, That this Act nor any thing therein contained, ſhall not in any wiſe extend to give to the Lord Admiral of *England* for the time being, or to his Vice Admirals, or Judges of the Admiralty, his, or their Deputy, or Deputies, or any other Officers of the Admiralty, or any other claiming any Admiral power or juriſdiction within this Realm, or *Wales*, or any other the Kings Dominions, any other power, right, juriſdiction or authority, than he, or they, or any of them lawfully have had, or ought to have or enjoy before the making of this Act, other than for ſuch of the offences ſpecified in the ſeveral Articles contained in this Act, as hereafter ſhall be done upon the main Sea, or in Ships or Veſſels hovering in the main ſtream of great Rivers only beneath the Bridges of the ſame Rivers nigh to the Sea, within the juriſdiction of the Admiralty, and in none other places whatſoever, and committed only by ſuch perſons as ſhall be in actual ſervice and pay of his Majeſties Forces and Ships of War.

Statutes Confirmed.

Enacted, 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* All Acts of Parliament made or mentioned to be made by the King (with the advice of the Lords and Commons) ſince the 25. of *April*, *Anno* 12. of the King are confirmed, *viz.*

1. One *Act of free and general Pardon, Indemnity and Oblivion.*

2. An Act intituled, *A Subſidie to the King of Tonnage and Poundage upon Merchandize exported and imported.*

3. *An Act for the continuing the Exciſe until* 20. Auguſt 1660.

4. *An Act for continuing the Exciſe till* 25. Decemb. 1660.

5. *An Act for ſpeedy proviſion of Money, for diſbanding and paying off the Forces of the Kingdom both by Sea and Land.*

6 *An Act for the confirmation of Judicial proceedings.*

7. *An Act for the ſpeedy diſbanding of the Army and Garriſons of the Kingdom.*

8. *An Act for ſupplying and explaining defects in an Act for the ſpeedy proviſion of Money for the diſbanding and paying off the Forces of the Kingdom both by Sea Land.*

9. *An Act to prevent frauds and concealments of Cuſtoms and Subſidies.*

10. *An*

10. *An Act for the raising* 140000 l. *for the compleat disbanding of the whole Army and paying off some part of the Navy.*

11. An Act entituled, *A grant of certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors for the encrease of his Majesties Revenues during life.*

12. *An Act for the taking away the Court of Wards and settleing a Revenue on his Majesty in lieu thereof.*

13. *An Act for the better ordering and selling of Wines by retail, and preventing abuses therein, and for setting the prices of the same.*

14. *An Act for the levying of the Arrears of* 12 *Months Assessment beginning the* 24. *of* June 1659. *and the Assessment beginning the* 25. *of* December 1659.

15. *An Act for the granting to the King* 420000 l. *by Assessment of* 70000 l. per *Month for* 6 *months, for disbanding the remainder of the Army and paying off the Navy.*

16. *An Act for the supplying and explaining certain defects in an Act* Entituled, *An Act for the speedy provision of Money for the disbanding and paying off the Forces of this Kingdom both by Land and Sea.*

17. *An Act for the raising of* 70000 l. *for the further supply of his Majesty.*

18. *An Act for the Attainder of several persons guilty of the murder of the late King* Charles *the first.*

19. *An Act for the erecting and establishing a Post-Office.*

20. *An Act for the putting in execution an Ordinance mentioned in the Act.*

Anno 13. Car. 2. Cap. 11. I. *An Act for the raising* 70000 l. *for the further supply of his Majesty.*

2. *An Act for the confirmation of Marriages.*

3. *An Act for a perpetual Anniversary thanksgiving on the* 29*th.* *of* May.

Anno 13. Car. 2. Cap. 14. I. *An Act for the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation.*

2. *An Act prohibiting exportation of Woolls, Woollfels, Fullers-earth, or any kind of Scouring-earth.*

3. *An Act for the Master of the Rolls to make Leases for years, in order to new-build the old Houses to the Rolls belonging.*

4. *An Act for prohibiting the planting, setting, or sowing Tobacco in* England *and* Ireland.

5. *An Act for the restraining the taking of excessive usury.*

6. *An Act for present nominating Commissioners of Sewers.*

7. *An*

7. *An Act for the incorporating the Maſter and Wardens of the Company of Haberdaſhers* London, *to be Governours of the Free-ſchool and Almſ-houſes in* Newport, *in the County of* Salop.

Suits and Arreſts.

I. Enacted, 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* After the 12 of *February* 1661. no perſon, *&c.* who ſhall be arreſted by any Sheriff, Bayliff of a Franchiſe or Liberty, Coroner, or other perſon whatſoever, within the Realm, by force of any Writ, Bill, or Proceſs iſſuing out of any the Kings Courts at *Weſtminſter*, in which Writ, &c. the true cauſe of Action is not expreſſed particularly, and for which the Defendant is bailable by the Statute of 23 of *Henry* the 6th. ſhall be compelled to give ſecurity, or enter into bond with Sureties for the appearance of the party arreſted in any penalty or ſum exceeding 40 *l.* conditioned for ſuch appearance, and the Sheriffs and all other Officers, &c. ſhall let to bail, and deliver out of Priſon, and from their cuſtodies reſpectively every ſuch perſon ſo arreſted upon ſecurity of 40 *l.* given, and no more, for the appearance of ſuch perſon arreſted unto the Sheriff or other Officer, according to the ſaid Statute 23. *H* 8.

II. That upon appearance in the Term wherein the ſaid Writ is returnable, for the perſon by Attorney, in the reſpective Courts from whence the Writ &c. iſſued, the bond given for appearance be diſcharged, and after ſuch appearance entred, no amerciements be ſet or eſtreated upon, or againſt any Sheriff or other Officer, concerning want of ſuch appearance made, unleſs the Plaintiff ſhall put into the Court his Bill or Declaration in ſome perſonal action or *Ejectione firmæ* of lands before the end of the Term next following; after appearance, a nonſuit may be entred againſt the Plaintiff, and he Defendant in every ſuch Writ ſhall have judgement to recover coſts againſt the Plaintiff to be taxed in ſuch manner as is provided for coſts by the ſaid Statute of 23 *H* 8.

Provided, This Act not to extend to any arreſts to be made upon or by vertue of any Writ of *Capias utlagatum*, attachment upon reſcous, attachment upon any contempt, or attachment of priviledge, at the ſuit of any priviledged perſon, to be iſſuing out of any the ſaid Courts, where no particular certainty of the caſe or action is contained; but that no Sheriff or Officer ſhall diſcharge

charge any perſon taken upon *Capias utlagatum* out of his cuſtody, without a lawful *ſuperſedeas* received firſt for the ſame; and upon the Writs of attachment ſuch courſe be taken for ſecurity for appearance therein, as heretofore hath been uſed.

III. Every perſon, *&c.* whatſoever, who now hath, or hereafter ſhall have cauſe of any perſonal action againſt a Priſoner in the Fleet, may ſue forth an original of ſuch Priſoner, and have a *Habeas Corpus* to the Warden of the Priſon, to have the body of the Priſoner before the Juſtices of the Common Pleas at a day certain in any Term to anſwer the Plaintiff upon his Action; and if the Plaintiff put into the ſaid Court his Declaration againſt the Priſoner being preſent at the Bar, the Priſoner ſhall appear in perſon, or by Attorney; and unleſs the Defendant plead upon a rule given to be out in eight dayes after appearance, judgement by *Nihil dicit* may be entred againſt ſuch Defendant as appearing in perſon; and ſuch charge in Court by Declaration ſignified by rule to the Warden ſhall be a good cauſe of detention of the Priſoner, from which he ſhall not be diſcharged without a lawful *ſuperſedeas* or rule of Court; and if the Warden do otherwiſe, he ſhall be reſponſible to the Court, and to the party grieved by action upon the caſe.

IV. In all actions of debt, and other perſonal actions; and in all actions of *Ejectione firmæ* for Lands, Tenements, *&c.* depending, or which ſhall depend in any of the ſaid Courts by original Writs, after iſſue joyned to be tryed by Jury; and after any judgement had or obtained, there ſhall not need to be fifteen dayes between the *Teſte* and the return of any Writ of *Venire facias*, *Habeas Corpora Juratorum*, *Diſtringas*, Writs of *Fieri facias*, or *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*; and the want of fifteen dayes between the *Teſte* and day of return of ſuch Writs, ſhall not be aſſigned for any cauſe of error.

Provided, The Act not to extend to any Writ of *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, wherein *Exigent* after Judgement is to be awarded; nor to any *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, in order to make any bail liable, but that the ſame continue as if the Act had not been made.

5. From

7. *An Act for the incorporating the Maſter and Wardens of the Company of Haberdaſhers* London, *to be Governours of the Free-ſchool and Almſ-houſes in* Newport, *in the County of* Salop.

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II. That upon appearance in the Term wherein the ſaid Writ is returnable, for the perſon by Attorney, in the reſpective Courts from whence the Writ &c. iſſued, the bond given for appearance be diſcharged, and after ſuch appearance entred, no amerciements be ſet or eſtreated upon, or againſt any Sheriff or other Officer, concerning want of ſuch appearance made, unleſs the Plaintiff ſhall put into the Court his Bill or Declaration in ſome perſonal action or *Ejectione firme* of lands before the end of the Term next following; after appearance, a nonſuit may be entred againſt the Plaintiff, and he Defendant in every ſuch Writ ſhall have judgement to recover coſts againſt the Plaintiff to be taxed in ſuch manner as is provided for coſts by the ſaid Statute of 23 *H* 8.

Provided, That this Act not to extend to any arreſts to be made upon or by vertue of any Writ of *Capias utlagatum*, attachment upon reſcous, attachment upon any contempt, or attachment of priviledge, at the ſuit of any priviledged perſon, to be iſſuing out of any the ſaid Courts, where no particular certainty of the caſe or action is contained; but that no Sheriff or Officer ſhall diſcharge

charge any perſon taken upon *Capias utlagatum* out of his cuſtody, without a lawful *ſuperſedeas* received firſt for the ſame; and upon the Writs of attachment ſuch courſe be taken for ſecurity for appearance therein, as heretofore hath been uſed.

III. Every perſon, *&c.* whatſoever, who now hath, or hereafter ſhall have cauſe of any perſonal action againſt a Priſoner in the Fleet, may ſue forth an original of ſuch Priſoner, and have a *Habeas Corpus* to the Warden of the Priſon, to have the body of the Priſoner before the Juſtices of the Common Pleas at a day certain in any Term to anſwer the Plaintiff upon his Action; and if the Plaintiff put into the ſaid Court his Declaration againſt the Priſoner being preſent at the Bar, the Priſoner ſhall appear in perſon, or by Attorney; and unleſs the Defendant plead upon a rule given to be out in eight dayes after appearance, judgement by *Nihil dicit* may be entred againſt ſuch Defendant as appearing in perſon; and ſuch charge in Court by Declaration ſignified by rule to the Warden ſhall be a good cauſe of detention of the Priſoner, from which he ſhall not be diſcharged without a lawful *ſuperſedeas* or rule of Court; and if the Warden do otherwiſe, he ſhall be reſponſible to the Court, and to the party grieved by action upon the caſe.

IV. In all actions of debt, and other perſonal actions; and in all actions of *Ejectione firme* for Lands, Tenements, *&c.* depending, or which ſhall depend in any of the ſaid Courts by original Writs, after iſſue joyned to be tryed by Jury; and after any judgement had or obtained, there ſhall not need to be fifteen dayes between the *Teſte* and the return of any Writ of *Venire facias*, *Habeas Corpora Juratorum*, *Diſtringas*, Writs of *Fieri facias*, or *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*; and the want of fifteen dayes between the *Teſte* and day of return of ſuch Writs, ſhall not be aſſigned for any cauſe of error.

Provided, The Act not to extend to any Writ of *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, wherein *Exigent* after Judgement is to be awarded; nor to any *Capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, in order to make any bail liable, but that the ſame continue as if the Act had not been made.

5. From

V. From and after 20 *January*, 1661. No *Execution* ſhall be ſtayed in any of the ſaid Courts by any Writ or Writs of *Errour*, or *Superſedeas* thereupon after *Verdict* and *Judgement* obtained in any Action of *Debt*, grounded upon the Statute of 2 *Edw.* 6. for not ſetting out of Tithes; Nor in any Action upon the Caſe upon *Aſſumpſit* for payment of Money; Actions of *Trover*, *Covenant*, *Detinue* and *Treſpaſs*, unleſs a Recognizance in the ſame Court to proſecute the ſaid Writ of *Errour*, with effect, according as is directed by the Statute of 3 King *James*: And if any perſon ſhall ſue, or proſecute any Writ of *Errour*, for reverſal of any *Judgement* whatſoever, after *Verdict* given in any the ſaid Courts, and the ſaid *Judgement* ſhall afterwards be affirmed, ſuch perſon, *&c.* ſhall pay to the *Defendant* in the Writ of *Errour* double coſts to be aſſeſſed by the Court where the Writ of *Errour* ſhall be depending, for delaying of Execution.

Provided, This *Act* not to extend to any popular Action, nor other which is or ſhall be brought upon any penal Law or Statute (Except the ſaid Statute of 2 *E.* 6. for not ſetting forth of Tithes) Nor to any *Indictment*, *Inquiſition*, *Information*, or *Appeal*, any thing in the *Act* notwithſtanding.

Taxes and Aſſeſſments.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap* 15. That the ſum of 140000 *l.* is given to the King for diſbanding of the Army, and part of the Navy, *viz.* The ſum of 70000 *l.* by the month for two months from the firſt of *November*, 1660. ſhall be aſſeſſed and paid within the ſeveral Counties and places within *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick*, according to ſuch Rates, and by the Commiſſioners (Except ſuch as are diſabled by the *Act* of *Indempnity*) and with the like powers, as by an Ordinance by the Lords and Commons for an Aſſeſſment of 70000 *l.* by the month upon *England* for three months: and of an Act of putting in execution an *Ordinance* therein mentioned are expreſſed.

II. All the Monies to be raiſed, ſhall be paid into *Guild-Hall London*, to Sir *Richard Brown* Knight, and others particularly named, appointed *Treaſurers* thereof, and their *acquittance* or any three of them, ſhall be a ſufficient diſcharge in that behalf.

III. All

III. All moneys received by the ſaid *Treaſurers*, ſhall be iſſued according to ſuch directions as they, or three of them ſhall receive from the *Commiſſioners* named in an *Act* for the ſpeedy disbanding of the Army and Garriſons of this Kingdom, which monies are totally to be employed for the disbanding of the Army in the firſt place, and after for the paying off ſuch part of the Navy as return into Harbour before the 8th. of *Septemb.* 1660.

IV. If any perſon ſhall lend to the *Treaſurers* any monies for the uſes aforeſaid, he ſhall be allowed 6 *per Cent.* for the ſame out of Monies by the *Act* received; and the *Treaſurers* are to repay the monies ſo lent.

The ſaid whole ſum of 140000 *l.* ſhall be paid in before 25. *December*, 1661. And the *Commiſſioners* or any two of them in their reſpective places are to ſign and Seal a Duplicate of their Aſſeſſments, and before the ſaid 25 day certifie the ſame into the *Guild-Hall* to the *Treaſurers* with the names of the Receivers General.

Enacted, 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 25. Whereas great ſums of Monies remain uncollected, and ſeveral ſums remain in the Collectors hands, due on the 12 months aſſeſſment, beginning the 24. of *June*, 1659. and upon the 6 moneths aſſeſſment, beginning the 25 of *Decemb.* 1659. for the disbanding of the Army; That the Commiſſioners (nominated in an *Act* for the proviſion of money for the disbanding and paying off the Forces by Land and Sea) do forthwith cauſe all the ſaid *Arrears* to be levyed in ſuch manner as formerly; And all ſuch monies as remain in any Collectors hands, to be paid to *James Neltthorp*, and *John Lawſon*, Treaſurers at War for the purpoſe aforeſaid.

I. Enacted, 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 26. Whereas it was hoped, That the monies Enacted to be raiſed by ſeveral Acts of *Parliament*, would have ſufficed for the disbanding of the Army and Navy; but by the ſlow comming in of the ſaid monies, it cannot be effected without further ſupply; Therefore by this *Act* the ſum of 420000 *l.* is given to the King, *viz.* 70000 *l. per moneth*, for ſix months, from 1 *January*, 1660. to be taxed and levyed in *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick*, according to ſuch Rules, and by the ſame Commiſſioners as are in an *Act* Entituled, *An Act for the raiſing of* 140000 *l. for the compleat disbanding of the Army, and paying part of the Navy.*

II. That 210000 *l.* the moiety of the ſaid Aſſeſſments ſhall be paid to the Receivers general, appointed by the ſaid Commiſſions

miſſioners, on, or before 1 *Febr.* 1660. and the other moiety on, or before 1 *April*, 1661. and all the ſaid monies ſhall be paid at *Guild-Hall*, *London*, unto *Sir George Cartwright* and other perſons particularly named in the *Act*, Treaſurers on that behalf, who, or any three of them, are enabled to give diſcharges of *Monies* received by vertue of the *Act*.

III. If any perſon of *London*, or other place, who have advanced *Monies* upon the *Act* of 70000 *l.* before mentioned, ſhall continue the Loan thereof upon the credit of this *Act*, and declare the ſame under Hand and Seal to the *Treaſurers* before 31 *December*, 1660. And if any other perſon ſhall advance 100 *l.* or more upon the ſame Credit, and before the 10th. of *January*, 1660. pay it to the *Treaſurers*, it ſhall be repayed by the *Treaſurers* out of the laſt 110000 *l.* raiſed by this *Act* with intereſt at 10. *l. per Cent.* from ſuch Declaration and Advancement reſpectively; and the *Treaſurers* are to receive no more monies, than what with the monies ſo to be continued, will amount to 80000 *l.*

IV. All the monies above mentioned, ſhall be iſſued according to ſuch Directions as the *Treaſurers*, or any three of them ſhall receive from the *Commiſſioners* in the *Act* for the ſpeedy disbanding of the Army, or three of them to be only employed for the disbanding of the Army and Garriſons according to Rules in the laſt mentioned *Act* contained; and the reſt of the money towards the paying of the Fleet and Navy.

V. An accompt of the ſaid monies ſhall be given by the *Treaſurers* to this and other ſucceeding *Parliaments*, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint.

VI. No *Mannors*, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments formerly taxed towards former Land-Taxes, and now in the poſſeſſion of the King, Queen, Eccleſiaſtical perſons, or their reſpective Tenants, ſhall be exempted from the paymene of the *Monies* in this *Act* comprized, but ſhall be rated as formerly.

This *Act* not to extend to prejudice the Peers in their Rights.

Enacted, 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 16. That the ſum of 70000 *l.* for the preſent ſupply of his *Majeſty* for one moneth only from 29 *Septemb.* 1660 ſhall be levyed and paid in *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick* in ſuch manner and form, and by the ſame Commiſſioners (other than ſuch as are diſabled by the *Act* of *Indemnity*) as by an Ordinance of the Lords and Commons

juſt

juſt before the Kings Reſtauration for 70000. *l.* by the moneth, upon *England* for 3. moneths, is limited and appointed, and the Commiſſioners are by the Act required to ſign and ſeal a duplicate of their Aſſeſſments, and before firſt of *November* to certifie the ſame into the *Exchequer*, together with the names of the reſpective Receivers general.

Term.

Enacted, 16. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 6. That in *Michaelmas* Term there ſhall be but ſix common dayes of return only; the firſt called *A die St. Michaelis in tres ſeptimanas*; the ſecond called *A die St. Michaelis in unum menſem*; the third called *In craſtino animarum*; the fourth called *In craſtino St. Martini*, the fifth called *In Octabis St. Martini*; the ſixth called *A die St. Martini in quindecem dies*; and that the ſaid *Term* of Saint *Michael* yearly for ever, from and after the Feaſt of Saint *Michael* the *Arch-Angel* next coming, begin in, and upon the ſaid *Tres ſeptimanas St. Martini* whenſoever it ſhall happen to fall (except it be on the Lords day commonly called Sunday, and then on the morrow next after) for the keeping of the Eſſoins, Proffers, and Returns, and other Ceremonies; and thats the firſt *Term* of Saint *Michael*, ſhall be yearly for ever after the Feaſt of Saint *Michael* next coming, in all the High Courts of Record of the King to be holden at *Weſtminſter*, or at other places, by the aſſignment and appointment of the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall yearly for ever take its commencement upon the *quarto die* of the ſaid *Tres ſeptimanas St. Michaelis*, and not before (except it be on the Lords day, coumonly called Sunday) and then on the morrow, next after.

Theft and Rapine.

1. **Enacted**, 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 22. From and after the Feaſt of Saint *Michael* 1662. and during the term of five years enſuing the date of this Act, the *Juſtices* of the *Peace* of the reſpective Counties of *Northumberland* and *Cumberland*, or the major part of them, at their general *Seſſions* to be holden for the reſpective Counties, may make an Order in open *Seſſions*, for charging according to their

ſeveral proportions, all and every the Inhabitants of the ſaid reſpective Counties for the ſafeguard and ſecuring of the ſaid ſeveral Counties and Inhabitants from all injury, violence, ſpoyl and rapine of the Moſs-troopers. *Provided*, the County of *Northumberland* be not charged above the ſum of 500. *l. per annum*, nor the County of *Cumberland* above 200. pounds *per annum*.

II. The ſeveral Juſtices of the ſaid reſpective Counties are authorized at their general quarter Seſſions, to appoint any perſons to have the conduct and command of a certain number of perſons, not exceeding the number of thirty men in the County of *Northumberland*, and twelve in the County of *Cumberland*; whereby, the Malefactors aforeſaid, *viz.* Moſs-troopers, may be ſearched out, purſued, apprehended, and brought to trial at Law.

III. The Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid reſpective Counties, at their general Seſſions, are impowered to make, and iſſue out Warrants, under their reſpective Hands and Seals, for the levying and collecting any ſum of money ordered to be paid for, and towards the ſafeguard, and ſecuring the ſaid Counties reſpectively as aforeſaid, and to levy the ſaid monies by Conſtables, and other Officers of all and every the Inhabitants of the reſpective Counties, according to their proportionable eſtates in Lands, or Goods, by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, rendering the overplus to the owners, and alſo to examine any complaint made againſt the Collectors, Conſtables, or other Officers that at any time hereafter ſhall refuſe, neglect, or fail to give obedience to the Act, or to do any thing in diſturbance or obſtruction thereof; and to bind over ſuch perſons to the quarter Seſſions, to be proceeded againſt, according to Juſtice.

IV. The reſpective Juſtices in the behalf of the ſaid Counties reſpectively, are to appoint a Treaſurer to receive from the Collectors, the moneys collected, and to pay over the ſame according to the orders they ſhall receive from the Juſtices at the General Seſſions for the reſpective Counties, and they may agree with ſuch perſons as they ſhall think fit to employ in the ſaid ſervice, and take ſufficient ſecurity of them for the faithful and effectual performance thereof; and in caſe any perſon employed in the border-ſervice, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall wilfully and corruptly neglect, or forbear to diſcover, or apprehend, or bring to Tryal any of the ſaid perſons, called *Moſs-Troopers*; and ſhall be convicted thereof, he ſhall be made uncapable ever after

after to take upon him the ſaid imployment; and ſuffer ſuch Fine and Imprisonment according to the quality of his offence, as the Juſtices of the Peace at their General Seſſions ſhall think fit to inflict.

1. *Provided*, The ſaid reſpective Juſtices, may at any time hereafter, moderate or leſſen the ſaid charge if they ſee cauſe.

2. This Act to continue in force for five years and no longer.

3. That the Statutes made in the 4. and 7. years of King *James*, for ſuppreſſing and puniſhing of Moſs-Troopers, ſhall be revived and put in execution.

Tobacco.

I. Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 33. No perſon whatſoever, from and after the 1. of *January*, 1660. ſhall ſet, plant, improve to grow, make, or cure any Tobacco, either in ſeed, plant, or otherwiſe, in, or upon any ground, earth, field, or place, within *England*, *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Berwick*, or within the Kingdom of *Ireland*, upon pain of the forfeiture of all ſuch Tobacco, or the value thereof, and of the ſum of 40 *s.* for every pole of ground ſo planted, ſet, ſown, &c. and ſo proportionably, for a leſſer, or greater quantity; one moity to the King, his Heirs, &c. the other moity to him who will ſue for the ſame, to be recovered in any Court of Record, wherein no eſſoin, &c. ſhall be allowed.

II. All Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, Conſtables, and every of them, upon complaint made to them, or any of them, by any Officers of the Cuſtoms, or other perſon whatſoever, that there is any Tobacco ſet, ſown, planted, or growing within their Juriſdictions, or Precincts, ſhall within ten dayes after ſuch complaint, cauſe to be burnt, plucked up, conſumed, or deſtroyed all ſuch Tobacco ſo ſet, planted, &c.

III. If any perſon ſhall reſiſt, or make oppoſition againſt any perſon or perſons in the due execution of this Act, ſuch perſon ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* for every ſuch offence, to be recovered as aforeſaid; and if they ſhall not pay the ſums of money by them to be paid by the Act, diſtreſs ſhall be made, and ſale thereof, returning the overplus to the Owner; and if no diſtreſs be to be found, every ſuch perſon ſhall be committed to the Common Goal of the County, there to remain for two months without bail or mainprize.

Provided, This Act not to extend to the hindering of the planting of Tobacco in any Phyſick Garden of either Univerſity, or other private Garden for Phyſick, or Chirurgery, ſo as the quantity ſo planted exceed not one half of one Pole in any place or Garden.

Uniformity of Prayer.

Anno 14 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. Whereas in the 1 year of Queen *Eliz.* there was one uniform order of common *Service* and *Prayer*, and of the adminiſtration of the *Sacraments*, Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England*, compiled by the reverend Biſhops and Clergy; which Uniformity and Order, was by Act of Parliament in the ſaid firſt year of the ſaid Queen, Entituled *An Act for the Uniformity of Common-Prayer and Service in the Church, and adminiſtration of the Sacraments*, enjoyned to be uſed. And whereas by the neglect of Miniſters in uſing the ſaid Order, or Liturgy ſet forth, many people have been ſeduced into factions and ſchiſms. And whereas the King that now is, granted Commiſſion under the *Great Seal* of *England*, to ſeveral Biſhops and other Divines to review the ſaid Book of *Common Prayer*, and to prepare ſome alterations and additions as they thought fit to offer; and afterwards the Convocations of both the Provinces of *Canterbury* and *York*, *viz.* the Preſidents of both the ſaid Convocations, Biſhops and Clergy have reviewed the ſaid Book, and upon full and mature deliberation have made ſome alterations, and ſome additional Prayers to the ſaid Book, to be uſed upon proper and emergent occaſions which they have preſented to the Kings Majeſty in one Book, Entituled, *The Book of Common-Prayer, and adminiſtration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the uſe of the Church of* England, together with the Pſalter or Pſalms of *David*, appointed to be ſung, or ſaid in Churches; and form of making, ordaining and conſecrating of Biſhops, Prieſts and Deacons.

I. **Enacted.** That all and ſingular Miniſters in any Cathedral, Collegiate, or Pariſh-Church, or Chappel, or other place of publick worſhip, within the Realm of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, ſhall be bound to uſe and ſay the Morning Prayer, Evening Prayer, celebration and adminiſtration of both the Sacraments,

ments, and all other the publick and *Common-Prayer*, in ſuch order and form as is mentioned in the ſaid Book, annexed and joyned to this Act, and Entituled, *The Book of Common Prayer and adminiſtration of the Sacraments*, &c. and the morning and evening Prayers therein contained, ſhall upon every Lords day, and all other dayes and occaſions, and at all times therein appointed, be openly read by all and every Miniſter, or Curate, in every Church, Chappel, or other place of publick worſhip within the Realm of *England*, *&c.*

II. Every Parſon, Vicar, or other Miniſter whatſoever, who hath any Eccleſiaſtical Benefice, or Promotion, within *England*, &c. ſhall in the Church, Chappel, *&c.* belonging to his Benefice, or Promotion, upon ſome Lords day before the Feaſt of Saint *Bartholomew* 1662. openly and publickly, read the morning and evening Prayer appointed to be read according to the ſaid Book, before the Congregation there aſſembled, and declare his aſſent and conſent to the uſe of all the things therein preſcribed, in theſe words and no other, *viz.*

I A. B. *do here declare my unfeigned aſſent and conſent to all and every thing contained and preſcribed in, and by the Book, Entituled,* The Book of Common-Prayer and adminiſtration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the uſe of the Church of *England*; *together with the Pſalter, or Pſalms of* David, *appointed as they are to be ſung, or ſaid in Churches: and the form, or manner of making, ordaining and conſecrating of Biſhops, Prieſts and Deacons.*

And all and every perſon, *&c.* (without ſome lawful impediment to be allowed by the Ordinary) who ſhall neglect, or refuſe ſo to do, within the time aforeſaid (or within one month after ſuch impediment removed) ſhall *ipſo facto* be deprived of all his ſpiritual promotions; and it ſhall be lawful for the Patrons, *&c.* to preſent, or collate as if ſuch perſon were dead.

III. Every perſon who ſhall be preſented, or collated to any Eccleſiaſtical Beuefice, or Promotion within *England*, *&c.* ſhall in the Church, *&c.* belonging to his ſaid Benefice, or Promotion, within 2 months after he ſhall be in the actual poſſeſſion thereof, upon ſome Lords-day read the ſaid Book at the times appointed therein, before the Congregation there aſſembled, and declare his aſſent and conſent to all things therein contained and preſcribed; and who ſhall neglect, or refuſe ſo to do (without ſome lawful impediment allowed as aforeſaid) ſhall *ipſo facto* be deprived of all his Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, *&c.*

IV. In all places, where the Incumbeent of any Parſonage, or Vicaridge, or Benefice, with cure doth reſide in his Living, or keep a Curate, the Incumbent himſelf, (having not lawful Impediment) ſhall once in every moneth, openly, and publickly read the *Common Prayers*, and ſervice in the ſaid Book, and (if occaſion be) Adminiſter each of the Sacraments, and other Rites of the Church in manner, as in the Book is preſcribed and appointed, upon pain of forfeiture of 5 *l.* to the uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh for every offence, upon conviction by confeſſion, or Oath of 2 Witneſſes before 2 Juſtices of the Peace of the County; and in default of payment within 10 days, the ſame to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of the goods of the offender, by a Warrant of the Juſtices, to the Church-wardens, or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh, rendring the overplus to the party.

V. Every Dean, Canon, Prebendary of every Cathedral, or Collegiate Church; All Maſters, Heads, Fellows, Chaplains, Tutors of any Colledge, Hall, Hoſpital, publick Profeſſor and Reader in the Univerſities, Parſon, Vicar, Curate, Lecturer, School-Maſter of a School, Publike or Private, or teacher of Youth as a Tutor, or School-Maſter in a private Family, who 1 *May*, 1662. or at any time hereafter ſhall be Incumbent, or have poſſeſſion of any Deanry, Canonry, Prebend, Maſter-ſhip, Head-ſhip, *&c.* Parſonage, Vicaridge, or other Eccleſiaſtical Dignity, or Promotion; or any Curates place, Lecture, or School, *&c.* ſhall before the feaſt of *St. Bartholomew*, 1662. at or before he ſhall be admitted to be Incumbent, *&c.* Subſcribe this Declaration, *viz.*

I A B. do declare, That it is not lawful upon any pretence whatſoever, to take Arms againſt the King; and that I do abhor that Traiterous poſition of taking Arms by his authority againſt his perſon, or againſt theſe that are commiſſionated by him; and I will conform to the Litargy of the Church of England, *as it is now by law eſtabliſhed; and I do declare, I do hold, there lies no obligation upon me, or any other perſon from the Oath, called the* Solemn League and Covenant, *to endeavour any change or alteration of Govenment, either in Church, or State, and that the ſame was in it ſelf an unlawful Oath, and impoſed upon the Subjects of this Realm, againſt the known Laws and liberties of this Kingdom.*

The ſaid Declaration to be ſubſcribed by the Maſters, Heads, Fellows, Chaplains, Tutors of Colledges, Halls, Houſes of Learning,

ing, Professors and Readers in the Universities, before the Vice-Chancellor of the respective Universities; and before the respective Arch-Bishop, Bishop, or ordinary of the Dioces, by every other person upon pain of loss, and forfeiture of their respective Deanry, Canonry, Prebend, Parsonage, Vicaridge, &c. and *ipso facto* be deprived of the same, and the same to be void as if he were dead

VI. If any School-Master, or other person instructing Youth, in any private house, or family, shall instruct any such Youth before Licence obtained from the Bishop, or Ordinary of the Dioceſs; and before such subscription, &c. as aforesaid, every such chool-Master, &c. for the first offence shall suffer such Imprisonment, and forfeit 5 *l.* to the King, &c. And after subscription made, every Parson, *Vicar*, Curate, Lecturer, shall procure a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Ordinary of the Dioceſs, and shall publickly read the same with the Declaration within three months then next after in his Parish Church where he is to officiate, upon pain to lose his Parsonage, *Vicaridge*, Benefice, Curates place, or Lecturers place, and be (*ipso facto*) deprived of the same; and the said Benefice shall be void, as if he were dead.

1. *Provided*, That after the 25. of *March*, 1682. there shall be omitted out of the said Declaration and acknowledgement, these words, *viz. (And I do Declare, that I hold there lies no obligation on me, or on any other person, from the Oath, called the Solemn League and Covenant, to endeavour any change, or alteration of Government, either in Church or State, and that the same was in it self an unlawful Oath, and imposed upon the Subjects of the Realm, against the known Laws and liberties of this Kingdom)* so as none of the persons aforesaid, shall be from thenceforth obliged to subscribe, or read that part of the Declaration.

VII. That after the Feast of St. *Bartholomew*, 1662. no person who now is Incumbent, and in possession of any Parsonage, *Vicaridge*, or Benefice, and who is not already in Orders by Episcopal Ordination; or shall not before the said Feast be Ordained Priest or Deacon by Episcopal Ordination, shall hold, and enjoy the said Parsonage, Vicaridge, or other Ecclesiastical promotion, within *England Wales, &c.* but shall be disabled, and (*ipso facto*) deptived of the same, and the same to be void, as if he were dead.

VIII. No person whatsoever after the Feast of St. *Bartholomew* aforesaid, shall be capable of any Parsonage, Vicaridge, or

other Eccleſiaſtical Promotion, or Dignity whatſoever; nor ſhall preſume to Conſecrate and adminiſter the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, before he ſhall be ordained Prieſt, according to the form and manner by the Book preſcribed, unleſs he hath been formerly made Prieſt by Epiſcopal Ordination, upon pain of forfeiture for every offence 100 *l.* one moity to the King, the other to be equally divided between the Poor of the Pariſh where the offence ſhall be committed, to be recovered by Debt, Bill, *&c.* in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record, wherein no eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

1. *Provided*, The penalties extend not to Forreigners, or Aliens of Forreign reformed Churches allowed, or to be allowed by the King, his Heirs, *&c.*

2. *Provided*, No title to confer, or preſent by lapſe, ſhall accrue by any avoydance or deprivation *ipſo facto*; but after ſix months after notice of ſuch deprivation or avoydance given by the Ordinary to the Patron, or ſuch ſentence of deprivation publickly Read in the Pariſh Church of the Benefice, Parſonage, or Vicaridge becoming void.

IX. No form, or order of Common Prayers, Adminiſtration of Sacraments, Rites, or Ceremonies ſhall be openly uſed in any Church, Chappel, *&c.* or in any Colledge, or Hall in either Univerſities *Eaton*, *Winchester*, or *Weſtminſter*, than what is preſcribed, and appointed to be uſed by the Book; and the preſent Governours of any the ſaid Colledges, *&c.* within one moneth after St. *Bartholomew*, 1662. and the Governours which ſhall afterwards be elected within one moneth after his election, or collation and admiſſion to the Government, ſhall openly in the Church, or Chappel of the ſame Colledge, *&c.* in the preſence of the Fellows, and Schollars of the ſame, or the major part of them, ſubſcribe the 39 Articles of Religion mentioned in the Statute of the 13 of *El.* and to the ſaid Book, and declare his aſſent to, and approbation of the ſaid Articles and to the ſaid Book, and to the uſe of all the Prayers, Rites and Ceremonies, forms and orders in the ſame preſcribed and contained, upon pain to loſe, and be ſuſpended of and from the Benefits, and Profits belonging to the Government, by ſix moneths, by the Viſiter of the Colledge, *&c.* and if any Governour ſuſpended for not Reading the Articles, or Book, or not Reading Morning Prayer, ſhall not at, or before the end of ſix moneths after ſuch ſuſpenſion, ſubſcribe to the Articles, and Book, and declare his conſent thereunto, or Read the Morning Prayer, and ſervice,

ſervice, ſuch Government, &c. ſhall be (*ipſo facto*) void.

Prov. It may be lawful to uſe the morning and evening Prayer, and other Prayers preſcribed in the Book, in the Colledges, and Halls, and in *Weſtminſter*, *Wincheſter*, and *Eaton* Colledge reſpectively, and in the Convocation of the Clergy in either Province, in Latine, any thing in the Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

X. No perſon ſhall be, or ſhall be received as a *Lecturer*, or permitted, ſuffered, or allowed to Preach as a Lecturer, or to Preach, or Read any Sermon, or Lecture in any Church, Chappel, &c. unleſs he be firſt licenced by the Arch-Biſhop of the Province, or by the Ordinary of the Dioceſs, under his Seal, and ſhall in the preſence of the ſame Biſhop, or Ordinary read the 39 Articles of Religion mentioned in the Statute of 13 *Eliz.* with a declaration of his aſſent to the ſame; and every perſon who is, or ſhall be hereafter licenced, aſſigned, appointed, or received as a Lecturer, to preach upon any day in the week, in any Church, Chappel, &c. the firſt time he preacheth, before his Sermon ſhall read the Common Prayers in, and by the Book appointed to be read, and then declare his aſſent unto, and approbation of the ſaid Book, and to the uſe of all the Prayers, Rites and Ceremonies, Forms and Orders therein contained; and ſhall upon the firſt Lecture day of every month, before his Lecture or Sermon, read the *Common-Prayer*, and declare his aſſent to the ſaid Book; and who ſhall refuſe, or neglect to do the ſame, ſhall be diſabled to preach the ſaid Lecture, or any other Lecture, or Sermon in any other Church, Chappel, &c. until he conform in all points, to the things appointed and preſcribed.

Provided, If the Sermon, or Lecture be to be preached in any Cathedral, or Collegiate Church. &c. it ſhall be ſufficient for the Lecturer at the time, to declare his aſſent and conſent to all the things contained in the Book.

XI. If any perſon who is diſabled to preach any *Lecture*, or Sermon, ſhall, during the time he ſhall continue ſo diſabled, preach any Sermon, or Lecture; for every ſuch offence, the perſon ſo offending ſhall ſuffer three months impriſonment in the Common Goal, without bail, or mainprize. And two Juſtices of the Peace of any County, of the places, and the Mayor or chief Magiſtrate of any City, or Town Corporate, upon Certificate from the Ordinary of the place made to him, are required to commit the perſon, or perſons ſo offending to the Common Goal of the ſame County, City or Town Corporate accordingly

XII. At

XII. At all times when any Sermon, or Lecture is to be preached, the Common-Prayers and Service in and by the Book appointed for that time of the day, shall be read by some Priest, or Deacon in the Church, where the Sermon or Lecture is to be preached, before such Sermon or Lecture be preached, and the Lecturer then to preach shall be present at the reading thereof.

This Act not to extend to University Churches in the Universities of this Realm, but that the same Sermons and Lectures may be preached, or read in such sort and manner as the same have heretofore been preached or read.

XIII. That the good Laws and Statutes which have been formerly made, and are now in force for the Uniformity of Prayer, and administration of the Sacraments within this Realm, shall stand in full force to all intents, for the establishing and confirming *The Book of Common-Prayer, administration of the Sacraments, Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, and the making, ordaining and consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons*, established by this Act, and shall be applyed and put in use for the punishing of all offences contrary to the said Laws, with relation to the said Book, and no other.

XIV. In all those Prayers, Letanies and Collects, which do in any way relate to the King, Queen, or Royal Progeny, that the names be changed and altered from time to time, and fitted according to the present occasion, according to direction of lawful authority.

XV. A true printed Copy of this Book, Entituled, *The Book of Common Prayer, and administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the use of the Church of England, and of the making, ordaining and consecrating of Bishops, Priests, and Deacons*, established by this Act, shall at the costs and charges of the Parishioners of every Parish-Church and Chappelry, Cathedral Church, Colledge and Hall be gotten before the Feast day of Saint *Bartholomew*, 1662. upon pain of forfeit of 3. *l. per mensem*, for so long time as they shall then be unprovided thereof by every Parish, or Chappelry, Cathedral, or Collegiate Church, Colledge, or Hall making default therein.

XVI. The Bishops of *Hereford*, St. *Davids*, *Asaph*, *Bangor* and *Landaff*, shall take order that the Book aforesaid be truly and exactly translated into the *Welsh Tongue* to such a number, so that every Cathedral, Parish-Church and Chappel may have one

me to be used; and that before 1 *May*, 1665. and the whole Divine Service shall be used by the Ministers and Curates throughout all *Wales* in the *Welsh Tongue*, in such manner as is prescribed in the Book; for which Book, the Church-wardens shall pay out of the Parish-money, and shall be allowed the same on their accompt.

XVII. The respective Deans and Chapters of every Cathedral or Collegiate Church in *England* and *Wales*, shall at their costs and charges before 25 *December* 1662. obtain under the Great seal, a true and perfect Printed copy of the Act, and of the Book annexed to it, to be by them kept and preserved for ever, and to be produced in any Court of Record, as often as they shall be lawfully required; and they shall be delivered into the respective Courts at *Westminster*, and into the Tower of *London*, to be kept and preserved for ever among the Records there, which Book so exemplified, shall be taken and adjudged to be good and available to all intents and purposes, and shall be accounted as good as the Book it self annexed to the Act.

Provided, This Act shall not be prejudicial to the Kings Professor of the Law within the University of *Oxford*, for, or concerning the Prebend of *Shipton* within the Cathedral Church of *Sarum* united to the place of the same Kings Professor, by the late King *James*.

XVIII. All subscriptions hereafter to be made unto the 39 Articles agreed upon by the Bishops of both Provinces, and the whole Clergy, in *Anno* 1562. or hereafter to be made by any Deacon, Priest, Ecclesiastical person, or other person whatsoever, shall be construed and taken to extend and be applyed for and touching the 36. Article unto this Book, containing the manner of making, ordaining and consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons in the Act mentioned, in such sort and manner as the same did heretofore in the Book set forth in the time of King *Ed.* 6. mentioned in the said 36 Article, any Law, Statute, *&c.* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, That the Book of Common-Prayer and administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England*, together with the form of ordaining and consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons heretofore in use, and established by *Act* of Parliament in the 1. and 8. year of Queen *Eliz.* shall still be used and observed until the Feast of St. *Bartholomew*.

Uſury.

I. Enacted, 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 13. No perſon, or perſons whatſoever from and after 29 *Septemb.* 1660. upon any Contract ſhall take directly or indirectly for the loan of any Monies, Wares, Merchandize, or other Commodities whatſoever above the value of 6. *l.* for the forbearce of 100 *l.* by the year, and ſo after that rate for a greater, or leſſer ſum, or for a longer or ſhorter time. And all Contracts, Bonds, and Aſſurances whatſoever made after the time aforeſaid for the payment of any Principal, or Money to be lent, or Covenant to be performed upon or for any Uſury, whereby there ſhall be reſerved or taken above the rate of 6 *l.* in the hundred, ſhall be void.

II. All and every perſon and perſons whatſoever which ſhall after the time aforeſaid upon any *Contract* to be made, take, accept, and receive by way or means of any corrupt Bargain, Loan, Exchange, Chiveſance, Shift, or Intereſt of any wares or other things whatſoever, or by any deceitful way or means, or by *Covin*, *Engine*, or deceitful *Conveyance* for the forbearing or giving day of payment for one whole year of and for their money, or other thing, above the ſum of 6 *l.* for the forbearance of 100 *l.* for a year, and ſo for a greater or leſſer ſum, or for a longer or ſhorter term, ſhall loſe for every ſuch offence the treble value of the Monies, Wares, Merchandize, *&c.* ſo lent, bargained, ſold, exchanged or ſhifted.

III. All and every *Scrivener*, *Broker*, *Solicitor*, driver of *Bargains* for *Contracts*, who ſhall after 29 *September*, 1660. take or receive directly or indirectly any ſum of Money, or other Reward or thing for brokage, ſoliciting, driving or procuring the Loan, or forbearing of any ſum of Money over and above the rate or value of 5 *s.* for the loan, or the forbearing of 100 *l.* for a year, and ſo rateably; Or above 12 *d.* for making or renewing the Bond, or Bill thereof, or for any Counter bond concerning the ſame, ſhall forfeit for every offence 20 *l.* and have impriſonment half a year, One moiety to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* the other to him who ſtill ſue for the ſame in the ſame County where the offence is committed, and not elſ-where, by *Debt*, *Bill*, *Plaint*, or *Information*, where no Eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

Wines.

I. Enacted. 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 24. No perſon, or perſons whatſoever, after the 25th. of *March* 1661. (unleſs authorized as in the Act is appointed) ſhall ſell, or utter by retale, *viz.* by Pint, Quart, Pottle, or Gallon, *&c.* any kind of Wines to be drunk, or ſpent in his or their Manſion houſes, or other place in his or their tenure or occupation, or without ſuch houſe, by any colour, craft, or mean whatſoever, upon pain to forfeit for every ſuch offence 5 *l.* one moity to the King, the other to the Informer to be recovered by Action of Debt, *&c.* in any of the Kings Courts of Record, wherein no eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

II. It ſhall be lawful for the King, his Heirs, *&c.* from time to time to iſſue out under the Great Seal of *England* Commiſſion, or Commiſſions to two or more perſons, authorizing them to give authority to ſuch perſon or perſons as they ſhall think fit, to ſell and utter by Retale any kind of Wines, as well to be ſpent within the houſe or other place of the party ſo licenced, as without, in any City, Town, or other place within the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*; and ſuch perſons as ſhall be ſo commiſſionated, ſhall have power and authority to treat and contract for Licence, Authority, and Diſpenſation to be given and granted to any perſon or perſons for the ſelling and uttering of Wines by Retale in any City, Town, or other place, according to the rules and directions of this *Act*, and not otherwiſe.

III. Such perſons as ſhall be commiſſionated by the King, *&c.* as aforeſaid, ſhall be called the Kings Agents for the granting Licences, *&c.* which Agents are enabled under their Seal of Office to grant Licence for the ſelling and uttering of Wines by Retale to any perſon or perſons for any time or term, not exceeding 21 years, if ſuch perſons ſhall ſo long live, and for ſuch yearly Rent as they can, or ſhall agree, ſo as no Fine be taken for the ſame; But that the Rents and ſums agreed upon be paid and anſwered half-yearly by equal portions during the whole term.

IV. Such Licences ſhall not be given or granted but to ſuch as perſonally uſe the Trade of retaling and uttering of Wines, or to the Land-lord or Owner of the houſe where ſuch perſon

or

or persons shall utter Wine by retale: Nor shall the same be assignable, or any wayes beneficial, or extensive to indempnifie any person against the penalty of the *Act*, except the first Taker.

V. The King, his Heirs, &c. may appoint Officers, *viz.* a Receiver, Register, Clerk, Comptroller, Messenger, or the like Officers for the carrying on of the service; so as the sallaries and wages of such Officers, together with the sallary of his Agents do not exceed 6 *d.* in the pound of the Revenue that shall hence arise.

VI. The Rents, Revenues, and sums of Monies arising by this *Act* (except what shall be allowed for wages and sallaries) shall be duly and constantly paid and answered to the King's Receipt of the Exchequer, and shall not be charged, or chargeable either before or after it is paid into the Exchequer with any gift, or pension. And the Kings Agents are to return into the Exchequer every *Michaelmas* and *Easter* Term, upon their Oaths, a Book fairly written containing a true and full account what licences have been granted the preceding half year, what monies are thereupon received and have been paid, and what are in arrear, with the securities of the persons in arrear, that speedy Process may be made out according to the course of the Exchequer for recovery of the same.

Provided, This Act shall not be prejudicial to the priviledge of the two Universities, nor to the Chancellor, nor Scholars of the same, but that they may use and enjoy such priviledges as heretofore they have lawfully used and enjoyed, nor to the Masters, Wardens, Freemen and Commonalty of the mysterie of Vintners of the City of *London*, or any other City or Town Corporate, but that they may use and enjoy such liberties and priviledges, as heretofore they have lawfully used and enjoyed; nor to extend to debar or hinder the Mayor and Burgesses of St. *Albans* in the County of *Hertford*, from using and exercising such liberties, powers and authorities granted to them by several Letters Patents by Queen *Eliz.* and King *James*, for erecting and licencing of three Taverns within the Borough of St. *Albans*, for, and towards the maintenance of the Free-school there, but the same be hereby established and confirmed, and shall remain to them and their successors for the charitable uses aforesaid.

VII. It shall not be lawful for any Officer to be appointed by the King for the carrying on of this service, to take, demand, or

or receive any fees, rewards, or ſums of monies whatſoever, for, or in reſpect of this ſervice, other than 5. *s.* for a licence, 4. *d.* for an acquittance, 6. *d.* for a Bond, under the penalty of 10. *l.* one moity to the King, the other to ſuch as will ſue for the ſame, by Debt, Bill, *&c.* wherein no wager of Law, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

VIII. No Merchant, *Vintner*, Wine-Cooper, or other perſon ſelling, or Retaling Wine, ſhall mingle, or utter any *Spaniſh* Wine, mingled with French, or Rheniſh Wine, Sider, Perry, Honey, Sugar, Syrrups of Sugar, Molaſſes, or other Syrrups whatſoever, nor put in any Iſinglaſs, Brimſtome, Lime, Raiſins, juyce of Raiſins, Water, or other Liquor, nor Ingredients, nor any Clary, or other Herb, nor fleſh whatſoever: Nor ſhall any perſons mingle, or utter any French Wines mingled with any Rheniſh Wines, Sider, Perry, Stummed Wine, Vitriol, or other Mixtures as aforeſaid; Nor any Rheniſh Wine, mingled with French, or Spaniſh Wine, Sider, and other *Mixtures* as aforeſaid, And all and every perſon, and perſons committing any of the offences aforeſaid, ſhall incur the paine following, (*viz.*) every *Merchant*, Wine-Cooper, or other perſon ſelling any Sorts of Wines mingled, or abuſed as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit for every offence 100. *l.* Every *Vintner*, or other perſon ſelling any ſorts of Wines by Retale mingled and abuſed as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit for every offcence, 40. *l.* one moity of the forfeiture to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* the other to him who will ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by action of Debt, Bill, *&c.* wherein no eſſoin, *&c.* ſhall be allowed.

IX. From and after 1. *September*, 1661. no Canary Wines, *Muskadine*, Alegant, or other Spaniſh, or ſweet Wines ſhall be ſold, or uttered by any perſon, or perſons, within *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick* by Retale, for above 18. *d.* a quart, and no Gaſcoign, or French wines whatſoever, for above 8. *d.* the quart; and according to theſe Rates (for a greater or leſſer quantity) all Wines ſhall be ſold, upon penalty that every perſon, ſhall forfeit for every Pint, Quart, Pottle, Gallon, or other greater, or leſſer quantity, the ſum of 5. *l.* one moity to the King, *&c.* the other to him who will ſue for the ſame, to be recovered in manner as aforeſaid.

Provided, The Lord Chancellor of *ENGLAND*, Lord Treaſurer, Lord Preſident of the Council, Lord Privy Seal, and the two Chief Juſtices, five, four, or three of them are every year between 20. of *November*, and the laſt of *December*, and

and no other times, to ſet the prizes of all and every the ſaid Wines to be ſold by Retale at higher or lower rates than is therein contained, ſo as they cauſe the prizes by them ſet to be written, and proclamation thereof to be in the *Chancery* in Term time, or in the City, Towns Corporate, &c. where all and every the ſaid Wines may be ſold by Retale at ſuch prizes as by them, five, four, or three of them ſhall be ſet for the ſpace of one whole year from the 1. of *February* after the ſelling thereof, and no longer.

Parliament.

Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. That the Parliament begun, and holden at *Weſtminſter*, 3. *November*, 16. *Car.* 1. is diſſolved, and determined; and that the Lords and Commons, now ſitting in the preſent Parliament, are declared and adjudged to be notwithſtanding the want of the Kings Writ of ſummons, or any other defect whatſoever, as if it had been ſummoned by the Kings Writ, and in his name, and as if he had been preſent at the commencement thereof.

1. *Provided*, That it may be diſſolved by the King, after the uſual manner, that the Kings aſſent to this Bill, ſhall not determine this preſent Seſſion.

Cuſtoms and Subſidies.

Enacted, 12. *Car* 2 *Cap.* 17. If any perſon after the firſt of *September*, 1660. ſhall cauſe any Goods for which Cuſtoms, Subſidies, or duties are due, by vertue of an Act paſſed this Parliament, Entituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage*, &c. to be landed and conveyed away without due entry therenf, and the Cuſtomer agreed with, in ſuch caſe upon Oath made before the Lord Treaſurer, any of the Barons of Exchequer, or Chief Magiſtrates of the Port, where the offence is committed; it ſhall be lawful for them reſpectively to iſſue out a Warrant to any perſon, or perſons, enabling him, or them, with the aſſiſtance of a Sheriff, Juſtice of the Peace, or Conſtable, to enter ſuch houſe in the day time, where ſuch Goods are ſuſpected to be concealed: and in caſe of reſiſtance to break open

open such house, &c. and to seiz and secure the Goods concealed.

1 *Provided*, No house to be entred into by the Act, unless it be within one month after the offence supposed to be committed.

2 *Provided*, If the information whereupon any house come to be searched, shall be proved to be false, then the party injured shall recover his full damages and costs, against the informer by action of trepass to be brought.

The Act to continue unto the end of the first Session of the next Parliament, and no longer.

Customs, Subsidies and Impositions upon Goods and Merchandizes Imported and Exported.

I. **Enacted.** 12. *Car.* 2. No person or persons whatsoever after 14. *January*, 1660. shall directly or indirectly Export, Transport or procure to be Exported, &c. out of, or from the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Sarke* and *Alderney* being under the Government of *Guernsey*, or any of them, or to any parts, or out of the said Kingdoms or Dominions thereof, any Sheep or Wooll whatsoever of the breed or growth of the Kingdoms, &c. aforesaid; Or any Woolfels, Mortlings or Shorlings, or any Yarn made of Wool, or any Woolflock, Fullers-earth or Fulling-clay whatsoever, or Pack, Load, or cause to be Packed, or Loaded upon any Horse, or layd aboard any Ship, or Vessel within the Kingdems, Isles or Dominions aforesaid, to the intent or purpose to Export or convey, or to cause to be Exported or Conveyed out of the Kingdoms, Isles, &c. or with intent that any person should carry the same into any parts or places out of the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, &c. into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, or forreign parts.

II. No Wooll, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling-Clay after 14. *January*, 1660. shall be exported out of the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, or any place of the said Kingdoms respectively, unto the Isles of *Jersey* and *Alderney*, except as by the Act appointed.

III. All the Offenders aforesaid, shall be lyable to the penal-

and no other times, to ſet the prizes of all and every the ſaid Wines to be ſold by Retale at higher or lower rates than is therein contained, ſo as they cauſe the prizes by them ſet to be written, and proclamation thereof to be in the *Chancery* in Term time, or in the City, Towns Corporate, *&c.* where all and every the ſaid Wines may be ſold by Retale at ſuch prizes as by them, five, four, or three of them ſhall be ſet for the ſpace of one whole year from the 1. of *February* after the ſelling thereof, and no longer.

Parliament.

Enacted, 12. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. That the Parliament begun, and holden at *Weſtminſter*, 3. *November*, 16. *Car.* 1. is diſſolved, and determined; and that the Lords and Commons, now ſitting in the preſent Parliament, are declared and adjudged to be notwithſtanding the want of the Kiugs Writ of ſummons, or any other defect whatſoever, as if it had been ſummoned by the Kings Writ, and in his name, and as if he had been preſent at the commencement thereof.

1. *Provided*, That it may be diſſolved by the King, after the uſual manner, that the Kings aſſent to this Bill, ſhall not determine this preſent Seſſion.

Cuſtoms and Subſidies.

Enacted, 12. *Car* 2 *Cap.* 17. If any perſon after the firſt of *September*, 1660. ſhall cauſe any Goods for which Cuſtoms, Subſidies, or duties are due, by vertue of an Act paſſed this Parliament, Entituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, &c.* to be landed and conveyed away without due entry therenf, and the Cuſtomer agreed with, in ſuch caſe upon Oath made before the Lord Treaſurer, any of the Barons of Exchequer, or Chief Magiſtrates of the Port, where the offence is committed; it ſhall be lawful for them reſpectively to iſſue out a Warrant to any perſon, or perſons, enabling him, or them, with the aſſiſtance of a Sheriff, Juſtice of the Peace, or Conſtable, to enter ſuch houſe in the day time, where ſuch Goods are ſuſpected to be concealed: and in caſe of reſiſtance to break open

open ſuch houſe, *&c.* and to ſeiz and ſecure the Goods concealed.

1 *Provided*, No houſe to be entred into by the Act, unleſs it be within one month after the offence ſuppoſed to be committed.

2 *Provided*, If the information whereupon any houſe come to be ſearched, ſhall be proved to be falſe, then the party injured ſhall recover his full damages and coſts, againſt the informer by action of trepaſs to be brought.

The Act to continue unto the end of the firſt Seſſion of the next Parliament, and no longer.

Cuſtoms, Subſidies and Impoſitions upon Goods and Merchandizes Imported and Exported.

I. **Enacted.** 12. *Car.* 2. No perſon or perſons whatſoever after 14. *January*, 1660. ſhall directly or indirectly Export, Tranſport or procure to be Exported, *&c.* out of, or from the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Sarke* and *Alderney* being under the Government of *Guernſey*, or any of them, or to any parts, or out of the ſaid Kingdoms or Dominions thereof, any Sheep or Wooll whatſoever of the breed or growth of the Kingdoms, *&c.* aforeſaid; Or any Woolfels, Mortlings or Shorlings, or any Yarn made of Wool, or any Woolflock, Fullers-earth or Fulling-clay whatſoever, or Pack, Load, or cauſe to be Packed, or Loaded upon any Horſe, or layd aboard any Ship, or Veſſel within the Kingdoms, Iſles or Dominions aforeſaid, to the intent or purpoſe to Export or convey, or to cauſe to be Exported or Conveyed out of the Kingdoms, Iſles, *&c.* or with intent that any perſon ſhould carry the ſame into any parts or places out of the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, *&c.* into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, or forreign parts.

II. No Wooll, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling-Clay after 14. *January*, 1660. ſhall be exported out of the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, or any place of the ſaid Kingdoms reſpectively, unto the Iſles of *Jerſey* and *Alderney*, except as by the Act appointed.

III. All the Offenders aforeſaid, ſhall be lyable to the penal-

ties and forfeitures following, *viz.* The Sheep, Wools, Morlings, Yarn, Fullers Earth and Clay, so exported, conveyed packed or loaden contrary to the Act shall be forfeited, 2. The Offender shall forfeit 20 *s.* for every Sheep, 3 *s.* for every pound of Wooll, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay so exported, *&c.* 3. The Owners of the Ships or Vessels knowing such offence, shall forfeit their interest in the ships. *&c.* with their apparel and furniture; 4 The Masters and Mariners knowing thereof and assisting thereunto, shall forfeit all their Goods and Chattels, and have imprisonment for 3 months, without bail *&c.* one moity of the forfeitures or penalties to the King; the other to the Informer who will sue for the same in the Kings Courts of Record, or before Justices of Assise, or the general Quarters Sessions of the Peace.

IV. If any Merchant or other Person after the said 14. *January*, shall transport, or cause to be transported, any Sheep, Wooll, Woolfels, wollen Yarn, Fullers Earth, *&c.* contrary to the Act, and be thereof convicted, he shall be disabled to require any accompt of any Factor or others, for or concerning any debt or estate properly belonging to the Offender.

V. Every offence done contrary to the Act, shall be enquired of in the Country where such Sheep, Wooll, *&c.* shall be packed, *&c.* or else in the Country where the parties shall be apprehended, as if the offence had been wholly and altogether done at and in such County: and no person shall be impeached for any offence aforesaid, unless he be prosecuted within one year next after the offence commited.

VI. Any person, *&c.* may lawfully seize, take or challenge to his own use, or to the use of the King, his Heirs, *&c.* all manner of such Sheep, Wooll, Woolfels, Yarn, *&c.* as he shall so find, know or discover to be layed on board any Ship, Vessel, *&c.* or layed on shore, at or near shore of any navigable River, to the intent to be transported out of the Kingdoms of *England*, *Ireland*, or Dominions thereof, or to be packed upon any Horse or other Carriage to the intent to be conveyed into the Kingdome of *Scotland*, and such person, *&c.* as shall seize, *&c.* the same, shall have the full moity thereof. *Provided*, such person as shall make such seizure shall not be allowed to give in evidence upon his Oath against any person which shall be indicted or questioned by vertue of this Act.

VII. Every Ship, Vessel, Boat, *&c.* whereof any alien born, or whereof any natural born Subjects not inhabiting within

England

England, shall be Owner, or part Owner, and wherein any Sheep, Wooll, Yarn made of Wooll, *&c.* shall happen to be shipped or laid on board, shall be forfeited to the King, *&c.*

1. *Provided*, This Act not to extend to any Lamb-skin ready dreſt, fit and uſeful for furr or linings. Nor to the carrying, or conveying away any Woolfels, or Pelts With ſuch Wooll upon them, or to any Beds ſtuffed with Flocks which ſhall be carried into any ſhip, or Veſſel for neceſſary uſe, only in or concerning the Ship, *&c.* or for the neceſſary uſe of the perſons paſſing in ſuch Ship, *&c.* and which ſhall not be ſold in any foreign parts, or to the conveying of any Weather-Sheep, or the Wooll growing upon them to be carryed alive in any Ship, *&c.* for the only neceſſary food or diet of, or for the company, or paſſengers, or other perſons therein.

2. Not to extend to any ſuch Wooll to be exported out of, or from the Port of *Southampton* only to the Iſles of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, by, or for the uſe of any the Inhabitants there; ſo as ſuch perſon that ſhall Ship, or lay aboard ſuch Veſſel, do before the Shiping, *&c.* thereof, deliver to the Cuſtomer, Surveyor, or Searcher of the ſaid Ports a writing under the Seals of the reſpective Governors of the ſaid Iſles to which the Wooll is to be tranſported, or their Deputies, which writing ſhall expreſs the party named therein, as authorized to export out of the Port aforeſaid ſo much Wooll, expreſſing the number of the tods to be uſed or manufactured in the ſaid Iſles, and that the party ſo authorized hath before the making of ſuch writing entred Bond to the King for the landing of the ſaid Wooll in that Iſle; and the Wooll exported out of the ſaid Port of *Southampton*, ſhall not exceed this quantity, *viz.* to *Jerſey* 2000 tods, unkembed; *Guernſey* 1000 tods, *Alderney* 200 tods, *Sark* 100 tods and no more, every tod not exceeding 32 pound.

VIII. That the Governour of the reſpective Iſles of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey*, or his Deputy for whom he will anſwer, ſhall not make any writing or writings to any perſon or preſons to appoint or authorize ſuch perſon or perſons to fetch or export out of the ſaid Port of *Southampton*, unto the reſpective Iſles in one year, accompting the year from 14 *January*, 1660. aforeſaid, any greater quantity of Wooll into the ſaid reſpective Iſles and places, than is by the true meaning of the Act limmited and appointed, upon pain the reſpective Governour or Governours of ſuch Iſles, ſhall forfeit and pay to the King 20 *l.* for every tod of Wooll which ſhall be ſo licenced to be exported over and a-

bove the rate and proportion by the Act limited and appointed.

IX. That the Customer of the Port of *Southampton* shall keep a true accompt of the quantity of Wools so by him permitted to be loaden, and shall not permit any greater quantity of Woolls than in the Act is prescribed, to be loaden in any one year, to either of the said Islands under any pretence whatsoever, upon penalty of forfeiture of his place and the sum of 100*l.* one moity to the King, the other moity to him who will sue for the same in any Court of Record, wherein no essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed.

X. That the respective Governors, or their Deputies, or any their Clerks, Officers or Servants for the making, granting, or sealing of every such writing of licence, and for the entring of a remembrance of the same into some Book which they shall keep for that purpose, shall take 12 *d.* and no more, upon pain of forfeiture to the party grieved 5 *s.* for every penny shall be taken above the said 12 *d.* the penalty to be recovered by Bill, or Information in any Court of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no injunction, essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed.

Corporations.

I. 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. For the prevention of all questions as may arise concerning the validity of elections of Magistrates and other Officers and Members in Corporations, Enacted, That before 20 *February* next, Commissions shall be issued under the Great Seal to such person as the King shall appoint, for the executing of the powers in the Act expressed, and the persons to be named Commissioners respectively, for, and within the several Cities, Corporations, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, and their Members and Port Towns within the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, shall be Commissioners respectively.

II. No Charter of any Corporations, Cities, Towns, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, or their Members, and other Port Towns in *England*, *Wales*, &c. shall at any time hereafter be avoided for or by reason of any act or thing done, or omitted before the 1. day of this Parliament.

III. All persons who upon 20. *December* 1661. shall be Mayors, Aldermen, Recorders, Town-Clerks, Common Councel men, and other persons bearing Office of Magistracy

ſtracy, or places, or truſts, or other employment relating to the government of the ſaid reſpective Cities, Corporations, Burroughs, &c. ſhall at any time before 25. *March* 1663. when they are required by the reſpective Commiſſioners, 3 or more of them, take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy: and the Oath following, *viz*

1. I A: B. *do declare and believe, that it is not lawful upon any pretence whatſoever, to take up Arms againſt the King, and that I do abhor that traiterous poſition, of taking Arms by his authority againſt his Perſon, or againſt thoſe that are Commiſſionated by him.* 2. Shall ſubſcribe, *viz.* I A: B: *do declare, that there is no obligation upon me, from the Oath commonly called the* Solemn League and Covenant; *and that the ſame was, and is in it ſelf an unlawful Oath, impoſed upon the ſubjects of this Realm, againſt the known Laws and Liberties of the Kingdom:* and ſuch of the ſaid Mayors and other perſons, &c. who ſhall refuſe to take and ſubſcribe the ſame, ſhall from and after ſuch refuſal be *ipſo facto* removed off and from the ſaid Offices and places reſpectively, and the ſaid Offices and places are hereby adjudged void to all intents, &c. as if the parties ſo refuſing were dead.

IV. That the ſaid Commiſſioners, 5 or more of them, ſhall have power by warrant under their Hands and Seals to remove any of the perſons aforeſaid, from their ſaid reſpective offices, places, or truſts, if they or the major part of them preſent ſhall deem it expedient for the publick ſafety, though ſuch perſons have taken and ſubſcribed, or be willing to take and ſubſcribe the ſaid Oath and Declaration.

V. The reſpective Commiſſioners 5 or more of them ſhall have power to reſtore ſuch perſons as have been illegally or unduly removed, into the places out of which they were removed, and ſo put into the offices and places which ſhall be void reſpectively, ſome other perſons then being, or which have been Members and Inhabitants of the ſaid reſpective Cities, Corporations, &c. who ſhall before the reſpective Commiſſioners 3 or more of them, take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the other Oath, and ſubſcribe the Declaration before mentioned; and that the ſaid perſons after the taking and ſubſcribing thereof ſhall enjoy the ſaid offices and places as if they had been elected according to the Charters and former uſages of the reſpective Cities, Corporations, &c.

VI. The reſpective Commiſſioners 3 or more of them, ſhall have power during the continuance of their Commiſſions to adminiſter

bove the rate and proportion by the Act limited and appointed.

IX. That the Customer of the Port of *Southampton* shall keep a true accompt of the quantity of Wools so by him permitted to be loaden, and shall not permit any greater quantity of Woolls than in the Act is prescribed, to be loaden in any one year, to either of the said Islands under any pretence whatsoever, upon penalty of forfeiture of his place and the sum of 100*l.* one moity to the King, the other moity to him who will sue for the same in any Court of Record, wherein no essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed.

X. That the respective Governors, or their Deputies, or any their Clerks, Officers or Servants for the making, granting, or sealing of every such writing of licence, and for the entring of a remembrance of the same into some Book which they shall keep for that purpose, shall take 12 *d.* and no more, upon pain of forfeiture to the party grieved 5 *s.* for every penny shall be taken above the said 12 *d.* the penalty to be recovered by Bill, or Information in any Court of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no injunction, essoin, *&c.* shall be allowed.

Corporations.

I. 13. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. For the prevention of all questions as may arise concerning the validity of elections of Magistrates and other Officers and Members in Corporations, Enacted, That before 20 *February* next, Commissions shall be issued under the Great Seal to such person as the King shall appoint, for the executing of the powers in the Act expressed, and the persons to be named Commissioners respectively, for, and within the several Cities, Corporations, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, and their Members and Port Towns within the Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, shall be Commissioners respectively.

II. No Charter of any Corporations, Cities, Towns, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, or their Members, and other Port Towns in *England*, *Wales*, &c. shall at any time hereafter be avoided for or by reason of any act or thing done, or omitted before the 1. day of this Parliament.

III. All persons who upon 20. *December* 1661. shall be Mayors, Aldermen, Recorders, Town-Clerks, Common Councel men, and other persons bearing Office of Magistracy

gistracy, or places, or trusts, or other employment relating to the government of the said respective Cities, Corporations, Burroughs, &c. shall at any time before 25. *March* 1663. when they are required by the respective Commissioners, 3 or more of them, take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy: and the Oath following, *viz*

1. I A: B. *do declare and believe, that it is not lawful upon any pretence whatsoever, to take up Arms against the King, and that I do abhor that traiterous position, of taking Arms by his authority against his Person, or against those that are Commissionated by him.* 2. Shall subscribe, *viz.* I A: B: *do declare, that there is no obligation upon me, from the Oath commonly called the* Solemn League and Covenant; *and that the same was, and is in it self an unlawful Oath, imposed upon the subjects of this Realm, against the known Laws and Liberties of the Kingdom:* and such of the said Mayors and other persons, &c. who shall refuse to take and subscribe the same, shall from and after such refusal be *ipso facto* removed off and from the said Offices and places respectively, and the said Offices and places are hereby adjudged void to all intents, &c. as if the parties so refusing were dead.

IV. That the said Commissioners, 5 or more of them, shall have power by warrant under their Hands and Seals to remove any of the persons aforesaid, from their said respective offices, places, or trusts, if they or the major part of them present shall deem it expedient for the publick safety, though such persons have taken and subscribed, or be willing to take and subscribe the said Oath and Declaration.

V. The respective Commissioners 5 or more of them shall have power to restore such persons as have been illegally or unduly removed, into the places out of which they were removed, and so put into the offices and places which shall be void respectively, some other persons then being, or which have been Members and Inhabitants of the said respective Cities, Corporations, &c. who shall before the respective Commissioners 3 or more of them, take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the other Oath, and subscribe the Declaration before mentioned; and that the said persons after the taking and subscribing thereof shall enjoy the said offices and places as if they had been elected according to the Charters and former usages of the respective Cities, Corporations, &c.

VI. The respective Commissioners 3 or more of them, shall have power during the continuance of their Commissions to ad-

miniſter the Oaths and tender the Declaration aforeſaid, and from and after the expiration of the ſaid reſpective Commiſſions, the ſaid 3 Oaths and Declaration ſhall from time to time be adminiſtred to ſuch perſons as are to take the ſame, by ſuch perſon or perſons reſpectively, who by the charters or uſages of the reſpective Cities, Corporations, *&c.* are to adminiſter the Oath for due execution of the ſaid place; and in default of ſuch, by 2 Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid Cities, Corporations, *&c.* for the time being, if any ſuch be there, or otherwiſe by 2 Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective Counties, *&c.*

VII. The Commiſſioners, Juſtices of the Peace, and other perſons authorized to adminiſter the ſaid Oaths, and tender the ſaid Declaration reſpectively, ſhall cauſe entries to be made of all Oaths and Subſcription: and before them, and deliver the ſame once in a year to the reſpective Town-Clerks, or other Regeſter of the reſpective Cities, Corporations, *&c.* who ſhall cauſe the ſame to be entred into Books belonging to the ſaid reſpective Cities, Corporations, *&c.*

VIII. From and after the expiration of the ſaid Commiſſions, no perſon or perſons ſhall for ever hereafter be placed, elected, or choſen in or to any the ſaid offices or places that ſhall not within one year next before ſuch election have taken the Sacraments of the Lord Supper according to the Rites of the Church of *England*: and every ſuch perſon, *&c.* ſo elected, ſhall take the aforeſaid 3 Oaths and ſubcribe the ſaid Declaration at the ſame time when the Oath for the execution of the ſaid offices or places ſhall be adminiſtred, and in default thereof ſuch election ſhall be void.

1. *Provided*, Every perſon placed in any Corporation, ſhall take the Oath or Oaths uſually taken by the Members of ſuch Corporation,

2. That the powers granted to the Commiſſioners ſhall continue and be in force till 25. *March*, 1663. and no longer.

3. If any Bill, Plaint, *&c.* ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any perſon nominated a Commiſſioner for any matter done in purſuance of the Act; ſuch perſon ſhall plead the general iſſue and give the Act in evidence, and if the verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff be nonſuit, or ſuffer any diſcontinuance thereof, the Judge before whom the matter ſhall be tryed, ſhall allow to the defendants their treble coſts, for which the defendant ſhall have like remedy, as in other caſes where

where by the Laws costs are given to the Defendants.

4. This Act shall not extend or be to the prejudice of any person whatsoever, that hath any reversion of any the offices or places belonging to the City of *London*, by force of any order, grant, designation, or nomination of the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen, made or granted to him before the late Wars, for or in respect of such grant, designation, or nomination only.

Taxes.

I. **Enacted**, 13 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 3. That the sum of 70000 *l.* by the month for 18 months, beginning from 25. *December*, 1661. shall be assessed, taxed, collected, levyed and paid by six Quarterly payments in the several Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and places within *England* and *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick*, according to several Rates and proportions in the *Act* expressed: and what particular sums are to be paid by the several and respective Counties, Cities, Towns, &c. are expresly set down in the *Act*: And several persons particularly named in the *Act*, who shall be *Commissioners* of, or for the said several respective *Counties*, *Cities*, *Boroughs*, *Towns* and places.

II. That the several *Commissioners* shall meet together at the most usual place of meeting within each of the said Counties and places respectively on or before 20 *Jenuary* next following, and so many of them as shall be present at the first general meeting, or the major part of them, are to put the *Act* in Execution according to the best of their judgments and discretions; and shall sub-divide themselves into other numbers, as two or more may be appointed for the service of each Hundred, or other Division.

III. That the *Commissioners* at the first general meeting, or the major part of them may set down in writing what nomber of them shall act in each of he said *Hundreds*, or *Divisions*, to the end there be no failer in any part.

IV. The *Commissioners* within the several *Divisions*, or *Hundreds*, two or more of them are to cause the several proportions charged in the respective *Divisions*, and in every Parish and place therein for the said 10 months to be equally assessed, and to appoint two or more *Assessors* in ever Parish or place who are to assess the same equally by a pound Rate upon all

Lands, *Tenements*, *Hereditaments*, *Annuities*, *Rents*, *Parks*, *Warrens*, *Goods*, *Chattels*, *Stocks*, *Merchandizes*, *Offices*, and all other Estates both real and personal within the limits and bounds of their respective Parishes and places.

V. That the sum of 210000 *l.* the first of the six Quarterly payments be assessed, collected, levyed and paid unto the *Receivers Generall* of the several Counties, who are to transmit, or cause the same to be paid into the Kings Receipt of *Exchequer*, before 25. of *March*, 1662. the sum of 210000 *l.* the second of the quarterly payments, on, or before 24 *June*, 1662. The sum of 210000 *l.* the 3d. of the said quarterly payments, on or before 29 *September*, 1662. The sum of 210000 *l.* the 4th. of the quarterly payments, on or before 25 *December* 1662. The sum of 210000 *l.* the 5th. quarterly payment, on or before 25. *March*, 1663. The sum of 210000 *l.* the last of the said quarterly payments, on or before the 24th. of *June* 1663.

VI. To the end the said sums charged upon the respective *Counties*, *Cities*, *&c.* may equally and indifferently be assessed, and the Monies duly collected, and true *Accompts* thereof made, the *Assessors* are to deliver one Copy of their respective *Assessments*, fair written, and subscribed by them to the *Commissioners*, who are to seal two *Duplicates* of the same, and the one of them to deliver to one or more honest person or persons to be *Sub-Collector*, or *Sub-Collectors*, which the *Commissioners* are to appoint for each Parish or place, with warrant to collect the said 18 months *Assessments*, so as the said several sums may be paid in to the *Head-Collectors*, so timely as they may by them be paid to the *Receivers Generall*, and by them into the Receipt of the Kings *Exchequer* at the respective times aforesaid: And the *Commissioners* are to deliver the other of the said *Duplicates* of each Parish, *&c.* to the *Receiver Generall* of each County or place respectively, to be by him transmitted to the *Lord Treasurer* of *England*.

VII. The *Commissioners* in their respective *Divisions*, two or more of them, are under their Hands and Seals to appoint an honest and responsible person to be *Head-collector*, to whom the Monies by the *Sub-collectors* within the *Division* received shall from time to time be paid, and the *Head-collector* upon the Receipt thereof is to pay the same forth-with to the *Receiver Generall* of each County respectively.

VIII. The particular *Collectors* and *Sub-collectors* are to pay in

in all the ſums ſo by them received to *Receivers general*, who are to tranſmit, or cauſe the monies by them received to be paid into the Receipt of the *Exchequer*, and the *Lord Treaſurer* is to allow the *Receiver General* of each County, City and Town, in caſe he hath returned up a *Duplicate* of the aſſeſsment of each Pariſh, *&c.* for which he is appointed *Receiver General*, a ſalary, not exceeding 1 *d.* in the pound, upon the cleering of his Accompt.

IX. The *Sub-Collector* of every Pariſh or place, upon the collection of the whole ſum to be collected by them, and payment thereof, ſhall receive for their pains in collecting and paying the Monies, one penny in the pound which the *Head-Collectors* ſhall pay unto them; and the *Head-Collectors* upon payment of the whole ſum for their *Hundred* and *Diviſion*, to the *Receiver General*, ſhall have and receive for their pains in receiving and paying the ſaid Monies, 1 *d.* in the pound, which the *Receiver General* is to pay unto them accordingly. And upon the receipt of the whole *Aſſeſsment* of the County, City, Town, *&c.* in caſe he hath received the ſeveral *Duplicates* of each Pariſh or place therein, and not otherwiſe, to allow and pay according to ſuch warrants as ſhall be given by the *Commiſſ* or 3 of them, 1 *d.* in each pound for the *Commiſſ.* Clerks for their pains, in writing the *Aſſeſsments*, *Duplicates*, and *Copies*.

Provided, No *Head-collector* ſhall be appointed for any City or Town which is by the *Act* particularly charged with the payment of any ſum towards the *Aſſeſsment* thereby to be levyed, and for which a *Receiver General* is to be appointed, excepting within the City of *London*.

X. If any perſon ſhall refuſe, or neglect to pay the ſum of money whereat he is rated or aſſeſſed, the *Collectors*, *Sub-collectors*, or any of them, are to levy the ſum aſſeſſed by diſtreſs and ſale of the perſons goods ſo refuſing or neglecting, returning the overplus to the Owner, reaſonable charges of diſtraining deducted; and in the day-time to break open any houſe, and upon Warrant under the Hands and Seals of two of the *Commiſſioners* or more to break open any Trunk, or Box, or Cheſt, where ſuch goods are, and to call to their aſſiſtance the Conſtable, or Tything-man within the Counties, Cities, *&c.* where any ſuch reſiſtance ſhall be made, or refuſall, who are to be ayding and aſſiſting in the Premiſſes; And if any difference happen upon the taking of ſuch Diſtreſſe, the

ſame

ſame ſhall be ended by the *Commiſſioners*, two or more of them; and if any perſon ſhall convey away his goods, whereby the ſum cannot be levyed, the *Commiſſioners* or two of them are to impriſon the party, (except he be a Peer) and to keep him in Priſon till the Money aſſeſſed, and charges in the bringing in the ſame be paid, but no longer: And the Tenants of all Houſes and Lands which ſhall berated, are authorized to pay ſuch ſum of monies, and to deduct out of their Rents ſo much of the ſaid rates, as of every ſuch Houſe and Lands the Land-lord ſhall or ought to pay and bear.

XI. Every Tenant paying the *Aſſeſſment*, ſhall be diſcharged of ſo much money as the *Aſſeſſment* doth amount unto, as if the ſame had been actually paid to ſuch perſon to whom his Rent ſhould be paid; and the differences which ſhall ariſe betwixt *Land-lord* and *Tenant* concerning the Rates, the *Commiſſioners* in their ſeveral *Diviſions*, two or more of them ſhall ſettle the ſame as they ſhall think fit. And if any perſon ſhall finde himſelf agrieved that he is over-rated, and within 6 dayes after demand of the money, complain to the *Commiſſioners* who allowed ſuch *Aſſeſſment*, the *Commiſſioners* ſhall have power to relieve ſuch perſon, and to charge the ſame on ſuch other perſon as they ſhall think fit.

XII. In caſe the proportions ſet upon the reſpective Counties, Cities, Towns and places ſhall not be fully levyed and paid; Or if any of the *Aſſeſſments* impoſed, ſhall be rated and impoſed upon any perſon not of ability to pay the ſame, or upon any empty or void houſe where the ſame cannot be collected or levied; Or that through wilfulneſs, miſtake, or other accident, the *Aſſeſſment* charged upon each County, City, Town, *&c.* happens not to be paid into the Receipt of the *Exchequer*, in every ſuch caſe the *Commiſſioners*, *Aſſeſſors*, and *Collectors* are to aſſeſs or re-aſſeſs, levy and pay every ſuch ſum of money upon the reſpective Counties, Cities, Towns, *&c.* upon any of the Diviſions, Hundreds & Pariſhes therein, as the *Commiſſioners* ſhall ſeem moſt agreeable to Equity and Juſtice. The ſaid new *Aſſeſſments* to be paid in ſuch manner as in the *Act* is directed.

XIII. If any perſon or perſons ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to perform his or their duty in the due and ſpeedy Execution of the *Act*, the *Commiſſioners*, three or more of them, may impoſe upon ſuch perſon or perſons ſo refuſing or neglecting ſuch Fine as to them ſhall be thought fit, the ſame to be levyed by

by diſtreſs or ſale of their Goods; No Fine impoſed for one offence to exceed 20 *l.* which ſhall be paid to the *Receivers General*, and by them into the Receipt of the *Exchequer*.

XIV. If any *Receiver General*, *Collector*, or *Sub-Collector*, ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay any ſum of money which ſhall be by him received, and ſhall not pay in the ſame as by the *Act* is directed, but ſhall detain in his hands any money received by him or them, the *Commiſſioners* of each County, City, *&c.* two or more of them in their reſpective Diviſion are impowred to impriſon the party, and ſeize and ſecure his Eſtate real and perſonal, their Heirs, Executors, or Adminiſtrators, where ever the ſame can be diſcovered and found: And the *Commiſſioners* who ſhall ſo ſeize or ſecure the Eſtate, ſhall appoint a time for the general meeting of the *Commiſſioners* of ſuch County, City, or Town, and there notice to be given ten days at leaſt before ſuch general meeting; and the *Commiſſioners* preſent at ſuch general meeting, or the major part of them, in caſe the Monies detained by the general *Receivers*, *Collectors*, *&c.* be not paid, as ought to be, to ſell and diſpoſe of all ſuch Eſtates, and ſatisfie and pay ſuch County and place the ſums that ſhall be detained, and returned the overplus to ſuch general *Receivers*, *Collectors*, &c. their Heirs, Executors & Adminiſtrators.

XV. At the expiration of the reſpective times preſcribed for the full payments of the ſaid quarterly *Aſſeſſments*, the reſpective *Commiſſioners*, or any 2 of them within the *Diviſion* and *Hundred*, are to call before them the chief *Collectors* & *Sub-collectors* to examin and aſſure themſelves of the full payment of the particular ſums of money charged upon the ſaid *Diviſion*, *Hundreds*, and every Pariſh therein, and of the due return of the ſame into the hands of the general *Receiver* of the County, City, Town & place reſpectively, and by ſuch *Receivers* to the receipt of the *Exchequer*, to the end there may be no failure of payment of any part of the *Aſſeſſment*, or any *Arrerages* remain chargeable upon any of the ſaid Counties, Cities, Towns, *&c.* And in caſe of any failure, the *Commiſſioners* or two of them are to cauſe the ſame to be forthwith levyed and paid.

XVI. If controverſies ariſe concening the *Aſſeſſments*, or the apportioning or payment thereof which concern any of the *Commiſſ.* the *Commiſſ.* concerned ſhall have no vote, but withdraw at the time of the debate till it be determined by the reſt.

XVII. No priviledged place or perſon, body politick or corporate, ſhall be exempted from the *Aſſeſſments*, but they and all

Fee-

Fee-farm Rents, and all other Rents, payments, ſums of Monies, and Annuities iſſuing out of any Lands within the County, ſhall be lyable to be taxed and levyed; and all the Tenants of ſuch *Rents* and *Annuities*, &c. are to pay them proportionably, and ſhall be ſaved harmleſs by the *Act* from any farther payment either to the Exchequer or other perſon to whom ſuch Rents ſhould or ought to be paid

1. *Provided*, This *Act* not to charge any Mr. Fellow, or Scholar of any Colledg in the Univerſities, *Eaton*, *Wincheſter*, *Weſtminſter*, or other Free-Schools, Reader, Officer, or Miniſter of the ſaid Colledges, *&c.* in reſpect of any ſtipend growing due to them; or in reſpect of the ſeveral Employments in the ſaid Univerſities, Colledges, *&c.* Nor to charge the houſes or Lands, belonging to *Chriſt Church*, *St. Bartholomew*, *Bridewel*, *S. Thomas*, and *Bethlehem* Hoſpitals in *London* or *Southwark* for any Rents or Revenues payable to them, being received and diſburſed for the relief of the poor of the ſaid Hoſpitals.

2. No Tenants that hold Lands or Houſes by Leaſe or Grant from any the ſaid *Hoſpitals* to enjoy any exemption by the *Act*, but ſhall be rated and aſſeſſed for ſo much as they are yearly worth over and above the Rents payable to the *Hoſpitals*.

3. Where any perſon dwelling in *London*, hath his dwelling houſe in one Pariſh, and hath any office, goods, *&c.* in one or more other Pariſhes, to be aſſeſſed for his office, goods, *&c.* in the Pariſh where he dwelleth, and not elſewhere. If he dwelleth without the City, and hath any office within the City, to be aſſeſſed for his office in the place where he dwelleth.

4. No clauſe or proviſo in the *Act* ſhall extend to the leſſening of the full ſum to be levyed and paid, but the ſame to be fully aſſeſſed, levyed & paid in the ſeveral reſpective Counties, Cities, and Towns in ſuch manner as is declared by the *Act*; and the *Commiſſioners* ſhall from time to time account for all their doings to the *Lord Treaſurer*, or ſuch as the King ſhall appoint.

XVIII. That in caſe the way of aſſeſſing by a pound rate ſhall prove prejudicial or obſtructive to the ſpeedy bringing in of the *Aſſeſsment*, the reſpective Commiſſ. or 2 of them are to direct the *Aſſeſſors* who are to aſſeſs the reſpective ſums charged on the reſpective Counties, Cities, Towns, *&c.* according to the moſt uſual way of Rates held in ſuch Counties, Cities, Towns, *&c.* reſpectively.

XIX. That the apportionment of the aſſeſsment according to the rates & proportions in this *Act*, upon the Counties, Cities,

ties, Towns assessed, shall not be drawn into president for the future; and nothing herein shall be drawn into Example to the prejudice of the Ancient Rites belonging to the LORDS Spiritual and Temporal, Clergy of the Realm, Universities, Colledges, Schools or Hospitals; nor to alter, determin, or make void any contracts, covenants or usages between Land-Lords and Tenants touching the payment of Taxes or Assessments.

XX. If any action, plaint, &c. shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person, &c. for what he or they shall do in pursuance and execution of the Act, such person may plead the general issue, and give the Act & the special matter in evidence, & if the prosecuter be nonsuite, or suffer a discontinuance, or verdict pass against him, the Defendant shall recover treble costs.

1. *Provided*, No future aid or supply of money to the King by Parliament in charge of the people shall at any time hereafter be granted or levyed by way of monthly assessment.

2. No Auditor of the *Exchequer* or other Officer, shall upon allowance to be made to any person assessed for any Fee-farm Rent, to the King or Queen Dowager, take any other fee for the same than 4 *d.* for any debt upon such allowance.

Militia.

I. Enacted. 14. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 3. That the King his Heirs, &c. shall (as occasion shall require) issue forth Commissions of Lieutenancy to such as he shall think fit for the Countries of *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick*, to call together, at all such times all persons; and to Arm and Array them, and to form them into Companies, Troops, and Regiments, & in case of insurrection Rebellion, or Invasion, to lead, conduct, and employ them within the Counties and places for which they shall be Commissionated for the suppressing of such insurrections, &c. according as they shall receive directions from the King, his Heirs, &c. and the said Lieutenants shall have power to give Commissions to such persons as they shall think fit to be Collonels, Majors, Captains, and Commission Officers of the persons so to be armed and arrayed, and to present to the King, his Heirs, &c. the names of such persons, as they shall think fit to be Deputy Lieutenants; and the said Lieutenants respectively, and in their absence out of their Lieutenancies, the Deputy Lieutenants, 2 or more of them, to train, exercise, lead, and conduct the persons armed, and arrayed to the purposes expressed in the Act.

II. The

II. The Lieutenants within the ſeveral Counties, Cities, and places, and their Deputies, or the major part of ſuch Lieutenants, and Deputie Lieutenants then preſent, or in the abſence of the Lieutenants, the major part of the Deputy Lieutenants; 3 at the leaſt, have power to charge any perſon with Horſe, Horſe-men and Arms, or with Foot-Soldier and Arms in the ſame County, City, Town, *&c.* where his, her, or their eſtates lie, not exceeding theſe proportions, *viz.* no perſon to be charged with finding a Horſe, Horſe-man and Arms, unleſs he have 500 *l. per annum* in lands in poſſeſſion, or 600 *l.* in Goods or Means, beſides the furniture of their houſes, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer eſtate. 2 Not to charge any perſon finding a Foot Soldier or Arms, that hath not 50 *l. per annum* in poſſeſſion, or perſonal eſtate of 600 *l.* (other than the Stock upon the Ground): And ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer eſtate; and ſhall charge no perſon with finding both Horſe and Foot in the ſame County. 1. *Provided*, they, or 3 of them may impoſe the finding and providing of Horſe, Horſe-men and Arms, by joyning 2, 3, or more perſons together in charge, as ſhall appear moſt conduceable to the ſervice of the Kingdom. 2. *Provided*, no perſon, that hath not 100 *l. per annum* in poſſeſſion in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or coppihold, or 1200 *l.* perſonal eſtate ſhall be compellable to contribute to the finding of any Horſe, or Horſe-man.

III. The Lieutenants and Deputies, or 3 of them, in their reſpective Counties, *&c.* ſhall require all perſons charged with Horſe, Horſe-men and Arms, to allow 2 *s. per diem* to the Troopers that ſerve with their Horſe and Arms, for the maintenance of the Man and Horſe; and 12 *d. per diem* for the Foot-Soldier (if they ſerve not in their own perſons) for ſo many daies as they ſhall be abſent from their dwelling, by occaſion of muſter or exerciſe.

IV. The Lieutenants and Deputies, or 3 of them, ſhall have power to lay fitting rates upon the reſpective Counties and places (not exceeding the fourth part of one months Aſſeſſment, after the rate of 70000 *l.* by the month; which monies are to be aſſeſſed and paid by ſuch perſons, according to ſuch directions as ſhall be given by the Lieutenants and Deputies, or 3 of them, under the like penalties as are preſcribed in an Act of parliament, Entituled, *An Act for raiſing of* 70000 l. *for the further ſupply of the King*) and in caſe of invaſions, inſurrections, or rebellions, the perſons ſo charged ſhall provide each their

their Soldier with pay in hand (not exceeding one months pay) as shall be directed by the respective Lieutenants, or in their absence by their Deputies, two or more of them, for payment of which monies, and for satisfaction of the Officers for their pay during such time as they shall be with their Soldiers in such said actual service, provision shall be made by the King and his Heirs, out of his or their publick Treasury or Revenue. *Provided*, in case a months pay shall be provided and advanced as aforesaid, no person who shall have advanced his porportion, shall be charged with any other like months payment, till he hath been re-imbursed the said months pay.

V. The Lieutenants and their Deputies or chief Officers upon the place in the respective Counties, *&c.* may charge Carts, Wagons, and Horses for the carrying powder, match and other materials, allowing 6 *d. per* mile, for every Cart, *&c.* with 5 Horses, and for every Horse employed out of Cart, *&c.* for the uses aforesaid, 1 *d.* so taken upon the marching of any Regiment, Company or Troop, upon occasion of invasion, insurrection, *&c.* And the Lieutenants or their Deputies, or chief Officers may imprison mutineers, and such Soldiers as do not their duties as Soldiers, at the day of their musters and training, and may inflict for such offence a pecuniary mulct not exceeding 5 *s.* or imprisonment not exceeding 20 daies.

VI. If any person so to be assessed by the Lieutenants and Deputies, or 3 of them, shall refuse or neglect, by a reasonable time appointed, to provide and furnish such Horse, Horsemen and Arms, and other furniture, or to pay such sums of money for the furnishing as aforesaid, the said Lieutenants and Deputies, 3 or more of them, may for every such offence inflict a penalty upon such persons not exceeding 20 *l.* and by Warrant under the hands and seals of 3 or more of them, levy such sums of money, or the value of such Horses, Arms and Furniture and such penalty inflicted, by distress and sale of the persons goods for refusing or neglecting, rendring the overplus to the party, necessary charges in the levying deducted.

VII. If any person to be armed, arrayed and weaponed shall detain, or imbezle his Horse, Arms, or Furniture, the respective Lieutenants, and in their absence their Deputies, 2 or more of them may imprison such person and persons, till they have made satisfaction for the Horse, Arms or Furniture so detained or imbezled: and if any person so to be horsed and weaponed, shall not appear and serve compleatly furnished with

Horse

Horſe, Arms and furniture at the beat of Drum, ſound of Trumpet, or other ſummons, the Lieutenants or other Deputies, 2 or more of them, may impriſon ſuch perſon or perſons five daies, or inflict the penalty, if a Horſeman 20 *s.* if a Foot-man 10 *s.* to be paid down without delay: and if any perſon aſſeſſed, ſhall refuſe or neglect to ſend his Horſe, Arms and Furniture upon ſummons or notice, the reſpective Lieutenants and their Deputies, or 3 of them, may inflict a penalty not exceeding 5 *l.* to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of ſuch perſons goods, rendring the overplus, neceſſary charges for levying deducted.

VIII. The reſpective Lieutenants are to appoint one or more Treaſurers or Clerks for the receiving and paying of the monies levyed, of which receipts and diſburſements they are every 6 months to give their accompt in writing and upon Oath to the Lieutenants and their Deputies, or any 2 of them (which Oath they have power to adminiſter) and the accompt ſo taken ſhall be forthwith certified to the Lords of the Kings Privy Councel and a duplicate thereof ſhall be certified to the Juſtices of the Peace at the general quarter Seſſions.

IX. The reſpective Lieutenants, or 2 or more of their Deputies, are by warrant under their hands and ſeals to employ ſuch perſons as they ſhall think fit (of which a commiſſionated Officer, and the Conſtable or his Deputy, or Tythingman ſhall be one) to ſearch for and ſeiz all Arms in the cuſtody and poſſeſſion of any perſons the Lieutenants or their Deputies ſhall judge dangerous to the Peace of the Kingdom, and to ſecure ſuch Arms, and thereof to give accompts to the Lieutenants, and in their abſence to their Deputies or any 2 of them. *Prov*: no ſuch ſearch be in any houſe between ſun-ſetting and ſun-riſing, other than in Cities and their Suburbs, Towns Corporate, and Market-Towns, where it may be lawful to ſearch in the night time by Warrant, and in caſe of reſiſtance to enter by force. No dwelling houſe of any Peer of the Realm ſhall be ſearched, but by immediate Warrant from the King under his ſign *Manual*, or in the preſence of the Lieutenant, or one of the Deputy Lieutenants of the ſame County; and in all places where ſearch is to be made, it ſhall be lawful in caſe of reſiſtance to enter by force, and the Arms ſo ſeized, may be reſtored to the Owners if the Lieutenants or their Deputies or two of them ſhall think fit.

X. The Conſtables and other Officers within the Counties, Cities

Cities and places are to be aiding and assisting to the Lieutenants and their Deputies in the execution of the premisses, and all persons who shall act or do any thing in execution thereof, shall be saved harmless, &c. and all persons who have heretofore acted any thing in execution of any Commission of Lieutenancy issued by the King that now is, or by colour of them, or relating thereunto since 7. *May* 1661. till the 20. of *May* 1662. shall be saved harmless and indempnified.

XI. Where any person shall be charged to find a Horse, and Horse-man and Arms, or a Foot Soldier and arms in such County, &c. where he doth not reside or inhabit, the Commissioners and Deputies, or any 3 of them, shall send notice of such charge if any such person have lands in his own occupation, to such person as he doth employ as his servant in managing of the same, and in case all his lands or other estate be let to farm, then to one or two of the most sufficient Tenant or Tenants, who shall have the same in their occupation, who are to convey the same to their Master or Land-lord, and shall bring an accompt of their Master or Landlords answer to the Lieutenants and Deputies, and upon neglect or refusal of the Landlord, to provide such Horse, Horse-man, Arms, or such Foot Soldier and Arms as is charged upon him, then the said Tenant or Tenants shall provide and do as the Land-lord in that behalf ought to have done, and if the Tenant or Tenants shall neglect to provide such Horse, Horseman and Arms, or such Foot-Soldier and Arms charged upon his Land-lord, within the time limitted, the Lieutenants and their Deputies, two or more of them, may by Warrant under their hands and seals levy all such penalties as are appointed by the Act, by distress and sale of the Offenders goods, rendring the overplus to the party distrained.

XII. That it shall be lawful for the said Tenant or Tenants to detain out of such rent or rents as shall be next due to the Land-lords, all such monies as the said Tenant or Tenants shall lay out or expend in providing such Horse, Horse-man, Arms, or Foot Soldier and Arms charged upon the Land lords, or shall be levyed upon him or them, any Commission, Reservation, Covenant, or Contract for the payment of his rent to the contrary notwithstanding, and shall be saved harmless by the Act, unless the Land-lord or Land lords shall make it appear within 2 months after the levying such penalties before the Lieutenants or their Deputies, 2 or more of them, that the

 default

default and penalty was occasioned by the wilful neglect of such Tenant or Tenants.

XIII. No Peer of the Realm shall be capable of acting as Lieutenant, or Deputy-Lieutenant, unless he shall first before six of the Lords of the Privy Councel, or such other person as shall be authorized by the King to administer the same, take this Oath, *viz.* *I A: B: do declare and believe, that it is not lawful upon any pretence whatsoever to take Arms against the King, and I do abhor that traiterous position, that arms may be taken by his authority against his person or against those that are commissionated by him, in pursuance of such Military Commissions;* and none under the degree of a Peer shall be capable of acting as a Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenant, Officer or Soldier, unless he take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the like Oath as the Peers are as above to take, which Oaths any one Justice of the Peace of the respective Counties, *&c.* is enabled to administer to the said Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, and the Lieutenants or their Deputies are enabled to administer the said Oaths to the Officers and Soldiers.

XIV. That the Trained Bands and Forces now actually raised and in being, shall so continue in each respective City and County of *England* and *Wales* until 25. of *March* 1663. and no longer, unless an establishment according to this Act be no sooner had, any thing in the Act notwithstanding.

XV. The ordinary times for training, exercising and mustering the Forces shall be these, *viz.*

1. The general muster and exercise of Regiments not above once a year.

2. The training and exercising of single Companies not above 4 times a year, unless special direction be given by the King or Privy Councel.

3. Single Companies and Troops shall not at any one time be continued in exercise above 2 daies.

4 At a general muster and exercise of Regiments, no Officer or Soldier shall be constrained to stay for above 4 daies together from their habitations.

5. At every muster, every Musketeer shall bring with him half a pound of Powder at the charge of the person who is to provide the said Foot-Soldier and Arms.

6. Every Horse-man to bring with him a quarter of a pound of Powder at the charge of such person as is to provide the Horse, Horse-man and Arms.

The

The Arms offensive and defensive with the furniture for Horse are, *viz.* The defensive Arms, a Back, and a Brest and Pot: The Brest and Pot of Pistol proof, *viz.*

The offensive Arms, a Sword and a Case of Pistols, the Barrels not under 14 inches in length.

The furniture of the Horse, a great Sadle, or Pad, with burs and straps to affix the Houlsters unto. 2. A Bit and a Bridle Restorel and Crupper.

7. For the Foot, A Musketeer is to have a Musket, the Barrel not under 3 foot in length. The gage of the Bore to be for 12 Bullets to the pound, a collar of Bandaliers with a Sword; and all Muster-Masters for the present shall admit, and allow of any Muskets already made which will bear a Bullet of 14 to the pound; but none henceforth shall be made, or allowed but such as are of the gage of 12 Bullets to the pound.

8. A Pikeman, Is to be Armed with a Pike made of Ash, not under 16 foot in length; a Back, Brest, Head-Peece, and Sword; Muster Masters shall for the present allow of Pikes already made that are not under 15 foot; but no Pikes which shall be hereafter made, are to be allowed of, that are under 16 foot in length.

XVI. The Militia of the Island of *Purbeck* shall remain seperate from the County of *Dorset*, and the Kings Lieutenant of that Island, and his Deputies, 3 or more of them, shall have power of Levying, Arraying, Mustering and conducting of such number of foot for the defence of the Island, and execute within the Island all such powers, as any of the Kings Lieutenants or their Deputies might in the respective Counties, Cities, &c. execute.

XVII. Incase of danger to the present Government, the King at any time or times the same shall happen, during 3 years from 20 *June*, 1662. may raise such sums of money for defraying of the whole, or such part of the Militia, as he shall find himself obliged to employ, in order to the quiet and security of the Nation, not exceeding 70000 *l.* in one whole year, the same to be raised by the Lieutenants or their Deputies in the respective Counties according to the directions in an Act of this Parliament, for the raising 18 months assessment after the rate of 70000 *l. per mensem*; as also to continue for three years from the aforesaid 25 of *June*, and no longer.

XVIII. All Constables and other Officers who since 24. *June*, 1660. have paid or disbursed or before this Militia esta-

bliſhed, ſhall pay or diſburſe any monies for buying of Arms, or deſraying of charges of Soldiers, ſet, or to be ſet upon their reſpective Pariſhes, ſhall be re-imburſed the ſame by ſuch as have refuſed to pay their proportions thereof; and in caſe he or they ſhall refuſe to pay the ſame, then to be levyed by diſtreſs and ſale of goods, delivering the overpluſs to the owner.

XIX. No perſon charged with the finding of Horſe, or Foot, or with contributing thereunto, ſhall be compelled to ſerve in his proper perſon, but may according to ſuch proportion as he ſhall be charged, finde one or more fit and ſufficient man to be approved by his Captain; nevertheleſs to be allowed upon appeal to the Lieutenant, or his Deputy Lieutenants, or two of them: And every ſuch perſon ſo found and provided, ſhall ſerve as Soldier in ſuch manner, and under ſuch penalties as are appointed by the Act.

XX. Every perſon or perſons who ſhall ſerve in his own perſon, or ſuch perſon as ſhall be accepted in his ſtead, ſhall at the next Muſter of the Troop, or company, give his Chriſtian and Sir-name and place of abode, to ſuch perſon as the Lieutenant or his Deputy Lieutenants, or 2 of them, ſhall appoint, to the end the ſame may be liſted: And from thenceforth the party liſted, ſhall not be exchanged or deſert the ſervice but by the leave and order of the Lieutenant or 2 Deputy Lieutenants, or his Captain, obtained in Writting under their Hands and Seals, upon pain he ſhall forfeit 20 *l.* to be levied of his Goods and Chattels; and for non payment, or want of diſtreſs to be commited to the common Goal for 3 months without bail or main prize.

XXI. The Act ſhall not extend to put a new charge of Arms upon the Tinners of the Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwal*, other than the tax in the former proviſo; but the Warden of *Stannaries*, in purſuance of the Kings Commiſſion, and ſuch as he ſhall Commiſſionate under him, ſhall have the like powers, and Array, Aſſeſs, Arm and Muſter the ſaid Tinners within the Counties, according to the ancient priviledge and cuſtome of the ſaid *Stannaries*.

XXII. The Kings Lieutenants that are or ſhall be Commiſſionated for the City of *London*, ſhall continue to liſt and levy the Trayned Bands and Auxiliaries of the City as to the number and quality of the perſons in manner as was uſed in forming the preſent force now raiſed by the Kings Commiſſion. And the Kings Majeſties Lieutenants of the ſaid City by Warrant from his Majeſty

Majeſty ſhall and may impoſe and levy yearly ſo much money as they ſhall find needful for the defraying the arrears of thoſe which were raiſed for his Majeſties Reſtauration; and the arrears and neceſſary charge of thoſe that now are, and ſhall be raiſed, with the Ammunition & expences of their Militia, not exceeding in one year the proportion of one months tax which the City now payes towards the tax of 70000 *l.* by the month.

XXIII. No Officer or Soldier of the Militia or Trained Bands belonging to any City, Borough, or Town Corporate being of it ſelf a County, or other Corporate or Port Town, who have uſed to be Muſtred only within their own Precincts, ſhall be compellable to appear out of their Precincts, at any Muſter or Exerciſe only; and every of the ſaid Cities, Boroughs, *&c.* are hereby chargeable to find their uſual number of Soldiers, unleſs the Lieutenants find cauſe to leſſen the ſame.

1. *Provided*, The Act not to extend, to avoid any Covenant or agreement that hath, or ſhall be made between any Land-Lord, or Tenant concerning finding of Horſes or Arms, or the bearing or paying any taxes, rates, or other charges by any Tenant; but that the ſaid rates and charges ſhall be born and paid by the Tenants, according to the Covenants and agreements.

2. Not to extend to make any alteration in the Iſle of *Wight*, as to the Militia in that place, either to raiſe Horſe or Foot in the Iſland otherwiſe than formerly hath been.

3. That it ſhall be lawful for the Kings Conſtable or Lieutenant of the Tower to continue to levy the Trained Bands in the Diviſion or Hamlets of the Tower in ſuch manner as to the number and quality of the perſons as was obſerved in the forming of the preſent Forces.

4. No matter herein contained ſhall extend to the giving, or declaring any power for the tranſporting any of the Subjects of the Realm, or compelling them to march out of the Kingdom, otherwiſe than by the Laws of *England* ought to be done.

XXIV. No Peer of this Realm ſhall be charged with Horſe, Horſemen, and Arms, or Foot Soldiers and arms in other manner than is expreſſed, *viz.* That the King, his Heirs, *&c.* may iſſue out Commiſſions under the Great Seal, to ſo many Peers (not fewer than 12) as he or they ſhall think fit, who or any 5 of them ſhall have power to aſſeſs all and every, or any of the Peers of the Realm according to the limitations in the Act for

the finding of Horſe, Horſ-men and Arms, and Foot Soldiers and Arms, and ſhall have power to put in execution all the powers and authorities of the Act, as well for laying of aſſeſſments, as impoſing of penalties; which ſhall be from time to time certified to the Lieutenants of each County, to the end the charge may be born and the penalties levyed according to the *Act*, and if there be default in performance of any thing to be done or paid, the reſpective Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, or 3 of them, may cauſe diſtreſſes to be taken in any the Lands of ſuch Defaulter, within their Counties or limits, and if ſatisfaction ſhall not be given within one week after diſtreſs taken, then the diſtreſſes to be ſold for the performance of the ſervice and the charge incident thereunto.

Statutes Continued.

Enacted. 17. *Car.* 1. *Cap.* 4. That all Statutes and Acts of Parliament which have their continuance, or were by an Act of Parliament, made in the 3. year of the reign of his Majeſty that now is, Entituled, *An Act for the Continuance and repeal of divers Statutes, Continued until the end of the firſt Seſſion of the then next Parliament*, ſhall by vertue of this Act be adjudged ever ſince the Seſſion of Parliament in the ſaid third year to have been of ſuch form and affect, as the ſame were the laſt day of that Seſſion, and from thenceforth until ſome other Act of Parliament be made, touching the Continuance or diſcontinuance of the ſaid Statutes and Acts, in the ſaid Act of the 3. year of his Majeſties Reign, Continued as aforeſaid.

FINIS.

Law-Books lately printed for *John Starkey* and *Thomas Basset*, and to be sold at their Shops in *Fleetstreet*

Thesaurus Brevium, or a Collection of approved forms of Original and Judicial Writs in the Kings Bench, with their special directions, in *folio*.

Brevia Judicialia, or an exact Collection of approved forms of all sorts of Judicial Writs in the Common Bench, together with their returns, by *Richard Brownlow* Esquire, in *folio*.

Action upon the Case for Slander, or a methodical Collection of thousands of Cases in the Law, of what words are actionable, and what not, by *William Shepheard* Esquire, in *folio*.

Finch's Discourse of the Law, in *octavo*.

Plowdens Queries, or a Moot-book of Choice Cases in the Coommon Law, in *octavo*.

A Compendious

Abridgment

Of all the Publick

ACTS of PARLIAMENT

Which were Pass'd the 3. of *June* and the 27. of *July*, in the 15. year of the Reign of King *CHARLS* the Second. 1663.

Cattel.

Enacted *Anno* 15 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 6.

NO Person using the Trade of a *Butcher*, shall at any time from and after the Feast of S. *Michael* next sell, offer, or expose to sale, by himself, or any Servant, or Agent whatsoever, any *Fat Oxen, Steers, Runts, Kine, Heifers, Calves, Sheep*, or *Lambs* alive, upon pain to forfeit the double value of the Cattel so sold, offered, or exposed to sale, one moity to the King, his Heirs and Successors, the other moity to him who shall sue for the same, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Action of Debt, or Information, wherein no Essoin, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Excise.

Enacted *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 9. No common *Brewer*, *Inkeeper*, *Victualer*, or other *Retaler* of *Beer* or *Ale* shall at any time after 1. *September* 1663. without first giving notice thereof at the next Office of *Excise*, or to the *Commissioners*, *Farmers*, or *Sub-Commissioners* of *Excise*, or one of them, within the limits of whose Office he or they shall inhabit; Erect, set up, alter, or enlarge any Tun, Fat, Back, Cooler, or Copper, and shall make use of any of them for the brewing, or making any *Beer* or *Ale*, or *Worts*, or make use of, or keep any private and concealed Storehouse, Cellar, or other place for the laying in any *Beer*, *Ale*, or *Worts* in Cask, other than such as are already openly set up and made use of in his common and usual *Brewhouse* now openly known, upon pain of 50 *l.* for every Tun, Fat, Back, Copper, *&c.* set up and made use of without such notice given as aforesaid: And all and every person, *&c.* in whose occupation any house, out-house, or other place whatsoever is or shall be, where such private and concealed Tun, Back, Cooler, or Storehouse shall be found and discovered, shall forfeit the sum of 50 *l.* to be levyed as by the Act is directed: And every such private and concealed Tun, Fat, Back, *&c.* discovered and found, or altered or enlarged with all *Beer*, *Ale*, and *Worts* therein, shall be taken up, seized, and carried away and delivered to the Overseers of the Poor, to be sold for the use of the Poor.

II. From and after 8. *November* 1665. No person or persons whatsoever nominated to be in Commission for the regulating of his Majesties Revenue of *Excise*; or for the execise of the Powers mentioned in an Act, Entituled, *A Grant of certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors for the encrease of his Majesties Revenue for life*: Or an Act Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, &c.* or in this present Act, shall presume to farm the same Revenue, either directly or indirectly, by obtaining *Letters Patents* to him or themselves, or other persons in trust for them, or for their use or benefit: Nor any person whatsoever being a Farmer of the said Revenue, shall be capable to be nominated a Commissioner for the regulating of the said Revenue of *Excise*, or exercising any

any powers concerning the ſame. But if any perſon diſabled as aforeſaid to be a *Commiſſioner* ſhall become a *Farmer*, and ſhall in either of the ſaid caſes preſume directly or indirectly to act as a *Commiſſioner*, *Farmer*, or *Sub-commiſſioner*, to execute the powers, either alone, or jointly with other perſons that are *Farmers*, or who are not *Farmers*, ſhall after ſuch acting loſe the benefit of his *Farm*, and be thenceforth for ever diſabled to be either *Farmer* or *Commiſſioner* for the regulating thereof and exerciſing the powers aforeſaid. And all and every Act done by any *Commiſſioner*, *Farmer* by himſelf or jointly with others not *Farmers*, ſhall be void; And all perſons, *&c.* any way moleſted or troubled by any ſuch *Commiſſioner*, may bring his action at Law for the ſame, in any of his Majeſties Courts at *Weſtminſter*, and thereby recover his damages.

III. All and every *Letters Patents* to be made after the 10. of *April* 1663. making any *Farmer* of *Exciſe* to be a *Commiſſioner* or *Sub-commiſſioner* ſhall be utterly void.

IV. If any *Commiſſioner* or *Sub-commiſſioner* who by vertue of any *Letters Patents* are now both *Commiſſioners* for regulating the ſaid *Revenue*, and likewiſe *Farmers* of the ſaid *Revenue*, ſhall give any falſe or corrupt judgment in advancement of the benefit of his or their *Farm* to the *Brewer's* damage, he or they ſhall forfeit for every ſuch judgment double coſts to the party ſo injured: And in caſe any perſon ſhall unjuſtly complain of any ſuch judgment of the *Commiſſioners*, and ſo ſhall be found upon his appeal, he ſhall forfeit double coſts to the *Commiſſioners* for ſuch unjuſt vexation, to be recovered by Information, Bill, or Plaint in any Court of Record.

V. From and after 1. *September* 1663. All and every *Gager* or *Gagers* of *Exciſe*, who take an accompt of any *Beer* or *Ale* brewed, or made by any Common *Brewer*, ſhall weekly after ſuch *Brewer* hath, or ought to have made his entry at the Office of *Exciſe*, and not otherwiſe, make to ſuch *Brewer*, or ſome of his ſervants in his behalf, a true copie under his hand of ſuch report as he or they have made thereof to the *Commiſſioners* of *Exciſe*, upon pain of forfeiture for every neglect 40 *s.*

Provided, No ſuch *Brewer* ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any penalty, for or by reaſon of any miſ-entry, or ſhort-entry, if he or they ſhall within a week after the delivery of

such copy, certifie his or their entry according to the said return, or otherwise discharge himself.

VI. From and after 1. *September* 1663. as often as shall be occasion, two able *Artists* shall be appointed, one by his Majesties *Commissioners* or *Farmers* for *Excise*, the other by the *Brewers* of any City or place, who shall take an oath to take and compute the just contents and gage of all Tuns, Coppers, Fats, and other brewing Vessels belonging to all or any *Brewer* of *Beer* or *Ale* to sell, and deliver and give under their hands one copy of the particular of such Vessels to the said *Commissioners* or *Farmers*, and another to each and every respective *Brewer*, which computation shall answer and be according to the measures and proportions expressed in the said former Acts of *Excise*.

VII. No *Commissioner*, *Farmer*, or *Sub-commissioner* for the *Excise*, or common *Brewer* of *Beer* or *Ale* to sell, from and after 1. *September* 1663. shall have power to act in, or execute as a *Justice of Peace* any of the powers or things contained in any of the Laws made for and concerning the *Excise*, or in this present Act: And if any of the said persons shall presume to act or execute any thing contrary hereunto, all such thing so acted or executed are and shall be void to all intents and purposes.

VII. From and after 1. *September* 1663. The *Commissioners*, *Farmers* or *Sub-Commissioners* in each County within *England* and *Wales* shall constitute or depute under their hands and seals, such persons as they shall think needful in each respective Market Town, to be there every Market day in some publick place, for receiving the entries and duties of *Excise*, and performing all other things touching the said duty as to former Acts and this present Act, which said persons so constituted or deputed shall attend at such Office on every Market day in such Market Town, and shall keep the said Office open from 9 of the clock in the morning till 12 of the clock at noon: and from 2 of the clock in the afternoon, till 5 of the clock in the afternoon: And in case such Office shall not be so kept and attended in each Market Town, the *Commissioners*, *Farmers*, or other persons so neglecting, or refusing to do the same, shall for every Market day forfeit 10 *l.* one moity to the King, *&c.* the other moity to him who will inform and sue for the same in any of the Kings Courts of Record, wherein no Essoin, Protection, *&c.* shall be allowed: And such persons as shall come

come to make ſuch entry, and ſhall tender the ſame according to the *Acts*, and be able to prove ſuch tender by one or 2 witneſſes, ſhall not be lyable to any penalty impoſed by the ſaid *Acts* for ſuch weekly entries, or payments as ſhould have been made or paid upon ſuch Market day.

IX. From and after 1 *September*, 1663. No common *Brewer* of *Beer* or *Ale* ſhall ſell, carry or deliver out any *Beer* or *Ale* to any of his Cuſtomers, either in whole Cask, or by the Gallon, in any City, Town Corporate, or Market Town before notice given to an Officer of the *Exciſe*: but between the hours of the day, *viz.* from 25. *March*, to 29. *September* yearly between 5 of the clock in the *Morning*, and 9 of the clock in the *Evening*: And from 29 of *September*, to 25 of *March*, yearly between 5 in the *Morning*, and 7 of the clock in the *Evening*, upon pain every *Brewer* doing the contrary, to loſe 20 *s.* for ever barrel of *Beer*, or *Ale*, to be levyed and recovered, as in the *Act* is appointed.

X. If any common *Brewer*, *Inn-keeper*, *Victualer* or Retaler of *Beer*, or *Ale*, ſhall after 1 *September*, after an accompt ſhall be taken by the gager, of the quantity, and qualitie of the *Beer*, *Ale*, or *Worts* found in his *Tun*, or other *Brewing Veſſels*, convert any part of his ſmall *Beer*, or ſmall *Worts*, into ſtrong *Beer*, or *Ale*, by mingling, letting down, and ſhall ſell, deliver out or retale the ſame, or any part thereof, without giving notice to the ſame gager of the quantity ſo mingled, or converted; Or if ſuch *Brewer*, or Retaler ſhall after the ſaid time hide, conceal, or convey any *Beer*, *Ale*, or *Worts*, not gaged from the view of the gager appointed to take account of the ſame whereby the King, his *Commiſſioners*, or *Farmers*, ſhall or may be defrauded of the duties due for the ſame, every ſuch Common *Brewer*, *Inn-holder*, *&c.* for every barrel of *Beer*, or *Ale*, by him ſo mingled, converted, ſold, hid, delilered, or conveyed away, ſhall forfeit the ſum of 20 *s.* to be levyed as in the *Act* is appointed.

XI. All and every the Brewing Veſſels and Utenſils for Brewing, in whoſe hands ſoever they ſhall come, and by what title ſoever claimed, ſhall be lyable, and ſhall be charged with all & ſingular the Debts and Duties of *Exciſe* in arrear and owing by any perſons made within the ſaid *Brewhouſe*; and be ſubject to all penalties, and forfeitures incurred by perſons uſing the ſaid *Brewhouſe*, for any offence againſt the *Laws*, and *Statutes* for *Exciſe*: And it ſhall be lawful in all caſes to

levy debts & penalties, & uſe ſuch proceedings againſt the Utenſels as it may be lawfull to do, in caſe the debtor or offendor had been truly and really owner and proprietor of the ſame.

XII. After 1 *September*, No common *Brewer* of *Beer*, or *Ale*, or other perſon who hath, or ſhall compound for the duties of *Exciſe*, for *Beer* or *Ale*, by him *brewed*, or to be *brewed*, during the time of ſuch compoſition, ſhall *brew*, make or ſuffer any *Beer*, or *Ale* to be *brewed* within his *Brewhouſe* for any other common *brewer* whatſoever, without firſt giving notice of every ſuch *brewing* to be made unto the *Commiſſioners*, or *Farmers* of *Exciſe* within the deſtricts of whoſe Office ſuch common *Brewer* doth, or ſhall inhabit, and paying down to the *Commiſſioners*, or *Farmers*, the full *Exciſe* of all the ſaid *Beer* and *Ale*, upon pain aſwell the *Brewer* who ſhall *brew* the ſame as he for whom the *Beer*, or *Ale* ſhall be *brewed*, ſhall loſe for every Barrel 5 *l.* one moity to the King, the other the Informer who will ſue for the ſame.

XIII. From and after 1 *September*, No perſon ſhall be permitted to ſell or retale any *Coffee*, *Chocolate*, *Sherbet*, *Tea*, without Licence firſt had and obtained by order of the General *Seſſions* of the Peace, in the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Certificate being firſt ſhewed that they have given good ſecurity for the payment of their dues to the King or the chief Magiſtrate of the place, in whoſe juriſdiction they ſhall inhabit for the ſelling, or retaling of the ſame: Nor any Licence granted until ſecurity be given by recognizance; For which Licence & recognizance 12 *d.* ſhall be given & no more; & every perſon ſelling or retaling ſuch liquors without Licence had & ſecurity given, ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* for every moneth, he ſhall continue ſelling, or retaling the ſame.

XIV. From and after 1 *September*, No *Brewer*, or other perſon ſhall bribe, corrupt, or give any money, fee, or reward whatſoever to any gager, or other officer to make any falſe return or report into the office of *Exciſe*, of any *Beer*, *Ale*, or other Liquors made, *brewed*, or to be made or *brewed* within their charge or diviſion, or to forbear or omit the doing or executing of their places or imployments, upon penalty of 100 *l.* for every offence, and no ſworn Gager or other Officer ſhall directly or indirectly take, or receive any bribe, or money, fee, gift, or reward of any *Brewer* or other perſon, for any cauſe relating to the *Exciſe*, upon penalty for every ſuch Gager or Officer for every ſuch offence to loſe 10 *l.* All and every the ſaid

said offences to be proved by two credible witnesses before two Justices of the Peace, or chief Magistrates of the place where the offence shall be committed, who have hereby power to administer the said Oaths, and examine and determine the same, and cause such penalties to be levied by warrant under their hands and seals, by distress and sale of the offenders goods, and for want of distress to commit the offender to the common Gaol, for 3 months without bail, *&c.*

XV. No forreign imported Liquors shall be landed or put on shore out of any Ship or Vessel from beyond the Seas, before entry be first made thereof, with the Officer or Collector appointed for the *Excise*; or before the duty of *Excise* due and payable for the same be fully satisfied and paid: And every warrant for the Landing of such Forreign Liquors shall be signed by the hand of the said Officer, or Collector, in the port respectively, upon pain that all such Forreign Liquors as shall be Landed contrary to the meaning hereof, or without the presence of an Officer, or Waiter for the *Excise*, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited, one moity to the King, the other to him who will seize, inform, or sue for the same, to be recovered of the Importor, or proprietor thereof.

XVI. No person whatsoever bringing any exciseable Liquors (except *Beer*, or *Ale*, *Sider*, *Perry*, *Metheglin*) into any place of this Realm by Coast, Cocquet, or Certificate, nor any person to whom the same shall be consigned, shall land or cause such exciseable Liquors to be landed, or put on shore without making due entry of the same with the Officers of the *Excise* for the time being appointed within the Ports where the same shall be landed, upon pain to forfeit the double value of the Liquors landed, or put on shore.

XVII. No appeal in any case of *Excise* whatsoever shall be admitted untill the Appellant shall have first deposited the single duty of *Excise* in the hands of the *Commissioners*, or *Farmers*, within whose division the cause was orginally heard, and given security to the *Commissioners* of Appeal, where such cause is finally to be determined for all such fine, forfeiture, and penalty as upon such hearing was adjudged against him, and if upon hearing the original hearing shall happen to be reversed and made nul, then the *Commissioners*, *Farmers*, *&c.* in whose hands the single duty was deposited, shall deliver back the same, or so much thereof as shall be adjudged to the appellant and the partie originally prosecuting shall pay him double costs;

But if the first judgment shall be affirmed, shall pay the like costs to the *Commissioners* or *Farmers* complained of.

XVIII. All and every person brewing, or making any *Beer* in a common *Brewhouse*, or otherwise for sale, or to convert to *Vinegar* for sale: shall pay for every barrel of such *Vinegar-beer* the sums already imposed by any Act of *Excise* upon *Vinegar-beer* brewed by any common *Brewer* in any common *Brewhouse*.

XIX. Every *Colledge* and *Hall* in either of the Universities, which before the duty of *Excise* was imposed, did brew their own *Beer* and *Ale* within their Precincts; and size it out to their respective members, are not lyable to pay any duty of *Excise* for the same.

XX. All differences, appeals and complaints that shall arise between party and party in order for the payment of the duty of *Excise*, shall be heard and determined in the proper County.

XXI. No *Farmer*, *Commissioner*, or other Officer of *Excise*, shall directly, or indirectly take any money, fee, or reward for the taking any bond, or giving receipt in writing to the *Excise*, to or from any persons whatsoever, upon pain for every offence to forfeit 10 *s.*

XXII. The Justices of the Peace, two or more, or chief Magistrates in the several Cities, Counties, and places within *England* and *Wales* respectively, shall meet once every month in their divisions to hear and determine all matters and offences against this or the former Acts.

XXIII. One third part of all fines and forfeitures herein, not disposed of, shall be to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* the other third part to the poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, and the other third part to him who will sue for the same.

XXIV. After 3. *September*, No appeal in any matter or cause of *Excise* within the limits of the chief Office of *London*, nor within the limits of the present Farm of *London*, during the continuance of such Farm shall be admitted, unless brought within two months after the first judgment and notice given at the dwelling house of the party, nor any appeal in any cause of *Exeise* in any other County, City, or place, unless the same be brought within 4 months after the first judgment and notice as aforesaid.

XXV. No *Commissioner*, *Farmer*, or other person employed

ployed, or to be employed in the farming, collecting, or taking of accompt of the duty of *Exciſe*, do after 1. *September* next take upon ſuch Office, or proceed in execution of ſuch employment; till he have taken the Oaths appointed by the Act of *Parliament*, Entituled, *A grant of certain impoſitions of Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for encreaſe of the Kings Revenue during his life*, and hath entred his Certificate thereof, with the *Auditor* for *Exciſe*, under the penalty of 50 *l.* for every month he ſhall neglect the ſame.

I. *Anno* 15. *Car* 2. *Cap.* 10. Declared and Enacted, Where any *Commiſſioners*, *Treaſurers*, and all other *Officers* which were heretofore employed in the receipt of *Exciſe*, *Farmer* or *Collector* which ſtand charged with, or accomptable for any duties of *Exciſe*, received, farmed, or detained from the perſons before named: and not pardoned by the late *Act of Oblivion*, Entituled, *An Act of free and general pardon, &c.* ſhall be deemed and taken to be lyable and anſwerable according to the nature of their reſpective ſecurities, any doubt or queſtion touching the conſtruction of the ſaid *Act of general pardon* notwithſtanding.

II. Where the *Commiſſioners* of *Exciſe* for the time being have iſſued out any ſummons, which hath been left at the houſe or uſual place of reſidence, or with the wife, child, or ſervant menial, of the perſons chargeable or accomptable, the ſame ſhall be a good and ſufficient ſummons, and as legal and effectual notice as if the ſame had been delivered to the proper hands of ſuch perſon to whom the ſame was directed.

Fiſhing.

Enacted 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 14. From and after 1. *Auguſt* 1664. No white or red *Herrings* of Engliſh catching ſhall be put to ſale in *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, but what ſhall be packed in lawful Barrels, or Veſſels, and which ſhall be well truly, and juſtly laid & packed, & ſhall be of one time taking, ſalting and drying: and equally packed in the midſt by a ſworn Packer, and the Barrel, or Veſſel marked by ſuch Packer, with a mark or brand, denoting the gage, and the quantity, quality, and condition of *Herrings* packed therein.

II. The *Bailiffs* of great *Yarmouth* for the time being: And the

the *Mayor*, *Bailiffs*, or *Head Officer* for the time being of every *Port*, *Haven*, or *Creek*, out of which any Vessels do proceed to fish for *Herrings*: are authorized and required before 1. *July* 1664. in every year to appoint for their respective *Haven*, *&c.* a competent number of Packers experienced to view and pack all such white *Herrings* of English catching, as shall be brought into their *Port*, *&c.* and truly to mark or brand the Barrels, or Vessels with such mark as is directed; and to administer them an Oath for the well doing thereof: And in case the *Bailiffs* of *Great-Yarmouth*, or other *Bailiffs* or *Head Officer* for the time being of any such *Port*, *Haven*, *&c.* shall appoint such Packers before such time in every year as is required by the Act, they shall for every default forfeit 100 *l.* one moity to the King, his Heirs, *&c.* the other to him who will sue for the same in any Court of Record, wherein no *Essoin*, *&c.* shall be allowed.

III. From and after 25. of *December* 1663. No *Ship* or *Vessel* shall proceed upon a fishing voyage for *Island* or *Westmony* out of any *Port*, *Haven*, or *Creek*, in *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, until the 10. day of *March* in any year, upon pain of forfeiture of such *Ship*, or *Vessel*, with all her furniture, tackle, apparel, and all the fish caught in such *Ship*.

IV. That no person whatsoever do collect, levy, or take, or cause to be levyed or taken in *New-found-Land* any Toll or other duty of or for any *Cod* or *Poor John*, or other fish of English catching, under pain of loss of double the value of what shall be by them collected, levyed, or taken, or cause to be levyed or taken. And that no Planter or other person do cast, or lay any Seme or net in or neer any *Harbor* in *New-found Land*, whereby to take the spawn or young fry of the *Poor-John*, or for any other uses, except for the taking of bait only, upon pain of loss of all such semes or nets and of the fish taken in them, or the value thereof, to be recovered in any of the Kings Courts in *New-found-Land*, or in any Court of Record in *England* or *Wales*, by *Bill*, *Plaint*, or other *Action*, where no *Essoin*, *&c.* shall be allowed.

V. That no Planter, or other person, shall burn, destroy, or steal any *Boat*, *Cask*, or *Salt-nets* or other *Utensils* for fishing or making of *Oyl*; or other *Goods* or *Merchandizes* left in *New-found-Land* or *Green-Land* by English; or burn, pull down or distroy any house built by English in *New-found-Land*, or *Green-Land* to them during the fishing season, or stage built in

in either of the said places for the ordering of *Fish*, or making of *Oyl*, upon pain of loss of double the value what shall be by them stollen, burnt, or destroyed; to be recovered in any of the said Courts as aforesaid.

VI. That an Act passed the last Session of this present *Parliament*, Enticuled, *An Act for the importation of Madder pure and unmixed*; and every clause and thing therein contained be from henceforth utterly void and repealed.

Hearth-Money.

Enacted 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 11. That the *Justices* of the *Peace* of the respective Counties, Corporations, places, and limits within their respective jurisdictions, at the next *Sessions* to be held after the Feast of S. *Michael* next, or the ma or part of them present, shall issue out warrants under their hands and seals to the respective High-Constables, or other the like Officers; who shall issue the warrants to the Petty-Constables, Headboroughs, *&c.* requiring them on the next Sonday after morning service ended, to give publick notice in the *Church*, or *Chappel* general to all the *Inhabitants*: and also give notice publickly in the *Church*, and particularly to every *Inhabitant* that shall then be Occupier of any House, Edefice, Lodging or Chamber, that within 10 daies after such notice, he give a just accompt in writing under his hand of all *Hearths* and *Stoves* in such respective House, Edefice, Lodging or Chamber, unto such Constable, Head-borough, *&c.* who upon receipt of such accompt, shall with two other substantial *Inhabitants* in the day time, enter into the respective House, Edefice, Lodging, *&c.* and upon his own view compare such accompt, and see whether it be truly made or not, and endorse the said accompt accordingly, which so received and endorsed shall be by him transmitted within 20 daies after, to the respective High-Constable or other like Officer, with a book fairly written, containing the names of the persons, and number of the *Hearths* and *Stoves* in their respective possessions, that are chargeable by the Act; and also the names of the persons and *Hearths* not chargeable by the *Act*: which being so received by the High-Constable, *&c.* shall within 6 daies after be transmitted to the 2 next Justices of the Peace, who are to examine the High-Constable, Petty-Constable, Headborough,

borough, *&c.* upon their Oaths, ſuch the truth and faithfulneſs of their acting in the premiſes; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall within 10 daies after ſign and tranſmit the ſaid book, together with the original accompts ſo endorſed to the Clerks of the Peace, who ſhall within 20 daies after, engroſs the book in parchment, to be kept in the reſpective County: and ſhall alſo within 2 months engroſs a true duplicate of the ſaid book, which being ſigned by two Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective County, ſhall within one month after be tranſmitted to the Kings Court of Exchequer.

Provided, 1. If any Occupier of any Houſe, Edifice, Lodging, *&c.* ſhall not make, or cauſe to be made an accompt, or ſhall omit in his accompt to be made, any *Hearth* or *Stove*, he ſhall for every ſuch *Hearth* or *Stove* omitted forfeit 40 *s.*

2. If any *Conſtable*, *Head-borough*, *&c.* ſhall omit to tranſmit ſuch accompt together with the book, to the *High-Conſtable*, *&c.* or make default in giving notice as aforeſaid, for every offence ſhall forfeit 5 *l.*

3. If the *High-Conſtable*, *&c.* ſhall neglect to compare the original accompt with the book, or to tranſmit the ſame in manner as aforeſaid: for every offence to forfeit 10 *l.*

II. That the exchanging of annual Officers or leaving of their places ſhall not excuſe any perſon who ſhall be *Conſtable*, *Head-borough*, *High-Conſtable* or *Sheriff* at the time any duty ſhall grow due or payable by this Act, from the collecting and receiving ſuch duty ſo growing due, but every ſuch perſon is enabled to do all things as to ſuch duty ſo growing due, as if he had continued *Conſtable*, *Headborough*, *&c.*

III. If any perſon who by this *Act* ought to collect, diſtrain for, receive, or pay over the ſaid Revenue, ſhall neglect, or refuſe to do his duty therein, for every week he ſhall neglect or refuſe, he ſhall forfeit 20 *s.* to be recovered as aforeſaid.

IV. In all caſes where the *Conſtable* or *Head-borough* by this or the other *Act*, may enter the houſe of any perſon or diſtrain their *Goods*, he may call to his aid 2 ſufficient *Inhabitants* of the reſpective *Townſhip*, who are to aſſiſt him therein.

V. Where any *Sheriff* is by the aforeſaid *Act* appointed to be *Collector* of any part of the Revenue, ſuch *Sheriff* may execute the ſaid place by ſuch *Deputy* as to him ſhall ſeem meet, being

being thereto appointed under the *Great-Seal* of his *Office*, or under his own *Hand* and *Seal*.

VI. The *Treasurers* and other *Officers*, of the *Inns-of-Court*, *Inns-of-Chancery*, *Colledges* and other *Societies* chargeable for their *Hearths* and *Stoves*, shall do all things as the *Constables* by the *Act* are enjoined to do, under the like penalties without any Warrant from the *Justices of the Peace*; and the *Occupier* of any *House*, *Lodging*, or *Chamber* in any the said respective *Inns-of-Court*, *Inns-of-Chancery*, *&c.* shall do all things under the like penalties as are required of any *Occupier* of any *House*, *Edifice*, *Lodging*, or *Chamber* elsewhere.

VII. The *High Bailiff* of *Westminster* for the time being: may within the *Liberties* thereof from and after 28. *September* next collect and levy the said duty, and put in execution the powers in the former *Act* and this *Act*, as ample as any *Sheriff* may do within their *Limits* and *Jurisdictions*, and the *Bailiff* for the time being shall be subject to the same duties and penalties as the *Sheriffs* are, and shall receive the same reward. And the *Sheriff* of *Middlesex* is discharged from putting in execution the trust aforesaid in the *City* of *Westminster* and the *Liberties*, from the 28. of *September*, saving only from such arrears as shall then happen to be, and the *Constables*, *&c.* within the *City* of *Westminster*, and the *Liberty*, shall deliver to the *Bailiff* Duplicates of all Accompts of *Hearths* and *Stoves*, and do all other things as ought to have been done to the *Sheriff*.

VIII. The *Bailiff* of the *Borough* of *Southwark* for the time being, or his *Deputy*, may within the *Borough* of *Southwark* and *Liberties* of *Southwark*, after 28. *September* next, collect, and levy the said duty, and put in execution all the powers in the former *Act*, as ample as any *Sheriffs* by the former *Act* made *Collectors* may do within their *Limits* and *Jurisdictions*: And the *Bailiff* for the time being shall be subject to the same duties and penalties, and receive the same reward: And the *Sheriff* of *Surrey* is discharged for putting in execution the trust in the *Borough* and *Liberty* of *Southwark* from the said 28. of *September*, and the *Constables*, *&c.* within the *Borough* of *Southwark* and *Liberties*, shall deliver to the *Bailiff* Duplicates of all the *Hearths* and *Stoves*, and do such other things in such manner as they ought to have done to the said *Sheriffs*.

IX. It shall be lawful for the *Lord Treasurer* of *England* and the *Chancellor* of the *Exchequer* or either of them, to make such

borough, &c. upon their Oaths, such the truth and faithfulness of their acting in the premises; and the said Justices shall within 10 daies after sign and transmit the said book, together with the original accompts so endorsed to the Clerks of the Peace, who shall within 20 daies after, engross the book in parchment, to be kept in the respective County: and shall also within 2 months engross a true duplicate of the said book, which being signed by two Justices of the Peace of the respective County, shall within one month after be transmitted to the Kings Court of Exchequer.

Provided, 1. If any Occupier of any House, Edifice, Lodging, &c. shall not make, or cause to be made an accompt, or shall omit in his accompt to be made, any *Hearth* or *Stove*, he shall for every such *Hearth* or *Stove* omitted forfeit 40 *s.*

2. If any *Constable*, *Head-borough*, &c. shall omit to transmit such accompt together with the book, to the *High-Constable*, &c. or make default in giving notice as aforesaid, for every offence shall forfeit 5 *l.*

3. If the *High-Constable*, &c. shall neglect to compare the original accompt with the book, or to transmit the same in manner as aforesaid: for every offence to forfeit 10 *l.*

II. That the exchanging of annual Officers or leaving of their places shall not excuse any person who shall be *Constable*, *Head-borough*, *High-Constable* or *Sheriff* at the time any duty shall grow due or payable by this Act, from the collecting and receiving such duty so growing due, but every such person is enabled to do all things as to such duty so growing due, as if he had continued *Constable*, *Headborough*, &c.

III. If any person who by this *Act* ought to collect, distrain for, receive, or pay over the said Revenue, shall neglect, or refuse to do his duty therein, for every week he shall neglect or refuse, he shall forfeit 20 *s.* to be recovered as aforesaid.

IV. In all cases where the *Constable* or *Head-borough* by this or the other *Act*, may enter the house of any person or distrain their *Goods*, he may call to his aid 2 sufficient *Inhabitants* of the respective *Township*, who are to assist him therein.

V. Where any *Sheriff* is by the aforesaid *Act* appointed to be *Collector* of any part of the Revenue, such *Sheriff* may execute the said place by such *Deputy* as to him shall seem meet, being

being thereto appointed under the *Great-Seal* of his *Office*, or under his own *Hand* and *Seal*.

VI. The *Treasurers* and other *Officers*, of the *Inns-of-Court*, *Inns-of-Chancery*, *Colledges* and other *Societies* chargeable for their *Hearths* and *Stoves*, shall do all things as the *Constables* by the *Act* are enjoined to do, under the like penalties without any Warrant from the *Justices of the Peace*; and the *Occupier* of any *House*, *Lodging*, or *Chamber* in any the said respective *Inns-of-Court*, *Inns-of-Chancery*, *&c.* shall do all things under the like penalties as are required of any *Occupier* of any *House*, *Edifice*, *Lodging*, or *Chamber* elsewhere.

VII. The *High Bailiff* of *Westminster* for the time being: may within the *Liberties* thereof from and after 28. *September* next collect and levy the said duty, and put in execution the powers in the former *Act* and this *Act*, as ample as any *Sheriff* may do within their *Limits* and *Jurisdictions*, and the *Bailiff* for the time being shall be subject to the same duties and penalties as the *Sheriffs* are, and shall receive the same reward. And the *Sheriff* of *Middlesex* is discharged from putting in execution the trust aforesaid in the *City* of *Westminster* and the *Liberties*, from the 28. of *September*, saving only from such arrears as shall then happen to be, and the *Constables*, *&c.* within the *City* of *Westminster*, and the *Liberty*, shall deliver to the *Bailiff* Duplicates of all Accompts of *Hearths* and *Stoves*, and do all other things as ought to have been done to the *Sheriff*.

VIII. The *Bailiff* of the *Borough* of *Southwark* for the time being, or his *Deputy*, may within the *Borough* of *Southwark* and *Liberties* of *Southwark*, after 28. *September* next, collect, and levy the said duty, and put in execution all the powers in the former *Act*, as ample as any *Sheriffs* by the former *Act* made *Collectors* may do within their *Limits* and *Jurisdictions*: And the *Bailiff* for the time being shall be subject to the same duties and penalties, and receive the same reward: And the *Sheriff* of *Surrey* is discharged for putting in execution the trust in the *Borough* and *Liberty* of *Southwark* from the said 28. of *September*, and the *Constables*, *&c.* within the *Borough* of *Southwark* and *Liberties*, shall deliver to the *Bailiff* Duplicates of all the *Hearths* and *Stoves*, and do such other things in such manner as they ought to have done to the said *Sheriffs*.

IX. It shall be lawful for the *Lord Treasurer* of *England* and the *Chancellor* of the *Exchequer* or either of them, to make such

such further allowance unto the *Clerks of the Peace* of the respective *Counties*, for their labour and pains in and about the writing, engrossing and returning into the *Exchequer* the Duplicates of the several *Constables* (over and above what is allowed by the former *Act*) as the *Lord Treasurer* and *Chancellor* or either of them shall think meet, the allowance not exceeding 1 *d.* in the pound, by the year.

High-waies.

I. Enacted, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* Whereas the *High-way* and *Post-road* leading from *London* to *York* and so into *Scotland*: and also from *London* into *Lincolnshire*: and also from the *City* of *Norwich*, St. *Edmonds Bury* and *Cambridge* to *London*, for many miles in the Counties of *Hertford*, *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon* is very ruinous and almost impassible; That for the surveying, repairing, and keeping in repair the said *High-waies* in the *Counties* aforesaid, 4 *Justices of the Peace* of the said several and respective *Counties* for the year 1663. till the *Quarter-Sessions* then next ensuing; and from thenceforth after *Easter* every year shall appoint 9 able persons inhabiting in the several *Counties* to be *Surveyors* of the several places in the said *High-waies*, who shall not act or do any thing but in their own and respective *Counties*; and shall cause notice to be given to the several *Surveyors* in writing of their several choice; which *Surveyors* within one week after notice of their election, shall assemble themselves together in some convenient place within their several *Counties* appointed by the *Justices* of the *Peace* at their *Quarter-Sessions*, to view and survey the said *High-way*, and what reparations shall be needful for the repairing the said places: and the Surveyors 3 or more of them in their several *Counties* are to appoint a *Receiver* or *Collector* of *Toll*, and such other *Officers* as shall be necessary for the carrying on the said work with moderate allowance to be approved by 2 or more *Justices of the Peace* of each respective County.

II. That the *Surveyors* 3 or more of them, in their several *Counties*, shall as they shall see cause appoint all and every person inhabiting within 3 miles of the places, who by any Law or Statute is chargeable to find any *Wain* or *Cart* for the mending the *High-waies*, and every person chargeable to labour

labour in the High-wayes, to send their wain, &c. or come to labour in the said High-way furnished as by the Statutes of the Realm is directed, so often as the Surveyors, 3 or more of them shall think needful and appoint, for which they shall pay to such labourers, and to the owners of the Teams and Waines, &c. According to the usual rate of the Country: And in case any person charged as aforesaid, shall refuse, or neglect so to do, such person shall forfeit 20 s. for every day he shall make default; and every labourer 18 d. for every day he shall neglect, or refuse to work.

III. No person shall be compelled to labour, or send his Team or Wain, &c. For repairing the High-way, to any of the said places above 3 miles distant from his dwelling house; or to send his Team, Cart, &c. above 3 dayes in any one week, nor at any time in seed time, Hay, or Corn-Harvest: And if any question shall arise concerning the hire for Teams, &c. or what wages such laborers shall be paid, or allowed; the Justices of the Peace where the difference ariseth 2 or more of them shall determin the same.

IV. Where there is not sufficient *Gravel*, *Chalk*, *Sand*, or *Stone*, within any Parish Town, &c. within the High-wayes, or places aforesaid. The Surveyors in their respective Counties, 3 or more of them, and such persons as they shall appoint, shall dig, take, and carry away *Gravel*, *Chalk*, *Stones* out of the Waste, or Common of any neighbouring Parish, Town, or Hamlet (without paying any thing for the same) for the repayring of the said Highwayes, at the places aforesaid. Or where there is not sufficient materials in any Common, or waste near adioyning, to dig in the several grounds of any person, not being a *House*, *Garden*, *Orchard*, *Yard*, or *Park* stored with Deer, within any Parish chargeable towards the repairs of the said Highwayes; and so carry away so much thereof, as the Surveyors or 3 of them in their respective Counties shall judge necessary for the said reparations, without paying any thing for such materials: saving only such reasonable satisfaction to the owners, or occupiers of the ground, for the damage they shall sustain as by the Justices of the Peace of the Countie, at their next Quater Sessions, shall be assessed & adjudged: And the pits where the materials shall be digged shall be with all convenient speed filled up and levelled with earth, so as the same may not be dangerous for man, or beast.

V. That it shall and may be lawful for the Surveyors for

the time being with the consent and approbation of the Justices of the Peace of their several Counties within their own Counties, and not elsewhere to choose and appoint one or more fit person, or persons, to receive, or take such sums of money in the name of Toll, to be paid for all such *Horses*, *Carts*, *Coaches*, *Waggons*, *Droves* and *Gangs* of *Cattel*, as in time to come shall pass, be led, or driven in or through the said way, or places: as after is appointed, *viz.* For every Horse 1 *d.* every Coach 6 *d.* every Waggon 12 *d.* every Cart 8 *d.* every score of Sheep or lambs *ob.* and so proportionably for greater or lesser numbers: Every score of Oxen, or neat Cattel 5 *d.* every score of Hogs 2 *d.* and so for every greater or lesser number, not being under 5.

VI. All and every person who shall travel with Horse, Coach, Cart, or Waggon, or shall lead or drive any Sheep, Oxen, Horses, or other Cattel, in or through the High-wayes and places aforesaid, shall pay to the respective Collectors of Toll, after the rates aforesaid: the places for collecting of the Toll to be, for the County of *Hertford* at *Wades-mill*: for *Cambridge* at *Caxton*: for *Huntington* at *Stilton*, and at no other place, or places within the said Counties. And in case any person upon demand made of Toll as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Receiver to distrain and detain such Horse, Cart, *&c.* until the said Toll be satisfied and paid, together with such damages as the party so distraining shall sustain by keeping such distress; Of which moneys so received, the Collectors shall from time to time render true account, and shall pay the monies by them received to the Surveyors in the respective Counties, or to any 3 or more of them, or to such Treasurers as they shall appoint, when, and as often as they shall be required by the said Surveyors, or 3 of them, to be laid out, and expended for and towards the necessary repairs of the several places afore mentioned, and not elsewhere

VII. The Surveyors in their several Counties, at their Quarter Sessions next after *Easter* every year, shall yeild to the Justices of the Peace there, a perfect Accompt of all money which they have received from the Collectors of Toll, in their Counties, and of all disbursments in and about the Highwayes, or by reason of their Offices, and if any overplus remain in their hands, shall pay the same to the Surveyors chosen for the next year, or to the Treasurers to be disbursed in the places

places aforesaid within such Countie, wherein the overplus doth remain. Which Justices shall out of the benefit of the said Toll make such allowance to the Surveyors for their pains as to them shall seem good: And in case the Collector shall not upon request pay the same to the Surveyors for the time being, or Treasurer, or shall not make such account and payment, the Justices at any Quarter Sessions of Peace for the Countie, in case of such default shall make Enquirie thereof as well by Confession of the parties as by Examination of witnesses upon Oath: And in case such default be found, in the Collectors Treasurers, or Surveyors, the Justices upon conviction shall commit the parties to the Common Gaol, there to remain without bail, *&c.* Until they have made a true and perfect account and payment.

VIII. The Surveyors are enabled with the consent of the Justices for their several Counties, to engage the profits arising of their Toll, in their several Counties for such sums of monies as shall be borrowed by them for that purpose, by Indenture under their hands and seals to transfer the profits of the said Toll, and to grant the same for any time, or term, not exceeding 9 years, to any person that shall upon that security advance any present sum, or sums of money towards the present repairing of the said High-way, for the repayment of such sum so lent, with interest for the same; Or if such sum cannot be borrowed upon the security aforesaid; Then the Justices of the Peace in the several Counties at their Quarter Sessions, shall make a rate, not to extend to any other County but their own, whereby they shall have power to raise upon the Parishes that lie in, or near the said Road, such sums of money as they shall see convenient for the speedy effecting of the said repairs; Which sum so rated, shall be paid to the Surveyors for the County where such rate is made, or to their Collector to be imployed for the repayring of the said Wayes; and not otherwise; and if any person shall refuse to pay such rate, the Surveyors to distrain for such sum, and to sell the distress, rendring the overplus to the owners.

IX. That the money advanced by the several *Towns* in the respective *Counties* shall again be repaid with interest, by the *Surveyors* for the several *Counties* as it doth arise out of the *Toll*, every *County* paying what is borrowed within its own *County*.

X. If any person (not having a lawful cause to be allowed)

shall refuse to take upon him the office of *Surveyor*, being chosen according to the Act, or to do his duty in the execution of the Act; The *Justices of the Peace* of the County where such *Surveyors* dwell, shall impose upon such persons so refusing such fine (not exceeding 10 *l.*) as to them shall seem meet, and cause the same to be levyed by distress and sale of his or their goods, rendring the party the overplus, if any shall be.

XI. All fines or forfeitures imposed or incurred by the *Act*, shall be paid to the *Surveyors* for the time being, or 3 of them, or to the *Treasurer* of the respective Counties; and if any person chosen to take the said office shal die, or be discharged from the said office: some other fit person within the County shall be appointed by 2 or more *Justices* of the *Peace* in the said County in the place of him, *&c.* that shall die or be discharged; who are required upon notice thereof given, to take upon him, *&c.* the said office of *Surveyor* and to execute the same in such manner and under such and the like penalties as if he, *&c.* had been chosen by the *Justices* at their Sessions.

XII. If any suit shall be against any person for any thing done in pursuance of the Act, the Action shall be laid in the *County* where the cause doth arise and not elsewhere; and the *Defendant* may plead the general issue, and give the *Act* and special matter in evidence; and if the action shal be brought in any other *County*, the *Jury* shall find for the *Defendant*, and upon such verdict, or if the *Plaintiff* be nonsuit, or discontinue his *Action*, after the *Defendant* hath appeared, or if upon demur judgment shall be given against the *Plaintiff*, the *Defendant* shall have and recover double costs.

Provided, 1. No person having occasion to pass any place where *Toll* is taken, and return the same day with the same *Horse*, *Coach*, or other *Carriage*, or with *Cattel*, shall be compelled the same day to pay the said *Toll* a second time.

2. All and every person by *Law* chargeable towards the repairing of the said *High-waies*: shall still remain chargeable.

3. Neither this *Act* nor any thing therein shall extend to any further time, or be in force longer than the term of 11 years from the passing of the Act.

4. Every person passing through the respective places appointed for the receiving of *Toll* (as aforesaid) shall have liberty to carry any quantity of Stones, Lime, Gravel, Dung, and Compos

Compoſs of any nature or kind, *Brick*, *Chalk*, *Wood*, and they and all *Carts* with *Hay*, *Corn* in ſtraw, at *Hay-time* or *Harveſt*, *Ploughs* and other things employed in huſbanding and manuring of their *Lands*, ſhall paſs to and through the ſaid reſpective places where ſuch *Toll* is to be received, without paying any thing for their paſſing through the ſame.

XIII. If it happen that after the expiration of 11 years, the *Receivers* or *Collectors* then in being, or any of them of he ſeveral *Tolls* or any part thereof, ſhall upon their or any of their accompts made, and to be made for the ſeveral receipts of the *Tolls* aforeſaid, have any ſums of monies in their or any of their hands, more than they have expended as aforeſaid; ſuch *Receivers* or *Collectors*, *&c.* ſhall bring all and every ſum and ſums of monies remaining in their hands, to the *Juſtices of the Peace* of the ſeveral *Counties* where ſuch *Receivor* or *Collector* ſhall live, at the next general *Quarter Seſſions* which ſhall happen to be after their accompts ſo made, upon pain of forfeiting the double ſum which ſhall be in their hands; which ſum and penalties, ſhall be recovered by diſtreſs and ſale of the parties *goods* by *Warrant* under the *Hands* and *Seals* of 2 *Juſtices of the Peace*; and the *Juſtices* at their *Quarter-Seſſions* are to diſpoſe of the ſaid ſums of monies and all the ſaid penalties to and for a ſtock for the repairing of the ſeveral *High-waies* according to the *Act*, and not otherwiſe.

XIV. If the *Juſtices of the Peace* of the *County* of *Huntington*, or 4 of them, dwelling next the ſaid *High-road*, ſhall adjudge ſome other place more convenient than *Stilton* for the receiving of the *Toll* for the ſaid *County*: The ſaid *Juſtices* to appoint ſome other place upon the *Road* within the ſaid *County* to receive the *Toll*, inſtead of *Stilton*.

XV. All and every *Soldier* upon their march, and all perſons riding *Poſt*, ſhall paſs through any the places in the *Act* mentioned, without paying any *Toll*.

XVI. If at any time after the expiration of the 11 years, the ſaid *High-waies* ſhall be well and ſufficiently repaired, and ſo adjudged by the *Juſtices of the Peace* at their *Quarter-Seſſions*; After ſuch adjudication made, and repayment of ſuch monies as ſhall have been borrowed, the *Toll* ſhall ceaſe in the aforeſaid *County*: any thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

shall refuse to take upon him the office of *Surveyor*, being chosen according to the Act, or to do his duty in the execution of the Act; The *Justices of the Peace* of the County where such *Surveyors* dwell, shall impose upon such persons so refusing such fine (not exceeding 10 *l.*) as to them shall seem meet, and cause the same to be levyed by distress and sale of his or their goods, rendring the party the overplus, if any shall be.

XI. All fines or forfeitures imposed or incurred by the *Act*, shall be paid to the *Surveyors* for the time being, or 3 of them, or to the *Treasurer* of the respective Counties; and if any person chosen to take the said office shal die, or be discharged from the said office: some other fit person within the County shall be appointed by 2 or more *Justices* of the *Peace* in the said County in the place of him, *&c.* that shall die or be discharged; who are required upon notice thereof given, to take upon him, *&c.* the said office of *Surveyor* and to execute the same in such manner and under such and the like penalties as if he, *&c.* had been chosen by the *Justices* at their Sessions.

XII. If any suit shall be against any person for any thing done in pursuance of the Act, the Action shall be laid in the *County* where the cause doth arise and not elsewhere; and the *Defendant* may plead the general issue, and give the *Act* and special matter in evidence; and if the action shal be brought in any other *County*, the *Jury* shall find for the *Defendant*, and upon such verdict, or if the *Plaintiff* be nonsuit, or discontinue his *Action*, after the *Defendant* hath appeared, or if upon demur judgment shall be given against the *Plaintiff*, the *Defendant* shall have and recover double costs.

Provided, 1. No person having occasion to pass any place where *Toll* is taken, and return the same day with the same *Horse*, *Coach*, or other *Carriage*, or with *Cattel*, shall be compelled the same day to pay the said *Toll* a second time.

2. All and every person by *Law* chargeable towards the repairing of the said *High-waies*: shall still remain chargeable.

3. Neither this *Act* nor any thing therein shall extend to any further time, or be in force longer than the term of 11 years from the passing of the Act.

4. Every person passing through the respective places appointed for the receiving of *Toll* (as aforesaid) shall have liberty to carry any quantity of Stones, Lime, Gravel, Dung, and Compos

Compoſs of any nature or kind, *Brick*, *Chalk*, *Wood*, and they and all *Carts* with *Hay*, *Corn* in ſtraw, at *Hay-time* or *Harveſt*, *Ploughs* and other things employed in huſbanding and manuring of their *Lands*, ſhall paſs to and through the ſaid reſpective places where ſuch *Toll* is to be received, without paying any thing for their paſſing through the ſame.

XIII. If it happen that after the expiration of 11 years, the *Receivers* or *Collectors* then in being, or any of them of he ſeveral *Tolls* or any part thereof, ſhall upon their or any of their accompts made, and to be made for the ſeveral receipts of the *Tolls* aforeſaid, have any ſums of monies in their or any of their hands, more than they have expended as aforeſaid; ſuch *Receivers* or *Collectors*, *&c.* ſhall bring all and every ſum and ſums of monies remaining in their hands, to the *Juſtices of the Peace* of the ſeveral *Counties* where ſuch *Receivor* or *Collector* ſhall live, at the next general *Quarter Seſſions* which ſhall happen to be after their accompts ſo made, upon pain of forfeiting the double ſum which ſhall be in their hands; which ſum and penalties, ſhall be recovered by diſtreſs and ſale of the parties *goods* by *Warrant* under the *Hands* and *Seals* of 2 *Juſtices of the Peace*; and the *Juſtices* at their *Quarter-Seſſions* are to diſpoſe of the ſaid ſums of monies and all the ſaid penalties to and for a ſtock for the repairing of the ſeveral *High-waies* according to the *Act*, and not otherwiſe.

XIV. If the *Juſtices of the Peace* of the *County* of *Huntington*, or 4 of them, dwelling next the ſaid *High-road*, ſhall adjudge ſome other place more convenient than *Stilton* for the receiving of the *Toll* for the ſaid *County*: The ſaid *Juſtices* to appoint ſome other place upon the *Road* within the ſaid *County* to receive the *Toll*, inſtead of *Stilton*.

XV. All and every *Soldier* upon their march, and all perſons riding *Poſt*, ſhall paſs through any the places in the Act mentioned, without paying any *Toll*.

XVI. If at any time after the expiration of the 11 years, the ſaid *High-waies* ſhall be well and ſufficiently repaired, and ſo adjudged by the *Juſtices of the Peace* at their *Quarter-Seſſions*; After ſuch adjudication made, and repayment of ſuch monies as ſhall have been borrowed, the *Toll* ſhall ceaſe in the aforeſaid *County*: any thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Manufactures.

I. Enacted, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 13. That from and after 1 *October* next it ſhall be lawful for any perſon whatſoever native or forreigner, freely without paying any fee, or gratuity, in any place of *England*, or *Wales*, priveledged, or unpriveledged, corporate, or uncorporate, to ſet up, or exerciſe the trade, or myſtery of breaking, hickling, or dreſſing of Hemp, or Flax, as alſo for the making, and whitning of Thread, Spinning, Weaving, making, Whitning of any ſort of Cloath whatſoever made of Hemp, or Flax only, as alſo the Trade, or Myſterie of making Twine, or Nets for fiſherie, or of ſtoving of cardage; And the Trade, or Myſtery of making any ſort of Tapiſtry Hangings.

II. All Forreigners that ſhall really and *bona fide*, uſe any of the Trades and Manufactures aforeſaid by 3 years in this Kingdom of *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick*, ſhall from henceforth taking the Oaths of *Allegiance* and *Supremacy* before two Juſtices of the Peace near their dwelling; enjoy all priviledges whatſoever, as the natural born Subjects of this Kingdom.

III. Such Forreigners as ſhall exerciſe any of the Trades aforeſaid by vertue of this *Act*, ſhall not at any time be lyable to any other, or greater taxes, payments, or impoſitions, than ſuch as are and ſhall be paid by the Kings natural born Subjects, unleſs they ule and exerciſe Merchandize, into, and from forreign parts; in which caſe, they ſhall be lyable to pay ſuch cuſtoms as have uſually been paid by aliens during the ſpace of 5 years next enſuing, and no longer.

Militia.

I. Enacted, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 2. That the ſeveral *Lieutenants* of the Counties, and Cities, and places nominated by the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and in their abſence, by their directions, their Deputie, or Deputies two or more of them (according to an *Act*, made, entituled, *An Act for ordering of the forces in the ſeveral Counties of this Kingdom*) ſhall and may

Lead,

Lead, Train, Exerciſe, and put in readineſs by warrant under their hands and ſeals, all or any of the perſons raiſed, arrayed, or weaponed according to the ſaid *Acts*, to the intents and purpoſes, and by the directions of the ſaid *Acts*, and of this *Act*.

II. That all perſons charged, or to be charged by either of the *Acts*, with *Horſe*, *Horſe-man* and *Arms*, or *Foot-Soldier* and *Arms*; ſhall under penalty of 5 *s.* pay and allow 2 *s.* 6 *d.* *per diem*; to every *Trooper* that ſerves with ſuch *Horſe* and *Arms* for mayntenance of the *man* and *horſe*: and under the penalties of 2 *s.* pay and allow 12 *d.* *per diem*, to each *Foot-Soldier* for ſo many dayes as they ſhall be abſent from their dwellings by occaſion of *Muſter*, or *Exerciſe* which penalty is to be levyed, as after is expreſſed, unleſs ſome agreement be made to the contrary; and the ſaid penaltie is to be paid to ſuch *Trooper*, or *Foot-Soldier*, to whom his ſaid pay was denyed; the ſaid penalties to be paid within ſix weeks after default, or before the next *Muſter*, or *Training*, and not afterwards: And if any perſon charged as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe, or neglect by a reaſonable time to provide and furniſh ſuch *Foot-Soldier* and *Arms*; the *Lieutenents* and their *Deputies* 3 or more of them to inflict ſuch penaltie upon ſuch perſon (not exceeding 5 *l.*) to be levied and imployed to the ſame uſes in default whereof it was impoſed.

III. The *Lieutenants* and their *Deputies* 3 or more of them ſhall and may appoint the *Conſtables* of any Pariſh, or place within *England*, *Wales* and *Berwick*, to provide (upon a penalty, not exceeding 40 *s.*) ſo many ſufficient *Foot Arms* (with wages and other incident charges) as the *Lieutenants*, or their *Deputies* 3 or more them, ſhall aſſeſs, or charge, according to the proportions of the ſaid *Acts*, upon Revenues under 50 *l.* *per annum*, or upon perſonal Eſtates leſs than 600 *l.* lying, or being in ſuch Pariſh or place.

IV. If any perſon belonging to any Pariſh, or place, ſhall upon demand refuſe to provide a *Foot-Soldier*, or to pay any ſum of money, whereat he ſhall be aſſeſſed by a pound rate, according to a liſt ſigned by the *Lieutenants*, for and towards the diſfraying the neceſſary charge and expence in providing and furniſhing ſuch ſufficient *Arms*; The *Conſtable* may by warrant for that purpoſe, levy ſuch ſum ſo rated by diſtreſs and ſale of the goods of the perſon refuſing, reſtoring the overplus if any be the charge of diſtraining deducted, and the Tenant of any Houſe, Land, or Revenue rated as aforeſaid,

is required to make payment of such sums so rated, and to deduct so much as shall be charged upon the Land-lords Rent, out of the next Rent payable to the Land-lord; and in default thereof, the goods of such Tenant shall be lyable to be destrained and sold in manner as aforesaid.

V. Once every year hereafter, each *Soldier* listed or raised, by either of the said *Acts*, shall pay to his respective *Muster-Master* such sum (not exceeding 12 *d.* for a *Horse-man*; and 6 *d.* for a *Foot-man*) as the *Lieutenants* and their *Deputies* three or more of them, under their hands and seals shall direct; who have power to levy the same by distress and sale upon default of payment upon the Goods and Chattels of such persons as are charged with the finding of the respective *Horse-man* or *Foot-Soldier* so making default, unless the default be by the neglect of such *Horse-man*, or *Foot-Soldier*: And every *Muster-Master* shall be an inhabitant of the respective County.

VI. At every *Muster*, *Training* and *Exercise*, every *Musquetier* shall bring with him half a pound of *Powder*, half a pound of *Bullets*; and every *Musquetier* who serves with a Match-lock three yards of match; which are to be found at the charge of such person as provides the *Foot-Soldier* & *Arms*. Every *Horse-man* is to bring with him a quarter of a pound of *Powder*, a quarter of a pound of *Bullets* at the charge of the person to provide the *Horse-man* and *Arms*, upon pain of forfeiting 5 *s.* for every omission thereof.

VII. It shall be lawful for the *Lieutenants*, or in their absence, and by their directions, for two or more of their *Deputies* in the respective Counties, at any time during the space of three years from 24 *July*, 1663. to summon, and continue together, so many of the said Trained Forces within their several Counties and precincts, and so long as they shall judge convenient, in lieu of certain dayes appointed for *Exercise* and *Musters* by the said *Act*, entituled, *An Act for the ordering of the Forces, &c.*

Provided, Any Troop, Company, or Soldiers may be so kept upon such duty, by vertue thereof 14 dayes, and no longer in any one year.

VIII. Every *Commissionated Officer* in the *Trained Bands*, or *Militia* of the Kingdom, shall be exempted and excused from finding and contributing towards the finding any *Horse*, *Horse-man*, or *Armes*, or *Foot-Soldier* or *Armes*, for his whole estate,

estate, but with one *Horse*, or a lesse charge, or for such part of his estate as is, or shall be charged with one *Horse*, if his whole estate be charged with a greater charge than one *Horse* in the Countie where he so serves as a *Foot Officer*, in respect of the expence, which the same imployment doth engage him in.

IX. That each *Constable*, *Tythingman*, or other *Officer* of any Parish, or place, under penalty of forfeiting 40 *s.* shall and do, by vertue of a warrant from the respective *Lieutenants* and *Deputies* three or more of them, levy all arrears and proportions of money unpaid which were set or charged for the Raising Training, and Arraying the *Trained Brands* actually raised, and in being before the passing of the last mentioned *Act* by distress and sale of the persons Goods refusing to pay the same.

X. That every *Trooper*, or *Foot-Soldier* at any time raised by vertue, or according to the directions of this *Act*, shall be subject to such exercise and duty as other raised by the afore mentioned *Act*, and shal upon like paines and penalties observe all the orders of the said, and this present *Act*, and suffer such penalties for crimes and offences expreſt in the said *Act*; which are likewise to be imposed and levyed in the same manner and wayes as are set down in the said *Act*.

XI. That the respective *Lieutenants* and *Deputies* three or more of them, shall dispose of so much of the forth part to the inferior *Officers* imployed in and about the Forces, for their pains, as to the said *Lieutenant* and *Deputies*, three or more of them, shall seem expedient.

XII. It shall be lawful for every person that have any action or suit brought against him for any thing done in execution of this present, or the said *Act*, to plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence, and if judgement be given for the defendant, or the plaintiff be Non-suit, or discontinue his suit, to recover double cost: And no action to be brought against any person for any thing done, in, or in pretence of execution of this *Act*, unless the action be laid in the proper Countie, and brought within six months after the cause of action.

XIII. That one clause in an *Act*, *entituled*, *An Act declaring the sole right of the Militia to be in the King, &c.* made for the Indemnifying of all persons acting in the *Militia*, from 24 *June*, 1660. to 20 *July*, 1661. as touching the *Assaulting*, *Detaining* and *Imprisoning* any suspected person,

to be a *Fanatick*, *Sectary*, or *Disturber* of the *Peace*, or *seizing* of *Arms*, or searching of *Houses* for *Arms* or suspected persons, shal be construed to commence and take effect, and shal be good in Law, for the indempnifying of all persons acting in the *Militia* for any the matters aforesaid from 2. *February* 1659. to the 24. of *June* 1660. inclusive, any thing in the said Act notwithstanding.

XIV. That the several *Forfeitures*, *Penalties* and *Payments* by this present imposed, set, or directed (not otherwise by this *Act* provided to be levyed, or recovered) shal in case of default be levyed and recovered by *Warrant* under the *Hands* and *Seals* of the *Lieutenants* and *Deputies* three or more of them upon the *Goods* of the *Offender* by sale of the same: and if the *Goods* of the *Offender* cannot be found, whereof to *levy* the *Forfeiture*, *Payment* or *Penalty*, the *Lieutenants*, three or more of them, by *Warrant* under their *Hands* and *Seals* have power to commit such *Offenders* to *Prison* till he make satisfaction of the *Forfeiture* or *Penalty*.

XV. All and every *person* which since the 25. day of *March* One thousand six hundred sixty and two, have done any thing in dismantling of any *Cities* or *Towns* or demolishing of *Walls* and *Fortifications*, are hereby indempnified and saved harmless.

XVI. That no *person* who hath any *Estate* of the yearly value of two hundred pounds, or personal *Estate* of two thousand four hundred pounds chargeable by the said *Act*, shall be charged with, or towards the finding any *Foot*, and the *Lieutenants*, or three or more of them, may charge any person who hath *Estate* of the yearly value of a hundred pounds, and under the value of two hundred pounds, or who hath a personal *Estate* of one thousand two hundred pounds, and under two thousand four hundred pounds with or towards the finding of *Foot* or *Horse* as shall seem in their judgments most expedient for the *Kings* service; yet not to extend to make any alteration, concerning the *Forces* to be raised in *Cities*, *Corporations* and *Port Towns*.

XVII. The *Lord Warden* of the *Cinque-Ports*, and in his absence his *Lieutenants*, shall put in execution within the *Ports*, *Towns* and *Members* all the powers and authorities in this and the former *Act*, and execute all and every act and thing therein, as the respective *Lieutenants* of *Counties* may do, and keep

keep up the usual number of *Soldiers* in the *Ports* and *Towns*, unless they find cause to lessen the same, and the *Inhabitants* of the *Ports* and *Members* thereof, being in regard of their scituation upon the *Sea Coast*, charged with greater proportions of *Arms* and *armed men*, than other parts of the *Kingdom*, shal not be charged with *Arms* or *armed men* in the *Counties* adjacent for their estates there, save only for such proportion as they are not charged with within the *Ports*.

XVIII. The *Inhabitants* and *Revenues* of, or in the *Parish* of Saint *Martin*, called *Stamford Baron*, in the *Suburbs* of the *Town* and *Borough* of *Stamford* on the *Southside* of the *Welland* may be charged to find, and serve in the *Trained Bands* of the *County* of *Lincoln*, by the *Lieutenants* of the *County* of *Lincoln* in such manner as persons of estates within the *County* of *Lincoln* may be assessed and charged to the purposes aforsaid.

Distributing of Monies.

I. **Enacted.** 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 1. Whereas an *Act* hath passed, Entituled, *An Act for distribution of* 60000 *l. amongst indigent Commission Officers, &c.* It is declared, That the *Commissioners* appointed by the said *Act*: shal act according to these said rules, *viz.*

1. The *Officers* allowed, *Collonels*, *Adjutant Generals*, *Quarter-Master Generals*, *Scout-Master Generals*, *Commissary Generals*, *Lieutenant Collonels*, *Majors*, *Captains*, *Lieutenants*, *Coronets*, *Ensigns*, *Quarter-Masters*.

2. Each *Collonel* of *Horse*, if he had a *Regiment* of 150: *Captain* of *Horse* if a *Troop* of 50: *Colonel* of *Foot* if a *Regiment* of 300, *Captain* of *Foot* if a *Company* of 40: *Collonel* of *Dragoons* if a *Regiment* of 200, *Captain* of *Dragoons* if a *Company* of 30.

3. *Loyal Officers*, who faithfully served the late *King*, and continued loyal to the *King*, and did not withdraw themselves from the service without sufficient cause to be allowed by the *Commissioners*.

4. No person indigent, who hath of his own, or of the *Kings* gift, such estate as the *Commissioners* shall judge a sufficient livelyhood.

5. If

5. If upon examination it be found any *Certificate* hath been lost or invalid, because not signed at a publick meeting: the *Commissioners*, or 9 of them, to give relief to the party.

6. If the *Commissioners* in the *Star-Chamber*, or of the respective *Counties*, 3 or more of them shall suspect any *Certificate* to be unduly procured, or insufficient, they shall examine *Witnesses* upon *Oath*; the *Commissioners* in *Star-Chamber* shal transmit to them the exceptions against such *Certificates*, with the names of the *persons* excepting, to be by them reviewed and examined, by examination of *Witnesses* or otherwise, and their opinions to be conclusive.

II. No exception to any *Certificate* shal be admitted after 1. *October* next; and all *reviews* and *returns* thereupon shal be in writing under the *Hands* and *Seals* of the respective *Commissioners* before 1. *November* next.

III. All monies to be paid or distributed, shal be paid to the respective persons qualified to receive the same, before the 24. *December* next: And nothing in that, or this *Act* shal extend to prejudice the persons hereafter particularly named, *viz. Edward Roscarrock*, *Guy Molesworth*, *John Low*, *John Forsyth*, *Matthew Carew*, *Walter Braems*, *Thomas Gleadstone*, to deprive them; by reason their *Certificates* were not entred within the appointed time by the Act, but all the said persons who shall before 16. *August* next, deliver in their *Certificates* asserted under the *Hands* and *Seals* of 5 *Commissioners* to the *Register* appointed by the *Commissioners* in the *Star-Chamber*, shall be taken to have good right to the benefit of the Act.

Post-Office, and Wine-License.

Anno 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 12. An Act of *Parliament* 12. *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the better ordering and selling of Wines by retale*; And another Act, Entituled, *An Act for the erecting and establishing a Post-Office* are mentioned; And it is also mentioned, that the *King* is pleased, for and towards the maintenance and support of his beloved Brother *James* Duke of *York* his estate and dignity, is pleased to grant the said *Offices* to his said Brother *James* Duke of *York*, and the *Heirs* Males of his body, begotten or to be begotten, it is therefore,

Enacted

I. **Enacted** and Declared, That the ſaid *James* Duke of *York* and the *Heirs Males* of his body begotten, and to be begotten, ſhal have all and every the powers and authorities to give and grant *Licences* to ſuch perſons as he ſhal think fit, to ſell and utter by retale all and every, or any kind of *Wines* whatſoever to be drunk or ſpent within the *Houſe*, *Houſes*, or other places in the *Tenure* or *Occupation* of the party ſo *Licenced*, within any *City*, *Town*, or other place, within the *Kingdom* of *England*, *Wales* and *Town* of *Berwick*, with all the benefit and profits thereof; and that the ſaid *Duke* and the *Heirs Males* of his body begotten, or to be begotten, ſhall have that *Moity* of the *Forfeitures* which by the ſaid recited Act is given to the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*.

II. That all and every perſons which at any times hereafter ſhal be by the ſaid *Duke* and the *Heirs Males* of his bodie, begotten, or to be begotten, appointed *Agents*, or *Commiſſioners*, to treat and contract for the giving of *Licences* to any perſons for ſelling and uttering of *Wines* by retale in any *City*, *Town*, or place, ſhal have the ſul and ſole power and authority to treat and contract for the giving of ſuch *Licenſes*, as the *Kings Commiſſioners* might do by vertue of the recited Act.

III. That ſuch perſons as ſhal be appointed by the *Duke*, his *Heirs Males* of his bodie, begotten or to be begotten, under his or their *Hand* and *Seal* for the granting of *Licences* for ſelling and uttering *Wines* by retale, are enabled under ſuch *Seal* as he or they ſhall appoint, to grant *Licenſes* for ſelling and uttering of *Wines* by retale to any perſons for any times not exceeding 21 years, and under ſuch condition as they ſhal think fit; ſo as no *Fine* be taken but the *Rents* and *Summs* of monies reſerved be duly paid at the times and places agreed for payment thereof, for which *Rents*, the *Duke* and his *Heirs Males*, *&c.* ſhall have power to ſue for, by *Bill*, *Plaint*, or *Action* of *Debt*, in any of the *Kings Courts* at *Weſtminſter*, or elſwhere, in his own *Name*, or to ſue for in the *Kings Name* in the *Court of Exchequer*, at the Election of the *Duke* and the *Heirs Males* of his bodie; and the diſcharge of the *Duke*, and the *Heirs Males* of his bodie, *&c.* or his or their *Receiver-General*, ſhal be an effectual diſcharge for ſo much as ſhal be received by vertue of the ſaid Act for *Wine Licenſes*.

I. *Provided*,

1. *Provided*, The King, his Heirs and Successors, shall not during the continuance of the estate tail, by himself, or Agents, grant any *Commissions* or *Licenses* for selling or uttering any *Wines* by *Retale*.

2. That nothing in the *Act* shall make void any *Contracts*, *Leases*, or *Agreements* that have been made by the Kings *Agents* for granting *Licenses* for selling of *Wines* by *Retale*, but that such *Contracts*, *Leases*, *&c.* shal remain in force; and all Rents reserved thereupon shall be paid to the *Duke*, and the Heirs males of his body begotten, *&c.*

IV. That the yearly *Rents*, sums of *Moneys*, *Revennes*, and *Profits* whatsoever shal grow due, or be payable to the *King*, his *Heirs* or *Successors*, for or by reason of the general *Letter-Office*, or *Post-Office*, or *Office* of *Post-Master-General*, or annexed, incident, or belonging to the *Post-Office*, or general *Letter-office*, or issuing out of the same, or growing due by reason of the same, shall be vested in the laid *Duke*, and the Heirs males of his body begotten, or to be begotten, with full and sole power for the said *Duke* and the heirs males of his body begotten, *&c.* his and their Receivers General, to receive all and every the *Rents* and *Profits* accruing for, or issuing out of the said *Office*, and to give discharges for the money received.

V. None of the yearly *Rents*, *Issues* and *Profits* arising or issuing out of the said general *Letter-Office*, *&c.* shall for, or during the said estate tail be paid into the *Exchequer*, but only to the *Duke* and the Heirs males of his body begotten, *&c.* his, or their *Receiver General* for the time being: And the *Duke*, and the Heirs males of his body begotten, *&c.* shall and may in the name of the *King* his *Heirs*, *&c.* or in his own name sue for the same by *Bill*, *Plaint*, *Information*, or otherwise, in any *Courts* of *Law*, or *Equity*, wherein no protection wager of *Law*, *&c.* shall lye.

Provided, Nothing in this *Act*, shall make void the grant made by the *King* to *Daniel Oneale Esquire* of the *Office* of *Post-Master-General*, or *General Letter Office*, or *Post-Office* for four years, and a quarter of a year, from the 25. of *March*, 1663. under the yearly *Rent* of 21500 *l.* for all the the said *Term* (except the last quarter which is paid aforehand) so as the said *Rents* be paid to the *Duke*, and the heirs males of his body begotten and to be begotten.

VI. That it shall and may be lawful for the King, his Heirs and Successors at any time or times during the said estate tail,

by

by *Warrant* under his *Privy Seal* to charge any sum, or several sums, not exceeding in the whole the sum 5382 *l.* 10 *s.* to be paid out of the *Office* of *Post-Master General*, to which said sum of 5382 *l.* 10 *s.* the several sums and payments now charged thereupon do amount (the grant of which sums are not to be avoided by this Act) which said sums of money not exceeding 5382 *l.* 10 *s.* to be granted by the *King*, are by the Act confirmed and made of full force.

VII. That the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Successors*, shal have the nomination of the *Post-Master General* of the said *Post Office*, and shal from time to time nominate and appoint such person *&c.* as he or they shal please to be *Post-Master General* of the said *Office*, and may grant the same with the power thereunto belonging, and the rates of *Portage* in the said *Act* mentioned, either for lease or years not exceeding 21 years, to any person, *&c.* as he or they shal think fit under the most improved yearly rent can be gotten for the same by the *Duke*, or the *Heirs Males* of his bodie, *&c.* without *Fines*, the said rent to be paid to the *Duke* and the *Heirs Males* of his bodie, *&c.* under such *Covenants* and *Agreements* as the *Duke* and the *Heirs*, *Males* of his bodie shal think fitting.

VIII. It is declared, that the *Duke*, and the *Heirs Males* of his bodie, begotten, and to be begotten, may settle any part of the *Premises* not exceeding a third part of the clear yearly value over and above all charges or reprises, for a jointure for his or their *Wife* or *Wives*; and to lease any other part of the *Premises* for any number of years not exceeding 21 years, and not exceeding one third part of the clear yearly value of the *Premises*, in order to raise portions for his or their younger children.

1. *Provided*, This Act, nor any thing therein not in any wise to be prejudicial to the priviledge of the two *Universities* of this Land, or to the *Chancellor*, or *Scholars* of the same, or their Successors, but they may use and enjoy such priviledges as they have heretofore lawfully used and enjoyed.

2. Nor shall extend to be prejudicial to the Masters, Wardens, and free-men and Commonalty of the *Vintners* of *London*, or to any other City or Town Corporate; but that they may enjoy such priviledges and liberties as heretofore they have lawfully used and enjoyed.

3. No

3. Nor ſhall in any wiſe extend to debarr, or hinder the *Mayor* and *Burgeſſes* of the *Borough* of St. *Albans* in the *County* of *Hertford*, or their *Succeſſors* from enjoying and exerciſing ſuch *Liberties* heretofore granted to them by ſeveral *Letters Patents* by Queen *Elizabeth*, or King *James* for the *Erecting* and *Licenſing* three ſeveral *Wine-Taverns* within the ſaid *Borough*, for the maintenance of the *Free-School* there; But the ſame *Liberties*, *Powers* and *Authorities* are hereby eſtabliſhed, and ſhal remain and continue to the ſaid *Mayor* and *Burgeſſes*, *&c.* for the *Charitable* uſe aforeſaid, according to the Tenors of the ſaid *Letters Patents*.

4. That all *Letters*, and other things may be ſent, or conveyed, to or from the two *Univerſities* in manner as before hath been uſed.

Subſidies.

I. **Enacted**, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 7. Every perſon born within the Realm of *England* and *Dominions* thereof worth 3 *l.* in mony *Stock*, *Merchandize* and other *Goods* whatſoever, which he hath to his own uſe, or any other hath to his uſe (except his wearing apparel belonging to their bodies; and every body corporate, *Guild*, or *Fraternity*, which hath any ſtock, or place, *&c.* to his or their own uſe, or others have in truſt for their uſe: ſhall pay for every of the 4 *Subſidies* 2 *s.* 8 *d.* of every pound: Every *Alien*, *Stranger* born out of the *Kingdom*, *Denizens*, or others; and every *Recuſant* convict, or ſhall be *Indicted* for *Recuſancy*, and ſhall not diſcharge their *Indictments* at the next *Aſſiſes*, or within two general *Seſſions* of the *Peace* where they ſhall be *Indicted*, which ſhall have *Coyn*, *Plate*, or other *Goods*, and *Chattels* whatſoever, or ſums of monies owing them within the *Realm* or without (Except as before excepted) ſhall pay 5 *s.* 4 *d.* for every pound for every Subſidy: Every Alien, born out of the Kings Dominions, Denizen, or not Denizen, not being of the age of 7 years, or above, and every Popiſh Recuſant convict, &c. being of the age of 17 years, or which, being of the age of 21 years, hath not received the Communion, ſhall pay to every of the ſaid 4 Subſidies 8 *d.* for every Poll; and the Maſter, or he or ſhe with whom the Alien is, ſhall be charged with the ſame for lack of payment thereof.

II. The

II. The first two of the four *Subsidies* shall be rated in every *County*, *Borough*, *City*, *Town*, &c. before 1. *October* next; and the two last before 1. *March*, 1663. And the particular sums of every *County*, *City*, &c. for the 2 first *Subsidies*, certified into the *Exchequer* before 14 *October* next; and the 2 last before 14 *April* next: And the payment of the 2 first *Subsidies* shal be into the *Receipt* of the *Exchequer* to the use of the *King*, &c. before 1. *November* next: and the 2 last before *May* then next following.

III. Every *person*, aswel such as are born within the *King*'s obeysance, as other *person* stranger, *Denizen* or not *Denizen*, inhabiting within the *Realm* and the *King*'s other *Dominions*, which at the time of the assessing shal be out of the *Realm*, and have *Lands*, *Goods*, &c. shal be charged for the same where such *Lands* or *Goods* shal then be, or in such place where his or their *Factor* or *Attorney* shal have their resort within the *Realm*, as if the *Person* at the time of the assessing had been within the *Realm*; and every person within or without the *Realm* shal be charged after the rate of such yearly substance, or value of *Lands* or *Goods*, as every other person shal be charged.

IV. For the assessing and ordering of the *Subsidies* to be had, the *Lord Chancellor of England*, and diverse other *Lords*, *Knights*, *Esquires* and *Gentlemen*, in the Act are particularly named, who by the Act are appointed to be *Commissioners* of any of the several *Counties*, *Cities*, *Boroughs*, *Towns* and *Places*, which said *Commissioners* or any 3 of them are to execute the powers within the Act, within their respective *Divisions*; and every the said *Commissioners* shal hereby effectually and diligently execute their respective authorities, without omission, favour, dread, or malice.

V. The *Commissioners* for taxation of the said *Subsidies*, at the daies aforesaid, shal direct their several or joint *Precepts* to 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, or 2 of the most substantial and discreet *Inhabitants* within the *Hundreds*, *Lathes*, *Parishes*, *Towns* and *Places*, aswel within the *Liberties* as without (ancient *Demesn* places excepted) and to the *Constables*, *Sub-constables*, *Bailiffs* and *Officers* of the same *Lathes*, &c. commanding the said *Inhabitants*, *Constables*, and *Officers*, &c. to appear in their proper persons before them, within the *Cities*, *Towns*, *Places* limited, to do and accomplish all that to them on the part of the *King* shall be enjoined touching the Act; and that to whom

whom the said *Precept*, &c. shal come, to deliver the same to the other *Inhabitants* or *Officers* named in the *Precept*; and none of them to fail to accomplish the same, under pain of 40 *s.* to be forfeited to the *King*.

VI. That at the day prefixed by the *Precept*, every of the *Commissioners* not having a reasonable excuse for his absence, shal appear; and as many of them as are appointed by the Act, shal call before them the *Inhabitants* and *Officers*; and if any person make default, unless letted by sickness or lawful excuse, examined by the Oaths of two credible *Witnesses*, every person so making default or refusing to serve, shal forfeit to the *King* 40 *s.* And upon appearance had, they shal be charged by all convenient waies and means to enquire of the value of the *Substance* of every person dwelling, &c. within the limits and places they shall be charged with, and of all other things requisite touching the *Act* as near as may be, or shal come to their knowledge, and certifie before the *Commissioners* the *Names*, *Sur-names*, *Substances* and values of every of them, aswel of *Lands*, &c. as of *Goods*, *Chattels*, *Debts* and other things chargeable by the Act, without concealment, love, favour, dread, or malice, upon pain of forfeiture of any sum not exceeding 5 *l.* to be levyed as by the Act is appointed; And the *Commissioners* thereupon shal openly read the rates mentioned in the Act, and declare to them in what manner and form they ought to make their *Certificates*: and of all manner of persons within the Act and of their *Possessions*, *Goods* and *Chattels*, by which information they may have such plain knowledge of the Act that they shal have no cause to excuse themselves of ignorance; and after such charge, and the manner of the *Certificate* to be made, and to them declared, the *Commissioners* shal appoint another day to the said parties, another day and place to appear before them, charging them to make diligent enquiry of the premisses, and then every of them, upon pain of forfeit of 40. *s.* shall appear, and certifie to the *Commissioners*, as to them in manner hath been directed; and if any of them do make default, or refuse to make such *Certificate*, they shal forfeit to the *King* 40 *s.* and of such as do appear the *Commissioners* shal receive the *Certificate*, and if they see cause examine the *Presentors* thereof. and thereupon the *Commissioners* shall prefix a day and place for their further proceeding in the assessing of the *Subsidies*, and shal make their *Precepts* to the *Constables*, &c. of such *Hundreds*, *Towns*,

Towns and *Places*, with the names of the perſons preſented in the *Certificate*, of which if they ſhal vehemently ſuſpect to be of greater ſubſtance in *Lands* or *Goods* than is ſo certified, they ſhal make their warrants to the *Conſtable*, *&c.* to warn ſuch perſons before the *Commiſſioners* at a prefixed day and place, to be examined of their ſubſtance and value, and other matter concerning the premiſſes; And if the perſons warned to be examined, ſhal not appear (without ſome reaſonable excuſe) every of them making default to be charged to the *King* with the double ſum of the rate, he ſhould or ought to have been ſet at of his *Lands*, or *Subſtance*, and the *Commiſſioners* after the better knowledge of their values either in *Lands* or *Goods*, ſhal have power to encreaſe the *Taxation* of ſuch perſons: and every ſpiritual perſon of the *Taxations* of the *Subſidies*, for every pound he, or other perſon hath to his uſe, by deſcent, bargain, in Fee, Tayl, for Life, Years, Copyhold, *&c.* of *Manors*, *Lands*, or *Tenements*, ſhal be taxed after the juſt and true value thereof.

VII. If the *Aſſeſſors* ſhal affectionately, corruptly, or partially in their enquiry, taxation, *&c.* demean themſelves in ſuch wiſe as the *Commiſſioners* ſhal deem them Offendors, four of the *Commiſſioners* of that *County* for the ſaid *Subſidie*, have power either to charge the ſaid *Aſſeſſors* upon their better ſervice, to charge them upon their Oaths, or to ſet upon them for their miſdemeanour, ſuch fine as they ſhal ſee good, ſo it exceed not 10 *l.* and to eſtreat the ſame into the *Exchequer*, which ſhal be levyed and anſwered to the *King* as other ſums ſhal be taxed and become due and not otherwiſe; And if any perſon certified or rated be a *Commiſſioner*, or other, find himſelf grieved with the ſeſſing or rating, and do complain to the *Commiſſioners* before the ſame taxation be certified into the *Exchequer*, The *Commiſſioners*, or 2 of them, ſhal particularly examine the perſon ſo complaining, upon his Oath, and his Neighbours at their diſcretions, of his *Lands*, *Goods* and *Chattels* and upon due examination and knowledge thereof, abate, deſalk, increaſe or enlarge the ſaid *Aſſeſſment* and the ſame ſo abated, encreaſed, or enlarged, ſhal be eſtreated by them into the *Exchequer*; and if it be proved within a year after the perſon ſworn was of better value in *Lands*, *Goods*, *&c.* at the time of ſuch Oath made than the perſon upon Oath doth declare, the perſon offending ſhal forfeit to the *King* ſo much money as the ſame perſon ſo ſworn was ſet at or taxed to pay.

VIII. Every perſon to be rated, ſhal be rated, and the ſum on him ſet levyed at ſuch place where he and his *Family* were reſident the moſt part of the year before the *Taxation* made, and no where elſe; and no *Commiſſioner* ſhal be rated but in the *Shire* where he is *Commiſſioner*: and if any perſon at the time of the aſſeſſing ſhal be out of the *Realm*, to be ſet where he was laſt abiding within the *Realm*: and the *Commiſſioners* after the rates aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe every perſon *rated* and *taxed*, to be *rated* and *taxed* according to the *rate* of the ſubſtance and value of his *Lands*, *Goods*, *&c.* whereby the greateſt and beſt ſum may be ſet and taxed; and every perſon *taxed* in any other *County* or place, than where his *Family* were reſident as aforeſaid, upon *Certificate* made to the *Court of Exchequer*, under the *Hands* and *Seals* of two *Commiſſioners* teſtifying his *non-reſiance*, ſhal be a ſufficient diſcharge for the *taxation* of that perſon in any other places for all other ſums of money ſet upon ſuch perſon, ſave only the *taxations* made in that *County*, or place, from which ſuch *Certificate* ſhall be made as aforeſaid; and the ſame *Certificate* ſhal be a ſufficient *Warrant* to the *Barons* and *Auditors* of the *Court of Exchequer*, as to all other *Officers*, paying for the allowance and diſcharge 6 *d.* and no more.

IX. *Provided*, That every perſon *rated* according to the meaning of the *Act*, to and for the *Subſidies*, after the yearly value of his *Lands* or other real *Poſſeſſions* at any of the *Taxations*, ſhall not after be *rated* for his *Goods*, *&c.* at the ſame *Taxation*; and ſo è *converſo*, who is *taxed* for his *Goods*, ſhall not be *taxed* for his *Land* at the ſame *Taxation*; nor any perſon ſhal be doubly charged, but if any perſon happen to be double *rated* or charged, he to be diſcharged of the one, and charged with the other.

X. No perſon having two *Manſions* to reſort unto, or calling himſelf *Houſhold-Servant*, *&c.* to the *King* or other *Lord*, *Lady*, *Mr.* or *Miſtreſs*, ſhal be excuſed upon his ſaying, from the *taxing* of the *Subſidies* in neither of the places where he may be *taxed*, unleſs he bring a *Certificate* from the *Commiſſioners* where he is ſo *taxed* indeed in one place, And if any perſon, that ought to be taxed, by reaſon of his reſorting to two places, or of his ſaying he was elſewhere *taxed*, or otherwiſe by his covin or craft, or by any words, ſayings, or otherwiſe; Or if any *Commiſſioner*, or *Aſſeſſor* ſhall eſcape from the *taxations*, and not be taxed according to the *Act*,

and

and the ſame proved before the *Commiſſioners*, or 2 of them, or the *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, or 2 *Juſtices of the Peace* of the *County* where ſuch perſon dwelleth; every perſon that by ſuch means, or willingly by *covin*, ſhal eſcape from the ſaid *taxations* and *payments*, ſhal be charged upon proof thereof, at the double value of ſo much as he ſhould, or ought to have been *taxed* by the Act, the ſaid double value to be levyed of his *Goods*, *Lands*, and *Tenements* towards the *Subſidies*, and to be puniſhed according to the diſcretions of the *Barons*, *Juſtices*, or *Commiſſioners* before whom he ſhal be convicted for his *Offence*.

XI. The *Commiſſioners* which ſhal be within any *County* or place, within their reſpective *Limits*, or the *major* part of them, ſhal *tax* and *aſſeſs* every other *Commiſſioner* joined with them, and the *Commiſſioners* within their *Diviſion* ſhal *aſſeſs* every *Aſſeſſor* within their *Diviſion*, and aſwel all ſums upon every the ſaid *Commiſſioners* and *Aſſeſſors*, as the ſums made and preſented by the *Preſenters* as aforeſaid, ſhal be written eſtreated, levyed, and gathered as it ſhould and ought to have been, as if the ſaid *Commiſſioners* had not been named *Commiſſioners*, and the eſtate of all *Barons* or *Baroneſſes*, and every eſtate above ſhal be charged with their *Freehold* and value, by *Ed.* Earl of *Clarendon*, *Lord Chancellor* of *England*, and other *Earls* and *Barons* particularly named in the *Act*, 7 or more of them for the ſeveral payments of the ſaid *Subſidies*, and the ſums by them to be *taxed*, with the names of the *Collectors* (which *Collectors*, ſhal be appointed by the *Lord Chancellor* or *Keeper* of the *Great-Seal* for the time being) to be eſtreated, delivered, and certified at the daies and places above ſpecified, by the ſaid *Earl* of *Clarendon*, and the ſaid other *Earls*, *Lords* and *Barons* in the Act particularly named, or by 7 or more of them.

XII. That after the *Taxes* and *Aſſeſſes* of the ſaid ſums made, the ſaid reſpective *Commiſſioners*, ſhal without delay by their writing eſtreat the *Taxes* under the *Seals* and *Signs manual* of the *Commiſſioners*, and the ſame ſhal deliver to ſufficient *Inhabitants*, *Conſtables* & other *Officers* jointly of *Hundreds*, *Towns*, *Pariſhes* within their *limits*, & to other ſufficient perſons with the aſſent of the *High Collectors*, aſwel the particular names and Surnames as the remembrance of all ſums of monies taxed upon every perſon chargeable by the *Act*, by the authority of which *writing* and *eſtreat* ſo delivered, the *Officers* ſhal have power to demand, levy, and gather of every perſon therein ſpecified the ſums of money therein eſtreated, and for non-payment thereof,

to distrain the person being behind of their *Goods* and *Chattels*, and to keep the distress 8 daies, and if the *Owner* do not pay the money within 8 days, the distress to be appriſed by 2 of the *Inhabitants* where it was taken, and then to be ſold by the *Conſtables* or other *Officers*, the overplus to be reſtored to the *Owner*; which ſaid *Officers* deputed to take and levy the ſaid ſums ſhal be charged for the portion only to them limitted to be gathered and comprized in the ſaid eſtreat to the uſe of the *King*, *&c.* and the ſum therein comprized to pay to the *High-Collector*; and the *Inhabitants* and *Officers* for the gathering the ſaid particular ſums, ſhal retain for every 20 s. by them received and paid 2 *d.* at the payment by them made to the *High-Collector*.

XIII. The *Commiſſioners* for every the payments of the *Subſidies* ſhal name able perſons who have *Lands* of the value of 40 *l. per annum*, or *Goods* to the value of 400 *l.* taxed in the *Subſidie Book*, to be *High-Collectors* within the *Counties*, *Towns* and *Places*, as well priviledged, as others, and to have the collection and receipt of the monies levyable within their limits and Precincts; and to every of the ſaid *Collectors*, the *Commiſſioners* after the whole ſum of any payment of the *Subſidies* be ſet, ſhal under their Hands and Seals deliver one Eſtreat indented containing the ſums of ſuch perſons as were aſſigned to levy the particular ſums, with the names of the perſons ſo chargeable according to the Eſtreat thereof ſo firſt made: and the *Collectors* to be charged to anſwer the whole ſum compriſed in the Eſtreats limitted to his Collection.

XIV. The *Commiſſioners* who nominate the *High-Collectors*, immediately after their election ſhal take ſufficient Recognizances or Obligations of the ſaid *High-Collectors*, of the penal ſum of double their Collection, with this condition indorſed, *viz.* That if the ſaid *Collector*, his Heirs, Executors, *&c.* do truly pay to the uſe of the *King*, his Heirs, *&c.* in the receipt of the *Exchequer*, at, or before 1. *November* next coming, ſo much of the money appointed to his collection as he ſhal collect or gather, and pay the reſidue of his collection and charge within one month after ſuch time as he hath collected the ſaid reſidue, then the ſaid Recognizance or Obligation to be void; The like Recognizance or Obligation for the payment of the two laſt of the ſaid 4 *Subſidies* upon the 1. *May* then next following: or within one month after he hath gathered the reſidue of the ſame; which Recognizances, *&c.* the *Commiſſioners* ſhal certifie and deliver into the *Exchequer*, with the ſeveral

veral Certificates of the Taxations and Rates, upon pain of forfeit of 10 *l.* for every Recognizance, *&c.* not ſo certified; and every *Collector* upon requeſt to him made, ſhal make the ſaid Recognizance or Obligation upon pain of 20 *l.* to the *King* for refuſal thereof; And the Barons of the *Exchequer* upon payment of the ſaid ſeveral collections, ſhal cancel, and deliver the ſaid Recognizance. *&c.* to the ſaid *Collectors*; and every *Collector* ſo deputed, having the ſaid Eſtreat, ſhal appoint days and places within his collection for the payment of the Subſidies to him, and all the *Conſtables* and others having the charge of the particular collection within the *Hundreds*, *Pariſhes* and *Towns*, to make payment of the ſaid particular collection at a day and place appointed by the *High-Collector*; and if the ſaid *Conſtables* and others do fail thereof, at the day and place prefixed by the *High-Collector*: The ſaid *High-Collectors* ſhal diſtrein them, and every of them for their ſeveral particular Collections by their Goods and Chattels for ſuch ſums as ſhal be levyed by them and unpaid, and the diſtreſs taken, to be kept and ſold, and thereof to take the ſums ſo then behind and unpaid, reſtoring to the *Owner* the overplus.

XV. No perſon ſhal be appointed *High-Collector* for the 2 laſt Subſidies, who hath been a *Collector* for the 2 firſt Subſidies, unleſs he firſt ſhew forth to them by whom he ſhal be appointed his *Quietus eſt*, for his diſcharge of his collection before appointed, upon paiſ of 100 *l.* to be paid by him or them who ſhal appoint any ſuch *Collector*; And no perſon inhabiting in any *City*, *Borough*, *Town*, *&c.* ſhal be compelled to be an *Aſſeſſor* or *Collector* for any part of the Subſidies, out of the City, Borough or Town where he dwelleth.

XVI. If any Officers, or perſons, charged to and for the collection of any part of the Subſidies, or any perſons for themſelves or as Keeper, Guardian, Factor, or Attorney for any other perſon of any Goods, or Chattels at the time of aſſeſſing being out of the Realm; Or of, and for the goods of any other perſon or other commonalty Corporate or not Corporate ſhal be taxed, valued and rated, & after ſuch taxation ſhal happen to die, or depart from the place where he was taxed; Or his goods be ſo cloined, or kept in ſuch covert manner as the perſons charged with the ſame by the Eſtreats, cannot levy the ſame by diſtreſs within the limits of their collection, or cannot ſell ſuch diſtreſs for any the ſaid payments before the time limited, to the high-Collect. for payment thereof to the K. receipt, upon relation ther-

due examination upon Oath: and examination of ſuch perſons as ſhall be charged for the *Collection* and *Receipt* of the ſame; upon plain *Certificate* thereof made into the *Exchequer* by the *Commiſſioners*, aſwell of the dwelling place, as of the names and ſums of the perſons of whom the ſaid ſums cannot be *levyed*. Then alwel the *Conſtable*, *&c.* for the perticular *Collection*, as the *High Collector* upon his *Oath* in the *Exchequer*, to be diſcharged thereof, and proceſs to be made for the *King* againſt ſuch perſon, his *Heirs* or *Executors* ſo behind with his *payment*: And the *Commiſſioners* to whom ſuch *Declaration* ſhall be made, ſhall direct their *Precept* to any *Sheriff*, *Steward*, or *Officer* of any place, where ſuch perſon ſhall have any *Lands*, *&c. Goods* or *Chattels*, within the *Kings Diminions* to levy ſuch *monies*, and to *Diſtrein* every ſuch perſon indebted, or the *Executors*, *Adminiſtrators* of his *Goods* and *Chattels*, his *Factors*, *Leſſees*, *Farmers*, or *Aſſigns*, and the diſtreſs ſo taken to cauſe to be *apprized* and *ſold*: And if any ſuch diſtreſs ſhall be taken out of the limmits of the perſons charged for the *levying* of the ſame, ſhall take the ſame diſtreſs for the labour of every perſon going in *execution* thereof 2 *d.* and every *Farmer*, *Guardian*, *Factor*, *&c.* ſhall be of ſuch ſums of money of him *levyed* and *taken*, *diſcharged* and *acquited* at his next day of payment for the ſame, or at the day of the deliverie of ſuch *Goods*, as he *Diſtrained*, had in his cuſtody or governance, againſt him or them ſhall be ſo *Set* and *Taxed*.

XVII. If ſuch perſon as ſhould be *Diſtrained*, have no *Lands*; or hath alliened, hid, or concealed his *Goods*, *&c.* in ſuch manner as they cannot be found or known, ſo as the ſum by him to be paid, cannot conveniently be levyed; the *Commiſſioners* may make precept (as before is directed) to take and arreſt his body; and the ſame to keep in *Priſon* within the *Shire*, where ſuch perſon ſhall be taken: And every *Officer* to whom ſuch precept ſhall be directed, ſhall execute the ſame upon the perſon ſo indebted, upon pain of forfeiture for every default 20 *s.* and no keeper of the *Goal* ſhall ſuffer ſuch perſon to go at large, before he have paid his ſaid debt upon pain of forfeit of 40 *s.* to the *King*: And the *Goaler* to pay to the *King* the double value the rate the perſon was ſo rated at: And if the ſums behinde unpaid be levyed by force of the ſaid proceſs; Or the perſon ſo owing the ſame, be *Committed to Priſon* as aforeſaid, the *Commiſſioners* ſhall

ſhall make *Certificate* thereof into the *Exchequer* in the *Term* next following: And if it happen the *Collectors Aſſigned*, or any of the *Mayors*, *Sheriffs*, *Stewards*, *&c.* diſobey the *Commiſſioners*, in the requeſt to them made for the executing the ſame *Commiſſion*, or if any of the *Officers* refuſe to do that which to them doth belong, by reaſon of any precept to him directed; Or if any perſon being ſuſpected not to be indifferently taxed, do refuſe to be examined; Or will not appear before the *Commiſſioners* upon warning to him made; or make reſiſtance, or reſcues upon any diſtreſs taken for any part of the *Subſidies*, or commit any miſdemeanor, or any wilful omiſſion, miſdemeaning contrary to the *Act*; the *Commiſſioners* upon *Information* and *Examination* thereof may ſet upon every offender for every offence 40 *s.*

XVIII. That the *Commiſſioners* or two of them, ſhall have power to puniſh every offender by *Impriſonment*, there to remain and to be delivered, as to them ſhall ſeem convenient: And to aſſeſs *Fines*, which *Fines*, if any be, to be *Certified* into the *Exchequer*, there be to levyed and paid by the *Collectors* of that part, in ſuch manner as if the ſaid *Fines* had been *Set* and *Taxed* upon the ſaid offenders for the ſaid *Subſidies*.

XIX. Every *High Collector* who ſhall accompt in the *Exchequer*: for money within his *Collection*, upon payment thereof ſhall there out of every pound be allowed, 6 *d. viz.* 2 *d.* for himſelf; to every *Collector* or their accomptants 2 *d.* and 2 *d.* to ſuch *Collector* as ſhall take upon the buſineſs and labour in the *Premiſſes*, in ordering the *Writings*, *&c.* in and for the *Subſidies*: And no perſon of the *Company* of this *Parliament*, nor any *Commiſſioner* ſhall be a *Collector*, or *Sub-collector*, or be compelled to make any *Preſentment*, or *Certificate* other than into the *Court* of *Exchequer* of for or concerning the *Subſidies*, or any part thereof: And no *Commiſſioner* ſhall be a *Head Collector* of any of the payments of the *Subſidies*, nor any part thereof. And he who is *Head Collector* for the two firſt *Subſidies*, ſhall not be compelled to be *Collector* for the two laſt *Subſidies*: And every *Collector*, ſhall be acquitted and diſcharged of all manner of *Fees* in the *Exchequer* concerning the ſame to be asked: And if any perſon take any *Fees* of ſuch *Accomptant* or uſe unneceſſary delay in their *Accompt*, he ſhall forfeit for every peny 5 *s.* to the *King*, and 5 *l.* to the party; and ſuffer *Impriſonment*.

XX. After the assessing the several *Subsidies*, and the *Estreats* delivered to the *Collectors*, every *Commissioner*, shall by himself or his *Deputy*, *Certifie* and bring forth to the *Commissioners* the presentment made before him, within one limmit, so as the same may be accounted and cast with the other *Certificates* within their limmits; and then the said *Commissioner*, (if any of them be in life, or their *Executors*, or *Administrators* if dead) shall jointly and severally, as they were divided with in their limmits, under their seals make *Writings*, *Indented*; conaining aswel the names of the *Collectors*, as the sums written to every *Collector*, to receive the said *Subsidies*; and all fines and forfeitures within their limmits, to be *Certified* into the *Exchequer*; so as none of the *Collectors certified* into the *Exchequer*, shall be compelled there to accompt, but for the sums in his *Collection*.

XXI. If the respective *Commissioners* cannot agree, or if any of them be not ready, or refuse to make *Certificate* with the other *Commissioners*: Then they to make several *Indentures* of *Collectors* within their limmits, upon and in the several *Hundreds*, *Wards*, and other like *Divisions* within their Limmits; for the several charges of the same *Collectors*; so as one *Collector* shall be charged and accompt for his part only by himself: And every *Collector* to be severally by himself acquitted and discharged in the *Exchequer*, without paying any *Fees*, *&c.* to any person upon the pain aforesaid: And if any *Commissioner*, or any *Collector*, or other person charged with any receipt of any part of the *Subsidies*, or with any sum *Fine*, *Amercement*, or penalty shal happen to die before such person shall have executed, satisfied, or discharged that which to such person doth belong or appertain; the *Executors*, and *Heirs* of every such person and all other persons seised of any *Lands*, to his use, at the time such person was named *Commissioner*, *Collector*, or otherwise charged with; and all those who have any *Goods*, *Chattels*, *&c.* that were to such person, *&c.* at the time of his death, shall be compelled to do, and accomplish in every case; as the person might have been compelled to do if he had been in full life.

XXII. If the *Commissioners* shall think it fit, not to join in one *Certificate*; then the person that shall first *Certifie* the said *Writing Indented*; shall *Certifie* all the names of that respective *Division*; whereupon shall be there then to be *Certified* with the *Division* of the *Hundreds*, *&c.*

with

with the names of the *Commiſſioners*, with the groſſe ſums of monies for the *Subſidies Taxed* and *Set* within the *Hundreds*, *&c.* as of the fines, forfeitures, penalties if any happen within the limmits: And after ſuch writings indented, ſhall be certified, and not contain in it the whole ſums ſet within the reſpective limmits; the other *Commiſſioners* before the day of payment of the ſaid *Subſidies*, ſhall certifie by their writing into the *Exchequor*, the groſs and ſeveral ſums within the places, to them limmited in the ſaid *Subſidies*, and other fines, amerciements, *&c.* with the names of the *Hundreds*, *&c.* or elſe certifie at the ſame place before the day of payment ſuch reaſonable cauſes, for their excuſes, for their not certifying as aforeſaid, or in default thereof, proceſs to be made out of the *Exchequer* againſt the ſaid *Commiſſioners* not making *Certificate* as aforeſaid.

XXIII. That the *Inhabitants* of the *Pariſh* of St. *Martin*, called *Stamford Baron* in the *Town* of *Stamford* in the *South* part of the *Waters*, there called *Wellands*; ſhall be taxed by ſuch *Commiſſioners*, as ſhall be appointed for the *Aſſeſſing* of the *Subſidies* for the *Counties* of *Lincoln*; and ſhall pay the *Subſidies* to the *Collector* appointed for the gathering of the ſame with the *Aldermen* and *Burgeſſes* of *Stamford*.

XXIV. Every perſon having *Manors*, *Lands*, *&c.* chargeable to the payment of the *Subſidies*, and alſo having *Spirituals Poſſeſſions* charged to to the *King* by any grant made by the *Clergy* in their Convocation, and having *Subſtance* in *Goods* and *Chattels*; if ſuch perſon, ſhall be taxed for the ſaid *Manors*, *Lands*, *Goods* and *Chattels*; he ſhall be by this *Act* charged, only for their ſaid *Manors*, *Lands* and *Spiritual Poſſeſſions*, or for his *Goods* and *Chattels* the beſt for the *King*, and not charged for both, or double charged for any of them.

1. *Provided*, This grant of *Subſidies* ſhall not extend to the *Inhabitants* of *Scotland*, *Ireland*, *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, for or concerning any *Manors*, *Lands*, *&c. Goods* or *Chattels*, which they or others to their uſe, within the places aforeſaid.

2. All *Letters Patents*, by the *King*, or his *Progentors* to any *Cities*, *Boroughs*, or *Townes* within the *Realm*, of any *Liberties*, or *Exemptions* from ſuch *Grants* of *Subſidies* which be now in force, ſhall remain good to the laid *Cities Boroughs*, *&c.* although

although the *Inhabitants* of the ſame and the ſaid *Corporations* upon weighty conſiderations for this grant charged and contributary in like manner as the other *Cities*, *Boroughs*, which be not in any wiſe priviledged.

3. No *Orphan*, or *Infant* within 21 years, born within the *King's Dominions* ſhal be charged to the payment of any of theſe *Subſidies* for his *Goods* and *Chattels*, to him left, or bequeathed.

4. The *Act* not to extend to the *Lands* or *Goods* to any *Colledge*, *Hall*, or *Hoſtal* within the *Univerſities* of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, or of the *Colledges* of *Eaton*, *Winchester*, or to the *Lands*, *Goods*, or *Revenues* aſſigned for the ſuſtentation and living of the poor *Knights*, founded in the *Caſtle* of *Windſor*, or to the *Goods* of the ſame *Knights* or any of them; or to the *Lands* and *Goods* of any common *Grammar-School* within *England* or *Wales*; Or to the *Goods* of any *Reader*, *Shool-Maſter*, *Scholar* or *Graduate* remaining for ſtudy without fraud, within any the ſaid *Univerſities* of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, or to any of their *Servants* tending daily upon them; Or to the *Lands* or *Goods* of any *Hoſpital*, *Meaſondieu*, or *Spittle-houſe* uſed for the ſuſtentation or relief of poor people.

XXV. If any *Alien*, or *Stranger* born, *Denizen* or not *Denizen* dwelling in *England*, ſhal aſſign or convey over to his or their *child* or *children* born within the *Realm* of *England*, any of their *Lands*, *Goods*, or *Chattels*, to defraud the *King* of the ſaid *Subſidies*; Every ſuch *child*, or *children* ſo ſeiſed of ſuch *Lands*, *&c.* or poſſeſſed of ſuch *Goods*, *&c.* ſhal be charged with the payment of the double of the ſaid *Subſidies*, at the *rates* and *values* as *Aliens*, *Strangers*, *Denizens* or not *Denizens* are limitted.

XXVI. That the grant of *Subſidies* do not extend, or be prejudicial to any the *Inhabitants* having dwelt for the moſt part of the year before the *taxing* within the *Cinque-Ports Corporate*, or any of their *Members incorporated* or *united* to the *Cinque-Ports*; But ſuch the ſaid *Inhabitants* from and after the ſaid grant and payment thereof, only during their reſiance as aforeſaid and no longer be acquitted and diſcharged.

1. *Provided*, The grant of *Subſidies* not to extend to be prejudicial to Engliſh *Inhabitants* or *Reſiants* at this preſent within the *Liberties* of *Rumney Marſh*, of, or for any part of the ſaid ſums to be *taxed* or *paid*; but that they ſhal, from the grant of *Subſidies* during their reſiance there, and no longer, be diſcharged.

XXVII. That

XXVII. That for he direction of the *Commiſſioners* in the execution of this *Act*, it is declared, there ſhal be a reſtriction as to the real value of *Lands* and *Goods* by having regard to debts, and other neceſſary expences, and to relation of former *Preſidents* of *Subſidies* in the reigns of King *James*, and King *Charles* the firſt in the manner of *taxing* thereof.

Subſidies granted by the Clergy.

Anno 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* The *Prelates* and *Clergy* of the *Province* of *Canterbury*, in their *Convocation* aſſembled; have granted to the *King* 4 *Subſidies*, under the Clauſes and Proviſoes therein after mentioned, which grant of theirs, with the clauſes therein, they humbly deſire may be confirmed by Act of *Parliament*, *viz.*

I. They grant to the *King* 4 entire *Subſidies* of 4 s. in the pound in manner following, *viz.* Every *Arch-Biſhop*, *Biſhop*, *Dean*, *Arch-Deacon*, *Provoſt*, *Maſter* of *Colledge*, *Prebendary*, *Parſon* or *Vicar*, of what name or degree ſoever they be, within the ſaid *Province*, having any *Spiritual promotion*, or *Temporal poſſeſſions* to the ſame annexed, and not divided and ſeparated from the poſſeſſion of the *Clergy*, ſhal pay to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* for every pound he may yearly receive by reaſon of the ſaid *Spiritual promotion*, 4 s. for every of the ſaid 4 *Subſidies*; The Valuation, Rate, Taxation, and Eſtimation to be, the Rate and Valuation remaining of *Record* for the payment of *Diſme* or *Tenth* granted to *King Henry* the 8th in the 26. year of his Reign.

II. For as much as the 10. part of the ſaid valuation is paid yearly to the *King* for a perpetual *Tenth*, ſo as there remains but nine parts to the *Incumbent* clear, the 4 *Subſidies* ſhal be underſtood only of every full pound of the ſaid 9 parts, 4 s. *per* pound; The ſaid 4 *Subſidies* to be paid as followeth, *viz.* The whole payment of the firſt of the ſaid 4 *Subſidies* 4 s. *per* pound to be paid 1. *October* next; the firſt payment, and moity of the ſecond, *viz.* 2 s. of every pound, upon 26. *March* 1664. the ſecond payment of the ſecond *Subſidie* upon the 5. of *October* next following; The firſt payment, and moity of the 3. *Subſidie* the 26. *March* 1665. and the 2. payment upon 5. *October* next following: The firſt payment and moity of the 4. *Subſidie* upon 26. *March* 1666. and the 2. payment of the moity

moity of the last fore *Subsidies*, upon 5th. of *October*, then next following: to be paid by such persons as shall be appointed by the grant to have collection thereof to the *Lord Treasurer*, under *Treasurer* of *England*, or such as the *King* shall please to appoint it to be paid.

No person that is, or shall be promoted to any *Benefice*, or *Spiritual Promotion*, and hath *Compounded*, or shall *Compound*, for the First-fruits of the same, from 1 *October* last past 1662. and on this side, 5 *October*, now next which shall be in 1663. shall be charged for the said *Benefice*, or *Promotion* with any part of the first of the fore *Subsidies* due 5 *October*, now next ensuing. And no person which shall be after promoted to any *Benefice*, or *Spiritual Promotion*, and shall compound for the first fruits of the same, from and after 26 *March*, 1664. and on this side 5 *October*, 1666. shall be contributary or charged for the same *Benefice*, with any part of the other three *Subsidies* during the first year after any such compounding for his First-fruits.

IV. Every *Archbishop*, *Bishop*, (and the *See* being void) every *Dean* and *Chapter* of that *See* void, shall be *Collector* of the fore *Subsidies* within their proper *Dioces*, for the payment of the said *Subsidies*: And they pray it may be *Enacted*, that when and as often as any *Collector* chargeable with the *Collection*, or any of their under *Collectors* or *Deputies*, shall offer the payment of the said four *Subsidies* or any part of them, to any person appointed to receive the same; that the person so appointed within four daies next after such appointment, receive the money so to be paid without delay, and deliver a *Bill* testifying the receipt thereof, unto every *Collector*, *&c.* upon every such particular payment thereof, and that every *Auditor* appointed to take the accompt of such *Collector*, *&c.* within six dayes after request, take the said accompt and make allowance as by the grant is appointed, under pain every such person appointed to receive such money, and every such *Auditor* lose for every default Ten pound, one moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* the other to the *Collector* or his *Deputy*, the partie so grieved, to be paid upon complaint made to the *Lord Treasurer* of *Cheif Baron* of the *Exchequer*, who finding the fault, shall commit the offender to Ward, till he have paid the sums forfeited.

V. That every *Collector* of the four *Subsidies* their under *Collectors* or *Deputies* may have power to use all such waies and process as be prescribed in the *Act*, of perpetual Tenths. for the levy in

ervying thereof; and may Accompt for the ſame before the *Lord Treaſurer*, or other *Officer* appointed by the *Court* of *Exchequer*, and in ſuch wiſe, and ſuch form only as the *Archbiſhops* and *Biſhops* be now charged to make Accompt for the *Tenths*, whereby is meant that the lack of payment of and for any *Spiritual Promotions*, ſhall charge the *Incumbents*, and ſuch others as be bound to pay the ſame; and that the *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, *&c.* gathering that which they can receive, and making payment thereof for the reſt, not received, ſhall be diſcharged by their *Certificate* to be made for every of the ſaid payments, which ſhall be due upon the 5th. of *October*, in any of the aforeſaid years: or before the laſt return of *Hill. Term* next following the ſaid dayes: And for the payments which ſhall be upon 26 *March* in any of the ſaid years before the laſt return of *Trinity Term* the next following the ſaid dayes: and that 6 *d.* in the pound be allowed to every *Collector*, upon his Accompts, for the charges of the *Collection* and paying of the ſaid *Subſidies*.

VI. After payment of any of the *Subſidies* ſhall be once due; If any *Incumbent* of any *Benefice*, or *Promotion*, *Spiritual*, ſhall be lawfully moniſhed either perſonally at his *Dignity*, *Church*, or *Manſion-houſe*, by the *Archbiſhop*, or *Biſhop* of the *Diocet*, or his or their *Collector* or *Deputies*; or by the *Dean* and *Chapter* (the See being void) or their *Collectors* or *Deputies* by himſelf, or his *Deputy* at a certain day and convenient place; appear, and then and there to pay ſuch part of the ſaid *Subſidies* for his *Benefice*, or *Promotion*; and do not at the ſame day and place, pay the ſame to the *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, *&c.* his or their *Collector*, or *Deputies*, ſhewing forth ſufficient *Deputation* from the ſaid *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, *&c.* under their hands and ſeals, being ready at the day and place to receive the ſame; or elſe pay every of the ſaid payments within fifty dayes next after ſuch warning given; then every *Incumbent*, *&c.* ſo making default of payment; and after ſuch default certified, under the ſeal and hand writing: of any ſuch *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, *&c.* certified according to the form particularly ſet down in the ſaid Grant (and in the *Act* mentioned) ſhall forfeit and loſe to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* all the profits of that only *Dignity*, *Benefice*, or *Promotion*, for which he maketh ſuch default: and the profits which ſhall grow and riſe to him over and above the charges of ſerving the Cure; And the Tenths to be paid into the *Exchequer*. See the *Certificate* in the *Act*.

Provided,

Provided, If any *Person* or *Incumbent* shal proffer or tender the payment of any sum due, to the *Arch-Bishop*, *Bishop*, or to any their under *Collectors* or *Deputies*; Then notwithstanding the *Certificate* made, the said *Person* or *Incumbent* may aver the offer, or tender of his payment, and the same shal be tryed by *Witnesses* before the *Lords* and *Barons* of the *Exchequer*, or by a jury of 12 men upon issne thereupon joined, which being found for the *Incumbent* he shal enjoy his promotion still without forfeiture or losing any profits thereof; and as if no such *Certificate* had been made.

VII. That every *Arch-Bishop*, *Bishop*, *&c.* chargeable with the collection of the 4 *Subsidies* within the *Province* aforesaid, shal and may upon every payment thereof made to the *Lord Treasurer*, *Under-Treasurer*, or such other person as the *King* shal appoint for the receipt thereof, at every times of payment thereof, have a sufficient *Acquittance*, *Discharge* or *Quietus est* in writing of the *Lord Treasurer*, *&c.* or Court of *Exchequer*, shall assign for the receipt thereof; and every such *Acquittance*, *discharge*, or *Quietus est*, subscribed with the names of the *Lord Treasurer*, or *Under-Treasurer* for the time being, or such *Auditor* as it shall please the *King*, or Court of *Exchequer* to appoint, shal be good and effectual in Law to all & every the said *Collectors*, to all intents and purposes, as if the same were made by Act of *Parliament*; and every *Collector* shal pay only 3 s. 4 *d.* for every general or final *acquittance*, *discharge* or *Quietus est*, for any payment of the said *Subsidies*; Or if any other *Officer* of the *Exchequer* shal require, or take of any *Collector* or their *Deputies*, *&c.* either for expedition or other pretence whatsoever, other *Fees* or *Sums* than are in this present *Grant* expresly allowed them, that he may forfeit 10 *l.* to be paid in like manner to the same uses as is before in this grant expressed, touching the forfeitures of *Receivors* and *Auditors*: And every *Acquittance* to be made by any *Collector*, *&c.* to any *Incumbent* of any *Benefice* or promotion, or to any persons contributary to the payment of the *Subsidies*, or any part thereof, shal be good and effectual in Law, and a sufficient discharge to every such *Incumbent* or person; and no *Acquittance* of any other person made before such *certificate* shal in any wise discharge any Person, or promotion of any part of the Subsidies, or of any *pain* or *forfeiture* specified in the Act.

1. *Prov.* That no *Collector* shal use any Process or compulsory means, or axact any Fees of any person for not paying for the Subsidies

Subſidies at ſuch a day certain or place, which ſhal be by the *Collector* prefixed, in caſe the perſon ſhal tender the ſame to the *Collector*, or his *Deputy* within twenty dayes after ſuch day prefixed: Nor ſhall the *Collector* take for the receipt of any the *Subſidies*, or his acquittance more than 4 *d.*

2. No *Spiritual Promotions*, nor *Lands* thereunto annexed, or any *Goods*, or *Chattels*, growing, or being upon the ſame, ſhall be charged, or made contributary to any Fifteenth, or Tenth, granted to the *King* by the *Laity*, or after to be granted during the time appointed by this grant for the four *Subſidies*; All *Deans*, *Arch-Deacons*, *Maſters*, *Wardens*, *Prebendaries* of *Cathedral* and *Collegiate Churches* or *Colledges*, ſhall be charged with the four *Subſidies*; for thoſe *Poſſeſſions* and *Promotions* only, which to their ſeveral *Dignities* are clearly and diſtinctly limitted, for every of the *Subſidies* four ſhillings in every pound; and all thoſe *Poſſeſſions*, *Rents* and *Profits*, and every of them given or granted by any the *Kings* or *Queens* of the *Realm*, or *Given*, *Granted*, *Deviſed*, *Impropriated* unto the *Cathedral* or *Collegiate Churches*, which be Imployed or Uſed, towards the maintenance of the *Readers* of *Divinity*, *Poor-men*, *School-Maſters*, *Scholars*, *&c.* *Petty Canons*, *Choriſters*, *&c.* or towards the edefying or repairing the *Cathedral*, or *Collegiate Church*, ſhall not be charged with any part of the ſaid four *Subſidies*.

3. Every *Perſon*, *Vicar*, or *Spiritual* perſon paying any *Penſion*, whereof no allowance is made in the valuation of his *Benefice*, may retain to his own *Uſe*, ſo much of every pound of ſuch *Penſion* as he ſtandeth charged by this *Grant* to pay for every payment of the four *Subſidies*, out of every pound for the whole Valuation of his Promotion.

VIII. That the *Cathedral Churches* and the *Biſhops*, *Deans*, and *Chapters*, and *Prebendaries* of the ſame, and all other places and perſons to whom any of the *Lands*, *Tenements*, *Rents*, *Spiritual Promotions*, *Tythes*, *Penſions*, *Portions*, and other *Hereditaments*, given beſtowed and ſpent in the finding and maintaining of *Chantryes Obits*, *Lights*, *Lamps*, which came to the hands and poſſeſſions of *King Edward* by the *Statute* of *Chanteries*, made in the firſt year of *Edward 6.* may not be charged with any payment of *Subſidies*, of or for any part or portion of the ſaid *Lands*, *&c.* nor of any yearly *Rents* or *Payments* going out of the ſaid *Cathedral Churches* and other places; and that deduction and allowance thereof be made to every of them according

according upon every payment of the ſaid 4 *Subſidies* out of the whole *Taxation*, above for the payment of *Tenths* whereunto the *King* was entituled or poſſeſſed, or which ſince the making of the ſaid *Statute*, have been found as *Lands* concealed from King *Edward* the 6. King *Henry* the 8. Queen *Mary*, Queen *Eliz.* or King *Charles* the firſt, or otherwiſe ſevered from the poſſeſſions of the ſaid *Cathedral Churches*, and other places and perſons aforeſaid, by force of the ſaid *Statute*, or otherwiſe.

1. *Provided*, That theſe 4 *Subſidies* ſhal not be demanded or levyed out of any *Benefice*, *Houſe*, of *Students*, or *Colledge* within either of the *Univerſities* of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, or out of any *Benefice*, *Lands*, or *Revenues* of the *Colledge* of *Weſtminſter*, *Eaton*, or *Wincheſter*, or any *Hoſpitals*, *&c.*

2. That all perſons whoſe *Benefices* are not above 6 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* after the *Taxation* aforeſaid, ſhal not be charged with the 4 *Subſidies*.

3. That every *Vicar* whoſe *Benefice* is 8 *l.* or above, and not above 10 *l. per annum* after the *Taxation* aforeſaid, ſhal pay at every of the ſaid payments, 13 *s.* 4 *d.* for the firſt payment of the firſt *Subſidie*, and every other payment 6 *s.* 4 *d.* And if a *Vicaridge* be under 8 *l.* in the *Tax*, the *Incumbent* ſhal not be charged with any payment of the *Subſidies*.

Enacted therefore, That every perſon that ſhal be elected to the collecting of the ſaid *Subſidies*, ſhal have power and authority; as by ſuſpenſion, excommunication, & alſo by ſequeſtration of the profits of their *Benefice* in whoſe hands ſoever they be, and to make ſale of the ſame Fruits without danger of the *Laws*, Or by diſtreſs upon the poſſeſſions of the *Farmers* of the *Land*, chargeable by the ſaid inſtrument for the payment of any ſums of money by force thereof; and no *Replevin*, *Prohibition*, or *Superſedeas* ſhal be obeyed for any default of payment of the ſaid *Subſidies* contrary to the tenure of the *Grant*: And every *Farmer*, *&c.* their *Executors* and *Aſſigns* ſhal be charged with the ſaid *Subſidies*, ſhal retain in his hands ſo much of his yearly *Rent*, as he ſhal pay for his *Lord*, or *Leſſor* as the ſum he ſhall pay ſhal extend unto, except the *Farmer*, *&c.* be bound to pay the ſame.

II. It ſhal be lawful for the *Collectors* of the *Subſidies*, or their *Deputies*, to levy the *Subſidies* upon the *Farmers* or *Occupiers* of all *Impropriations* or ſpiritual *Promotions* by all the Cenſures of the *Church*, or by way of diſtreſs upon the Tyths of the ſaid impropriations, *&c.* or upon the *Goods*, *&c.* of the

the ſaid *Farmers*, in which caſe no *Inhibition*, *Prohibition*, or *Superſedeas* ſhal be obeyed; and the *Collectors* and other *Officers* of the *Arch-Biſhops*, *Biſhops*, &c. for not payment of the *Subſidies* after the ſame ſhal be due, to prize and value the *Diſtreſs*, and to ſell the ſame, and thereof to detain ſo much as ſhal amount to the ſum payable to the *King*, with the charges of the *Collectors* ſuſtained in that behalf.

III. Every *Lay-perſon* having *Spiritual promotion* chargeable by the Act, and having *Temporal poſſeſſions*, *Goods*, *debts*, charged to the *Subſidies* granted by the *Temporalty*, ſhal be charged for his *Spiritual promotions* with the *Clergy*, and for his *Temporal Poſſeſſions*, and *Chattels* real with the *Temporalty*.

IV. All and every grant, of all and every ſum of money, or which hereafter ſhal be granted to the *King* by the Clergy of the *Province* of *York*, ſhal be of the ſame ſtrength and force as the grant made by the *Province* of *Canturbury*, and ſhal be taxed, gathered, and paid according to the tenor and form of this Act, in ſuch manner and form as though it were particularly expreſſed in this Act by expreſs words.

V. All the Proviſions contained, or to be contained in the ſaid grant of the *Pelates* and *Clergy* of the *Province* of *Canturbury*; and the like of the ſame *Proviſoes* contained in the grant of the *Prelates* and *Clergy* of the *Province* of *York*, ſhal be good and effectual and kept in every poynt and article, according to the true meaning of the ſame.

Trade.

I. **Enacted.** 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 5. From and after 1. *September* 1663. When the prices of *Corn* and *Grain Wincheſter* meaſure exceed not the rates, *viz.* a quarter of *Wheat* 48 s. Of *Barley* or *Malt* 28 s. Of *Buck-Wheat* 28 s. Of *Oats* 13 s. 4 d. Of *Rye* 32 s. Of *Peaſe* and *Beans* 32 s. Every perſon may ſhip, laid, carry, and tranſport any of the ſaid *Corns* or *Grains* from the *Havens*, or places where they ſhal be of ſuch prices, unto any the *Parts* beyond the *Seas* as *Marchandize*, paying ſuch rates for the ſame as are to be paid when they might have been tranſported, by an Act, Entituled, *A Subſidie granted of Tonnage and Poundage*.

II. When the prices of the *Corn* and *Grain* aforesaid, *Winchester* measure do not exceed the *rates* before mentioned, and shal be imported from any part beyond the *Seas*, there shal be paid for the *Custom* and *Poundage*, *viz.* Of every quarter of *Wheat* 5 s. 4 *d.* of *Rye* 4 s. of *Barley* and *Malt* 2 s. 8 *d.* of *Buck Wheat* 2 s. of *Oats* 1 s. 4 *d.* of *Pease* and *Beans* 4 s.

III. When the *Corn* and *Grains* aforesaid, *Winchester* measure, at the *Markets* where they are bought, *Havens* or places, do not exceed the prices in the first clause particularly mentioned, every person (not foresta lling or selling the same in the *Market* within 3 months after the buying) may buy in open *Market*, lay up, and keep in his *Granaries* or *Houses* to sell again, such *Corn* and *Grain* at or under the prices before expressed, without incurring any penalty.

IV. From and after 25. *March* 1664. No *Commodity* of the growth, production, or *Manufacture* of *Europe*, shal be imported into any *Land*, *Island*, *Plantation*, *Territory* to the *King* belonging, or shal hereafter belong unto, or be in the possession of the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* in *Asia*, *Africa*, or *America* (*Tangier* excepted) but what be *bona fide*, laden and shipped in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, in English built shipping; Or which were *bona fide* bought before 1. *October* 1662. and had *Certificate* thereof; and whereof the *Master* and 3 fourths of the *Marriners* at the least are *English*; and which shal be directly thence carried to the said *Islands*, *Plantations*, *Territories* and *Places*, and from no other place, under the penalty of loss of all such *Commodities* of the *growth* or *manufacture* aforesaid, as shal be imported into any of them, from any other place by *land* or *water*; if by *water*, of the *Ship* in which they were *imported*, with the *guns*, *ammunition*, and *apparel*, one third part to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* one other 3. part to the *Governor* of such *Land*, *Island*, *Plantation*, *&c.* where the *goods* were imported, the other 3. part to him who shal seiz or sue for the same, in any of the *Kings Courts* in such of the said *Lands*, *Islands*, *Plantations*, where the offence was committed, or in any *Court* of *Record* in *England*, by *Bill*, *Plaint*, *Information*, *&c.*

V. It shal be lawful to ship and lade in such *Ships*, *Navigated* as in the foregoing clause is expressed, in any part of *Europe*, *Salt* for the *Fisheries* of *New-England*, and *New-found-Land*, in the *Medera's* Wines of the growth thereof; in the western *Islands*, or *Azores*, Wines of the growth of the said *Islands*; in

Scotland

Scotland all ſort of *Victual* of the growth and production of *Scotland*; In *Ireland*, all ſorts of *Victual* of the growth and production of *Ireland*, and the ſame to tranſport into any of the ſaid *Lands*, *Iſlands*, *Plantations*, *&c.*

VI. From and after 25. *March* 1664. Every perſon importing by *Land* any *Goods* or *Commodities* whatſoever, into the ſaid *Lands*, *Iſlands*, *Plantations*, *&c.* ſhal deliver to the *Governor* of ſuch *Land*, *Iſland*, *Plantation*, *&c.* Or to ſuch *Officer* as ſhal be by him appointed, within 24 hours after ſuch *Importation*; their Names and Sur-names, and a true *Inventory* of all ſuch *Goods*, *&c.* and no *Ship*, *&c.* coming to any ſuch *Land*, *Iſland*, *Plantation*, *&c.* ſhal lade or unlade any *Goods*, *&c.* until the *Maſter* or *Commander* of the *Ship*, *&c.* ſhal firſt have made known to the *Governor*, or ſuch perſon as ſhal be appointed by him, the arrival of the *Ship*, with her name, and the name of the *Maſter*, or *Commander*, and have ſhewed him ſhe is an Engliſh built Ship, *&c.* or made good by *Certificate* that ſhe is a Ship, *&c.* belonging to *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, and navigated as aforeſaid, and have delivered to the *Governor*, *&c.* a perfect *Inventory* of her lading, with the place where they were taken in; upon pain of loſs of the Ship, her *Guns*, *Tackle*, *Furniture*, and *Goods*, *&c.*

VII. All ſuch as are *Governors* or *Commanders* of any the ſaid *Lands*, *Iſlands*, *Plantations*, *&c.* (*Tangier* excepted) before 25. *March* 1664. and ſuch as hereafter ſhal be made *Governors*, *&c.* of any of them, before their entrance, upon execution of ſuch truſt, or charge, ſhal take Oath before ſuch perſon, as the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* ſhal authorize to adminiſter the ſame, to do their utmoſt within their reſpective Governments, *&c.* to be truly obſerved, what in this Act is Enacted, in relation to the Trade of ſuch *Lands*, *Iſlands*, *Plantations*, *&c.* under penalty of being removed out of their *Governments*, *&c.* and if any perſon after the taking of the Oath ſhal be found to have wittingly offended, they ſhal be turned out of their ſaid Governments, *&c.* and be incapable of the *Government* of any other *Land*, *Iſland*, *Plantation*, *&c.* and alſo forfeit the ſum of 1000 *l.* one moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* the other moity to him who ſhal inform and ſue for the ſame, in any of the *King's Courts* in the ſaid *Plantations*, or in any *Court* of *Record* in *England*.

VIII. If any *Officer* of the *Cuſtoms* of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, ſhal give *Warrant* for, or ſuffer any *Sugar*, *Tobacco*,

Ginger, *Cotten-wooll*, *Indico*, *Specklewood*, or *Jamaica-wood*, *Fuſtick* or other *dying-wood* of the growth of the ſaid *Lands*, *Iſlands*, *Plantations*, *&c.* to be carryed into any other *Country* or place whatſoever, unleſs they have been firſt unladen *bona fide*, in ſome *Port*, or *Haven* in *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* Every ſuch *Officer* ſhal forfeit his place, and the value of the ſaid *Goods* ſo ſuffered to paſs into other *Countries*, *&c.* the one moity to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* the other moity to him who ſhal ſue for the ſame in any *Court* of *Record* in *England*, *&c.*

IX. From and after 25. *March* 1664. It ſhal be lawful out of any *Port* of *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* to ſhip, and lade *Sea-coals*, for any of the ſaid *Plantations*, paying for the *Chalder* meaſure at *New Caſtle* 1 s. 8 *d.* and for the *Chalder-meaſure London* 1 s. in full of all *Cuſtom* and *Poundage* for the ſame. *Provided*, ſuch *Sea-coals* be ſhipped in ſuch ſhipping navigated as aforeſaid, and ſecurity given to the *Officers* of the *Cuſtoms* of the *Port* where they are ſhipped, for the landing them in the ſaid *Plantations*, and not elſewhere.

X. From and after 1. *Auguſt* 1663. It may be lawful for any perſon whatſoever, to export out of any the *Ports* of *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* in which there is a *Cuſtomer*, or *Collector*, all ſorts of *foreign Coin*, or *Bullion* of *gold* or *ſilver*, firſt making entry thereof in ſuch *Cuſtom-houſe*, without paying any *Duty*, *Cuſtom*, *Poundage*, or *Fee* for the ſame.

XI. That for every head of great *Cattel* (except ſuch as are of the breed of *Scotland*) that ſhal be imported into *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* after 1. *July* in any year: And for every head of great *Cattel* of the breed of *Scotland*, that ſhal be brought into *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* after the 24. *Auguſt*, and before the 20. of *December* in any year, there ſhal be paid to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* 20 s. and 10. s. to him that ſhal inform or ſeiz the ſame, and 10 s. to the poor of the *Pariſh* where ſuch ſeizure, or information ſhal be made; and that there ſhal be paid to the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* for every ſheep which ſhal be imported into *England*, *Wales*, *&c.* after the firſt of *Auguſt*, and before 20th *December* in any year, ten ſhillings, to be recovered and levyed in manner as aforeſaid.

Provided, The Act, ſo far as it relates to great *Cattel*, or *Sheep*, ſhal not take place till 1. *July* 1664. nor continue longer than to the end of the firſt *Seſſion* of the next *Parliament*.

XII. From

XII. From and after 1. *August* 1664. No *Fresh-Herring*, *Fresh-Cod*, or *Haddock*, *Coal-fish*, or *Gul-fish* shal be imported into *England*, *Wales*, &c. but in *English* built *Ships*, &c. or *Ships*, &c. *bona fide*, belonging to *England*, *Wales*, &c. and having the *Certificate* thereof as aboveſaid, and whereof the *Maſters* and 3 fourths of the *Marriners* are Engliſh, and which hath been fiſhed, caught and taken in *Ships*, &c. ſo navigated, and not being bought, or had of any *Strangers* born, or out of *Strangers* bottoms, upon pain of forfeiture of all ſuch *Herring*, &c. imported, and of the *Ship*, &c. in which it was imported; One moity of the forfeitures to the *King*, his *Heirs*, &c. the other moity to him who will inform, ſeiz, and ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by *Bill*, *Plaint*, *Information*, &c.

XIII. For the following kinds or ſorts of ſalted, or dryed *Fiſh*, which from and after 1. *Auguſt* ſhal be imported into *England*, *Wales*, &c. in any other *Ship*, or *Veſſel*, than what is of Engliſh built, or belonging to *England*, *Wales*, &c. and having ſuch *Certificate* as aboveſaid, and whereof the *Maſter* and 3 fourths of the *Marriners* are *Engliſh*, and not having been fiſhed or caught in *Ships*, &c. and ſo navigated; there ſhal be by way of *Cuſtom* and *Impoſt*, as followeth, *viz.* For *Cod-fiſh* the Barrel 5 s. For *Cod-fiſh* the Laſt containing 12 Barrels 3 *l.* For *Cod-fiſh* the 100, containing 120, 10 s. For *Coal-fiſh* the Hundred, 5 s. For *Lings* the hundred 20 s. For *White-herrings* the laſt 12 Barrels 1 *l.* 16 s. For *Haddocks* the Barrel 2 1. For *Gul-fiſh* the Barrel 2 s.

XIV. That all and every perſon whatſoever that do, or ſhal at any time hereafter ſet, plant, or ſow any *Tobacco* in ſeed, plant, or otherwiſe, in, or upon any ground, field, earth, or place within *England*, *Wales*, the *Iſlands* of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey* or *Berwick*, ſhal (over and above the penalty contained in an Act of *Parliament* made in the twelfth year of the *Kings* Reign that now is, Entituled, *An Act for the prohibiting the planting, ſetting or ſowing of Tobacco in* England *or* Ireland) for every ſuch Offence forfeit and pay the ſum of ten pounds for every *Rood* or *Pole* of ground that he or they ſhall ſo plant, ſet, or ſow with *Tobacco*, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity of ground; One 3 part to the *King*, one other 3. part thereof to the uſe of of the poor of the *Pariſh* where ſuch *Tobacco* ſhal be planted, and one other 3. part to him who will ſue for the

ſame, by *Bill*, *Plaint*, *Information*, *&c.* in any of the *Kings Courts* of *Record* at *Weſtminſter*.

XV. That if any perſon, or perſons ſhall reſiſt, or make forcible oppoſition againſt any perſon in the due execution of the ſaid *Act*, of the twelfth year of this *Kings Reign*, He, or She, ſo reſiſting, *&c.* ſhall over and above the Penalties therein mentioned, be committed to the *Common Goal* of the *County* where the offence ſhall be committed, till they have entred *Recognizance* to the *King* with ſufficient *Securities* of 10 *l.* not to commit the like offence again.

I. *Provided*, This *Act* ſhall not extend to the hindring of planting *Tobacco* in any *Phyſick Garden* of any of the *Univerſities*, or any private *Garden* for *Surgery*, ſo as the quantity planted, exceed not the half of one pole.

XVI. It ſhall be lawful to import *Cattel* of the breed of the *Iſle* of *Man*, not exceeding 600 in one year; and Corn of the growth of that *Iſland*, out of that *Iſland* into *England*; ſo as the *Cattel* be *Landed* at *Cheſter*, *Liverpool*, or *Wirewater*.

Veſtries

I. Enacted, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 3. That all and every perſon who now is a *Veſtry-man*, or member of any *Veſtry* within any *Pariſh* in the Cities of *London*, *Weſtminſter*, Borough of *Southwark* and weekly *Bills* of *Mortality*: And in all other Cities, Boroughs, and Towns Corporate, where Select *Veſtries* are uſed in *England*, on, or before twenty *September* next, and every perſon who hereafter ſhall be elected to be a *Veſtrie-man*, or member of any *Veſtry* within any *Pariſh*, ſhall within one moneth after his election, before the reſpective *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, or *Ordinary*, *Vicar-General*, or *Chancellor* of the *Dioces*, make and Subſcribe the *Declaration* following, *viz.*

I A. B. Do declare, That it is not Lawful upon any pretence whatſoever, to take Armes againſt the King: And I do abhor that Traiterous poſition of taking Armes by his Authority againſt his Perſon; or againſt thoſe that are Commiſſionated by him: And that I will conform to the Liturgy of the Church of England, *as it is now by Law eſtabliſhed: And I do declare, that I do hold there lies no Obligation upon me, or upon any other perſon from the Oath commonly called* The Solemn League and Covenant, *to endeavour*

endeavour any change or alteration of Government, either in Church, or State: And that the same was and is an unlawful oath, and imposed upon the Subjects of this Realm of the known Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom.

II. That all and every such person who shall neglect, or refuse to do the same within the respective time, shall *ipso facto* be deprived of his place of *Vestry-man*, and of being a member of such *Vestry*, and such place, shall be actually void, as if such person were naturally dead.

III. From and after such neglect and refusal it shall be Lawful for all persons who have right of *Election*, or nomination of such *Vestrie-man* or member of such *Vestry*, to elect, or nominate some other discreet person of the *Parish* in the *Room* of that person so neglecting, or refusing: And if the person so to be elected in the *Room* of such person refusing, shall also neglect or refuse to make and Subscribe the said Declaration, whereby the place shall become again void; Or if the person who have right of Election, shall not proceed to a new Election after such Vacancy, The *Bishop*, or *Ordinary* of the *Dioces* shall Elect and Nominate a discreet person of the *Parish* in such *Vacant Room*, which person, after his making and Subscription, in manner and time aforesaid, shall be taken to be a *Vestrie-man*, or member of such *Vestry*, as if he had been Chosen by the respective Electors.

IV. That the *Bishop*, *Ordinary*, *Vicar General*, or *Chancellor* of the *Dioces*, upon request to him made by any *Vestry man*, so making and Subscribing the said Declaration, deliver a *Certificate* of his so doing, for which no *Fee* shall be paid.

1. *Provided*, Nothing in the *Act* shall be construed to give any new power to any select *Vestrie-man*; or to confirm any usurped Power heretofore exercised by any Select *Vestrie-man* which before the making of the *Act* is not warranted by Law.

2. This *Act* to continue in force till the end of the first *Session* of the next *Parliament*, and no longer.

Uniformity.

I. Enacted, 15. *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4. That all *Deans*, *Canons*, *Prebendaries*, *Masters*, & *Fellows* of *Colledges*, *Halls*, *Parsons*, *Vicars*, and other *Spiritual Persons*, who at the time of the passing of an Act made this present Parliament, Entituled, *An Act* for *Uniformity*

mity of Publick Prayer, and Administration of the Sacrament &c.) being in *Ireland*, or any the parts beyond the *Seas*, did not return into his *Kingdom*, before the Feast of St. *Bartholomew*, 1662. Or who being in *England* by *Imprisonment*, *Sickness* disability of body or otherwise, did not resort to the *Archbishop*, *Bishop*, *Ordinary*, or *Vice-Chancellor* of the *Universities*, to Subscribe the *Declaration*, and Acknowledgement, (in the said *Act* expressed) before the said Feast in the year aforesaid, are hereby declared to be restored unto and preservedin their respective *Deanries*, *Prebends*, *Masterships*, *Fellowships*, *Parsonages*, *Vicarages* and other *Spiritual Benefices* or *Promotions*, whereunto no other person before the 1 *August*, 1663. were or shall be lawfully Instituted, Inducted, Collected or placed; and it shal be lawful to hold and enjoy the same according to his or their former right.

II. Every *Dean*, *Canon*, *Prebendary*, *Master* and *Fellow* of any *Colledge*, *Hall*, *&c.* who are, and shall be by vertue of this *Act* restored to, or reserved in their several and respective promotions, shall before the Feast of the Nativity of our Lord, if he be in *England*, or if beyond the Seas within forty days after his return into *England*, Subscribe the Declaration or acknowledgement (in the said recited *Act* mentioned) before the *Archbishop*, *Bishop*, or *Ordinary* of the *Dioces*, or *Vice-Chancellor* respectively; And every such *Parson*, *Vicar*, *Curate*, or *Lecturer*, shall procure a *Certificate* under the *Hand* and *Seal* of the *Archbishop*, *Bishop*, or *Ordinary* of the *Dioces*, who are upon demand to make and deliver such *Certificate*. And shall Publickly and openly read the same, together with the said Declaration, or acknowledgment upon some *Lords* Day within three months then next following such Subscription in the *Parish* where he is to *Officiate*, in the presence of the Congregation then Assembled in the time of Divine *Service*.

III. Every Subscription already made, or after to be made before any *Vicar-General*, to any *Archbishop*, or *Bishop*; or *Commissary* to the *Archbishop* of *Canterbury*, or other *Bishop*, is & shal be as *Effectuall* in Law to all intents any purposes to every such person as shall make such Subscription, as if the same had been made before the *Archbishop*, or *Bishop* of the *Province*, or *Dioces* respectively.

Provided, Every person, who shall have benefit by this *Act*, shall make such allowance for serving the Cure since 24 *August*, 1662. as shall be adjuged fit by the *Ordinary* of the place; and

and ſhall pay all Tenths, Penſions and other charges to which the Benefice to which he is reſtored, hath or ought to have been legally charged ſince the day aforſaid.

IV. That the penalties by the ſaid mentioned *Act* to be inflicted upon any perſon diſabled by the ſaid *Act* to preach for any offence againſt the ſaid *Act*, Shall in like manner be inflicted upon every perſon ſo offending as is prohibited by the ſaid *Act* to preach; any thing, doubt, or ambiguity in the ſaid *Act* to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Woods and Timber.

I. Enacted, 15 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* That from and after the 24 of *June* next, Every *Conſtable*, *Headborough*, or other perſon in every *County*, *City*, *Town-corporate*, or other place where they ſhall be Officers, or Inhabitants ſhall & may apprehend or cauſe to be apprehended, all and every perſon they ſhall ſuſpect having or carrying, or any waies conveying any burthen, or bundles of any kind of Wood, Under-wood, or Poles, or young Trees, or Bark, or baſt of any Trees; Or any Gates, Stiles, Poſts, Pales, Rails or Hedge-wood, Broom, or Furres: And by warrant under the *Hand & Seal* of any one *Juſtice* of *Peace* directed to any *Officer*, ſuch *Officer* ſhall have power to enter into, and ſearch the Houſes, Out-houſes, Yards, Gardens and other places of all & every perſon they ſhall ſuſpect to have any kind of Wood, Under-wood, Poles, young Trees, Bark, or baſt of Trees, Gates, Poſts, Rails, Pales, *&c.* and where they find any ſuch to apprehend all and every perſon ſuſpected for the cutting and taking of the ſame, and them, and every of them alwel thoſe apprehended carrying any kind of wood, *&c.* as alſo thoſe in whoſe houſes any ſuch Wood, Under-wood, Poles, young Trees, *&c.* ſhal be found; to carry before one Juſtice of the Peace of the County, City, *&c.* and if the ſaid perſon ſo ſuſpected, or apprehended, do not then and there give good account, how he or they came to ſuch Wood, Under-wood, Poles, or young Trees, *&c.* by conſent of the owner, ſuch as ſhall ſatisfie the Juſtice; or within convenient time ſet by the Juſtice, produce the party or parties of whom they bought the ſame Wood, Under-wood, Poles, young Trees, *&c.* or ſome witneſs to depoſe upon *Oath* the ſale of the ſaid wood, *&c.* the ſaid perſon ſuſpected not giving ſuch good account nor producing witneſs to tifie the ſale, ſhall be adjudged as convicted of cutting and ſpoyling of Woods, and Under-woods within

within the meaning of the *Statute* made in the 43. year of the reign of the late Queen *Eliz.*

II. All and every perſon and perſons convicted of the offence in manner as is mentioned in this Act, ſhal for the firſt offence give the *Owner* ſuch ſatisfaction for his, or their damage, within ſuch time as the *Juſtice of the Peace* ſhal appoint, and over and above pay down preſently to the *Overſeers*, to the uſe of the *Poor* of the *Pariſh* where the *Offence* is committed, ſuch ſum of money (not exceeding 10 s.) as the *Juſtice* ſhal think fit; and if the *Offenders* do not give ſuch ſatisfaction to the *Owners*, and pay the ſums to the *Poor*; then the *Juſtice* ſhal commit the *Offender* to the *Houſe of Correction* for one month, or to be whipped by the *Conſtable* or oher *Officer*, as in his judgment the *Juſtice* ſhal ſeem expedient: And if ſuch perſon ſhall again commit the ſaid *Offence* and thereof be convicted, every perſon ſo offending the ſecond time ſhal be ſent to the *Houſe of Correction* for a month, to be there kept to hard labour; and if he ſhal ſo offend a third time and be thereof convicted, he ſhal be adjudged an incorrigible *Rogue*.

III. That whoſoever ſhal buy any burthens of *wood*, or any *poles*, or *ſticks* of *wood*, or any other of the premiſſes in the Act particularly named, which may juſtly be ſuſpected to be ſtolen, or unlawfully come by, The *Juſtices of the Peace*, *Mayors*, *Bayliffs*, and *Head-Officers*, or one of them within their *Juriſdictions*, upon complaint to them thereof made, are to examine the matter upon Oath, which they have power to adminiſter; and if they find the ſame was bought of a perſon might be juſtly ſuſpected to have ſtolen, or unlawfully come by the ſame; They, or one of them, may award the perſon who bought the ſame, to pay the treble value of the ſame to the perſon from whom the ſame was ſtolen, or unlawfully taken; and in default of preſent payment, to levy the ſame by diſtreſs and ſale of the *Offenders Goods* rendring the overplus to the party, and in default of diſtreſs to commit the party to the Gaol, at his own charge, there to remain one month without bail.

Provided, No perſon ſhal be queſtioned upon this Act for any *Offence* who hath been puniſhed for the ſame offence by any former Law, nor puniſhed by this Act, unleſs he be puniſhed within 6 weeks after the offence committed.

Fens.

Fens.

Anno 15. *Car.* 2 *Cap.* Whereas certain *Marshes* and *Fenny* ground, called the *Great Level of the Fenns*, extending into the *Counties* of *Northampton*, *Norfolk*, *Suffolk*, *Lincoln*, *Cambridge*, *Huntington*, and the *Isle* of *Ely*, particularly bounden: 95000 Acres whereof were heretofore granted to *Francis* Earl of *Bedford*, his *Adventurers*, and *Participants*, his and their *Heirs*, *&c.* under certain Covenants, Conditions, and agreements to be dreined; and have been adjudged to have been dreined, but the same cannot be preserved without a perpetual constant care, charge, and orderly Government, To the end therefore that a work of this nature may receive a publick support and encouragement.

I. Enacted, That *William* Earl of *Bedford*, Son of the said *Francis* Earl of *Bedford*, and the *Adventurers*, and *Participants* of he said *Francis* and *William* and either of them, their *Heirs* and *Assigns*, shal be a body *Politick* and *Corporate* in deed, and name, and have succession for ever by the name of *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, and *Commonalty* of the *Company* of *Conservators* of the *Great Level of the Fenns*; which shal consist of one *Governor*, six *Bailiffs*, twenty *Conservators* and *Commonalty*, particularly named in the Act, till *Wednesday* in *Whitsunweek* One thousand six hundred sixty and four, and from thenceforth until new elections by the said *Corporation*, and be capable to sue and be sued, and to purchase *Manors*, *Lands*, *&c.* not exceeding 200 *l. per annum*, and *Goods* and *Chattels*, and to dispose thereof to the use of the said *Corporation*, and the said *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, and *Conservators* 5 or more of them, whereof the *Governor*, or *Bailiffs*, or any of them to be two, to lay Taxes upon all the said 95000 Acres only for the support and preservation of the said *Great Level*, and levy penalties for not payment thereof, not exceeding a third part of the *Tax* and other things due, in order to the support and preservation of the said *Level* and the works made, and to be made.

II. Whereas 12000 Acres parcel of the said 95000 Acres, was designed to the late *King*, who being in possession thereof; by his *Letters Patents*, granted and set out by bounds 2000 Acres parcel of the said 12000 Acres, to *Jerome* Earl

of

of *Portland*, his *Heirs* and aſſigns, which ſaid *Earl* hath ſold away 1500 *Acres* thereof in ſeveral parcels, to ſeveral perſons, their *Heirs* and aſſigns; and the reſt being about 500 *Acres* had granted to *B. Weſton, Eſquire* and his *Heirs*, upon ſeveral Truſts: That the ſaid 2000 *Acres*, or other *Lands* of equal value, ſhall ſet forth in exchange of the ſame, in caſe the ſaid 2000 *Acres*, or any part thereof, ſhall be adjudged to be unduly ſet out, are hereby veſted, and ſettled, in the ſaid reſpective perſons to whom the ſaid *Earl* hath conveyed the ſame; their *Heirs* and aſſigns, or to every perſon, his *Heirs* and aſſigns their reſpective ſhare and ſhares, to be holden by each of them, his *Heirs* and aſſignes, in ſeveralty according to the intent of the Conveyances upon the ſame Truſts, for and concerning the 500 *Acres* granted to the ſaid *Benjamin Weſton*, to be holden of the *King* his *Heirs* and Succeſſors of the *Mannor* of *Eaſt Greenwich* in *Free* and *Common Soccage*, and not otherwiſe, ſubject to all Taxes conducing to the preſervation of the ſaid Level from Drowning.

III. That the 83000 *Acres* remainder of the 95000 *Acres*, with all wayes, Paſſages, Cutts, Dreyns, over and above the 10000 *Acres* reſidue of the 12000 *Acres* allotted to the Late *King*; are hereby veſted in the *Governour*, *Bayliffs* and *Commonalty* and their *Succeſſors* in Truſt for *William* Earl of *Bedford*, the Adventurers and Participants of the ſaid *Francis* and *William*, or either of them, their *Heirs* and aſſignes, according to ſuch portions & proportions as they now hold, lyable to the payment of all Taxes and Charges, to be holden of the *Kings Majeſty* his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*, of the *Mannor* of *Eaſt Greenwich* by *Free* and *Common Soccage*, and not otherwiſe: And the 1000 *Acres* reſidue of the 12000 *Acres*, are veſted in the *King* his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors*, ſubject with the reſidue of the 95000 *Acres* to the ſame Taxes and Charges.

IV. The *Governour*, *Bayliffs*, *&c.* of the ſaid *Corporation* five or more of them (whereof the *Governour*, *Bayliffs*, *&c.* or their *Succeſſors* or any of them to be two) are conſtituted *Commiſſioners* of *Sewers* for the ſaid Level, and impowered to exerciſe the power and authority of *Commiſſioners* of *Sewers* within the ſaid Level, and of the works made or to be made without the Level, for the dreying of the Waters by convenient Out-falls to the Sea, and touching all matters and things happening within the ſaid Level inquirable or puniſhable by *Commiſſioners* of *Sewers*, and therein to proceed with one

or

or more Juries inhabiting within any part, within the Boundaries of the Level though in ſeveral Counties, as if the ſaid Level lay within one County only, which Juries are to appear at all times and places ſet and appointed before the *Commiſſioners, Bayliffs, &c.* five or more of them; and are to try all matters within the ſaid Level, and of and concerning the works made, or to be made, without the Level for the dreying of the Waters as aforeſaid, as if the ſaid great Level were one diſtinct County of it ſelf: And the *Governour, Bayliffs, &c.* ſhall have power for the Levying of Taxes, and to exerciſe within the Level, ſuch and like Laws and Cuſtoms, and appoint ſuch or like Officers, as are uſed in *Rumney Marſh* in the County of *Kent*; they who exerciſe the ſaid power of *Commiſſioners*, taking the Oath which *Commiſſioners* of Sewers are to take.

V. Every *Bill, Plaint, Preſentment* and *Indictment*, of, for or concerning the *Grounds* within the ſaid Level, or parcel thereof for any Offence, Treſpas or Wrong done, ſhall be good in Law, though the County, Town or place, in ſuch Writ, Bill, Plaint, Preſentment, or Indictment be not rightly named, ſo as there be ſuch certainty thereof whereby the ſame may be known.

VI. No other *Commiſſioners* ſhall intermeddle within the ſaid Great Level, or with the works made, or to be made for the ſupport, or preſervation of the ſame within or without the ſaid Great Level, otherwiſe than in the *Act* is provided.

VII. All conveyances by Indenture of the 95000 *Acres*, or any part thereof entred with the Regiſter, in a Book kept for that purpoſe, ſhall be of equal force to convey the Freehold, or Inheritance thereof, as if the ſame Conveyances, were for valuable conſideration of money enrolled within one of the *Kings Courts* of *Record* at *Weſtminſter*; And no Leaſe, Grant out of, or upon the ſaid 95000 *Acres*, or any part thereof, except leaſes for ſeven years or under in poſſeſſion, ſhall be of force but from the time it ſhall be entred with the Regiſter; the entry whereof, Endorſed by the Regiſter upon ſuch Leaſe, Grant, Conveyance, or Charge, ſhall be as good and effectual in the Law, as if the Original Book of Entries were produced at any Tryal, or otherwiſe.

VIII. The

VIII. The *Governor*, *Bayliffs*, *&c.* shall execute Estates according to the Trust, under their *Common Seal*, the Taxes and Penalties in Arrear being first paid, which for not payment are to be levyed by sale of the Lands.

IX. For the Levying of such Taxes and Penalties as are now in *Arrear*, or which at any time since 30 *September*, 1658. (other than such as are otherwise directed to be levyed) or which shall be set upon the 95000 *Acres*; and shall be arrear upon the respective proportions thereof, the *Governor*, *Bayliffs*, *&c.* five or more of them, whereof the *Governor* and *Bayliffs*, or one of them are to be two, Shall on *Wednesday* and *Thursday* in *Whitson Week*, every year at the *Shire-house* in *Ely*, have power to sell so much of such parts and proportions of the said 95000 *Acres*, as the said *Governor* and *Bayliffs* five or more of them shall judge to be sufficient to raise such Taxes and penalties by any writing under the Seal of the Corporation; and the person to whom such Sale shall be made, shall be Lawful Purchaser and Assignee of so much.

1. *Provided*, by colour of any sale for Taxes, or penalties, any *Tenant* at will, or *Lease*, upon any improved *Rent*, shall not be removed out of his, or their possession, untill they shall have taken their Crop from off the premises sold, paying reasonable Rent proportionable to the time such possession after such Sales be continued; And such tenants may continue and hold out their Terms, paying their Rent to such a Purchaser: And the Corporation, nor their *Successors*, shall sell any part of the 95000 *Acres* for any Tax or Penalties in arrears, which shall not be arrear for the space of four months next before the sale, nor any more *Lands* than only for the raising such Taxes and penalties.

2. The *Corporation* shall give publique notice of the parts of the said 95000 *Acres*, which for any Tax or Penalties is, or shall be arrear, by affixing openly at the *Shire-house* or *Market-place* in *Ely*, a *Schedule* upon the Seal of the *Corporation*, containing the parts, for which the said Taxes or Penalties is or shall be in arrear; with the names of the owners, entred upon the Tax-Roll, with the *Corporation*.

X. That the *Corporation* may erect any new works within or without the said *Level*, for the conveying the *Waters* thereof, by convenient Out-falls to the *Sea*, so alwayes that if they cut any several grounds they give full recompence

for

for the ſame in ſuch manner as is provided by the Act, & if any perſon ſhal cut down or deſtroy any the ſaid works made, or to be made, the parties offending ſhal anſwer treble damages to the *Corporation*, and coſts of ſuit, to be recovered in an *action* of *Treſpaſs* by the *Corporation* in any of his *Majeſties Courts* of *Record*, and if ſuch *cutting* and *deſtroying* be maliciouſly done, the ſame ſhal be puniſhed as for the cutting of *Podyke* in *Marſh-Land*.

XI. The Earl of *Bedford* nominated *Governor*; and every other choſen into that *Office*, ſhal before he take upon him the exerciſe of the ſaid *Office*, take an Oath that he will well and truly execute that *Office*, & the *Bailiffs*, *Conſervators*, *Regiſter*, *Receiver* and other *Officer*, ſhal before they take upon him or them the exerciſe of the ſaid reſpective *Offices*, take the like Oath; which Oath ſhal be adminiſtred by the *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *&c.* 2 or more of them, without any *Commiſſion* or further *Warrant*.

XII. The *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *Conſervators*, *&c.* upon *Wedneſday* in *Whitſon-week* yearly, ſhal at a publick meeting holden for the *Corporation*, by the greater number then preſent, elect a new *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *&c.* Provided none to be capable to be, or continue *Governor*, or *Bailiffs*, *&c.* that hath not 400 Acres or more, of the ſaid 95000 Acres, nor to be a *Conſervator* that hath not 200 Acres, or more thereof; nor any of the *Commonalty* to have voice in the elections that hath not 100 Acres or more thereof: And the *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *Conſervators*, ſhal and may be removed by the *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *Conſervators* and *Commonalty*, or the greater number of them preſent at their meetings: and the *Governor*, *Bailiffs* and *Commonalty* ſhal have power to demand and receive accompt from all and every the *Officers*, *Agents*, and *Servants*, their *Executors* and *Adminiſtrators* heretofore employed, or hereafter to be employed for the receiving and paying of money for, or in relation to the carrying on of the work of draining, and ſhal ſue for, and recover the ſame, and all arrearages of *Rent* upon any *Contract*, or *Leaſe* of the premiſſes or any part thereof; and if any ſuit be commenced againſt the *Corporation*, or any perſon for any matter done in purſuance of the *Act*, they may plead the *General Iſſue*, and give the *ſpecial matter* in evidence, which ſhal be as good in *Law* as if the ſame had been ſpecially pleaded.

XIII. Touching

XIII. Touching ſuch part of the 83000 *Acres*, whereof any perſon attainted, or that ſhal be attainted, was or were in poſſeſſion at any time ſince 29. *May* 1649. under pretended ſales thereof made by colour of a pretended Act, or any other title, or pretended title; the *King*, his *Heirs* and *Succeſſors* ſhall have the ſame, and the benefit, advantage and intereſt in all and every the ſaid parts of the ſaid 83000 *Acres*, and no other, than as the perſons attainted, or which ſhal be attainted, could, or ought to have by virtue of this Act, in caſe they had not been ſo attainted, or ſhal not be ſo attainted.

XIV. The *Governor*, *Bailiffs* and *Commonalty*, &c. and their *Succeſſors* ſhal actually ſtand ſeized and poſſeſſed of all the ſhares, tols, parts, and proportions which did belong and appertain to *Samuel Sandys* the elder, Sir *William Terringham*, Sir *Richard Onſlow*, and others the *Aſſignees* and *Truſtees* of *Henry* late Earl of *Arundel*, *Arthur* Earl of *Angleſey*, *Thomas* Lord *Culpepper*, *Robert Phillips*, *Robert Scawen*, and to diverſe other perſons, the *Participants* of *Francis* Earl of *Bedford*, and parties to an *Indenture* of 14 parts, in truſt nevertheleſs to, and for the uſe of the ſaid *Samuel Sandys* and the ſaid other parties before named, their reſpective *Heirs* and *Aſſigns*, to and for the reſpective uſes of the ſaid other parties, the Participants of the ſaid *Francis* Earl, and the parties to the ſaid *Indentures* of 14 parts, and of their reſpective *Heirs*, and *Aſſigns* now out of poſſeſſion of their reſpective ſhares, lots, and parts of the ſaid 95000 *Acres*, as heretofore about the month of *October* in the 13. year of the late *King Charles* were reſpectively allotted, ſevered, or divided, for, or as their reſpective ſhares, &c. of ſuch the *Adventurers*, the *Participants* of the ſaid Earl *Francis*, parties to the ſaid *Indentures* of 14 parts, from, and under whom, the ſaid *Samuel Sandys*, and the other parties before named, and the ſaid other parties, the *Participants* of the ſaid Earl *Francis*, and their reſpective *Heirs*, *Executors*, &c. now out of poſſeſſion of their reſpective ſhares, lots, &c. do reſpectively claim and derive their ſaid ſhares, lots, parts, and proportions. And the *Governor*, &c. are to execute reſpective eſtates of the ſaid ſhares, parts, &c. accordingly ſubject and lyable with the reſidue of the ſaid 95000 *Acres* to equal proportion of all taxes and charges to be taxed and impoſed by this Act, for preſervation of the *Level* from drowning.

XV. Whereas the perſons now in poſſeſſion of the laſt mentioned

oned, Shares, Lotts, and parts, have layed out and diſburſed for Taxes, and towards the maintenance and repair of the works of the Level, more monies than the clear Rents and profits of the ſaid ſhares have amounted unto, ſince their reſpective eſtates were firſt taken and accepted: That the Cheif *Juſtice* of *B. K.* Cheif *Juſtice* of *Common Pleas*, Cheif Baron of the *Exchequer*, and *Juſtices* of *Common Pleas*, be *Commiſſioners* to hear, *Judge* and *Determine*, upon *Bills Exhibited*, or otherwiſe, between the parties now in poſſeſſion their reſpective *Heirs* & Aſſigns, and the ſaid Sir *Richard Onſlow*, and other the Aſſigns and Truſtees of the Earl of *Arundel*, and the ſeveral other parties participants of the ſaid Earl *Francis*, their reſpective *Heirs* and Aſſigns, who are now out of poſſeſſion of the ſaid ſhares; And the ſaid *Commiſſioners* 2 or more of them are to adjudge, decree, and determin to either of the ſaid parties reſpectively, ſuch recompence, as they or 2 of them ſhall ſee cauſe, and the ſaid *Commiſſioners* ſhall have the like power and authority, as the High *Court* of *Chancery* hath, in putting in Execution their decrees.

XVI. In every Decree or Determination made by the ſaid *Commiſſioners*, *Judges*, they ſhall have regard to the ſums of monies actually expended by either party in the reparation of the ſaid Level, and of the times of ſuch diſburſments, defalking the ſums and Rents and Profits of the ſame.

XVII. That at any time after 6 months after paſſing the *Act*, the ſaid Sir *Sam: Sandys* and other the Truſtees of the late Earl of *Arundel*, Earl of *Angleſey*, and other parties before named, & every their Heirs and Aſſigns, and the participants of the ſaid E. *Francis*, their reſpective Heirs and Aſſigns, whoſe lands, ſhares &c. of the ſaid 95000 *Acres* were ſold for not payment of *Taxes* by the pretended *Act* of 29. *May* 1649, may bring their ſeveral actions of *Treſpas* and *Ejectment* in the Kings Courts of *Kings Bench* or *Common Pleas*, againſt any perſons whatſoever holding or occupying the ſame, and ſuch perſons ſhal recover ſuch lands, ſhares and parts as they ſhal make title and claim unto, as if the Governor, Bailiffs and Conſervators, *&c.* had duly executed eſtates of ſuch lands, ſhares, & parts according to the intent of the Act; and ſuch perſons, *&c.* ſhal have, hold and enjoy the ſaid lands, ſhares parts, *&c.* as effectually, as if the Governor, *&c.* had executed reſpective eſtates thereof, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Decree as the Commiſſioners or Judicatory ſhall make touching and concerning the premiſſes, and ſubject to the payment of all taxes impoſed by the Act.

XVIII. Whereas there are ſeveral ſums of money amounting to 4000 *l.* arrear in taxes impoſed ſince 29. *Sept.* 1658. upon ſe-

veral parts of the 95000 acres, and for penalties incurred, the Commiſ. or Judicatory, or any 2 of them, are in ſuch adjudication as they ſhal make, to direct and decree upon what perſons or lands the ſaid ſums and penalties ſhal be charged, and the taxes and penalties ſhal be levyed upon ſuch perſon and lands, by ſuch waies and means, as ſhal be ordered and decreed by the Judicatory aforeſaid, or any 2 of them.

XIX. That Sir *John Tracy* Knight, and ſeveral other perſons particularly named, for the ſeveral Counties of *Norfolk*, *Suffolk*, *Cambridge*, Iſle of *Ely*, *Huntington*, *Northampton* and *Lincoln*, ſhal be *Commiſſioners*, and they, or any 7 or more of them, are before 28. *Sept.* 1666. to give and make ſatisfaction out of the 95000 acres to ſuch *Pariſh*, *Townſhip* or perſons whoſe lands or intereſts either within the Level or without, ſhal after 1. *May* 1663. be made worſe in quality or condition by the dreining, or works, than they were before the undertaking of the dreining in the 6. year of K. *Charles* the firſt, and proportionably to the loſſes, the Owners of, or the perſons intereſſed in the lands made worſe; and at any time within 4 years, from 24. of *June* 1663. alter, change and reſtore ſuch parcels of the 95000 acres, as ſhal upon complaint be adjudged by the Commiſſioners, 7 or more of them, to be unequally and inconvenientlly ſet forth, by reaſon of any allotting either of greater quantities, or as belonging to other Counties, Pariſhes, or Manors, or in more convenient places than they were formerly allotted by a law of Sewers, made at St. *Ives* 12. *October* 13. of *Charles* the firſt, notwithſtanding any veſting of the ſaid 95000 acres, or any part thereof in the *King*, or in the *Governor*, *Bailiffs*, *&c.* or other perſons, or any eſtates executed by them or any of them.

XX. That 93 Acres in *Ravely* and *Upwood*, 76 Acres in *Sothery*, 44 Acres one rood in *Wicken*, 88 Acres in *Cowfenn*, 282 Acres in *Beegling*, 37 Acres in *Upwel*, ſet out to be enjoyed as part of the 95000 Acres, ſince the making of the Law at *St. Ives* in lieu of like proportions altered, and reſtored to the *Country*, ſhal be held by the Corporation ſubject to the truſt in the Act declared, as to the 83000 Acres, reſidue of the 95000 Acres, and ſhall be ſet forth to them in truſt for the *Participants* or *Adventurers* whoſe proportion ſhal be alter'd or chang'd in lieu of ſuch part as ſhal be ſo altered, exchanged, or reſtored; And in caſe the ſaid Earl of *Bedford*, or his *Participants*, or the *Corporation*, ſhal by reaſon of their undertaking dreining in the 6. year of the late King, have done, or after ſhal do, any Acts to the prejudice of Navigation, and whereby Navigation in the Rivers of *Ouſe* and *Grant*, and all other Rivers now Navigable paſſing through

through the Level, be, or hereafter shal be interrupted, obstructed and made worse, the *Commissioners* or 7 of them (whereof the *Vice-Chancellor* of *Cambridge*, Mayor of *Cambridge*, Mayor of *Kings Lynne* to be 3) shall and may decree the same to be made good, and amended, at the charges of the said *Corporation*, within convenient time, as to their judgements shall seem meet: And if the *Corporation* shall refuse to repair and make good the same, the *Commissioners* 7 or more of them, to tax the said 95000 *Acres* in such sums of money, they shall think meet, for the keeping the *Navigation* in any of the said Rivers, as the same was in the 6. of *Charles* the 1. the said sums to be taxed within 20 dayes after notice given to the *Governor*, or *Treasurer* of the *Corporation*, to be paid to such persons as the *Commissioners* shall appoint: And if the said *Corporation* shal refuse to pay the said sums, the *Commissioners* shall impower the persons to levy the said sums by distress, & sel the same, rendering the overplus to the *Governour* or *Treasurer*; which sums so to be taxed shall be expended in the preservation and keeping the said *Navigation*, and maintaning the same.

XXI. The said last *Commissioners* named, 7 or more of them, within 4 years after 24. *June* 1663. are to ascertain & divide the *Precincts* and *Boundaries* of such part of the respective *Counties*, *Lordships*, *Manors*, and *Parishes* within the *Level*, as have been since the undertaking defaced, or made obscure, or by other means remain hard to be found out; and set such *Bounds* and *divisions* in writing, by *marks* and descriptions, & certifie the same under their hands and seals into the *Chancery*, which division after such *Certificate*, the extent of the respective Counties, Lordships, Parishes and places, shal for ever after be deemed to be, and none other, & in case 8000 acres lying together, or neer together, or greater quantity within the Level, shal be drowned, and so continue 12 months together, the *Commissioners*, 7 or more of them to assess taxes or sums of monies upon the 95000 acres for the raising moneys for dreining the same, with a penalty for not paying the said taxes, not exceeding a 3. part of the tax. And for default of payment, the lot of such Participant, or Adventurer as shal be arrear for the said tax or penalty by 2 months after the day appointed for payment thereof, shal be sequestred by the Commissioners, for and towards the payment of such tax or penalty in arrear, returning the overplus; which sequestration shal be under their hands and seals in writing.

XXII. If the Governor, Bailiffs and Corporation shal neglect, or refuse to pay such tax, to be taxed and imposed by the last mentioned Commissioners, *&c.* whereupon the goods and chat-

tels of any perſon, his or their Tenants of the 95000 acres, or any part thereof, ſhal be diſtrained and ſold, or his, or their lands ſequeſtred, Or that ſuch perſon, *&c.* his, or their Tenants, ſhal thereupon pay the ſaid tax, *&c.* the Governor, Bailiffs and Corporation immediately after notice given there of, ſhal aſſeſs and tax the whole 95000 acres for ſatisfaction and payment of the tax, *&c.* & all damages that ſuch perſon, or perſons, his or their Tenants have paid, born and ſuſtained; and if the Governor, *&c.* ſhal not within 6 months after demand by his perſon, *&c.* his Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, whoſe own, or Tenants goods ſhal be diſtrained, ſold, or lands ſequeſtred, ſatisfie & pay to him or them, ſuch ſums of money & damages as they have paid or ſuſtained: then ſuch perſons, *&c.* may bring his or their action in any of the Kings Courts at *Weſtminſter* againſt the Governor, *&c.* and receive the ſame with coſts of ſuit.

XXIII. That the Commiſſioners laſt conſtituted, or hereafter to be conſtituted, 7 or more of them, may inform themſelves by examining witneſſes upon Oath for the better execution of the powers to them given, and for doing juſtice therein. *Prov.* The Commiſſ. before they take upon them the execution of any the powers given them (other than adminiſtring an Oath to another) ſhal take the Oath following, *viz.* *I A. B. ſhall and will without favour or affection, hatred or malice, truly and impartially, according to the beſt of my skill and knowledge, execute and perform all and every the powers eſtabliſhed by this Act.* Which Oath any of the Commiſſioners are authorized to adminiſter.

XXIV. All Judgments, Orders, Decrees, Alterations, Changes, Reſtaurations, and other Acts done by the Commiſſioners conſtituted, or to be conſtituted, 7 or more of them, purſuant to the powers by the Act given ſhal be final, the time & place of their meeting to be at, or before 22 *Sept.* 1663. at *Ely.* And afterwards the uſual places where they ſhal ſit to hear and determin the matters to them refer'd: ſhal from 29 *Sept.* to 26. *March* every year, be in the Town of *Huntington*; & from 25. *March*, to 30. *Sept.* every year at *Ely*; unleſs the *Commiſſioners* ſhal appoint ſome other place being a Market Town.

1. *Prov.* None of the Commiſſioners ſhal vote or give his judgment in any matter or thing which concerns the diviſion or bounds of the County for which he is Commiſſioner.

2. That no perſon who hath any part or ſhare in poſſeſſion or reverſion of and in any the lands within the Level, ſhal be a Commiſſioner.

3. In caſe of deſcent, gift, or purchaſe of any ſuch ſhare, *&c.* by any Commiſſioner, immediately after ſuch deſcent, *&c.* the ſaid

said deseent, &c. shall be an avoydance of his being a *Commissioner*, & make him incapable thereof whilst his interest doth remain.

4. The Commissioners 7 or more of them, to have power to give & make satisfaction out of the 95000 acres to such persons whose lands therein shal be made worse in quality, condition, or value, than they were before the undertaking in the 8. year of K. *Charles* the first, proportionable to the loss they shal receive.

XXV. It shal be lawful for any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, who are, or shal be Lords of Manors, or have right of common within the wasts within the Level, to improve, set out, divide and sever such proportions as to them shal be adjudged to belong, to be allotted out of the *Commons* within the *Level*, *Parish*, *Town* or *place* within the works, and to hold such proportions in severalty, & all differences that shal arise concerning the *boundaries* of the *wasts*, *rights* of *Common*, *approvements*, *divisions*, and *inclosures* shal be adjudged, & finally ended by the *Commissioners* or 7 of them, upon their view, or examination of *Witnesses*, or both; which *determination* and *judgment* certified into the *Petty-bagg*, there to be filed & kept on *Record*, shal be final and conclude all parties: And the *allotments*, *divisions*, and *proportions* so adjudged to be held by the persons to whom they are set out, shal be to them, their *Heirs*, *Executors*, and *Assigns*, according to his or their *Tenures*, *Estates* or *Interests* they had in the *Manors*, &c. for which they claimed the said proportions, paying such *rents*, & doing such *services* as they are to pay and do for the *Manors* or *Lands* for which they claim the same proportions.

XXVI. It shal be lawful for such persons as were heretofore *Owners* of 175 Acres in *Sutton*, North and South *Meadland* in the *Isle* of *Ely* set out by the *Law* of *St. Ives*, as a recompence for dreining the whole North and South *Meadlands*, to sue and implead before the *Commissioners*, the *Owners* and *Occupiers* of the North and South *Meadlands* to draw them into contribution for their several proportions towards the said 175 Acres, & the *Commissioners* shal thereupon adjudge and decree to the said *Owners* of the 175 Acres, their *Heirs* and *Assigns* such recompence and satisfaction, either in ready money, rent, or Land out of the residue of the North & South *Meadlands* as they shal think meet, to be enjoyed by the said *Owners* of the said 175 Acres their *Heirs* and *Assigns*.

XXVII That Sir *John Watts* Knight, and others who derive any interest under the Drevners of the *Fen* called *Londoners Fen*, his and their *Heirs* and *Assigns*, may sue every person &c. their *Heirs*, *Executors*, &c. that have taken and received the Rent of his

his and their ſhare of the ſaid *Fen*, remaining from the ſhare allotted by the Law of St. *Ive*, ſince the ſaid Level was adjuged Dreyned, & to ſue and recover the ſame in any the *Kings Courts* at *Weſtminſter*, and alſo, that Sir *John Watts*, and the Participants aforeſaid, his and their *Heirs* and *Aſſignes* heretofore Owners, in the ſeveral proportions in the ſaid *Fen*, ſet our for the *Adventurers* recompence for dreining the low Grounds in *Upwel*, *Outwel*, and *Welney*, to ſue before the *Commiſſioners*, their claim, & to ſue for releaſe againſt the Owners, or Occupiers of the *Fenny* & low ſurrounded Grounds lying in *Upwel*, *Outwel* and *Welney* whoſe Grounds did not contribute, or not in equal proportion, to the 95000 *Acres*, to draw them into Contribution, in eaſe of Sir *John Watts* & the ſaid Participants, their *Heirs* & *Aſſigns*; & the *Commiſſioners* are to adjudge & decree to the ſaid Sir *John*, & the Participants their *Heirs*, *&c.* ſuch proportions out of the ſaid grounds which have not contributed, as to them ſhall ſeem meet.

XXVIII. That the *King* his *Heirs*, *Succeſſors* and *Aſſignes* ſhal continue in the poſſeſſion, uſage and diſpoſal of the *Bank*, called *Douſedale Bank*, and to have ſuch ancient Paſſages and Currents as of right have bin uſed for the avoidance of the water through the ſame into the River *South-Eae*.

XXIX. That every *Archbiſhop*, *Biſhop*, *Dean* and *Chapter*, and all *Colledges* and *Halls* in the *Univerſities* & all bodies *Politick* & *Corporate*, who have, or ſhal have right of Soil, or Common in the Waſtes within the Level, or *Towns*, *Pariſhes* or places into which the works of the dreyning, do or ſhal extend, may demiſe by Indenture all and every the ſaid proportion as to them ſhall, or may belong out of the Commons & Waſtes within the Level, which have not by expreſs Words under any particular Rent been formerly demiſed for any Term of Years, not exceeding 21 years, ſo as upon every demiſe the 4th. part of the true value be aſcertained by the *Commiſſioners* and payable yearly during the Term to him, or them, or their *Succeſſors*.

XXX. *Provided*, And Declared by concent of all parties concerned, that this Act ſhall not extend to alter the poſſeſſion of *Thomas Chicheley Eſquire*, of & from 671 *Acres*, parcel of the Lot now claimed to belong to the Truſtees of *Henry* late Earl of *Arundel*, and 231 *Acres*, parcel of the Lot now claimed to belong to Sir *William Terringham*, or any part thereof, by him the ſaid *Thomas Chicheley* enjoyed under Purchaſers, by Sales for non-payment of Taxes; But that the *Corporation* ſhall execute Conveyances of the reſpective proportions to the ſaid *Thomas Chicheley*, his *Heirs* and *Aſſignes*.

XXXI. That all ſuch rights, and titles, as any *Lords* of any *Manors*,

Manors, Liberties, Hundreds, &c. have heretofore had within the respective *Manor, &c.* within and without the *Level* to *Waifes, Strayes, Felons Goods. Privledges, Escheats*, or other *Royalties* not prejudicial to the dreining be saved to them, their *Heirs, &c.*

Provided, This Act not to be interpreted to infringe or weaken an Act made in the 4. year of K. *James*, Entituled, *An Act for dreining certain Fens and low grounds within the Isle of* Ely; but that the said Act shal stand in force.

XXXII. Whereas divers lands in, and adjoining to the great *Level*, have been cut through for the conveying the waters from the same, without satisfaction to the respective *Owners* of the lands for the damage they have sustained therein; the *Commissioners* 7 or more of them, upon complaint to them of the damage sustained without recompence for the same, to award & decree such recompence and satisfaction to the parties grieved, according to their respective damage sustained by such cutting; the said recompence to be made and given by the *Corporation* within 6 months after the award or decree made, and in default thereof the *Commissioners* to tax the 95000 Acres and to distrein thereupon for the rate, & to sell & dispose thereof as they shal think fit, for payment of the moneys & damages as shal be awarded.

XXXIII. In case the Judicature hereby established, shal not within 12 months from 1. *Aug.* next, determin all matters to them referred concerning the 95000 Acres, all persons whose complaints are not determined, may apply themselves to the *Barons* of the *Exchequer* who hereby are established a *Court* of *Judicature* to determin the same in as ample manner as the *Judicature* hereby established might have done, and such order and decree of the *Court of Exchequer* shal in all things be observed.

XXXIV. The *Lessees* of the King, his Heirs, *&c.* of the 10000 Acres, or any part thereof, and the *Assigns* of such *Lessees* shal be capable to be elected into the *Office* or place of *Governor, Bailiffs*, and *Conservators*, and to vote in all such elections and in all other matters as any other members of the *Corporation*, so as such *Lessees* and their *Assignees*, be *Lessors* or *Owners* of the double quantity of Acres required by the Act, to qualifie any person to be elected and chosen into the said *Offices*, and so as their claim be entred with the Register.

XXXV. *Provided*, This Act shal not extend to make void any *Obligation* given to *David Offley* Gent. conditioned for his quiet enjoyment of a parcel of land purchased by him in the *Level*, but that he may sue and prosecute his action upon the *Obligation*, as if he had been evicted from his estate by course of Law.

XXXVI. If any breaches happen in any of the *Banks, sluces* or

works made without [illegible] shal be repaired and made good in convenient time, by, and at the charges of the *Corporation* and their *Suc.*

XXXVII. Where any *Participant* under *E.* Earl of *Bedford*, their *Heirs*, *&c.* have exchanged his or their share, *&c.* for any lands which were claimed and held under pretended sales for not payment of taxes since 1649. such *Participant*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* may enter again upon the same lands given in exchange, and retain the same in their *possession*, subject nevertheless to such judgment and determination, as the *Judicature* hereby constituted shal make.

XXXVIII. No ascertaining or dividing of the dreined, or new improved lands by the *Commissioners*, shal conclude the *King*, his *Heirs*, *&c.* or any other person as to the *Bounds* of *Parishes* to any other intent or purpose than subjecting the same to *taxes* and *Episcopal Jurisdictions*, & not as to the right of *Tithes* or other purpose whatsoever, nor shal be used in evidence concerning the same.

XXXIX. If any person having right of Common in any the *Mannors*, *Wastes*, *Commons* or *Lands* within the said Great Level or any other person at any time after Division or Inclosure made shal break, throw down, or obstruct, or by any means hinder or lay upon any the Improvements or Inclosures, or the Hedges, Ditches or Fences of the same, shall destroy & be convicted thereof by 2 credible Witnesses before 2 Justices of the Peace of the County where the disturbance is; he shal forfeit for every offence 40 *l.* to be levyed by distress and sale of the offenders goods, one moity to the Informer, the other moity to the person against whom the offence is committed, and for want of distress to be sent to the house of Correction for 3 Months.

XL. That from 1 *August*, 1668 no tax exceeding 2 *s.* the *Acre* in any one year be layed upon the 10000 *Acres*, vested in the King, his *Heirs* and *successors*, or upon the 2000 *Acres* hereby vested in the E. of *Portland* his *Assigns*: But if the *Taxes* to be assessed upon the 83000 *Acres* shal not amount to so much as 2 *s.* an *Acre* according to the proportion of each *Acre*, then a proportionable abatement shall be made out of the 2 *s.* *per Acre*, which shal be charged by an equal rate upon every *Acre* of the said 10000 *Acres*.

XLI. That the Assessing and levying of *Taxes* upon the 10000 *Acres*, or the 2000 *Acres*, after the first of *August* 1668. by the way of *Tax-Acre*, shal not extend to compel or conclude the Corporation to assess or levy any *Tax* upon the said 83000 *Acres* vested in the Corporation, or any part thereof by way of *Acre-Tax*.

FINIS.